

## TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATIVE DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Thursday, April 24, 2025

The Senate met at 1:00 p.m. and was called to order by the President.

**CALL OF THE SENATE**

Senator Murphy imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Bishop Richard Howell, Jr.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators were present:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Mann	Port
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Marty	Pratt
Bahr	Farnsworth	Johnson Stewart	Mathews	Putnam
Boldon	Fateh	Klein	Maye Quade	Rarick
Carlson	Frentz	Koran	McEwen	Rasmusson
Champion	Green	Kreun	Miller	Rest
Clark	Gruenhagen	Kunesh	Mitchell	Seeberger
Coleman	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Utke
Cwodzinski	Hauschild	Lang	Murphy	Weber
Dahms	Hawj	Latz	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dibble	Hoffman	Lieske	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dornink	Housley	Limmer	Pappas	Wiklund
Draheim	Howe	Lucero	Pha	Xiong

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

**INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS**

The following bills were read the first time.

**Senator Gruenhagen introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3419:** A bill for an act relating to public safety; providing that a risk level III predatory offender name change is public information; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 259.11; 259.13, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

**Senator Kupec introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3420:** A bill for an act relating to state government; creating the Office of the Inspector General; creating an advisory committee; requiring reports; transferring certain agency duties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.971, by adding a subdivision; 15A.0815, subdivision 2; 142A.03, by adding a subdivision; 142A.12, subdivision 5; 144.05, by adding a subdivision; 245.095, subdivision 5; 256.01, by adding a subdivision; 609.456, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15D; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.321, subdivision 12; 127A.21.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government.

**Senators Coleman, Mohamed, Oumou Verbeten, and Housley introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3421:** A bill for an act relating to environment; regulating toxics in cosmetics; authorizing rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 325E.3892, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

**Senator Hawj introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3422:** A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money to expand the Indigenous Roots Cultural Center in the city of St. Paul.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

**Senators Kupec, Weber, Dornink, and Hoffman introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3423:** A bill for an act relating to environment; modifying requirements for water appropriations permits; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 103G.287, subdivision 1; 103G.305, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

**Senators Lieske, Wesenberg, Lucero, and Anderson introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3424:** A bill for an act relating to health; prohibiting addition of fluoride to public drinking water; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.145.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

**Senators Maye Quade, Mann, Westlin, Boldon, and Clark introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3425:** A bill for an act relating to taxation; establishing an excise tax on certain social media platform businesses; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 295.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

**Senator Clark introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3426:** A bill for an act relating to education finance; providing grants to schools for law enforcement entry devices; canceling the unused portion of an appropriation; appropriating money.

Referred to the Committee on Education Finance.

**Senator McEwen introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3427:** A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a community engagement center in the city of Duluth; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

**Senator McEwen introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3428:** A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for capital improvements at the Great Lakes Aquarium; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

**Senator McEwen introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3429:** A bill for an act relating to energy; requiring certain buildings to meet energy performance standards; requiring reports; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C.

Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

**Senators Carlson and Dibble introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3430:** A bill for an act relating to transportation; modifying the programming and administration duties of the Advisory Council on Traffic Safety; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 4.076, subdivisions 4, 5; Laws 2023, chapter 68, article 1, section 4, subdivision 5.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

**Senator McEwen introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3431:** A bill for an act relating to state government; reinstating legislative review of compensation plans and salaries; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.855, subdivisions 2, 3, 6; 43A.05, subdivision 3; 43A.18, subdivisions 2, 3, 9.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government.

**Senator Latz introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3432:** A bill for an act relating to public safety; establishing the public safety radio and crime victims account; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 403.11, subdivisions 1, 1a; 403.113, subdivision 1; 403.161, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 6; 403.162, subdivisions 1, 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 403.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

**Senator Drazkowski introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3433:** A bill for an act relating to employment; providing a religious order exemption from the Minnesota Paid Leave Law; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 268B.01, subdivision 15.

Referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development.

**Senator Utke introduced--**

**S.F. No. 3434:** A bill for an act relating to health insurance; eliminating prohibition on for-profit entities participating in certain markets; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 62D.04, subdivision 5; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.24, subdivision 4.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

**MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS**

Senator Mann moved that the name of Senator Mitchell be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1785. The motion prevailed.

Senator Johnson Stewart moved that the name of Senator Pratt be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2196. The motion prevailed.

Senator Maye Quade moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3098. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hawj moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3241. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hawj moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3242. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hawj moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3243. The motion prevailed.

Senator Limmer moved that his name be stricken as a co-author to S.F. No. 3260. The motion prevailed.

**Senators McEwen, Murphy, Hauschild, Dornink, and Rarick introduced --**

**Senate Resolution No. 34:** A Senate resolution recognizing April 22, 2025, as Tom Kesti Day.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

President Champion called Senator Klein to preside.

**Senator Drazkowski introduced --**

**Senate Resolution No. 35:** A Senate resolution relating to the removal of the Senate President.

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Senate of the State of Minnesota, and pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 3.06, subdivision 1, that Senate President Bobby Joe Champion be removed as Senate President and that the removal be effective immediately upon adoption of this resolution.

Senator Drazkowski moved the adoption of the foregoing resolution.

Pursuant to Rule 36.4, Senator Latz raised a point of order. The President ruled the point of order well taken.

Senator Drazkowski appealed the decision of the President.

Pursuant to Rule 41.2, Senator Miller moved that he be excused from voting on all questions pertaining to Senate Resolution No. 35. The motion prevailed.

Pursuant to Rule 41.2, Senator Pappas moved that she be excused from voting on all questions pertaining to Senate Resolution No. 35. The motion prevailed.

Pursuant to Rule 41.2, Senator Mathews moved that he be excused from voting on all questions pertaining to Senate Resolution No. 35. The motion prevailed.

Pursuant to Rule 41.2, Senator Kunesh moved that she be excused from voting on all questions pertaining to Senate Resolution No. 35. The motion prevailed.

The question was taken on "Shall the decision of the President be the judgment of the Senate?"

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 24, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Boldon	Gustafson	Latz	Murphy	Westlin
Carlson	Hauschild	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Clark	Hawj	Marty	Pha	Xiong
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Port	
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	McEwen	Putnam	
Fateh	Klein	Mitchell	Rest	
Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Seeberger	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble and Port.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Drazkowski	Howe	Lieske	Rasmusson
Bahr	Duckworth	Jasinski	Limmer	Utke
Dahms	Farnsworth	Koran	Lucero	Weber
Dornink	Green	Kreun	Pratt	Wesenberg
Draheim	Gruenhagen	Lang	Rarick	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe and Utke.

So the decision of the President was sustained.

Pursuant to Rule 6.3, Senator Murphy requested that Senate Resolution No. 35 be referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senate Resolution No. 35 was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

### MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

#### SPECIAL ORDERS

Pursuant to Rule 26, Senator Murphy, Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, designated the following bills a Special Orders Calendar to be heard immediately:

S.F. Nos. 3196 and 1740.

President Champion resumed the Chair.

#### SPECIAL ORDER

**S.F. No. 3196:** A bill for an act relating to corrections; appropriating money for deficiencies in the budget of the Department of Corrections; amending Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 6, as amended.

