

FIFTY-FIRST DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Thursday, April 30, 2015

The Senate met at 9:00 a.m. and was called to order by the President.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Cohen imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Rabbi Adam Stock Spilker.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Anderson	Eaton	Johnson	Pappas	Skoe
Bakk	Eken	Kent	Pederson, J.	Sparks
Benson	Fischbach	Kiffmeyer	Petersen, B.	Stumpf
Bonoff	Franzen	Koenen	Pratt	Thompson
Brown	Gazelka	Latz	Reinert	Tomassoni
Carlson	Goodwin	Limmer	Rest	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Hall	Lourey	Rosen	Weber
Champion	Hann	Marty	Ruud	Westrom
Clausen	Hawj	Metzen	Saxhaug	Wiger
Cohen	Hayden	Miller	Scalze	Wiklund
Dahle	Hoffman	Nelson	Schmit	
Dahms	Housley	Newman	Senjem	
Dibble	Ingebrigtsen	Ortman	Sheran	
Dziedzic	Jensen	Osmeck	Sieben	

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has acceded to the request of the Senate for the appointment of a Conference Committee, consisting of 5 members of the House, on the amendments adopted by the House to the following Senate File:

S.F. No. 878: A bill for an act relating to criminal justice; lowering the penalty for the performance of acts prohibited by statutes for which no penalty is specified; regulating the possession and purchase of firearms, ammunition, and suppressors; prohibiting a bondsman or

bail enforcement agent from wearing uniform or driving vehicle the color of law enforcement; regulating the use of unmanned aerial vehicles by law enforcement agencies; requiring outside law enforcement agencies to investigate peace officer-involved incidents; addressing numerous issues relating to juveniles including diversion, use of restraints, and sentencing; modifying forfeiture laws and how proceeds from the sale of forfeited property are used, what reports are required, and how policies are adopted; establishing the burden of production on the innocent owner claimant and the burden of proof on the prosecutor in an innocent owner forfeiture case involving DWI, designated offenses, controlled substance offenses, fleeing offenses, and prostitution offenses; expanding the homestead exemption in forfeiture cases; restoring the civil right to vote of an individual upon release from incarceration and requiring notice; repealing county attorney obligation to promptly investigate voter registration and eligibility; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 6.74; 84.7741, subdivision 10; 97A.421, by adding a subdivision; 169.98, by adding a subdivision; 169A.60, subdivision 1; 169A.63, subdivisions 1, 7, 9, 10; 201.014, by adding a subdivision; 201.071, subdivision 1; 201.12, subdivisions 2, 3; 201.13, subdivision 3; 201.14; 201.157; 204C.08, subdivision 1d; 204C.10; 244.05, subdivisions 4, 5; 260B.001, subdivision 2; 260B.125, by adding a subdivision; 260B.130, subdivision 4; 609.02, by adding a subdivision; 609.106, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 609.11, subdivision 9; 609.165; 609.3455, subdivision 2; 609.531, subdivisions 1, 8, by adding subdivisions; 609.5311, subdivision 3; 609.5312, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 609.5315, subdivisions 1, 6; 609.5318, subdivision 5; 609.66, subdivisions 1a, 1g; 624.71; 624.712, by adding a subdivision; 624.713, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 4; 624.714, subdivision 16; 624.715; 626.88; 645.241; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 5B; 201; 243; 260B; 624; 626; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 97B.031, subdivision 4; 201.155; 201.275; 609.66, subdivision 1h.

There has been appointed as such committee on the part of the House:

Cornish; Johnson, B.; Lohmer; Hertaus and Hilstrom.

Senate File No. 878 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned April 29, 2015

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has acceded to the request of the Senate for the appointment of a Conference Committee, consisting of 5 members of the House, on the amendments adopted by the House to the following Senate File:

S.F. No. 5: A bill for an act relating to higher education; establishing a budget for higher education; appropriating money to the Office of Higher Education, the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, and the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota; appropriating money for tuition relief; making various policy and technical changes to higher-education-related provisions; regulating the policies of postsecondary institutions relating to sexual harassment and sexual violence; providing goals, standards, programs, and grants; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 5.41, subdivisions 2, 3; 13.32, subdivision 6; 13.322, by adding a subdivision; 16C.075; 124D.09, by adding subdivisions; 124D.091, subdivision 1; 135A.15, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding subdivisions; 136A.01, by adding a subdivision; 136A.101, subdivisions 5a, 8; 136A.121, subdivision 20; 136A.125, subdivisions 2,

4, 4b; 136A.1701, subdivision 4; 136A.861, subdivision 1; 137.54; 177.23, subdivision 7; Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 13, section 47; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 135A; 136A; 136F; 175; 626; repealing Minnesota Rules, part 4830.7500, subparts 2a, 2b.

There has been appointed as such committee on the part of the House:

Nornes, O'Neill, Gruenhagen, Christensen and Pelowski.

Senate File No. 5 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned April 29, 2015

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has acceded to the request of the Senate for the appointment of a Conference Committee, consisting of 5 members of the House, on the amendments adopted by the House to the following Senate File:

S.F. No. 1458: A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing the health and human services budget; modifying provisions governing children and family services, chemical and mental health services, withdrawal management programs, direct care and treatment, health care, continuing care, Department of Health programs, health care delivery, health licensing boards, and MNsure; making changes to medical assistance, general assistance, MFIP, Northstar Care for Children, MinnesotaCare, child care assistance, and group residential housing programs; establishing uniform requirements for public assistance programs related to income calculation, reporting income, and correcting overpayments and underpayments; creating the Department of MNsure; modifying requirements for reporting maltreatment of minors; establishing the Minnesota ABLE plan and accounts; modifying child support provisions; establishing standards for withdrawal management programs; modifying requirements for background studies; making changes to provisions governing the health information exchange; authorizing rulemaking; requiring reports; making technical changes; modifying certain fees for Department of Health programs; modifying fees of certain health-related licensing boards; making human services forecast adjustments; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 13.3806, subdivision 4; 13.46, subdivisions 2, 7; 13.461, by adding a subdivision; 15.01; 15A.0815, subdivision 2; 16A.724, subdivision 2; 43A.241; 62A.02, subdivision 2; 62A.045; 62J.497, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5; 62J.498; 62J.4981; 62J.4982, subdivisions 4, 5; 62J.692, subdivision 4; 62M.01, subdivision 2; 62M.02, subdivisions 12, 14, 15, 17, by adding subdivisions; 62M.05, subdivisions 3a, 3b, 4; 62M.06, subdivisions 2, 3; 62M.07; 62M.09, subdivision 3; 62M.10, subdivision 7; 62M.11; 62Q.02; 62U.02, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 62U.04, subdivision 11; 62V.02, subdivisions 2, 11, by adding a subdivision; 62V.03; 62V.05; 62V.06; 62V.07; 62V.08; 119B.011, subdivision 15; 119B.025, subdivision 1; 119B.035, subdivision 4; 119B.07; 119B.09, subdivision 4; 119B.10, subdivision 1; 119B.11, subdivision 2a; 119B.125, by adding a subdivision; 144.057, subdivision 1; 144.1501, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 144.215, by adding a subdivision; 144.225, subdivision 4; 144.291, subdivision 2; 144.293, subdivisions 6, 8; 144.298, subdivisions 2, 3; 144.3831, subdivision 1; 144.9501, subdivisions 6d, 22b, 26b, by adding subdivisions; 144.9505; 144.9508; 144A.70, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 144A.71; 144A.72; 144A.73; 144D.01, by adding a subdivision; 144E.001, by adding a subdivision; 144E.275, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 144E.50; 144F.01, subdivision 5; 145.928, by adding a subdivision;

145A.131, subdivision 1; 148.57, subdivisions 1, 2; 148.59; 148E.075; 148E.080, subdivisions 1, 2; 148E.180, subdivisions 2, 5; 149A.20, subdivisions 5, 6; 149A.40, subdivision 11; 149A.65; 149A.92, subdivision 1; 149A.97, subdivision 7; 150A.091, subdivisions 4, 5, 11, by adding subdivisions; 150A.31; 151.065, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 151.58, subdivisions 2, 5; 157.16; 169.686, subdivision 3; 174.29, subdivision 1; 174.30, subdivisions 3, 4, by adding subdivisions; 245.4661, subdivisions 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 245.467, subdivision 6; 245.469, by adding a subdivision; 245.4876, subdivision 7; 245.4889, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 245C.03, by adding a subdivision; 245C.08, subdivision 1; 245C.10, by adding subdivisions; 245C.12; 246.18, subdivision 8; 246.54, subdivision 1; 246B.01, subdivision 2b; 246B.10; 253B.18, subdivisions 4c, 5; 254B.05, subdivision 5; 254B.12, subdivision 2; 256.01, by adding subdivisions; 256.015, subdivision 7; 256.017, subdivision 1; 256.478; 256.741, subdivisions 1, 2; 256.962, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 256.969, subdivisions 1, 2b, 3a, 3c, 9; 256.975, subdivision 8; 256B.056, subdivision 5c; 256B.057, subdivision 9; 256B.059, subdivision 5; 256B.06, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0615, subdivision 3; 256B.0622, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0624, subdivision 7; 256B.0625, subdivisions 3b, 9, 13, 13e, 13h, 14, 17, 17a, 18a, 18e, 31, 48, 57, 58, by adding subdivisions; 256B.0631; 256B.072; 256B.0757; 256B.0916, subdivisions 2, 11, by adding a subdivision; 256B.441, by adding a subdivision; 256B.49, subdivision 26, by adding a subdivision; 256B.4913, subdivisions 4a, 5; 256B.4914, subdivisions 2, 8, 10, 14, 15; 256B.69, subdivisions 5a, 5i, 6, 9c, 9d, by adding a subdivision; 256B.75; 256B.76, subdivisions 2, 4, 7; 256B.767; 256D.01, subdivision 1a; 256D.02, subdivision 8, by adding subdivisions; 256D.06, subdivision 1; 256D.405, subdivision 3; 256E.35, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 256I.03, subdivisions 3, 7, by adding subdivisions; 256I.04; 256I.05, subdivisions 1c, 1g; 256I.06, subdivisions 2, 6, 7, 8; 256J.08, subdivisions 26, 86; 256J.24, subdivisions 5, 5a; 256J.30, subdivisions 1, 9; 256J.35; 256J.40; 256J.95, subdivision 19; 256K.45, subdivisions 1a, 6; 256L.01, subdivisions 3a, 5; 256L.03, subdivision 5; 256L.04, subdivisions 1a, 1c, 7b; 256L.05, subdivisions 3, 3a, 4, by adding a subdivision; 256L.06, subdivision 3; 256L.11, by adding a subdivision; 256L.121, subdivision 1; 256L.15, subdivision 2; 256N.22, subdivisions 9, 10; 256N.24, subdivision 4; 256N.25, subdivision 1; 256N.27, subdivision 2; 256P.001; 256P.01, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 256P.02, by adding a subdivision; 256P.03, subdivision 1; 256P.04, subdivisions 1, 4; 256P.05, subdivision 1; 257.0755, subdivisions 1, 2; 257.0761, subdivision 1; 257.0766, subdivision 1; 257.0769, subdivision 1; 257.75, subdivisions 3, 5; 259A.75; 260C.007, subdivisions 27, 32; 260C.203; 260C.212, subdivision 1, by adding subdivisions; 260C.221; 260C.331, subdivision 1; 260C.451, subdivisions 2, 6; 260C.515, subdivision 5; 260C.521, subdivisions 1, 2; 260C.607, subdivision 4; 282.241, subdivision 1; 290.0671, subdivision 6; 297A.70, subdivision 7; 514.73; 514.981, subdivision 2; 518A.26, subdivision 14; 518A.32, subdivision 2; 518A.39, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 518A.41, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 14, 15; 518A.43, by adding a subdivision; 518A.46, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 518A.51; 518A.53, subdivisions 1, 4, 10; 518A.60; 518C.802; 580.032, subdivision 1; 626.556, subdivisions 1, as amended, 2, 3, 6a, 7, as amended, 10, 10e, 10j, 10m, 11c, by adding subdivisions; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 18, section 3, subdivision 5; Laws 2013, chapter 108, article 14, section 12, as amended; Laws 2014, chapter 189, sections 5; 10; 11; 16; 17; 18; 19; 23; 24; 27; 28; 29; 31; 43; 50; 51; 73; Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 24, section 45, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 15; 62A; 62M; 62Q; 62V; 144; 144D; 245; 246B; 256B; 256E; 256M; 256P; 518A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 245F; 256Q; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 62V.04; 62V.09; 62V.11; 144E.52; 148E.060, subdivision 12; 256.969, subdivisions 23, 30; 256B.69, subdivision 32; 256D.0513; 256D.06, subdivision 8; 256D.09, subdivision 6; 256D.49; 256J.38;

256L.02, subdivision 3; 256L.05, subdivisions 1b, 1c, 3c, 5; 256L.11, subdivision 7; 257.0768; 290.0671, subdivision 6a; Minnesota Rules, parts 3400.0170, subparts 5, 6, 12, 13; 8840.5900, subparts 12, 14.

There has been appointed as such committee on the part of the House:

Dean, M.; Mack; Schomacker; McDonald and Zerwas.

Senate File No. 1458 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned April 29, 2015

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following House File, herewith transmitted: H.F. No. 848.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted April 29, 2015

FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following bill was read the first time.

H.F. No. 848: A bill for an act relating to financing and operation of state and local government; making changes to individual income, corporate franchise, property, sales and use, excise, estate, mineral, tobacco, gambling, special, local, and other taxes and tax-related provisions; providing for long-term care savings plans; modifying business income tax credits; modifying income tax subtractions and additions; modifying the definition of resident for income tax purposes; modifying the dependent care credit, education credit, and research credit; providing credits for MNsure premium payments, attaining a master's degree, student loan payments, college savings plans, and job training centers; modifying reciprocity provisions; providing an additional personal and dependent exemption; allowing a reverse referendum for property tax levies under certain circumstances; modifying dates for local referenda related to spending; changing proposed levy certification dates for special taxing districts; modifying general property tax provisions; providing for joint county and township assessment agreements; modifying the definition of agricultural homestead; modifying property classification definitions; permanently extending the market value exclusion for surviving spouses of deceased service members and permanently disabled veterans; modifying provisions for appeals and equalizations courses; providing a tax credit for overvalued property; modifying and phasing out the state general levy; modifying proposed levy provisions; modifying due dates for property taxes; changing withdrawal procedures for the Sustainable Forest Incentive Program; authorizing valuation exclusion for certain improvements to homestead and commercial-industrial property; providing an increased estate tax exemption amount and other estate tax provisions; providing for certain economic development projects; providing for the Minnesota New Markets Jobs Act; restricting expenditures and other powers related to certain rail projects; providing for additional border city zone allocations; modifying general tax increment financing provisions; modifying provisions for the Destination Medical Center; modifying general and local sales and use tax provisions; modifying sales tax definitions

and refunds related to petroleum and special fuel, durable medical equipment, instructional materials, propane tanks, bullion, capital equipment, and nonprofit groups; providing for a vendor allowance; providing exemptions for animal shelters, city celebrations, BMX tracks, and certain building and construction materials; repealing the tax on digital products; providing a separate rate for certain modular housing; modifying gambling taxes; providing a definition and rate of tax for vapor products under the tobacco tax; modifying cigarette stamp provisions; modifying rates for pull tabs sold at bingo halls; modifying miscellaneous tax provisions; modifying sales tax deposits, accounts, and provisions for transportation purposes; modifying local government aids and credits; providing for a school building bond agricultural credit; modifying assessor accreditation; accelerating the repeal of MinnesotaCare provider taxes; creating a county program aid working group; establishing trust fund accounts; providing trust fund payments to counties; modifying provisions related to payments in lieu of taxes for natural resources land; repealing the political contribution refund; making various conforming and technical changes; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 16A.726; 40A.18, subdivision 2; 62V.05, subdivision 5; 97A.055, subdivision 2; 97A.056, subdivision 1a, by adding subdivisions; 116J.8737, subdivisions 5, 12; 116P.02, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 123B.63, subdivision 3; 126C.17, subdivision 9; 205.10, subdivision 1; 205A.05, subdivision 1; 216B.46; 237.19; 270A.03, subdivision 7; 270B.14, subdivision 17; 270C.13, subdivision 1; 270C.9901; 273.061, subdivision 4; 273.072, by adding a subdivision; 273.124, subdivision 14; 273.13, subdivisions 23, 25, 34; 274.014, subdivision 2; 275.025; 275.065, subdivisions 1, 3; 275.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 275.08, subdivision 1b; 275.60; 276.04, subdivisions 1, 2; 278.12; 279.01, subdivisions 1, 3; 279.37, subdivision 2; 282.01, subdivision 4; 282.261, subdivision 2; 289A.02, subdivision 7, as amended; 289A.10, subdivision 1; 289A.12, by adding a subdivision; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 289A.50, subdivision 1; 290.01, subdivisions 6, 7, 19, as amended, 19a, 19b, 19d, 29, 31, as amended; 290.06, by adding subdivisions; 290.067, subdivision 1; 290.0671, subdivisions 1, 6a; 290.0672, subdivision 2; 290.0674, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 290.0677, subdivision 2; 290.068, subdivisions 1, 3, 6a, by adding a subdivision; 290.081; 290.091, subdivision 2; 290.191, subdivision 5; 290A.03, subdivision 15, as amended; 290C.10; 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended; 291.016, subdivision 3; 291.03, subdivisions 1, 1d; 296A.01, subdivision 12; 296A.08, subdivision 2; 296A.16, subdivision 2; 297A.61, subdivisions 3, 4, 38; 297A.62, subdivision 3; 297A.668, subdivisions 1, 2, 6a, 7; 297A.669, subdivision 14a; 297A.67, subdivisions 7a, 13a, by adding subdivisions; 297A.68, subdivisions 5, 19; 297A.70, subdivisions 4, 10, 14, by adding subdivisions; 297A.71, by adding subdivisions; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.77, subdivision 3; 297A.815, subdivision 3; 297A.94; 297A.992, subdivisions 1, 6, 6a, by adding a subdivision; 297A.994, subdivision 4; 297E.02, subdivisions 1, 6; 297F.01, subdivision 19, by adding subdivisions; 297F.05, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding subdivisions; 297F.06, subdivisions 1, 4; 297F.08, subdivisions 5, 7, 8; 297F.09, subdivision 1; 297I.20, by adding a subdivision; 298.24, subdivision 1; 309.53, subdivision 3; 345.42, by adding a subdivision; 349.12, by adding a subdivision; 412.221, subdivision 2; 412.301; 426.19, subdivision 2; 447.045, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, 7; 452.11; 455.24; 455.29; 459.06, subdivision 1; 469.053, subdivision 5; 469.0724; 469.107, subdivision 2; 469.169, by adding a subdivision; 469.174, subdivisions 12, 14; 469.175, subdivision 3; 469.176, subdivisions 4, 4c; 469.1761, by adding a subdivision; 469.1763, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 469.178, subdivision 7; 469.190, subdivisions 1, 5; 469.40, subdivision 11, as amended; 469.43, by adding a subdivision; 469.45, subdivisions 1, 2; 469.47, subdivision 4, as amended; 471.57, subdivision 3; 471.571, subdivision 3; 471.572, subdivisions 2, 4; 473.13, by adding a subdivision; 473.39, by adding a subdivision; 473.446, subdivision 1; 473H.09; 473H.17, subdivision 1a; 475.59; 477A.013, subdivision 10, by adding

a subdivision; 477A.017, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 477A.03, subdivisions 2a, 2b; 477A.10; 477A.11, by adding subdivisions; 609.5316, subdivision 3; 611.27, subdivisions 13, 15; Laws 1980, chapter 511, sections 1, subdivision 2, as amended; 2, as amended; Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, as amended, 5, 6; Laws 1996, chapter 471, article 3, section 51; Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, section 18, subdivision 1, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 20; Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 5, section 17, as amended; Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 9, article 6, section 97, subdivision 6; Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 11A; 16A; 16B; 116J; 116P; 117; 273; 274; 275; 290; 297A; 416; 459; 473; 477A; 609; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116X; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 10A.322, subdivision 4; 13.4967, subdivision 2; 205.10, subdivision 3; 290.06, subdivision 23; 290.067, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b; 297A.61, subdivisions 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56; 297A.992, subdivision 12; 297F.05, subdivision 1a; 477A.017, subdivision 3; 477A.085; 477A.19; Minnesota Rules, part 4503.1400, subpart 4.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration for comparison with S.F. No. 826, now on General Orders.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time.