S.F. No. 3196 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 63 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Duckworth	Johnson Stewart	Mathews	Putnam
Bahr	Farnsworth	Klein	Maye Quade	Rarick
Boldon	Fateh	Koran	McEwen	Rasmusson
Carlson	Frentz	Kreun	Miller	Rest
Champion	Green	Kunesh	Mitchell	Seeberger
Clark	Gruenhagen	Kupec	Mohamed	Utke
Coleman	Gustafson	Lang	Murphy	Weber
Cwodzinski	Hauschild	Latz	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dahms	Hawj	Lieske	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Limmer	Pappas	Wiklund
Dornink	Housley	Lucero	Pha	Xiong
Draheim	Howe	Mann	Port	
Drazkowski	Jasinski	Marty	Pratt	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesch cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Marty, Murphy, and Port.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe and Utke.

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

### SPECIAL ORDER

**S.F. No. 1740:** A bill for an act relating to education policy; making changes to kindergarten through grade 12 education; modifying provisions for general education, education excellence, charter schools, the Read Act, special education, school nutrition and facilities, and state agencies; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 10A.071, subdivision 1; 13.03, by adding a subdivision; 13.32, subdivision 5; 120A.22, subdivisions 12, 13; 120A.24, subdivision 4; 120B.021, subdivisions 2, 3; 120B.024; 120B.119, subdivisions 2a, 10; 120B.12, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 4, 4a; 120B.123, subdivisions 1, 5, 7, by adding a subdivision; 120B.124, subdivision 2; 120B.35, subdivision 3; 120B.363, subdivisions 1, 2; 121A.031, subdivisions 2, 4, 6; 121A.041, subdivisions 2, 3; 121A.22, subdivision 2; 121A.2205; 121A.2207; 121A.224; 121A.23, subdivision 1; 121A.41, subdivision 10; 121A.49; 121A.73; 122A.09, subdivision 9; 122A.092, subdivisions 2, 5; 122A.181, subdivision 3; 122A.182, subdivision 3; 122A.183, subdivision 2; 123B.09, by adding a subdivision; 123B.32, subdivisions 1, 2; 123B.52, by adding a subdivision; 124D.09, subdivisions 5, 5a, 5b, 9, 10; 124D.094, subdivision 1; 124D.117, subdivision 2; 124D.119, subdivision 5; 124D.162; 124D.42, subdivision 8; 124D.52, subdivision 2; 124D.792; 124E.02; 124E.03, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 124E.05, subdivision 2; 124E.06, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 124E.07, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 6, 8; 124E.10, subdivision 4; 124E.13, subdivision 3; 124E.16, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding a subdivision; 124E.17; 124E.26, subdivisions 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 125A.091, subdivisions 3a, 5; Laws 2024, chapter 115, article 2, section 21, subdivisions 2, 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 124D; 125A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 120B.124, subdivision 6; 123B.935, subdivision 2.

Senator Maye Quade moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A73):

Page 53, delete section 2 and insert:

"Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 120B.119, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Oral language.** "Oral language," ~~also called "spoken language,"~~ includes speaking and listening, and consists of five components: phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics. Oral language also includes sign language, in which speaking and listening skills are defined as expressive and receptive skills, and consists of phonology, including sign language phonological awareness, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025."

Page 54, line 10, after the period, insert "A student enrolled in a dual language immersion program must be screened initially in English when entering kindergarten, in the primary language

of instruction at each screening window, and in English starting in third grade or when the program is taught equally in English and the partner language, whichever occurs first."

Page 54, line 13, after the period, insert "After a student's initial screening for characteristics of dyslexia, a school district has discretion to determine when to screen English learners scoring below three on the annual ACCESS assessment for characteristics of dyslexia."

Page 55, line 11, after "for" insert "characteristics of"

Page 56, line 1, delete "or" and insert "on"

Page 56, line 2, after "proficiency" insert "for students in dual language immersion programs"

Page 56, line 13, delete everything after the period

Page 56, lines 14 to 16, delete the new language

Page 57, line 15, after "offered" insert "at no cost"

Page 65, lines 22 and 23, strike "and CAREI"

Page 65, line 32, delete "third-party review" and insert "department"

Page 66, line 21, delete "incentive"

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Seeberger moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A32):

Page 74, after line 8, insert:

"Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 125A.0942, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Prohibitions.** (a) The following actions or procedures are prohibited:

(1) engaging in conduct prohibited under section 121A.58;

(2) requiring a child to assume and maintain a specified physical position, activity, or posture that induces physical pain;

(3) totally or partially restricting a child's senses as punishment;

(4) presenting an intense sound, light, or other sensory stimuli using smell, taste, substance, or spray as punishment;

(5) denying or restricting a child's access to equipment and devices such as walkers, wheelchairs, hearing aids, and communication boards that facilitate the child's functioning, except when temporarily removing the equipment or device is needed to prevent injury to the child or others or serious damage to the equipment or device, in which case the equipment or device shall be returned to the child as soon as possible;



(6) interacting with a child in a manner that constitutes sexual abuse, neglect, or physical abuse under chapter 260E;

(7) withholding regularly scheduled meals or water;

(8) denying access to bathroom facilities;

(9) physical holding that restricts or impairs a child's ability to breathe, restricts or impairs a child's ability to communicate distress, places pressure or weight on a child's head, throat, neck, chest, lungs, sternum, diaphragm, back, or abdomen, or results in straddling a child's torso;

(10) prone restraint; and

(11) the use of seclusion on children from birth through grade 3 ~~by September 1, 2024~~ 6, unless the use of seclusion is explicitly agreed to by the student's parents and the rest of the individualized education program team under section 125A.08. Nothing in this section requires a school to create a seclusion room if one does not exist.

(b) At the end of each school year, a school district must report disaggregated data to the Department of Education on the students who have the use of seclusion in their individualized education program. By January 10 of each year, the commissioner must report the number of students statewide with the use of seclusion in their individualized education program based on the school district reports.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 125A.0942, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Behavior supports; reasonable force.** (a) School districts are encouraged to establish effective schoolwide systems of positive behavior interventions and supports.

(b) Nothing in this section or section 125A.0941 precludes the use of reasonable force under sections 121A.582; 609.06, subdivision 1; and 609.379. Any reasonable force used under sections 121A.582; 609.06, subdivision 1; and 609.379 which intends to hold a child immobile or limit a child's movement where body contact is the only source of physical restraint or confines a child alone in a room from which egress is barred shall be reported to the Department of Education as a restrictive procedure, including physical holding or seclusion used by an unauthorized or untrained staff person.

~~(c) By February 1, 2024, the commissioner, in cooperation with stakeholders, must make recommendations to the legislature for urgently ending seclusion in Minnesota schools. The commissioner must consult with interested stakeholders, including parents of students who have been secluded or restrained; advocacy organizations; legal services providers; special education directors; teachers; paraprofessionals; intermediate school districts and cooperative units as defined under section 123A.24, subdivision 2; school boards; day treatment providers; county social services; state human services department staff; mental health professionals; autism experts; and representatives of groups disproportionately affected by restrictive procedures, including People of Color and people with disabilities. The recommendations must include specific dates for ending seclusion by grade or facility. The recommendations must identify existing resources and the new resources necessary for staff capacity, staff training, children's supports, child mental health services, and schoolwide collaborative efforts."~~

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Latz moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A64):

Page 35, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 30. **SCHOOL START DATE FOR THE 2026-2027 AND 2027-2028 SCHOOL YEARS ONLY.**