Senator Bakk introduced—

S.F. No. 2135: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a bridge to carry marked County State-Aid Highway 24 over railroad tracks in Koochiching County; for extending marked County State-Aid Highway 24 to marked Trunk Highway 11; for a road connecting marked County State-Aid Highway 20 and marked Trunk Highway 11; authorizing issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Pratt introduced—

S.F. No. 2136: A bill for an act relating to transportation; capital investment; appropriating money for a controlled railroad crossing project in Shakopee; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Pratt introduced—

S.F. No. 2137: A bill for an act relating to transportation; capital investment; appropriating money for construction of an interchange in Shakopee; authorizing the sale and issuance of trunk highway bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Senator Metzen moved that his name be stricken as a co-author to S.F. No. 986. The motion prevailed.

Senator Johnson moved that the name of Senator Eaton be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2090. The motion prevailed.

Senators Kiffmeyer, Nelson and Senjem introduced –

Senate Resolution No. 144: A Senate resolution honoring the Mayo Clinic's Nurse Anesthesia Education Program on its 125th anniversary.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

RECESS

Senator Bakk moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Dahle imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED**SPECIAL ORDERS**

Pursuant to Rule 26, Senator Bakk, Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, designated the following bills a Special Orders Calendar to be heard immediately:

H.F. No. 846, S.F. Nos. 464, 462, 1438, 253, 1679, H.F. No. 510, S.F. Nos. 1523, 1597, H.F. No. 239 and S.F. No. 1191.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 846: A bill for an act relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural resources; modifying public entity purchasing requirements; modifying solid waste provisions; modifying subsurface sewage treatment systems provisions; modifying compensable losses due to harmful substances; modifying invasive species provisions; modifying state parks and trails provisions; modifying requirements for fire training; modifying auxiliary forest provisions; modifying recreational vehicle provisions; providing for all-terrain vehicle safety training indication on drivers' licenses and identification cards; modifying and providing for certain fees; creating and modifying certain accounts; providing for and modifying certain grants; modifying disposition of certain revenue; modifying certain permit provisions; providing for condemnation of certain school trust lands; modifying Water Law; providing for certain enforcement delay; modifying personal flotation device provisions; regulating wake surfing; modifying game and fish laws; modifying Metropolitan Area Water Supply Advisory Committee

and specifying duties; providing for Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board; prohibiting sale of certain personal care products containing synthetic plastic microbeads; requiring reports; requiring rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 16A.531, subdivision 1a; 16C.073, subdivision 2; 84.415, subdivision 7; 84.788, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.82, subdivision 6; 84.84; 84.92, subdivisions 8, 9, 10; 84.922, subdivision 4; 84.925, subdivision 5; 84.9256, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 1; 84D.01, subdivisions 13, 15, 17, 18, by adding a subdivision; 84D.03, subdivision 3; 84D.06; 84D.10, subdivision 3; 84D.11, subdivision 1; 84D.12, subdivisions 1, 3; 84D.13, subdivision 5; 84D.15, subdivision 3; 85.015, subdivision 28, by adding a subdivision; 85.054, subdivision 12; 85.32, subdivision 1; 86B.313, subdivisions 1, 4; 86B.315; 86B.401, subdivision 3; 88.17, subdivision 3; 88.49, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11; 88.491, subdivision 2; 88.50; 88.51, subdivisions 1, 3; 88.52, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 88.523; 88.53, subdivisions 1, 2; 88.6435, subdivision 4; 90.14; 90.193; 94.10, subdivision 2; 94.16, subdivisions 2, 3; 97A.045, subdivision 11; 97A.057, subdivision 1; 97A.435, subdivision 4; 97A.465, by adding a subdivision; 97B.063; 97B.081, subdivision 3; 97B.085, subdivision 2; 97B.301, by adding a subdivision; 97B.668; 97C.005, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 97C.301, by adding a subdivision; 97C.345, by adding a subdivision; 97C.501, subdivision 2; 103B.101, by adding a subdivision; 103B.3355; 103F.612, subdivision 2; 103G.005, by adding a subdivision; 103G.222, subdivisions 1, 3; 103G.2242, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 14; 103G.2251; 103G.245, subdivision 2; 103G.271, subdivisions 3, 5, 6a; 103G.287, subdivisions 1, 2; 103G.291, subdivision 3; 103G.301, subdivision 5a; 115.03, by adding a subdivision; 115.073; 115.55, subdivisions 1, 3; 115.56, subdivision 2; 115A.03, subdivision 25a; 115A.551, subdivision 2a; 115A.557, subdivision 2; 115A.93, subdivision 1; 115B.34, subdivision 2; 115C.05; 116.02; 116.03, subdivision 1; 116.07, subdivisions 4d, 4j, 7, by adding a subdivision; 116D.04, by adding a subdivision; 144.12, by adding a subdivision; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 282.011, subdivision 3; 446A.073, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 473.1565; Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 3, subdivision 6, as amended; Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 6, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 84; 84D; 85; 92; 97A; 97B; 103B; 103G; 114C; 115; 115A; 325E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 84.68; 86B.13, subdivisions 2, 4; 88.47; 88.48; 88.49, subdivisions 1, 2, 10; 88.491, subdivision 1; 88.51, subdivision 2; 97A.475, subdivision 25; 97B.905, subdivision 3; 116.02, subdivisions 7, 8, 10; 282.013; 477A.19; Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subparts 27, 28.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 37 and nays 25, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Fischbach	Koenen	Pederson, J.	Skoe
Bonoff	Franzen	Lourey	Reinert	Sparks
Champion	Hawj	Marty	Rest	Stumpf
Cohen	Hayden	Metzen	Rosen	Tomassoni
Dahle	Hoffman	Miller	Ruud	Weber
Dibble	Jensen	Nelson	Saxhaug	
Dziedzic	Johnson	Newman	Schmit	
Eken	Kent	Osmek	Sheran	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Chamberlain	Eaton	Hall	Ingebrigtsen
Benson	Clausen	Gazelka	Hann	Kiffmeyer
Brown	Dahms	Goodwin	Housley	Limmer

Ortman
Pappas

Pratt
Senjem

Sieben
Thompson

Torres Ray
Westrom

Wiger
Wiklund

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 464: A bill for an act relating to public safety; making technical and other necessary changes to Minnesota Statutes resulting from repeal of outdated and redundant statutes relating to public safety; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 299C.35; 299C.38; 299C.46, subdivisions 2, 2a; 352B.011, subdivision 10; 611A.31, subdivision 1; 611A.33; 611A.35; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 299C.36.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 59 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Ortman	Sieben
Benson	Eaton	Jensen	Osmek	Skoe
Bonoff	Eken	Johnson	Pederson, J.	Sparks
Brown	Fischbach	Kent	Pratt	Stumpf
Carlson	Franzen	Kiffmeyer	Reinert	Thompson
Chamberlain	Gazelka	Koenen	Rest	Tomassoni
Champion	Hall	Limmer	Rosen	Torres Ray
Clausen	Hann	Lourey	Ruud	Weber
Cohen	Hawj	Marty	Saxhaug	Westrom
Dahle	Hayden	Metzen	Schmit	Wiger
Dahms	Hoffman	Miller	Senjem	Wiklund
Dibble	Housley	Nelson	Sheran	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 462: A bill for an act relating to health; requiring certain health care practitioners to deliver information relating to trisomy 13, 18, and 21; imposing duties on the commissioner of health; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 145.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 58 and nays 1, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Dibble	Hoffman	Metzen	Saxhaug
Benson	Dziedzic	Housley	Miller	Schmit
Bonoff	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Senjem
Brown	Eken	Jensen	Ortman	Sheran
Carlson	Fischbach	Johnson	Osmek	Skoe
Chamberlain	Franzen	Kent	Pappas	Sparks
Champion	Gazelka	Kiffmeyer	Pederson, J.	Stumpf
Clausen	Hall	Koenen	Pratt	Thompson
Cohen	Hann	Limmer	Reinert	Tomassoni
Dahle	Hawj	Lourey	Rosen	Torres Ray
Dahms	Hayden	Marty	Ruud	Weber

Westrom

Wiger

Wiklund

Those who voted in the negative were:

Sieben

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 1438: A bill for an act relating to administrative rules; modifying requirements of a retired workers' compensation judges provision; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.49.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 62 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Ortman	Skoe
Bakk	Eaton	Jensen	Osmek	Sparks
Benson	Eken	Johnson	Pederson, J.	Stumpf
Bonoff	Fischbach	Kent	Pratt	Thompson
Brown	Franzen	Kiffmeyer	Reinert	Tomassoni
Carlson	Gazelka	Koenen	Rest	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Goodwin	Limmer	Rosen	Weber
Champion	Hall	Lourey	Ruud	Westrom
Clausen	Hann	Marty	Saxhaug	Wiger
Cohen	Hawj	Metzen	Schmit	Wiklund
Dahle	Hayden	Miller	Senjem	
Dahms	Hoffman	Nelson	Sheran	
Dibble	Housley	Newman	Sieben	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 253: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; providing for an interstate medical licensure compact project; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 147.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 59 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Dziedzic	Housley	Newman	Sheran
Benson	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Osmek	Skoe
Bonoff	Eken	Jensen	Pappas	Sparks
Brown	Fischbach	Johnson	Pederson, J.	Stumpf
Carlson	Franzen	Kent	Pratt	Thompson
Chamberlain	Gazelka	Kiffmeyer	Reinert	Tomassoni
Champion	Goodwin	Koenen	Rest	Torres Ray
Clausen	Hall	Limmer	Rosen	Weber
Cohen	Hann	Lourey	Ruud	Westrom
Dahle	Hawj	Marty	Saxhaug	Wiger
Dahms	Hayden	Miller	Schmit	Wiklund
Dibble	Hoffman	Nelson	Senjem	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 1679: A bill for an act relating to auto insurance; providing transportation network financial responsibility; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 65B.64, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 65B.

Senator Bakk moved that S.F. No. 1679 be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

Senator Bakk moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Senator Bakk moved that S.F. No. 1679 be taken from the table. The motion prevailed.

S.F. No. 1679 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 49 and nays 12, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bonoff	Eaton	Jensen	Newman	Sheran
Brown	Eken	Johnson	Pappas	Skoe
Carlson	Fischbach	Kent	Pederson, J.	Sparks
Champion	Franzen	Koenen	Pratt	Stumpf
Clausen	Gazelka	Limmer	Reinert	Tomassoni
Cohen	Hann	Lourey	Rest	Torres Ray
Dahle	Hawj	Marty	Rosen	Weber
Dahms	Hayden	Metzen	Saxhaug	Wiger
Dibble	Housley	Miller	Schmit	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Nelson	Senjem	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Hall	Ortman	Ruud
Benson	Hoffman	Osmek	Thompson
Chamberlain	Kiffmeyer	Petersen, B.	Westrom

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 510: A bill for an act relating to Hennepin County; providing for filing of approved law modifying certain duties and procedures.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 57 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Fischbach	Kent	Pappas	Sparks
Benson	Franzen	Kiffmeyer	Petersen, B.	Stumpf
Bonoff	Gazelka	Koenen	Pratt	Thompson
Carlson	Hall	Limmer	Reinert	Tomassoni
Chamberlain	Hann	Lourey	Rest	Torres Ray
Champion	Hawj	Marty	Rosen	Weber
Clausen	Hayden	Metzen	Ruud	Westrom
Dahle	Hoffman	Miller	Saxhaug	Wiger
Dibble	Housley	Nelson	Scalze	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Schmit	
Eaton	Jensen	Ortman	Sheran	
Eken	Johnson	Osmek	Skoe	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 1523: A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating health coverages; modifying coverages; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 62A.3075; 62A.65, subdivision 3; 62L.05, subdivision 9; 62L.08, by adding a subdivision; 62Q.18; 62Q.73, subdivision 3.

Senator Lourey moved to amend S.F. No. 1523 as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1 and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62A.3075, is amended to read:

62A.3075 CANCER CHEMOTHERAPY TREATMENT COVERAGE.

(a) A health plan company that provides coverage under a health plan for cancer chemotherapy treatment shall not require a higher co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance amount for a prescribed, orally administered anticancer medication that is used to kill or slow the growth of cancerous cells than what the health plan requires for an intravenously administered or injected cancer medication that is provided, regardless of formulation or benefit category determination by the health plan company.

(b) A health plan company must not achieve compliance with this section by imposing an increase in co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance amount for an intravenously administered or injected cancer chemotherapy agent covered under the health plan.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to prohibit a health plan company from requiring prior authorization or imposing other appropriate utilization controls in approving coverage for any chemotherapy.

(d) A plan offered by the commissioner of management and budget under section 43A.23 is deemed to be at parity and in compliance with this section.

(e) A health plan company is in compliance with this section if it does not include orally administered anticancer medication in the fourth tier of its pharmacy benefit.

(f) A health plan company that provides coverage under a health plan for cancer chemotherapy treatment shall indicate the level of coverage for orally administered anticancer medication within its pharmacy benefit filing with the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2017, and applies to coverage offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date."

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

S.F. No. 1523 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 55 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Fischbach	Kiffmeyer	Pappas	Sheran
Benson	Franzen	Koenen	Pederson, J.	Skoe
Bonoff	Gazelka	Limmer	Petersen, B.	Sparks
Carlson	Goodwin	Lourey	Pratt	Stumpf
Chamberlain	Hall	Marty	Reinert	Thompson
Champion	Hann	Metzen	Rest	Tomassoni
Clausen	Hayden	Miller	Rosen	Torres Ray
Dahle	Housley	Nelson	Saxhaug	Weber
Dahms	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Scalze	Westrom
Dziedzic	Johnson	Ortman	Schmit	Wiger
Eken	Kent	Osmek	Senjem	Wiklund

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 1597: A bill for an act relating to public safety; firefighters; modifying licensure requirements; providing for license reciprocity; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 299N.01, subdivision 2; 299N.03, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7; 299N.04, subdivision 3; 299N.05, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 7, 8; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 299N; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 299N.05, subdivisions 3, 4.

Senator Rest moved to amend S.F. No. 1597 as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1

Page 2, after line 24, insert:

"Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 299N.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Newly employed firefighters.** Any full-time firefighter employed by a fire department ~~on or after July 1, 2011,~~ must obtain a license from the board. To obtain a license, an individual ~~not covered by subdivision 3~~ must provide the board with a statement signed by the chief firefighting officer of the fire department that employs the full-time firefighter that the individual has met the certification requirements of section 299N.04."

Page 4, line 23, after "examination" insert "and does not have to otherwise meet the requirements of section 299N.04, subdivisions 2 and 3,"

Page 4, after line 33, insert:

"(d) To receive a firefighter license, a person who passed the reciprocity certification examination must meet the requirements of section 299N.05, subdivision 4."

Page 5, line 1, delete everything after "299N.05," and insert "subdivision 3, is repealed."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

S.F. No. 1597 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 58 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Fischbach	Kiffmeyer	Pederson, J.	Skoe
Benson	Franzen	Koenen	Petersen, B.	Sparks
Bonoff	Gazelka	Limmer	Pratt	Stumpf
Brown	Goodwin	Lourey	Reinert	Thompson
Carlson	Hall	Marty	Rest	Tomassoni
Chamberlain	Hann	Metzen	Rosen	Torres Ray
Champion	Hayden	Miller	Ruud	Weber
Clausen	Housley	Nelson	Saxhaug	Westrom
Dahle	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Scalze	Wiger
Dahms	Jensen	Ortman	Schmit	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Johnson	Osmek	Senjem	
Eken	Kent	Pappas	Sheran	

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 239: A bill for an act relating to conservatorships; providing an exception for conservators to post bond for the assets of a protected person; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 524.5-413; 524.5-416.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 58 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Fischbach	Kiffmeyer	Pederson, J.	Skoe
Benson	Franzen	Koenen	Petersen, B.	Sparks
Bonoff	Gazelka	Latz	Pratt	Stumpf
Brown	Goodwin	Limmer	Reinert	Thompson
Carlson	Hall	Lourey	Rest	Tomassoni
Chamberlain	Hann	Metzen	Rosen	Torres Ray
Champion	Hayden	Miller	Ruud	Weber
Clausen	Housley	Nelson	Saxhaug	Westrom
Dahle	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Scalze	Wiger
Dahms	Jensen	Ortman	Schmit	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Johnson	Osmek	Senjem	
Eken	Kent	Pappas	Sheran	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 1191: A bill for an act relating to family law; custody and parenting time; modifying best interests standards; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections

257.025; 518.167, subdivision 2; 518.17, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.17, subdivisions 1a, 2.

Senator Newman moved to amend S.F. No. 1191 as follows:

Page 1, after line 6, insert:

"ARTICLE 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS; CUSTODY AND PARENTING TIME"

Page 6, after line 2, insert:

"(c) In a proceeding involving the custodial responsibility of a service member's child, a court may not consider only a parent's past deployment or possible future deployment in determining the best interests of the child. For purposes of this paragraph, "custodial responsibility" has the meaning given in section 518E.102, paragraph (f)."

Page 6, after line 4, insert:

"ARTICLE 2

UNIFORM DEPLOYED PARENTS CUSTODY AND VISITATION ACT

Section 1. [518E.101] SHORT TITLE.

This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Deployed Parents Custody and Visitation Act.

Sec. 2. [518E.102] DEFINITIONS.

(a) The definitions in this section apply to this chapter.

(b) "Adult" means an individual who has attained 18 years of age or an emancipated minor.

(c) "Caretaking authority" means the right to live with and care for a child on a day-to-day basis. The term includes physical custody, parenting time, right to access, and visitation.

(d) "Child" means:

(1) an unemancipated individual who has not attained 18 years of age; or

(2) an adult son or daughter by birth or adoption, or under law of this state other than this chapter, who is the subject of a court order concerning custodial responsibility.

(e) "Court" means a tribunal, including an administrative agency, authorized under law of this state other than this chapter to make, enforce, or modify a decision regarding custodial responsibility.

(f) "Custodial responsibility" includes all powers and duties relating to caretaking authority and decision-making authority for a child. The term includes physical custody, legal custody, parenting time, right to access, visitation, and authority to grant limited contact with a child.

(g) "Decision-making authority" means the power to make important decisions regarding a child, including decisions regarding the child's education, religious training, health care, extracurricular activities, and travel. The term does not include the power to make decisions that necessarily accompany a grant of caretaking authority.

(h) "Deploying parent" means a service member, who is deployed or has been notified of impending deployment and is:

(1) a parent of a child under law of this state other than this chapter; or

(2) an individual who has custodial responsibility for a child under law of this state other than this chapter.

(i) "Deployment" means the movement or mobilization of a service member for more than 90 days but less than 18 months pursuant to uniformed service orders that:

(1) are designated as unaccompanied;

(2) do not authorize dependent travel; or

(3) otherwise do not permit the movement of family members to the location to which the service member is deployed.

(j) "Family member" means a sibling, aunt, uncle, cousin, stepparent, or grandparent of a child or an individual recognized to be in a familial relationship with a child under law of this state other than this chapter.

(k) "Limited contact" means the authority of a nonparent to visit a child for a limited time. The term includes authority to take the child to a place other than the residence of the child.

(l) "Nonparent" means an individual other than a deploying parent or other parent.

(m) "Other parent" means an individual who, in common with a deploying parent, is:

(1) a parent of a child under law of this state other than this chapter; or

(2) an individual who has custodial responsibility for a child under law of this state other than this chapter.

(n) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

(o) "Return from deployment" means the conclusion of service of the deploying parent:

(1) as specified in the deploying parent's service orders;

(2) as specified in the deploying parent's command service orders; or

(3) as specified in a letter to the deploying parent from the deploying parent's command, on command letterhead, stating that the deploying parent has concluded service.

(p) "Service member" means a member of a uniformed service.

(q) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:

(1) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or

(2) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process.

(r) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(s) "Uniformed service" means:

(1) active and reserve components of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States;

(2) the United States Merchant Marine;

(3) the commissioned corps of the United States Public Health Service;

(4) the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of the United States; or

(5) the National Guard of a state.

Sec. 3. [518E.103] REMEDIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.

In addition to other remedies under law of this state other than this chapter, if a court finds that a party to a proceeding under this chapter has acted in bad faith or intentionally failed to comply with this chapter or a court order issued under this chapter, the court may assess reasonable attorney fees and costs against the party and order other appropriate relief.

Sec. 4. [518E.104] JURISDICTION.

(a) A court may issue an order regarding custodial responsibility under this chapter only if the court has jurisdiction under chapter 518D.

(b) If a court has issued an order regarding custodial responsibility pursuant to sections 518E.301 to 518E.311, the residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the purposes of chapter 518D during the deployment.

(c) If a court has issued a permanent order regarding custodial responsibility before notice of deployment and the parents modify that order temporarily by agreement pursuant to sections 518E.201 to 518E.205, the residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the purposes of chapter 518D.

(d) If a court in another state has issued an order regarding custodial responsibility as a result of impending or current deployment, the residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the purposes of chapter 518D.

(e) This section does not prevent a court from exercising temporary emergency jurisdiction under chapter 518D.