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.40, for the 2026-2027 and 2027-2028 school years only, a school district may begin the school year on or after August 30. This section does not limit a school district that otherwise qualifies to begin the school year on any day before Labor Day as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.40.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 32, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Lang	Mohamed	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Nelson	Westlin
Champion	Hawj	Lucero	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Clark	Hoffman	Mann	Pappas	Xiong
Cwodzinski	Johnson Stewart	Marty	Pha	
Drazkowski	Kreun	Mathews	Pratt	
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Marty.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Draheim	Howe	Maye Quade	Seeberger
Anderson	Duckworth	Jasinski	McEwen	Utke
Bahr	Farnsworth	Klein	Miller	Weber
Coleman	Green	Koran	Murphy	Wesenberg
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Kupec	Port	
Dibble	Hauschild	Lieske	Rarick	
Dornink	Housley	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Murphy, and Port.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe and Utke.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Kupec moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A71):

Page 32, after line 25, insert:

"Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 122A.441, is amended to read:

**122A.441 SHORT-CALL EMERGENCY SUBSTITUTE TEACHER ~~PILOT~~ PROGRAM.**

(a) A school district or charter school and applicant may jointly request the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board approve an application for a short-call emergency substitute teaching license. The application information must sufficiently demonstrate the following:

(1) the applicant:

(i) holds a minimum of an associate's degree or equivalent and has or will receive substitute training from the school district or charter school; or

(ii) holds a minimum of a high school diploma or equivalent and has been employed as an education support personnel or paraprofessional within the district or charter school for at least one academic year; and

(2) the school district or charter school has obtained the results of a background check completed in accordance with section 123B.03.

(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may issue a temporary teaching license under this section pending a background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, and may immediately suspend or revoke the license upon receiving background check information. An applicant submitting an application for a short-call substitute teaching license in accordance with section 122A.18, subdivision 7a, paragraph (a), must not be required to complete a joint application with a district and must not be issued a license pending a background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8.

(c) The board may prioritize short-call emergency substitute teaching license applications to expedite the review process.

(d) A school district or charter school must provide a short-call emergency substitute teacher who receives a short-call emergency substitute teaching license ~~through the pilot program~~ with substitute teacher training. The board may remove a school district or charter school from the ~~pilot~~ short-call emergency substitute teaching program for failure to provide the required training.

(e) A school district or charter school must not require an employee to apply for a short-call emergency substitute teaching license, or retaliate against an employee that does not apply for a short-call emergency substitute teaching license under ~~the pilot program~~ this section.

(f) A school district or charter school must compensate an employee working as a short-call emergency substitute teacher under ~~the pilot program~~ this section with the greater of \$200 per day ~~the short-call substitute teacher rate of pay in the district~~ or the employee's regular rate of pay.

~~(g) This section expires on June 30, 2025.~~

(g) A district may employ a short-call emergency substitute teacher for no more than ten consecutive school days in a single assignment. A district solicitation for short-call emergency substitute teacher applicants must disclose the duration of the short-call emergency substitute teacher position.

(h) For each teacher assignment, a district may use a short-call emergency substitute teacher to fill the assignment for no more than ten consecutive school days at a time.

(i) A district may employ a short-call emergency substitute teacher to fill an assignment that a short-call emergency substitute teacher previously filled as long as at least 30 calendar days have passed between the last day of the previous assignment and the first day of a subsequent assignment.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Gustafson moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A53):

Page 75, after line 18, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 124D.111, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1e. **Free school meals program required notice.** (a) A school district site or charter school site that qualifies for the free school meals program but does not participate in the free school meals program under subdivision 1c must annually provide notice to parents and students enrolled at the site.

(b) The notice must be in writing and must at least:

(1) indicate that the school site does not participate in the free school meals program;

(2) estimate the amount that the average student at the school site will pay in total meal sales fees for the current school year for food that would otherwise be included in a federally reimbursable meal; and

(3) indicate that the student would be eligible to receive breakfast and lunch at no cost if the site participated in the free school meals program.

(c) The site must provide the required notice no later than 15 days after the beginning of each school year.

(d) The site must provide the required notice in the same languages as the application for educational benefits provided to students at that site.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2025-2026 school year and later."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Kreun moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A33):

Page 76, line 32, reinstate "~~under~~" and before "for" insert "chapter 14"

Page 77, delete lines 5 and 6

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Kreun moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A27):

Page 13, delete section 1 and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Request for access to data.** (a) Upon request to a responsible authority or designee, a person shall be permitted to inspect and copy public government data at reasonable times and places, and, upon request, shall be informed of the data's meaning. If a person requests access for the purpose of inspection, the responsible authority may not assess a charge or require the requesting person to pay a fee to inspect data.

(b) For purposes of this section, "inspection" includes, but is not limited to, the visual inspection of paper and similar types of government data. Inspection does not include printing copies by the government entity, unless printing a copy is the only method to provide for inspection of the data. In the case of data stored in electronic form and made available in electronic form on a remote access basis to the public by the government entity, inspection includes remote access to the data by the public and the ability to print copies of or download the data on the public's own computer equipment. Nothing in this section prohibits a government entity from charging a reasonable fee for remote access to data under a specific statutory grant of authority. A government entity may charge a fee for remote access to data where either the data or the access is enhanced at the request of the person seeking access.

(c) The responsible authority or designee shall provide copies of public data upon request. If a person requests copies or electronic transmittal of the data to the person, the responsible authority may require the requesting person to pay the actual costs of searching for and retrieving government data, including the cost of employee time, and for making, certifying, and electronically transmitting the copies of the data or the data, but may not charge for separating public from not public data. However, if 100 or fewer pages of black and white, letter or legal size paper copies are requested, actual costs shall not be used, and instead, the responsible authority may charge no more than 25 cents for each page copied. If the responsible authority or designee is not able to provide copies at the time a request is made, copies shall be supplied as soon as reasonably possible.

(d) When a request under this subdivision involves any person's receipt of copies of public government data that has commercial value and is a substantial and discrete portion of or an entire formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, process, database, or system developed with a significant expenditure of public funds by the government entity, the responsible authority may charge a reasonable fee for the information in addition to the costs of making and certifying the copies. Any fee charged must be clearly demonstrated by the government entity to relate to the actual development costs of the information. The responsible authority, upon the request of any person, shall provide sufficient documentation to explain and justify the fee being charged.

(e) The responsible authority of a government entity that maintains public government data in a computer storage medium shall provide to any person making a request under this section a copy of any public data contained in that medium, in electronic form, if the government entity can reasonably make the copy or have a copy made. This does not require a government entity to provide the data in an electronic format or program that is different from the format or program in which the data are maintained by the government entity. The entity may require the requesting person to pay the actual cost of providing the copy.

(f) If the responsible authority or designee determines that the requested data is classified so as to deny the requesting person access, the responsible authority or designee shall inform the requesting person of the determination either orally at the time of the request, or in writing as soon after that time as possible, and shall cite the specific statutory section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law on which the determination is based. Upon the request of any person denied access to data, the responsible authority or designee shall certify in writing that the request has been denied and cite the specific statutory section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law upon which the denial was based.

(g) If a responsible authority has notified the requesting person that responsive data or copies are available for inspection or collection, and the requesting person does not inspect the data or collect the copies within five days of the notification, the responsible authority may suspend any further response to the request until the requesting person inspects the data that has been made available or collects and pays for the copies that have been produced."

Amend the title accordingly

Senator Duckworth moved to amend the Kreun (A27) amendment to S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A101):

Page 2, line 22, after "five" insert "business"

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Kreun (A27) amendment, as amended. The motion prevailed. So the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

Senator Wiklund moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A63):

Page 77, after line 6, insert:

"Sec. 3. MINNESOTA STATE HIGH SCHOOL LEAGUE; CATASTROPHIC INJURY.

Subdivision 1. **Insurance policy.** The Minnesota State High School League must enter a contract for a catastrophic injury insurance policy that provides coverage for students involved in high school league-sponsored extracurricular activities. The insurance policy must provide at least \$5,000,000 in lifetime coverage per catastrophic injury.

Subd. 2. **Catastrophic injury payments.** The Minnesota State High School League may make catastrophic injury payments from the Minnesota State High School League Foundation to two former high school athletes who suffered catastrophic injuries during high school league-sponsored events as a final payment for payment of expenses not covered by the league's catastrophic accident insurance policy of the former high school athletes' private insurance. The Minnesota State High School League may make payments to a student athlete who sustained a catastrophic injury in a hockey game in 2011 and to a student who sustained a catastrophic injury in a football game in 2022.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Senator Lucero requested division of the Wiklund (A63) amendment as follows:

First portion:

Page 77, after line 6, insert:

"Sec. 3. **MINNESOTA STATE HIGH SCHOOL LEAGUE; CATASTROPHIC INJURY.**

Subdivision 1. **Insurance policy.** The Minnesota State High School League must enter a contract for a catastrophic injury insurance policy that provides coverage for students involved in high school league-sponsored extracurricular activities. The insurance policy must provide at least \$5,000,000 in lifetime coverage per catastrophic injury."

The question was taken on the adoption of the first portion of the Wiklund (A63) amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 45 and nays 20, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Boldon	Farnsworth	Klein	Maye Quade	Port
Carlson	Fateh	Kreun	McEwen	Pratt
Champion	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Clark	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rasmusson
Coleman	Hauschild	Lang	Murphy	Rest
Cwodziński	Hawj	Latz	Nelson	Seeberger
Dibble	Hoffman	Limmer	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dornink	Housley	Mann	Pappas	Wiklund
Draheim	Johnson Stewart	Marty	Pha	Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Howe	Lieske	Rarick
Anderson	Duckworth	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Bahr	Green	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Lieske, and Utke.

The motion prevailed. So the first portion of the amendment was adopted.

Second portion:

"Subd. 2. **Catastrophic injury payments.** The Minnesota State High School League may make catastrophic injury payments from the Minnesota State High School League Foundation to two former high school athletes who suffered catastrophic injuries during high school league-sponsored events as a final payment for payment of expenses not covered by the league's catastrophic accident insurance policy of the former high school athletes' private insurance. The Minnesota State High School League may make payments to a student athlete who sustained a catastrophic injury in a hockey game in 2011 and to a student who sustained a catastrophic injury in a football game in 2022.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

The question was taken on the adoption of the second portion of the Wiklund (A63) amendment.

The motion prevailed. So the second portion of the amendment was adopted.

President Champion called President Pro Tem Rest to preside.

Senator Farnsworth moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A38):

Page 6, after line 16, insert:

"Sec. 6. **[123B.023] NO MANDATES WITHOUT FUNDING.**

Subdivision 1. **District noncompliance allowed.** Until the amount of revenue needed to pay for a mandate identified in state law or rule is appropriated, a school district is not required to comply with a state mandate that:

- (1) affects the daily operation of schools;
- (2) affects the authority of a school board to establish locally developed education policies;
- (3) changes a school district's curriculum; or
- (4) changes a school district's spending priorities.

Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** A school district must comply with a mandate if the amount of revenue needed for compliance is incidental compared to the school district's total budget. A school district must continue to comply with any law governing financial audit requirements or directly affecting the life, safety, and health of students.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section applies to state mandates that are in effect after June 30, 2025."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references



Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Clark	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Port	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Housley moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A57):

Page 12, after line 27, insert:

**"Sec. 13. FUND TRANSFERS AUTHORIZED TO AVOID TEACHER AND INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF REDUCTIONS.**

(a) A governing board that adopts a written resolution indicating that, without the flexibility provided under paragraph (b), it will reduce the number of teachers and other instructional staff in the school for any of fiscal years 2025, 2026, or 2027, may transfer funds as provided under paragraph (b). The written resolution must outline the purpose for and specify the amount of funds that are transferred under this section. A school board must post the resolution for each approved transfer on its website and must transmit a timely, electronic notice of each approved transfer to the commissioner.

(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.80, subdivision 3, or any law to the contrary, for fiscal years 2025, 2026, and 2027 only, a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit whose governing board adopts a resolution as provided under paragraph (a) may transfer any funds not already assigned to or encumbered by staff salary and benefits, or otherwise encumbered by federal law, from any operating account or operating fund to the undesignated balance in any

other operating account or operating fund. A fund or account transfer under this section must not increase state aid obligations to the district or school, or result in additional property tax authority for the district.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Limmer	Rasmusson
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Lucero	Utke
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Mathews	Weber
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Miller	Wesenberg
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Kupec	Nelson	
Dornink	Housley	Lang	Pratt	
Draheim	Howe	Lieske	Rarick	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mohamed	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Clark	Hawj	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Cwodziński	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	McEwen	Port	
Fateh	Klein	Mitchell	Putnam	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Nelson moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A42):

Page 21, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 121A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

**Subd. 4a. Preserving girls' sports.** (a) This subdivision may be cited as the "Preserving Girls' Sports Act."

(b) A school sponsored interscholastic, intramural, or club athletic team must be expressly designated as one of the following categories of team members based on biological sex at birth:

(1) males;

(2) females; or

(3) coed.

(c) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the membership of athletic teams or sports designated for females must only be open to participants who were biological females at birth.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 34, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 128C.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. **Girls' sports.** The league must adopt league rules and policy consistent with section 121A.04, subdivision 4a."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

Senator Maye Quade moved to amend the Nelson (A42) amendment to S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A74):

Page 1, after line 15, insert:

"(d) In compliance with subdivision 2, a school district must provide equal time, money, resources, and opportunities for boys and girls to participate in sports, including but not limited to equal opportunity to receive coaching and development opportunities for coaches of girls' and boys' sports, medical and training services, and scheduling of games and practice times. A school district must provide training to athletes and coaches on how to identify and report sexual and racial harassment and abuse in athletic programs."

Pursuant to Rule 7.4, Senator Nelson questioned whether the Maye Quade (A74) amendment to the amendment was in order. The President ruled the amendment to the amendment was in order.

Senator Maye Quade withdrew her amendment to the amendment.

Senator Rasmusson moved to amend the Nelson (A42) amendment to S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A74):

Page 1, after line 15, insert:

"(d) In compliance with subdivision 2, a school district must provide equal time, money, resources, and opportunities for boys and girls to participate in sports, including but not limited to equal opportunity to receive coaching and development opportunities for coaches of girls' and boys' sports, medical and training services, and scheduling of games and practice times. A school district must provide training to athletes and coaches on how to identify and report sexual and racial harassment and abuse in athletic programs."

The question was taken on the adoption of the Rasmusson (A74) amendment to the Nelson (A42) amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 65 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Mann	Port
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Marty	Pratt
Bahr	Farnsworth	Johnson Stewart	Mathews	Putnam
Boldon	Fateh	Klein	Maye Quade	Rarick
Carlson	Frentz	Koran	McEwen	Rasmusson
Champion	Green	Kreun	Miller	Rest
Clark	Gruenhagen	Kunesh	Mitchell	Seeberger
Coleman	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Utke
Cwodzinski	Hauschild	Lang	Murphy	Weber
Dahms	Hawj	Latz	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dibble	Hoffman	Lieske	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dornink	Housley	Limmer	Pappas	Wiklund
Draheim	Howe	Lucero	Pha	Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lieske, and Utke.