Sec. 5. [518E.105] NOTIFICATION REQUIRED OF DEPLOYING PARENT.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d) and subject to paragraph (c), a deploying parent shall notify in a record the other parent of a pending deployment not later than seven days after receiving notice of deployment unless reasonably prevented from doing so by the circumstances of service. If the circumstances of service prevent giving notification within the seven days, the deploying parent shall give the notification as soon as reasonably possible.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d) and subject to paragraph (c), each parent shall provide in a record the other parent with a plan for fulfilling that parent's share of custodial responsibility during deployment. Each parent shall provide the plan as soon as reasonably possible after notification of deployment is given under paragraph (a).

(c) If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the address or contact information of the other parent, notification of deployment under paragraph (a), or notification of a plan for custodial responsibility during deployment under paragraph (b), may be made only to the issuing court. If the address of the other parent is available to the issuing court, the court shall forward the notification to the other parent. The court shall keep confidential the address or contact information of the other parent.

(d) Notification in a record under paragraph (a) or (b) is not required if the parents are living in the same residence and both parents have actual notice of the deployment or plan.

(e) In a proceeding regarding custodial responsibility, a court may consider the reasonableness of a parent's efforts to comply with this section.

Sec. 6. [518E.106] DUTY TO NOTIFY OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), an individual to whom custodial responsibility has been granted during deployment pursuant to sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 or sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 shall notify the deploying parent and any other individual with custodial responsibility of a child of any change of the individual's mailing address or residence until the grant is terminated. The individual shall provide the notice to any court that has issued a custody or child support order concerning the child which is in effect.

(b) If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the address or contact information of an individual to whom custodial responsibility has been granted, a notification under paragraph (a) may be made only to the court that issued the order. The court shall keep confidential the mailing address or residence of the individual to whom custodial responsibility has been granted.

ARTICLE 3

AGREEMENT ADDRESSING CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY DURING DEPLOYMENT

Section 1. [518E.201] FORM OF AGREEMENT.

(a) The parents of a child may enter into an agreement under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 granting custodial responsibility during deployment.

(b) An agreement under paragraph (a) must be:

(1) in writing; and

(2) signed by both parents and any nonparent to whom custodial responsibility is granted.

(c) Subject to paragraph (d), an agreement under paragraph (a), if feasible, must:

(1) identify the destination, duration, and conditions of the deployment that is the basis for the agreement;

(2) specify the allocation of caretaking authority among the deploying parent, the other parent, and any nonparent;

(3) specify any decision-making authority that accompanies a grant of caretaking authority;

(4) specify any grant of limited contact to a nonparent;

(5) if under the agreement custodial responsibility is shared by the other parent and a nonparent, or by other nonparents, provide a process to resolve any dispute that may arise;

(6) specify the frequency, duration, and means, including electronic means, by which the deploying parent will have contact with the child, any role to be played by the other parent in facilitating the contact, and the allocation of any costs of contact;

(7) specify the contact between the deploying parent and child during the time the deploying parent is on leave or is otherwise available;

(8) acknowledge that any party's child support obligation cannot be modified by the agreement, and that changing the terms of the obligation during deployment requires modification in the appropriate court;

(9) provide that the agreement will terminate according to the procedures under sections 518E.401 to 518E.404 after the deploying parent returns from deployment; and

(10) if the agreement must be filed pursuant to section 518E.205, specify which parent is required to file the agreement.

(d) The omission of any of the items specified in paragraph (c) does not invalidate an agreement under this section.

Sec. 2. [518E.202] NATURE OF AUTHORITY CREATED BY AGREEMENT.

(a) An agreement under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 terminates pursuant to sections 518E.401 to 518E.404 after the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless the agreement has been terminated before that time by court order or modification under section 518E.203. The agreement does not create an independent, continuing right to caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact in an individual to whom custodial responsibility is given.

(b) A nonparent who has caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact by an agreement under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 has standing to enforce the agreement until it has been terminated by court order, by modification under section 518E.203, or under sections 518E.401 to 518E.404.

Sec. 3. [518E.203] MODIFICATION OF AGREEMENT.

(a) By mutual consent, the parents of a child may modify an agreement regarding custodial responsibility made pursuant to sections 518E.201 to 518E.205.

(b) If an agreement is modified under paragraph (a) before deployment of a deploying parent, the modification must be in writing and signed by both parents and any nonparent who will exercise custodial responsibility under the modified agreement.

(c) If an agreement is modified under paragraph (a) during deployment of a deploying parent, the modification must be agreed to in a record by both parents and any nonparent who will exercise custodial responsibility under the modified agreement.

Sec. 4. [518E.204] POWER OF ATTORNEY.

A deploying parent, by power of attorney, may delegate all or part of custodial responsibility to an adult nonparent for the period of deployment if no other parent possesses custodial responsibility under law of this state other than this chapter, or if a court order currently in effect prohibits contact

between the child and the other parent. The deploying parent may revoke the power of attorney by signing a revocation of the power.

Sec. 5. [518E.205] FILING AGREEMENT OR POWER OF ATTORNEY WITH COURT.

An agreement or power of attorney under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 must be filed within a reasonable time with any court that has entered an order on custodial responsibility or child support that is in effect concerning the child who is the subject of the agreement or power. The case number and heading of the pending case concerning custodial responsibility or child support must be provided to the court with the agreement or power.

ARTICLE 4

JUDICIAL PROCEDURE FOR GRANTING CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY DURING DEPLOYMENT

Section 1. [518E.301] DEFINITION.

In sections 518E.301 to 518E.311, "close and substantial relationship" means a relationship in which a significant bond exists between a child and a nonparent.

Sec. 2. [518E.302] PROCEEDING FOR CUSTODY ORDER.

(a) After a deploying parent receives notice of deployment and until the deployment terminates, a court may issue an order granting custodial responsibility unless prohibited by the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, United States Code, title 50, appendix sections 521 and 522. A court may not issue a permanent order granting custodial responsibility without the consent of the deploying parent.

(b) At any time after a deploying parent receives notice of deployment, either parent may file a motion regarding custodial responsibility of a child during deployment. The motion must be filed in a pending proceeding for custodial responsibility in a court with jurisdiction under section 518E.104 or, if there is no pending proceeding in a court with jurisdiction under section 518E.104, in a new action for granting custodial responsibility during deployment.

Sec. 3. [518E.303] EXPEDITED EVIDENTIARY HEARING.

If a motion to grant custodial responsibility is filed under section 518E.302, paragraph (b), before a deploying parent deploys, the court shall conduct an expedited evidentiary hearing within 30 days of filing the motion. In determining whether to grant custodial responsibility, the court shall consider the best interests of the child as prescribed in section 518.17. The court shall issue an order on the motion not later than 30 days from the date of the expedited evidentiary hearing.

Sec. 4. [518E.304] TESTIMONY BY ELECTRONIC MEANS.

In a proceeding under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311, a party or witness who is not reasonably available to appear personally may appear, provide testimony, and present evidence by electronic means unless the court finds good cause to require a personal appearance.

Sec. 5. [518E.305] EFFECT OF PRIOR JUDICIAL ORDER OR AGREEMENT.

In a proceeding for a grant of custodial responsibility pursuant to sections 518E.301 to 518E.311, the following rules apply:

(1) a prior judicial order designating custodial responsibility in the event of deployment is binding on the court unless the circumstances meet the requirements of law of this state other than this chapter for modifying a judicial order regarding custodial responsibility; and

(2) the court shall enforce a prior written agreement between the parents for designating custodial responsibility in the event of deployment, including an agreement executed under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205, unless the court finds that the agreement is contrary to the best interest of the child.

Sec. 6. [518E.306] GRANT OF CARETAKING OR DECISION-MAKING AUTHORITY TO NONPARENT.

(a) On motion of a deploying parent and in accordance with law of this state other than this chapter, if it is in the best interests of the child, a court may grant caretaking authority to a nonparent who is an adult family member of the child or to another adult. The individual who is granted caretaking authority must have a close and substantial relationship with the child.

(b) Unless a grant of caretaking authority to a nonparent under paragraph (a) is agreed to by the other parent, the grant is limited to an amount of time not greater than:

(1) the amount of time granted to the deploying parent under a permanent custody order, but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the child; or

(2) in the absence of a permanent custody order that is currently in effect, the amount of time that the deploying parent habitually cared for the child before being notified of deployment, but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the child.

(c) A court may grant part of a deploying parent's decision-making authority to a nonparent who is an adult family member of the child or another adult only if granting part of the deploying parent's decision-making authority is in the best interests of the child and the deploying parent is unable to exercise that authority. The individual who is granted decision-making authority must have a close and substantial relationship with the child. If a court grants the authority to a nonparent, the court shall specify the decision-making powers granted, including decisions regarding the child's education, religious training, health care, extracurricular activities, and travel.

Sec. 7. [518E.307] GRANT OF LIMITED CONTACT.

On motion of a deploying parent, and in accordance with law of this state other than this chapter, unless the court finds that the contact would be contrary to the best interest of the child, a court shall grant limited contact to a nonparent who is a family member of the child or an individual with whom the child has a close and substantial relationship.

Sec. 8. [518E.308] NATURE OF AUTHORITY CREATED BY CUSTODY ORDER.

(a) A grant of authority under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 terminates under sections 518E.401 to 518E.404 after the return from deployment of the deploying parent, unless the grant has been terminated before that time by court order. The grant does not create an independent, continuing right to caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact in an individual to whom it is granted.

(b) A nonparent granted caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 has standing to enforce the grant until it is terminated by court order or under sections 518E.401 to 518E.404.

Sec. 9. **[518E.309] CONTENT OF CUSTODY ORDER.**

- (a) An order granting custodial responsibility under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 must:
- (1) designate the order as being of limited duration;
 - (2) identify to the extent feasible the destination, duration, and conditions of the deployment;
 - (3) identify and address any issues of domestic abuse as prescribed in section 518.17, subdivision 1, clause (12); and
 - (4) appoint a parenting time expeditor in accordance with section 518.1751, subdivision 2.
- (b) If applicable, an order for custodial responsibility under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 must:
- (1) specify the allocation of caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact among the deploying parent, the other parent, and any nonparent;
 - (2) if the order divides caretaking or decision-making authority between individuals, or grants caretaking authority to one individual and limited contact to another, provide a process to resolve any dispute that may arise;
 - (3) provide for liberal communication between the deploying parent and the child during deployment, including through electronic means, unless contrary to the best interest of the child, and allocate any costs of communications;
 - (4) provide for liberal contact between the deploying parent and the child during the time the deploying parent is on leave or otherwise available, unless contrary to the best interest of the child;
 - (5) provide for reasonable contact between the deploying parent and the child after return from deployment until the order is terminated, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent with the child before entry of the order; and
 - (6) provide that the order will terminate pursuant to sections 518E.401 to 518E.404 after the deploying parent returns from deployment.