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Nelson (A42) amendment, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Clark	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Port	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment, as amended, was not adopted.

Senator Farnsworth moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A40):

Page 4, after line 17, insert:

"Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 120B.021, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Revisions and reviews required.** (a) The commissioner of education must revise the state's academic standards and graduation requirements and implement a ten-year cycle to review and, consistent with the review, revise state academic standards and related benchmarks, consistent with this subdivision. During each ten-year review and revision cycle, the commissioner also must examine the alignment of each required academic standard and related benchmark with the knowledge and skills students need for career and college readiness and advanced work in the particular subject area. The commissioner must include the contributions of Minnesota American Indian Tribes and communities, including urban Indigenous communities, as related to the academic standards during the review and revision of the required academic standards. The commissioner must embed Indigenous education for all students consistent with recommendations from Tribal Nations and urban Indigenous communities in Minnesota regarding the contributions of American Indian Tribes and communities in Minnesota into the state's academic standards during the review and revision of the required academic standards. The recommendations to embed Indigenous education for all students includes but is not limited to American Indian experiences in Minnesota, including Tribal histories, Indigenous languages, sovereignty issues, cultures, treaty rights, governments, socioeconomic experiences, contemporary issues, and current events.

(b) The commissioner must ensure that the statewide mathematics assessments administered to students in grades 3 through 8 and 11 are aligned with the state academic standards in mathematics, consistent with section 120B.302, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in mathematics beginning in the 2021-2022 school year and every ten years thereafter. In the 2031-2032 review and revision of the academic standards and related benchmarks in mathematics, algebra II must not be required.

(c) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in arts beginning in the 2017-2018 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(d) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in science beginning in the 2018-2019 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(e) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in language arts beginning in the 2019-2020 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(f) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in social studies beginning in the 2020-2021 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(g) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in physical education beginning in the 2026-2027 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(h) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in health education beginning in the 2034-2035 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(i) School districts and charter schools must revise and align local academic standards and high school graduation requirements in world languages and career and technical education to require students to complete the revised standards beginning in a school year determined by the school district or charter school. School districts and charter schools must formally establish a periodic review cycle for the academic standards and related benchmarks in world languages and career and technical education.

(j) The commissioner of education must embed technology and information literacy standards consistent with recommendations from school media specialists into the state's academic standards and graduation requirements.

(k) The commissioner of education must embed ethnic studies as related to the academic standards during the review and revision of the required academic standards."

Page 4, line 25, after "mathematics" insert ", except that credit for algebra II or higher is not required"

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

Senator Rasmusson moved to amend the Farnsworth (A40) amendment to S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A66):

Page 1, line 27, after "must" insert "be required for school curriculum, but must" and before the period, insert "for students to complete"

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Farnsworth (A40) amendment, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 27 and nays 38, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Duckworth	Jasinski	Lieske	Utke
Coleman	Farnsworth	Johnson	Limmer	Weber
Dahms	Green	Klein	Miller	Wesenberg
Dornink	Hauschild	Koran	Rarick	
Draheim	Hoffman	Kreun	Rasmusson	
Drazkowski	Howe	Lang	Seeberger	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Champion	Fateh	Hawj	Kupec
Bahr	Clark	Frentz	Housley	Latz
Boldon	Cwodzinski	Gruenhagen	Johnson Stewart	Lucero
Carlson	Dibble	Gustafson	Kunesh	Mann

Marty  
Mathews  
Maye Quade  
McEwen

Mitchell  
Mohamed  
Murphy  
Nelson

Oumou Verbeten  
Pappas  
Pha  
Port

Pratt  
Putnam  
Rest  
Westlin

Wiklund  
Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesch cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, Pappas, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment, as amended, was not adopted.

Senator Farnsworth moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A39):

Page 35, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 30. **RULES NOT EFFECTIVE.**

The amendments to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000, published in the State Register, volume 47, page 988, are void and do not take effect.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

President Champion resumed the Chair.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Farnsworth (A39) amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler  
Anderson  
Bahr  
Coleman  
Dahms  
Dornink  
Draheim

Drazkowski  
Duckworth  
Farnsworth  
Green  
Gruenhagen  
Hoffman  
Housley

Howe  
Jasinski  
Johnson  
Koran  
Kreun  
Lang  
Lieske

Limmer  
Lucero  
Mathews  
Miller  
Nelson  
Pratt  
Rarick

Rasmusson  
Utke  
Weber  
Wesenberg

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon  
Carlson  
Champion  
Clark  
Cwodzinski  
Dibble  
Fateh

Frentz  
Gustafson  
Hauschild  
Hawj  
Johnson Stewart  
Klein  
Kunesch

Kupec  
Latz  
Mann  
Marty  
Maye Quade  
McEwen  
Mitchell

Mohamed  
Murphy  
Oumou Verbeten  
Pappas  
Pha  
Port  
Putnam

Rest  
Seeberger  
Westlin  
Wiklund  
Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesch cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Lucero moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A48):

Page 35, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 30. **GRADE 3 ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS BENCHMARK.**

A public school must not provide instruction in the grade 3 English language arts benchmark in the writing strand relating to using nonbinary gender pronouns."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Jasinski cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Champion	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Clark	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Dibble	Klein	McEwen	Port	
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Lucero moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A47):

Page 22, after line 32, insert:

"Sec. 11. **[121A.0651] NOTICE REQUIREMENTS FOR STUDENT SURVEYS AND SIMILAR INSTRUMENTS.**

(a) A school district or charter school must obtain prior written informed consent from a parent or guardian of a minor or dependent child before administering an academic or nonacademic student



survey, assessment, analysis, evaluation, or similar instrument that solicits information about the student or the student's family concerning:

- (1) political affiliations or beliefs;
- (2) mental or psychological problems;
- (3) sexual behavior or attitudes;
- (4) illegal, antisocial, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior;
- (5) critical appraisals of another individual with whom a student has a close family relationship;
- (6) legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those with a lawyer, physician, or minister;
- (7) religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs; or
- (8) income or other income-related information required by law to determine eligibility to participate in or receive financial assistance under a program.

(b) When asking a parent or guardian to provide informed written consent, the school district must:

- (1) make a copy of the instrument readily accessible to the parent or guardian at a convenient location and reasonable time; and
- (2) specifically identify the information in paragraph (a) that will be solicited through the instrument. The district must request the consent of the parent or guardian at least 14 days before administering the instrument.

(c) A parent or guardian seeking to compel a school district to comply with this section has available the civil remedies under section 13.08, subdivision 4, in addition to other remedies provided by law.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Clark	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Port	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Lucero moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A46):

Page 4, after line 17, insert:

"Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 120B.021, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

**Subd. 4. Revisions and reviews required.** (a) The commissioner of education must revise the state's academic standards and graduation requirements and implement a ten-year cycle to review and, consistent with the review, revise state academic standards and related benchmarks, consistent with this subdivision. During each ten-year review and revision cycle, the commissioner also must examine the alignment of each required academic standard and related benchmark with the knowledge and skills students need for career and college readiness and advanced work in the particular subject area. The commissioner must include the contributions of Minnesota American Indian Tribes and communities, including urban Indigenous communities, as related to the academic standards during the review and revision of the required academic standards. The commissioner must embed Indigenous education for all students consistent with recommendations from Tribal Nations and urban Indigenous communities in Minnesota regarding the contributions of American Indian Tribes and communities in Minnesota into the state's academic standards during the review and revision of the required academic standards. The recommendations to embed Indigenous education for all students includes but is not limited to American Indian experiences in Minnesota, including Tribal histories, Indigenous languages, sovereignty issues, cultures, treaty rights, governments, socioeconomic experiences, contemporary issues, and current events.

(b) The commissioner must ensure that the statewide mathematics assessments administered to students in grades 3 through 8 and 11 are aligned with the state academic standards in mathematics, consistent with section 120B.302, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in mathematics beginning in the 2021-2022 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(c) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in arts beginning in the 2017-2018 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(d) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in science beginning in the 2018-2019 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(e) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in language arts beginning in the 2019-2020 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(f) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in social studies beginning in the ~~2020-2021~~ 2030-2031 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(g) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in physical education beginning in the 2026-2027 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(h) The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in health education beginning in the 2034-2035 school year and every ten years thereafter.

(i) School districts and charter schools must revise and align local academic standards and high school graduation requirements in world languages and career and technical education to require students to complete the revised standards beginning in a school year determined by the school district or charter school. School districts and charter schools must formally establish a periodic review cycle for the academic standards and related benchmarks in world languages and career and technical education.

(j) The commissioner of education must embed technology and information literacy standards consistent with recommendations from school media specialists into the state's academic standards and graduation requirements.

~~(k) The commissioner of education must embed ethnic studies as related to the academic standards during the review and revision of the required academic standards.~~

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 6, strike lines 9 to 12

Page 6, line 13, delete "(h)" and insert "(g)"

Page 6, after line 16, insert:

"Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 120B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section and section 120B.10, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(a) "Instruction" means methods of providing learning experiences that enable a student to meet state and district academic standards and graduation requirements including applied and experiential learning.

(b) "Curriculum" means district or school adopted programs and written plans for providing students with learning experiences that lead to expected knowledge and skills and career and college readiness.

(c) "Comprehensive achievement and civic readiness" means striving to: meet school readiness goals; close the academic achievement gap among all racial and ethnic groups of students and

between students living in poverty and students not living in poverty; have all students attain career and college readiness before graduating from high school; have all students graduate from high school; and prepare students to be lifelong learners.

(d) "Experiential learning" means learning for students that includes career exploration through a specific class or course or through work-based experiences such as job shadowing, mentoring, entrepreneurship, service learning, volunteering, internships, other cooperative work experience, youth apprenticeship, or employment.

~~(e) "Ethnic studies" as defined in section 120B.25 has the same meaning for purposes of this section. Ethnic studies curriculum may be integrated in existing curricular opportunities or provided through additional curricular offerings.~~

~~(f)~~ (e) "Antiracist" means actively working to identify and eliminate racism in all forms in order to change policies, behaviors, and beliefs that perpetuate racist ideas and actions.

~~(g)~~ (f) "Culturally sustaining" means integrating content and practices that infuse the culture and language of Black, Indigenous, and People of Color communities who have been and continue to be harmed and erased through the education system.

~~(h)~~ (g) "Institutional racism" means structures, policies, and practices within and across institutions that produce outcomes that disadvantage those who are Black, Indigenous, and People of Color.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 12, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 124D.861, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Plan implementation; components.** (a) The school board of each eligible district must formally develop and implement a long-term plan under this section. The plan must be incorporated into the district's comprehensive strategic plan under section 120B.11.

(b) The plan must contain goals for:

(1) reducing the disparities in academic achievement and in equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers among all students and specific categories of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), excluding the student categories of gender, disability, and English learners; and

(2) increasing racial and economic diversity and integration in schools and districts.

(c) The plan must include strategies to validate, affirm, embrace, and integrate cultural and community strengths of all students, families, and employees in the district's curriculum as well as learning and work environments. The plan must address issues of institutional racism as defined in section 120B.11, subdivision 1, in schools that create opportunity and achievement gaps for students, families, and staff who are of color or who are American Indian. Examples of institutional racism experienced by students who are of color or who are American Indian include policies and practices that intentionally or unintentionally result in disparate discipline referrals and suspension, inequitable

access to advanced coursework, overrepresentation in lower-level coursework, inequitable participation in cocurricular activities, inequitable parent involvement, and lack of equitable access to racially and ethnically diverse teachers who reflect the racial or ethnic diversity of students because it has not been a priority to hire or retain such teachers.

(d) School districts must use local data, to the extent practicable, to develop plan components and strategies. Plans may include:

(1) innovative and integrated prekindergarten through grade 12 learning environments that offer students school enrollment choices;

(2) family engagement initiatives that involve families in their students' academic life and success and improve relations between home and school;

(3) opportunities for students, families, staff, and community members who are of color or American Indian to share their experiences in the school setting with school staff and administration and to inform the development of specific proposals for making school environments more validating, affirming, embracing, and integrating of their cultural and community strengths;

(4) professional development opportunities for teachers and administrators focused on improving the academic achievement of all students, including knowledge, skills, and dispositions needed to be antiracist and culturally sustaining as defined in section 120B.11, subdivision 1, for serving students who are from racially and ethnically diverse backgrounds;

(5) recruitment and retention of teachers, administrators, cultural and family liaisons, paraprofessionals, and other staff from racial, ethnic, and linguistic backgrounds represented in the student population to strengthen relationships with all students, families, and other members of the community;

(6) collection, examination, and evaluation of academic and discipline data for institutional racism as defined in section 120B.11, subdivision 1, in structures, policies, and practices that result in the education disparities, in order to propose antiracist changes as defined in section 120B.11, subdivision 1, that increase access, meaningful participation, representation, and positive outcomes for students of color and American Indian students;

(7) increased programmatic opportunities and effective and more diverse instructors focused on rigor and college and career readiness for students who are impacted by racial, gender, linguistic, and economic disparities, including students enrolled in area learning centers or alternative learning programs under section 123A.05, state-approved alternative programs under section 126C.05, subdivision 15, and contract alternative programs under section 124D.69, among other underserved students; or

~~(8) instruction in ethnic studies, as defined in section 120B.25, to provide all students with opportunities to learn about their own and others' cultures and historical experiences; or~~

~~(9)~~ (8) examination and revision of district curricula in all subjects to be inclusive of diverse racial and ethnic groups while meeting state academic standards and being culturally sustaining as defined in section 120B.11, subdivision 1, ensuring content being studied about any group is accurate and based in knowledge from that group.

(e) Among other requirements, an eligible district must implement effective, research-based interventions that include multiple measures of assessment and engagement in order to eliminate academic disparities for students impacted by racial, gender, linguistic, and economic inequities as aligned with section 120B.11.

(f) Eligible districts must create efficiencies and eliminate duplicative programs and services under this section, which may include forming collaborations or a single, seven-county metropolitan areawide partnership of eligible districts for this purpose.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. **SOCIAL STUDIES STANDARDS SUSPENSION.**

The commissioner of education must suspend implementation of revised social studies standards and benchmarks. School districts and charter schools must continue to provide instruction in social studies aligned with the standards and benchmarks adopted in 2012 until the commissioner adopts revised standards and benchmarks following the review and revision of social studies standards beginning in the 2030-2031 school year.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 12, after line 32, insert:

"Sec. 18. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 120B.25; and 120B.251, are repealed.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Champion	Cwodzinski	Fateh	Gustafson
Carlson	Clark	Dibble	Frentz	Hauschild

Hawj  
Hoffman  
Johnson Stewart  
Klein  
Kunesh

Kupec  
Latz  
Mann  
Marty  
Maye Quade

McEwen  
Mitchell  
Mohamed  
Murphy  
Oumou Verbeten

Pappas  
Pha  
Port  
Putnam  
Rest

Seeberger  
Westlin  
Wiklund  
Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Clark, Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Lucero moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A45):

Page 34, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 124D.991, is amended to read:

**124D.991 PUBLIC SCHOOL LIBRARIES AND MEDIA CENTERS.**

Subdivision 1. **Characteristics.** A school district or charter school library or school library media center provides equitable and free access to students, teachers, and administrators.