Sec. 10. **[518E.310] ORDER FOR CHILD SUPPORT.**

If a court has issued an order granting caretaking authority under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311, or an agreement granting caretaking authority has been executed under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205, the court may enter a temporary order for child support consistent with law of this state other than this chapter if the court has jurisdiction under chapter 518C.

Sec. 11. **[518E.311] MODIFYING OR TERMINATING GRANT OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY TO NONPARENT.**

(a) Except for an order under section 518E.305, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), and consistent with the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, United States Code, title 50, appendix sections 521 and 522, on motion of a deploying or other parent or any nonparent to whom caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact has been granted, the court may modify or terminate the grant if the modification or termination is consistent with sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 and it is in the best interest of the child. A modification terminates pursuant to sections 518E.401 to 518E.404 after the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless the grant has been terminated before that time by court order.

(b) On motion of a deploying parent, the court shall terminate a grant of limited contact.

Sec. 12. [518E.312] MOTIONS FOR AMENDED FINDINGS AND ORDER.

A party who disagrees with an order issued under this chapter may bring a motion for amended findings and order before the district court within the time limits set forth under Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure.

ARTICLE 5

RETURN FROM DEPLOYMENT

Section 1. [518E.401] PROCEDURE FOR TERMINATING GRANT OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY ESTABLISHED BY AGREEMENT.

(a) At any time after return from deployment, an agreement granting custodial responsibility under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 may be terminated by an agreement to terminate signed by the deploying parent and the other parent.

(b) An agreement under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 granting custodial responsibility terminates:

(1) if an agreement to terminate under paragraph (a) specifies a date for termination, on that date;
or

(2) if the agreement to terminate does not specify a date, on the date the agreement to terminate is signed by the deploying parent and the other parent.

(c) In the absence of an agreement under paragraph (a) to terminate, an agreement granting custodial responsibility terminates under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 60 days after the deploying parent gives notice, pursuant to section 518E.4011, to the other parent that the deploying parent returned from deployment.

(d) If an agreement granting custodial responsibility was filed with a court pursuant to section 518E.205, an agreement to terminate the agreement also must be filed with that court within a reasonable time after the signing of the agreement. The case number and heading of the case concerning custodial responsibility or child support must be provided to the court with the agreement to terminate.

Sec. 2. [518E.4011] RETURN FROM DEPLOYMENT; NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.

(a) When a deploying parent returns from deployment and a custodial responsibility order concerning the deploying parent's child has been previously issued by the court, the deploying parent or the appropriate commanding officer must provide notice in a record regarding the return of a deploying parent from deployment as provided in this section.

(b) The notice must be given not later than seven days after the deploying parent or the appropriate commanding officer receives the deploying parent's conclusion of service order or a letter from the deploying parent's command, on command letterhead, stating that the deploying parent has concluded service, unless the deploying parent and the commanding officer are reasonably prevented from doing so by the circumstances of the return from deployment. If the circumstances of the return from deployment prevent giving notification within seven days of

receiving the deploying parent's conclusion of service order or a letter from the deploying parent's command, on command letterhead, stating that the deploying parent has concluded service, the deploying parent or the appropriate commanding officer must give the notification of return from deployment as soon as reasonably possible.

(c) The notice of return from deployment must include the following:

(1) the names of both parents;

(2) the names of each child of the parents;

(3) the case number and the heading of the case concerning the custodial responsibility or child support of the child;

(4) the IV-D number, if applicable; and

(5) the date of the deployed parent's return from deployment.

(d) The notice of return from deployment must be accompanied by the following:

(1) the conclusion of the deploying parent's service in that parent's service orders;

(2) the conclusion of the deploying parent's service as specified in that parent's command service orders; or

(3) a letter from the deploying parent's command, on command letterhead, stating that the deploying parent has concluded service.

(e) The notice of return from deployment must be filed with the court and served by mail upon:

(1) the other parent of the child;

(2) a nonparent who was granted custodial responsibility; and

(3) the county attorney, if a IV-D case.

(f) If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the address or contact information of the other parent, notification of return from deployment under this section may be made only to the issuing court. If the address of the other parent is available to the issuing court, the court shall forward the notification to the other parent. The court shall keep confidential the address or contact information of the other parent.

(g) Notification in a record under this section is not required if the parents are living in the same residence immediately after the return from deployment and both parents have actual notice of the return from deployment.

Sec. 3. [518E.402] CONSENT PROCEDURE FOR TERMINATING GRANT OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY ESTABLISHED BY COURT ORDER.

At any time after a deploying parent returns from deployment, the deploying parent and the other parent may file with the court an agreement to terminate an order for custodial responsibility issued under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311. After an agreement has been filed, the court shall issue an order terminating the order effective on the date specified in the agreement. If a date is not specified, the order is effective immediately.

Sec. 4. [518E.403] VISITATION BEFORE TERMINATION OF GRANT OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY.

After a deploying parent returns from deployment until an agreement or order for custodial responsibility established under sections 518E.201 to 518E.205 or 518E.301 to 518E.311 is terminated, the court shall issue an order granting the deploying parent reasonable contact with the child unless it is contrary to the best interest of the child, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent with the child before deployment.

Sec. 5. [518E.404] TERMINATION BY OPERATION OF LAW OF GRANT OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY ESTABLISHED BY COURT ORDER.

(a) If an agreement between the parties to terminate an order for custodial responsibility under sections 518E.301 to 518E.311 has not been filed, the order terminates 60 days after the deploying parent or the appropriate commanding officer gives notice as prescribed by section 518E.4011. If notice of return from deployment is not given as provided in section 518E.4011, the order for custodial responsibility is terminated by operation of law as of the date that the deploying parent's conclusion of service order is issued, and the court shall address future custody and related matters accordingly.

(b) A proceeding seeking to prevent termination of an order for custodial responsibility is governed by law of this state other than this chapter.

ARTICLE 6

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 1. [518E.501] UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.

In applying and construing this chapter, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

Sec. 2. [518E.502] RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT.

This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, United States Code, title 15, section 7001, et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c) of that act; United States Code, title 15, section 7001(c); or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in section 103(b) of that act, United States Code, title 15, section 7003(b).

Sec. 3. [518E.503] SAVINGS CLAUSE.

This chapter does not affect the validity of a court order concerning custodial responsibility during deployment which was entered before August 1, 2015."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Eaton moved to amend S.F. No. 1191 as follows:

Page 6, after line 2, insert:

"Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Custody order.** (a) Upon adjudging the nullity of a marriage, or in a dissolution or separation proceeding, or in a child custody proceeding, the court shall make such further order as it deems just and proper concerning:

(1) the legal custody of the minor children of the parties which shall be sole or joint;

(2) their physical custody and residence; and

(3) their support. In determining custody, the court shall consider the best interests of each child and shall not prefer one parent over the other solely on the basis of the sex of the parent.

(b) The court shall grant the following rights listed in subdivision 3a to each of the parties, regardless of custodial designation, unless specific findings are made under section 518.68, subdivision 1. Each party has the following rights: The court shall include in the custody order the notice under subdivision 3a.

~~(1) right of access to, and to receive copies of, school, medical, dental, religious training, police reports, and other important records and information about the minor children;~~

~~(2) right of access to information regarding health or dental insurance available to the minor children;~~

~~(3) right to be informed by the other party as to the name and address of the school of attendance of the minor children;~~

~~(4) right to be informed by school officials about the children's welfare, educational progress and status, and to attend school and parent-teacher conferences. The school is not required to hold a separate conference for each party;~~

~~(5) right to be notified by the other party of an accident or serious illness of a minor child, including the name of the health care provider and the place of treatment;~~

~~(6) right to be notified by the other party if the minor child is the victim of an alleged crime, including the name of the investigating law enforcement officer or agency. There is no duty to notify if the party to be notified is the alleged perpetrator; and~~

~~(7) right to reasonable access and telephone contact with the minor children.~~

(c) The court may waive any of the rights under this section if it finds it is necessary to protect the welfare of a party or child.

(d) If a court order or law prohibits contact by a party, notification required the notifications and information required to be sent under ~~paragraph (b)~~ subdivision 3a, clauses (1), (2), (3), (5), and (6), shall not be made by direct communication of the parties. Third-party communication shall be limited to the specific purposes delineated in this subdivision or subdivision 3a. Nothing in this subdivision or subdivision 3a shall modify, suspend, revoke, or terminate a court order or law that prohibits contact by a party.

(e) If one of the parties is a program participant under chapter 5B, the other party shall send all information and notifications required under ~~paragraph (b)~~ subdivision 3a, clauses (1), (2), (3),

(5), and (6), to the participant's designated address. The program participant is exempted from the requirements of ~~paragraph (b)~~ subdivision 3a.

(f) Failure to notify or inform a party of rights under ~~paragraph (b)~~ subdivision 3a does not form a basis for modification under section 518.18, paragraph (d), clause (iv), unless other grounds are alleged which would support a modification.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. Contents on notice. The required notice under subdivision 3 must be substantially as follows:

"NOTICE

EACH PARTY IS GRANTED THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:

(1) right of access to, and to receive copies of, school, medical, dental, religious training, police reports, and other important records and information about the minor children;

(2) right of access to information regarding health or dental insurance available to the minor children;

(3) right to be informed by the other party as to the name and address of the school of attendance of the minor children;

(4) right to be informed by school officials about the children's welfare, educational progress and status, and to attend school and parent-teacher conferences. The school is not required to hold a separate conference for each party, unless attending the same conference would result in violation of a court order prohibiting contact with a party;

(5) right to be notified by the other party of an accident or serious illness of a minor child, including the name of the health care provider and the place of treatment;

(6) right to be notified by the other party if the minor child is the victim of an alleged crime, including the name of the investigating law enforcement officer or agency. There is no duty to notify if the party to be notified is the alleged perpetrator; and

(7) right to reasonable access and telephone or other electronic contact with the minor children."

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.175, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **General.** (a) In all proceedings for dissolution or legal separation, subsequent to the commencement of the proceeding and continuing thereafter during the minority of the child, the court shall, upon the request of either parent, grant such parenting time on behalf of the child and a parent as will enable the child and the parent to maintain a child to parent relationship that will be in the best interests of the child. The court, when issuing a parenting time order, may reserve a determination as to the future establishment or expansion of a parent's parenting time. In that event, the best interest standard set forth in subdivision 5, paragraph (a), shall be applied to a subsequent motion to establish or expand parenting time.

(b) If the court finds, after a hearing, that parenting time with a parent is likely to endanger the child's physical or emotional health or impair the child's emotional development, the court shall restrict parenting time with that parent as to time, place, duration, or supervision and may deny parenting time entirely, as the circumstances warrant. The court shall consider the age of the child and the child's relationship with the parent prior to the commencement of the proceeding.

(c) A parent's failure to pay support because of the parent's inability to do so shall not be sufficient cause for denial of parenting time.

(d) The court may provide that a law enforcement officer or other appropriate person will accompany a party seeking to enforce or comply with parenting time.

(e) Upon request of either party, to the extent practicable an order for parenting time must include a specific schedule for parenting time, including the frequency and duration of visitation and visitation during holidays and vacations, unless parenting time is restricted, denied, or reserved.

(f) The court administrator shall provide a form for a pro se motion regarding parenting time disputes, which includes provisions for indicating the relief requested, an affidavit in which the party may state the facts of the dispute, and a brief description of the parenting time expeditor process under section 518.1751. The form may not include a request for a change of custody. The court shall provide instructions on serving and filing the motion.

(g) In the absence of other evidence, there is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is entitled to receive at least a minimum of 25 percent of the parenting time for the child. For purposes of this paragraph, the percentage of parenting time may be determined by calculating the number of overnights that a child spends with a parent or by using a method other than overnights if the parent has significant time periods on separate days when the child is in the parent's physical custody but does not stay overnight. The court may consider the age of the child in determining whether a child is with a parent for a significant period of time.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.175, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Remedies.** (a) The court may provide compensatory parenting time when a substantial amount of court-ordered parenting time has been made unavailable to one parent unless providing the compensatory parenting time is not consistent with the child's best interests.

~~(a) (b) The court may shall provide for one or more of the following remedies as provided under this subdivision for (1) a repeated and intentional denial of or interference with court-ordered parenting time as provided under this subdivision. All parenting time orders must include notice of the provisions of this subdivision, or (2) a repeated and intentional failure to comply with a binding agreement or decision under section 518.1751.~~

~~(b) (c) If the court finds that a person has been deprived of court-ordered parenting time under paragraph (b), the court shall order the parent who has interfered to allow compensatory parenting time to the other parent or the court shall make specific findings as to why a request for compensatory parenting time is denied. If When compensatory parenting time is awarded, additional parenting time must be:~~

~~(1) at least of the same type and duration as the deprived parenting time and, at the discretion of the court, may be in excess of or of a different type than the deprived parenting time;~~

~~(2) taken within one year after the deprived parenting time; and~~

~~(3) at a time acceptable to the parent deprived of parenting time.~~

~~(c) (d) If the court finds that a party has wrongfully failed to comply with a parenting time order repeatedly and intentionally denied or interfered with court-ordered parenting time or failed~~

to comply with a binding agreement or decision under section 518.1751, the court may in addition to awarding compensatory parenting time under paragraph (c):

- (1) impose a civil penalty of up to \$500 on the party;
- (2) require the party to post a bond with the court for a specified period of time to secure the party's compliance;
- (3) award reasonable attorney's fees and costs;
- (4) require the party who violated the parenting time order or binding agreement or decision of the parenting time expeditor to reimburse the other party for costs incurred as a result of the violation of the order or agreement or decision; or
- (5) award any other remedy that the court finds to be in the best interests of the children involved.

A civil penalty imposed under this paragraph must be deposited in the county general fund and must be used to fund the costs of a parenting time expeditor program in a county with this program. In other counties, the civil penalty must be deposited in the state general fund.

(e) The court shall provide one or more of the remedies available in paragraph (d), clauses (1) to (5), if one of the following occurs:

(1) the court finds that a party has repeatedly and intentionally denied or interfered with court-ordered parenting time after a previous finding that the party repeatedly and intentionally denied or interfered with court-ordered parenting time; or

(2) the court finds that a party has failed to comply with a binding agreement or decision under section 518.1751 after a previous finding that the party failed to comply with a binding agreement or decision under section 518.1751.

(f) If the court makes written findings that any denial of or interference with court-ordered parenting time or the failure to comply with a binding agreement or decision under section 518.1751 was necessary to protect a child's physical or emotional health, the court is not required to comply with paragraphs (b) to (e).

~~(d)~~ (g) If the court finds that a party has been denied parenting time and has incurred expenses in connection with the denied parenting time, the court may require the party who denied parenting time to post a bond in favor of the other party in the amount of prepaid expenses associated with upcoming planned parenting time.

~~(e)~~ (h) Proof of an unwarranted denial of or interference with duly established parenting time may constitute contempt of court and may be sufficient cause for reversal of custody.

(i) All parenting time orders must include notice of the provisions of this subdivision.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.552, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Private agreements.** The parties may expressly preclude or limit modification of maintenance through a stipulation, if the court makes specific findings that the stipulation is fair and equitable, is supported by consideration described in the findings, and that full disclosure of each party's financial circumstances has occurred. The stipulation must be made a part of the judgment and decree or a post-decree stipulated order. The parties may restore the court's authority or jurisdiction to award or modify maintenance through a binding stipulation.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.28, is amended to read:

518A.28 PROVIDING INCOME INFORMATION.

(a) In any case where the parties have joint children for which a child support order must be determined, the parties shall serve and file with their initial pleadings or motion documents, a financial affidavit, disclosing all sources of gross income for purposes of section 518A.29. The financial affidavit shall include relevant supporting documentation necessary to calculate the parental income for child support under section 518A.26, subdivision 15, including, but not limited to, pay stubs for the most recent three months, employer statements, or statements of receipts and expenses if self-employed. Documentation of earnings and income also include relevant copies of each parent's most recent federal tax returns, including W-2 forms, 1099 forms, unemployment benefit statements, workers' compensation statements, and all other documents evidencing earnings or income as received that provide verification for the financial affidavit. The state court administrator shall prepare a financial affidavit form that may be used by the parties for disclosing information under this section. The parties may provide the information required under this section in a substantially similar affidavit form.

(b) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (a), at any time after an action seeking child support has been commenced or when a child support order is in effect, a party or the public authority may require the other party to give them a copy of:

(1) the party's most recent complete federal tax returns for the preceding year that were filed with the Internal Revenue Service; or

(2) if the party's federal tax returns have not been filed for that year, one or more of the following:

(i) the party's 1099 form;

(ii) the party's W-2 form; or

(iii) the party's K-1 form.

The party shall provide a copy of the tax returns or forms within 30 days of receipt of the request unless the request is not made in good faith. A request under this paragraph may not be made more than once every two years, in the absence of good cause.

(c) If a parent under the jurisdiction of the court does not serve and file the financial affidavit with the parent's initial pleading or motion documents, the court shall set income for that parent based on credible evidence before the court or in accordance with section 518A.32. Credible evidence may include documentation of current or recent income, testimony of the other parent concerning recent earnings and income levels, and the parent's wage reports filed with the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development under section 268.044. The court may consider credible evidence from one party that the financial affidavit submitted by the other party is false or inaccurate.

(d) If the court determines that a party does not have access to documents that are required to be disclosed under this section, the court may consider the testimony of that party as credible evidence of that party's income.

(e) If the court finds that a party has violated a court order or statute requiring the party to disclose income or employment information and any changes to that information, the court may issue an order requiring compensation and cost and reasonable attorney fees to the party who was wrongfully

deprived of the information, but in no event later than three years from the date the information should have been provided. A party who brings a meritless motion for such relief may be ordered to pay costs and reasonable attorney fees to the other party.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.38, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. **Income tax dependency exemptions.** (a) The court may allocate income tax dependency exemptions for a child and require a party who has the child in the party's physical custody for more than one-half of the calendar year to provide a properly executed declaration that releases the party's claim to the child as a dependent under section 152(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to the other parent.

(b) In determining the allocation under paragraph (a), the court shall consider the following:

(1) the financial resources of each party;

(2) if not awarding the dependency exemption negatively impacts a parent's ability to provide for the needs of the child;

(3) if only one party or both parties would receive a tax benefit from the dependency exemption; and

(4) the impact of the dependent exemption on either party's ability to claim a premium tax credit or a premium subsidy under the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, as amended, including the federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-152, and any amendments to, and any federal guidance or regulations issued under, these acts.

(c) The court may place reasonable conditions on a party's right to claim an exemption, including a requirement that the party remains in compliance with a child support obligation.

(d) A party with less than ten percent of court-ordered parenting time shall not be entitled to receive a dependency exemption except by agreement of the parties.

(e) The court may issue an order to modify a prior allocation of an income tax dependency exemption upon a showing of substantial change in the factors under paragraph (b).

(f) If allocation of an exemption is contested, the court must make findings supporting its decision on the allocation.

(g) When a party has claimed an income tax dependency exemption in violation of a court order or applicable law, or has failed or refused to provide a properly executed written declaration that releases the party's claim to a child as a dependent to the other party as required by a court order, the court may issue an order requiring compensation in the amount of the lost benefit and costs and reasonable attorney fees, to the party who was wrongfully deprived of the income tax dependency exemption. A motion for such relief must be brought within a reasonable time, but in no event later than three years from the date of the filing of the return in which the exemption was claimed or could have been claimed. A party who brings a meritless motion for such relief may be ordered to pay costs and reasonable attorney fees to the other party.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.39, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Modification.** (a) The terms of an order respecting maintenance or support may be modified upon a showing of one or more of the following, any of which makes the terms unreasonable and unfair: (1) substantially increased or decreased gross income of an obligor or obligee; (2) substantially increased or decreased need of an obligor or obligee or the child or children that are the subject of these proceedings; (3) receipt of assistance under the AFDC program formerly codified under sections 256.72 to 256.87 or 256B.01 to 256B.40, or chapter 256J or 256K; (4) a change in the cost of living for either party as measured by the Federal Bureau of Labor Statistics; (5) extraordinary medical expenses of the child not provided for under section 518A.41; (6) a change in the availability of appropriate health care coverage or a substantial increase or decrease in health care coverage costs; (7) the addition of work-related or education-related child care expenses of the obligee or a substantial increase or decrease in existing work-related or education-related child care expenses; or (8) upon the emancipation of the child, as provided in subdivision 5.