A school library or school library media center must have the following characteristics:

(1) ensures every student has equitable access to resources and is able to locate, access, and use resources that are organized and cataloged;

(2) has a collection development plan that includes but is not limited to materials selection and deselection, a challenged materials procedure, and an intellectual and academic freedom statement;

(3) is housed in a central location that provides an environment for expanded learning and supports a variety of student interests;

(4) has technology and Internet access; and

(5) is served by a licensed school library media specialist or licensed school librarian.

Subd. 2. **Student access to materials.** A school district or charter school library or media center must restrict all student access to material that is reasonably believed to be obscene or child pornography or material harmful to minors under federal or state law. A school district, charter school, or its agents or employees are immune from liability for failure to comply with this subdivision if they have made a good faith effort to comply with the requirements of this subdivision."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 32, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Clark	Hawj	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	
Dibble	Klein	McEwen	Port	
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Clark, Dibble, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Gruenhagen moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A67):

Page 34, after line 23, insert:

"Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.291, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Best interest.** It is in the best interest of the health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of this state, and especially of minors within the state, that commercial dissemination, and dissemination without monetary consideration in a place of public accommodation, of sexually explicit written, photographic, printed, sound or published materials, and of plays, dances, or other exhibitions presented before an audience, that are deemed harmful to minors, be restricted to persons over the age of 17 years; or, if available to minors under the age of 18 years, that the availability of the materials be restricted to sources within established and recognized ~~schools~~, churches, museums, medical clinics and physicians, hospitals, public libraries, or government sponsored organizations, excluding schools.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.295, is amended to read:

#### **617.295 EXEMPTIONS.**

The following are exempt from criminal or other action hereunder:

(1) recognized and established ~~schools~~, churches, museums, medical clinics and physicians, hospitals, public libraries, governmental agencies or quasi governmental sponsored organizations, and persons acting in their capacity as employees or agents of such organization excluding schools. For the purpose of this section "recognized and established" shall mean ~~an organization or agency having a full time faculty and diversified curriculum in the case of a school~~; a church affiliated with a national or regional denomination; a licensed physician or psychiatrist or clinic of licensed



physicians or psychiatrists; and in all other exempt organizations shall refer only to income tax exempted organizations which are supported in whole or in part by tax funds or which receive at least one-third of their support from publicly donated funds;

(2) individuals in a parental relationship with the minor; and

(3) motion picture machine operators, stagehands, or other theatre employees such as cashiers, doorkeepers, ushers, and concession employees, if such person or persons have no financial interest in the entertainment presented other than the salary or wage, or in any theatre or place where such employee has no financial interest when the employee's services are obtained solely for salary or wage; provided, that such employee is under the direct supervision of a theatre manager who is a resident of this state and who is not exempt from action under sections 617.291 to 617.297.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 617.296, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. **Parental cause of action.** The parent or legal guardian of a child has a civil cause of action against a school when the school disseminates or otherwise displays to the child obscene material as defined in section 617.241, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The plaintiff is entitled to recover the greater of \$1,000 or actual general and special damages, including damages for emotional distress. A plaintiff may also obtain reasonable attorney fees and an injunction or other appropriate relief."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 32, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Duckworth, Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, Mathews, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Gustafson	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Carlson	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Champion	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Clark	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Cwodzinski	Klein	McEwen	Port	
Dibble	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam	
Fateh	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Hawj, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Coleman moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A72):

Page 21, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 9. **[121A.036] SAFE SCHOOLS TRANSPARENCY; NOTICE.**

A school principal or school board designee must provide teachers and each student's parents with timely notice of violent activity occurring on school grounds or at school-sponsored activities in which one or more individuals suffer injuries. The notice must state whether the school is aware of videos or recordings of such violent activity. Notice must also be provided to teachers and parents when a dangerous weapon is brandished or confiscated. The notice must not contain names or identifying characteristics of any students involved in the activity. "Timely notice" means notice within 24 hours, if practicable, and no later than 48 hours after an incident. The notice must be delivered to an email address or mobile application from which a parent has consented to receive such notices. If a parent has not provided this contact information, the school may choose another delivery method or none. "Violent activity" means an act that results in serious bodily harm to an individual.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2025-2026 school year and later."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 30 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Howe	Lieske	Pratt
Bahr	Duckworth	Jasinski	Limmer	Rarick
Coleman	Farnsworth	Johnson	Lucero	Rasmusson
Dahms	Green	Koran	Mathews	Utke
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Kreun	Miller	Weber
Draheim	Housley	Lang	Nelson	Wesenberg

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, Mathews, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Clark	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Cwodziński	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Wiklund
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Port	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Hawj, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Coleman moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A51):

Page 21, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 9. **[121A.036] SAFE SCHOOLS TRANSPARENCY.**

A charter school or school district is prohibited from engaging in retaliatory action against a teacher or other school employee for reporting, discussing, or publicizing incidents of school violence or dangerous conduct. A school or school district must not retaliate against an employee for participating in an investigation, hearing, or inquiry regarding school and classroom safety. Nothing in this section waives a student's data privacy rights under federal and state law.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2025-2026 school year and later."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

President Champion called Senator Frentz to preside.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Coleman (A51) amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Rasmusson
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Utke
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Weber
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Mitchell	Wesenberg
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Nelson	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Pratt	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rarick	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, Mathews, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mohamed	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Murphy	Seeberger
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Clark	Hawj	Mann	Pappas	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Marty	Pha	Xiong
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Port	
Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Putnam	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Hawj, Latz, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

President Champion resumed the Chair.

Senator Coleman moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A50):

Page 32, after line 25, insert:

"Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 122A.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Mandatory reporting.** (a) A school board, superintendent, charter school board, charter school executive director, or charter school authorizer must report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Board of School Administrators, or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, whichever has jurisdiction over the teacher's or administrator's license, when its teacher or administrator is discharged or resigns from employment after a charge is filed with the school board under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or after charges are filed that are grounds for discharge under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), or when a teacher or administrator is suspended or resigns while an investigation is pending under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), or chapter 260E; or 122A.41, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or when a teacher or administrator is suspended without an investigation under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or chapter 260E. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "discharge" includes a rescinded contract or a nonrenewed contract. A report must be filed if the teacher or administrator's contract is rescinded or nonrenewed in lieu of discharge under this subdivision. The report must be made to the appropriate licensing board within ten days after the discharge, suspension, or resignation has occurred. The licensing board to which the report is made must investigate the report for violation of subdivision 1 and the reporting board, administrator, or authorizer must cooperate in the investigation. Notwithstanding any provision in chapter 13 or any law to the contrary, upon written request from the licensing board having jurisdiction over the license, a board, charter school, authorizer, charter school executive director, or school superintendent shall provide the licensing board with information about the teacher or administrator from the district's files, any termination or disciplinary proceeding, any settlement or compromise, or any investigative file. Upon written request from the appropriate licensing board, a board or school superintendent may, at the discretion of the board or school superintendent, solicit the written consent of a student and the student's parent to provide the licensing board with information that may aid the licensing board in its investigation and license proceedings. The licensing board's request need not identify a student or parent by name. The consent of the student and the student's parent must meet the requirements of chapter 13 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.30. The licensing board may provide a consent form to the district. Any data transmitted to any board under this section is private data under section 13.02, subdivision 12, notwithstanding any other classification of the data when it was in the possession of any other agency.

(b) The licensing board to which a report is made must transmit to the Attorney General's Office any record or data it receives under this subdivision for the sole purpose of having the Attorney General's Office assist that board in its investigation. When the Attorney General's Office has informed an employee of the appropriate licensing board in writing that grounds exist to suspend or revoke a teacher's license to teach, that licensing board must consider suspending or revoking or

decline to suspend or revoke the teacher's or administrator's license within 45 days of receiving a stipulation executed by the teacher or administrator under investigation or a recommendation from an administrative law judge that disciplinary action be taken.

(c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and Board of School Administrators must report to the appropriate law enforcement authorities a revocation, suspension, or agreement involving a loss of license, relating to a teacher or administrator's inappropriate sexual conduct with a minor. For purposes of this section, "law enforcement authority" means a police department, county sheriff, or Tribal police department. A report by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to appropriate law enforcement authorities does not diminish, modify, or otherwise affect the responsibilities of a school board or any person mandated to report abuse under chapter 260E.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Kreun moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A68):

Page 28, after line 9, insert:

"Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 121A.425, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Disciplinary dismissals prohibited.** (a) A pupil enrolled in the following is not subject to dismissals under this chapter:

~~(1)~~ a preschool or prekindergarten program, including an early childhood family education, school readiness, school readiness plus, voluntary prekindergarten, Head Start, or other school-based preschool or prekindergarten program; ~~or,~~

~~(2) kindergarten through grade 3.~~

(b) This provision does not apply to a dismissal from school for less than one school day, except as provided under chapter 125A and federal law for a student receiving special education services.

(c) A pupil enrolled in kindergarten through grade 3 may only be dismissed for a period of up to three school days in order for the school to communicate with the pupil's parent regarding the incident and restoration of the pupil to the school.

~~(e)~~ (d) Notwithstanding this subdivision, expulsions and exclusions may be used only after resources outlined in subdivision 2 have been exhausted, and only in circumstances where there is an ongoing serious safety threat to the child or others.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Seeberger
Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Utke
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Weber
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Pratt	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Rasmusson	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, Mathews, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Westlin
Clark	Hawj	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Marty	Pappas	Xiong
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	
Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Port	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Frentz, Hawj, Latz, Mann, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Maye Quade moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A29):

Page 1, after line 29, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 120A.22, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. **Home school requirements.** (a) A home school is a school of students related by parent or legal guardian, directed by the students' parent or legal guardian, or, with the parent or legal guardian's written permission, a school directed by another individual who meets requirements for an instructor under subdivision 10. The home school primary address must be a residence in Minnesota.

(b) "Directing a home school" means the home school parent or legal guardian, or instructor under subdivision 10, is responsible for selecting the students' materials, curriculum, and instruction plan; providing assessments required by subdivision 11 and maintaining or reporting records of required assessments; choosing the time, location, and method for daily instruction; and issuing transcripts and diplomas. Directing a home school has the same meaning as operating a home school.

(c) An individual with a conviction of, admission to, or Alford plea to one or more crimes listed in section 245C.15, subdivision 1, regardless of whether the conviction or admission is a felony,

gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor level crime is disqualified from directing or operating a home school. A home school educator must not operate a home school if any other adult residing in the home or home school setting has been convicted of or admitted to a crime described in this paragraph."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 44 and nays 20, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Farnsworth	Klein	McEwen	Port
Boldon	Fatch	Koran	Miller	Pratt
Carlson	Frentz	Kreun	Mitchell	Putnam
Champion	Gustafson	Kunesh	Mohamed	Rest
Clark	Hauschild	Kupec	Murphy	Seeberger
Coleman	Hawj	Latz	Nelson	Westlin
Cwodzinski	Hoffman	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Dibble	Housley	Marty	Pappas	Xiong
Duckworth	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Frentz, Hawj, Latz, Mann, Marty, Pappas, and Port.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Draheim	Howe	Lieske	Rasmusson
Bahr	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke
Dahms	Green	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lang	Rarick	Wesenberg

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, Mathews, and Utke.

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Pratt moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A70):

Page 29, delete section 18

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Bahr	Dahms	Draheim	Duckworth
Anderson	Coleman	Dornink	Drazkowski	Farnsworth

Green  
Gruenhagen  
Housley  
Howe  
Jasinski

Johnson  
Koran  
Kreun  
Kupec  
Lang

Lieske  
Limmer  
Lucero  
Mathews  
McEwen

Miller  
Nelson  
Pratt  
Rarick  
Utke

Weber  
Wesenberg

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesch cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: McEwen.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, Mathews, and Utke.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon  
Carlson  
Champion  
Clark  
Cwodzinski  
Dibble  
Fateh

Frentz  
Gustafson  
Hauschild  
Hawj  
Hoffman  
Johnson Stewart  
Klein

Kunesch  
Latz  
Mann  
Marty  
Maye Quade  
Mitchell  
Mohamed

Murphy  
Oumou Verbeten  
Pappas  
Pha  
Port  
Putnam  
Rasmusson

Rest  
Seeberger  
Westlin  
Wiklund  
Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesch cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Frentz, Hawj, Latz, Mann, Marty, Pappas, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Miller moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A43):

Page 29, line 19, after the period, insert "A school district or charter school with a school building that includes a combination of elementary, middle, or secondary students must adopt a policy under this section that prohibits cell phones and smart watches in school or in classrooms."

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Maye Quade moved to amend S.F. No. 1740 as follows (A102):

Page 21, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 121A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. **Sports equality.** In compliance with subdivision 2, a school district must provide equal time, money, resources, and opportunities for boys and girls to participate in sports, including but not limited to equal opportunity to receive coaching and development opportunities for coaches of girls' and boys' sports, medical and training services, and scheduling of games and practice times. A school district must provide training to athletes and coaches on how to identify and report sexual and racial harassment and abuse in athletic programs."

Pursuant to Sec. 61 of Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure, Senator Rasmusson raised a point of order that the Maye Quade (A102) amendment was out of order. The President ruled the point of order well taken.

S.F. No. 1740 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.



The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 39 and nays 26, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Port
Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Seeberger
Clark	Hawj	Limmer	Nelson	Westlin
Coleman	Hoffman	Mann	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Cwodzinski	Housley	Marty	Pappas	Xiong
Dibble	Johnson Stewart	Maye Quade	Pha	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dibble, Frentz, Hawj, Latz, Mann, Marty, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Abeler.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Duckworth	Johnson	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Wesenberg
Dahms	Green	Kreun	Pratt	
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Lang	Rarick	
Draheim	Howe	Lieske	Rasmusson	
Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Utke	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Howe, Jasinski, Lang, Lieske, and Utke.

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

### MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senator Westrom was excused from the Session of today. Senator Abeler was excused from the Session of today from 1:00 to 1:30 p.m. Senator Johnson was excused from the Session of today from 1:30 to 2:55 p.m. Senator Limmer was excused from the Session of today from 7:05 to 7:40 p.m.

### ADJOURNMENT

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 1:00 p.m., Friday, April 25, 2025. The motion prevailed.

Thomas S. Bottern, Secretary of the Senate