(b) It is presumed that there has been a substantial change in circumstances under paragraph (a) and the terms of a current support order shall be rebuttably presumed to be unreasonable and unfair if:

(1) the application of the child support guidelines in section 518A.35, to the current circumstances of the parties results in a calculated court order that is at least 20 percent and at least \$75 per month higher or lower than the current support order or, if the current support order is less than \$75, it results in a calculated court order that is at least 20 percent per month higher or lower;

(2) the medical support provisions of the order established under section 518A.41 are not enforceable by the public authority or the obligee;

(3) health coverage ordered under section 518A.41 is not available to the child for whom the order is established by the parent ordered to provide;

(4) the existing support obligation is in the form of a statement of percentage and not a specific dollar amount;

(5) the gross income of an obligor or obligee has decreased by at least 20 percent through no fault or choice of the party; or

(6) a deviation was granted based on the factor in section 518A.43, subdivision 1, clause (4), and the child no longer resides in a foreign country or the factor is otherwise no longer applicable.

(c) A child support order is not presumptively modifiable solely because an obligor or obligee becomes responsible for the support of an additional nonjoint child, which is born after an existing order. Section 518A.33 shall be considered if other grounds are alleged which allow a modification of support.

(d) On a motion for modification of maintenance, including a motion for the extension of the duration of a maintenance award, the court shall apply, in addition to all other relevant factors, the factors for an award of maintenance under section 518.552 that exist at the time of the motion. On a motion for modification of support, the court:

(1) shall apply section 518A.35, and shall not consider the financial circumstances of each party's spouse, if any; and

(2) shall not consider compensation received by a party for employment in excess of a 40-hour work week, provided that the party demonstrates, and the court finds, that:

- (i) the excess employment began after entry of the existing support order;
- (ii) the excess employment is voluntary and not a condition of employment;
- (iii) the excess employment is in the nature of additional, part-time employment, or overtime employment compensable by the hour or fractions of an hour;
- (iv) the party's compensation structure has not been changed for the purpose of affecting a support or maintenance obligation;
- (v) in the case of an obligor, current child support payments are at least equal to the guidelines amount based on income not excluded under this clause; and
- (vi) in the case of an obligor who is in arrears in child support payments to the obligee, any net income from excess employment must be used to pay the arrearages until the arrearages are paid in full.

(e) A modification of support or maintenance, including interest that accrued pursuant to section 548.091, may be made retroactive only with respect to any period during which the petitioning party has pending a motion for modification but only from the date of service of notice of the motion on the responding party and on the public authority if public assistance is being furnished or the county attorney is the attorney of record, unless the court adopts an alternative effective date under paragraph (l). The court's adoption of an alternative effective date under paragraph (l) shall not be considered a retroactive modification of maintenance or support.

(f) Except for an award of the right of occupancy of the homestead, provided in section 518.63, all divisions of real and personal property provided by section 518.58 shall be final, and may be revoked or modified only where the court finds the existence of conditions that justify reopening a judgment under the laws of this state, including motions under section 518.145, subdivision 2. The court may impose a lien or charge on the divided property at any time while the property, or subsequently acquired property, is owned by the parties or either of them, for the payment of maintenance or support money, or may sequester the property as is provided by section 518A.71.

(g) The court need not hold an evidentiary hearing on a motion for modification of maintenance or support.

(h) Sections 518.14 and 518A.735 shall govern the award of attorney fees for motions brought under this subdivision.

(i) Except as expressly provided, an enactment, amendment, or repeal of law does not constitute a substantial change in the circumstances for purposes of modifying a child support order.

(j) MS 2006 [Expired]

(k) On the first modification under the income shares method of calculation, the modification of basic support may be limited if the amount of the full variance would create hardship for either the obligor or the obligee.

(l) The court may select an alternative effective date for a maintenance or support order if the parties enter into a binding agreement for an alternative effective date.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 549.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **When owed; rate.** (a) When a judgment or award is for the recovery of money, including a judgment for the recovery of taxes, interest from the time of the verdict, award, or report until judgment is finally entered shall be computed by the court administrator or arbitrator as provided in paragraph (c) and added to the judgment or award.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by contract or allowed by law, preverdict, preaward, or prereport interest on pecuniary damages shall be computed as provided in paragraph (c) from the time of the commencement of the action or a demand for arbitration, or the time of a written notice of claim, whichever occurs first, except as provided herein. The action must be commenced within two years of a written notice of claim for interest to begin to accrue from the time of the notice of claim. If either party serves a written offer of settlement, the other party may serve a written acceptance or a written counteroffer within 30 days. After that time, interest on the judgment or award shall be calculated by the judge or arbitrator in the following manner. The prevailing party shall receive interest on any judgment or award from the time of commencement of the action or a demand for arbitration, or the time of a written notice of claim, or as to special damages from the time when special damages were incurred, if later, until the time of verdict, award, or report only if the amount of its offer is closer to the judgment or award than the amount of the opposing party's offer. If the amount of the losing party's offer was closer to the judgment or award than the prevailing party's offer, the prevailing party shall receive interest only on the amount of the settlement offer or the judgment or award, whichever is less, and only from the time of commencement of the action or a demand for arbitration, or the time of a written notice of claim, or as to special damages from when the special damages were incurred, if later, until the time the settlement offer was made. Subsequent offers and counteroffers supersede the legal effect of earlier offers and counteroffers. For the purposes of clause (2), the amount of settlement offer must be allocated between past and future damages in the same proportion as determined by the trier of fact. Except as otherwise provided by contract or allowed by law, preverdict, preaward, or prereport interest shall not be awarded on the following:

- (1) judgments, awards, or benefits in workers' compensation cases, but not including third-party actions;
- (2) judgments or awards for future damages;
- (3) punitive damages, fines, or other damages that are noncompensatory in nature;
- (4) judgments or awards not in excess of the amount specified in section 491A.01; and
- (5) that portion of any verdict, award, or report which is founded upon interest, or costs, disbursements, attorney fees, or other similar items added by the court or arbitrator.

(c)(1)(i) For a judgment or award of \$50,000 or less or a judgment or award for or against the state or a political subdivision of the state, regardless of the amount, or a judgment or award in a family court action, regardless of the amount, the interest shall be computed as simple interest per annum. The rate of interest shall be based on the secondary market yield of one year United States Treasury bills, calculated on a bank discount basis as provided in this section.

On or before the 20th day of December of each year the state court administrator shall determine the rate from the one-year constant maturity treasury yield for the most recent calendar month, reported on a monthly basis in the latest statistical release of the board of governors of the Federal

Reserve System. This yield, rounded to the nearest one percent, or four percent, whichever is greater, shall be the annual interest rate during the succeeding calendar year. The state court administrator shall communicate the interest rates to the court administrators and sheriffs for use in computing the interest on verdicts and shall make the interest rates available to arbitrators.

This ~~clause~~ item applies to any section that references section 549.09 by citation for the purposes of computing an interest rate on any amount owed to or by the state or a political subdivision of the state, regardless of the amount.

(ii) The court, in a family court action, may order a lower interest rate or no interest rate if the parties agree or if the court makes findings explaining why application of a lower interest rate or no interest rate is necessary to avoid causing an unfair hardship to the debtor. This item does not apply to child support or spousal maintenance judgments subject to section 548.091.

(2) For a judgment or award over \$50,000, other than a judgment or award for or against the state or a political subdivision of the state or a judgment or award in a family court action, the interest rate shall be ten percent per year until paid.

(3) When a judgment creditor, or the judgment creditor's attorney or agent, has received a payment after entry of judgment, whether the payment is made voluntarily by or on behalf of the judgment debtor, or is collected by legal process other than execution levy where a proper return has been filed with the court administrator, the judgment creditor, or the judgment creditor's attorney, before applying to the court administrator for an execution shall file with the court administrator an affidavit of partial satisfaction. The affidavit must state the dates and amounts of payments made upon the judgment after the most recent affidavit of partial satisfaction filed, if any; the part of each payment that is applied to taxable disbursements and to accrued interest and to the unpaid principal balance of the judgment; and the accrued, but the unpaid interest owing, if any, after application of each payment.

(d) This section does not apply to arbitrations between employers and employees under chapter 179 or 179A. An arbitrator is neither required to nor prohibited from awarding interest under chapter 179 or under section 179A.16 for essential employees.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision:

(1) "state" includes a department, board, agency, commission, court, or other entity in the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the state; and

(2) "political subdivision" includes a town, statutory or home rule charter city, county, school district, or any other political subdivision of the state."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

S.F. No. 1191 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 61 and nays 3, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Eken	Johnson	Pappas	Sparks
Benson	Fischbach	Kent	Pederson, J.	Stumpf
Bonoff	Franzen	Kiffmeyer	Pratt	Thompson
Brown	Gazelka	Koenen	Reinert	Tomassoni
Carlson	Goodwin	Latz	Rest	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Hall	Limmer	Rosen	Weber
Clausen	Hann	Lourey	Ruud	Westrom
Cohen	Hawj	Marty	Saxhaug	Wiger
Dahle	Hayden	Metzen	Scalze	Wiklund
Dahms	Hoffman	Miller	Schmit	
Dibble	Housley	Nelson	Senjem	
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Sheran	
Eaton	Jensen	Osmeck	Skoe	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Champion Ortman Petersen, B.

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Messages From the House.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has adopted the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee on House File No. 2225, and repassed said bill in accordance with the report of the Committee, so adopted.

House File No. 2225 is herewith transmitted to the Senate.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted April 29, 2015

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 2225

A bill for an act relating to agriculture; appropriating money for avian influenza emergency response activities.

April 29, 2015

The Honorable Kurt L. Daudt
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Sandra L. Pappas
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 2225 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 2225 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. **AVIAN INFLUENZA EMERGENCY RESPONSE.**

(a) \$514,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2015 from the general fund to the commissioner of agriculture for the costs of avian influenza emergency response activities not covered by federal funding. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2016.

(b) \$379,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2015 from the general fund to the Board of Animal Health for the costs of avian influenza emergency response activities not covered by federal funding. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2016.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and the appropriations are available immediately.

Sec. 2. AVIAN INFLUENZA; FEDERAL FUNDS APPROPRIATION AND REPORTING.

Any federal money received in fiscal years 2015 through 2017 by the commissioner of agriculture or the Board of Animal Health to address avian influenza is appropriated in the fiscal year when it is received. Before spending federal funds appropriated in this section, the commissioner of management and budget shall report the anticipated federal funds appropriated under this section and their intended purpose to the Legislative Advisory Commission, consistent with the urgent federal funds request procedure under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.3005, subdivision 4. By January 15, 2018, the commissioner of management and budget shall report the actual federal funds received and appropriated under this section and their actual use to the Legislative Advisory Commission."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to agriculture; appropriating money for avian influenza emergency response activities; requiring reports."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: David Bly, Rod Hamilton, Tim Miller

Senate Conferees: Kevin L. Dahle, Rod Skoe, Gary H. Dahms

Senator Dahle moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on H.F. No. 2225 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

H.F. No. 2225 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 64 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson	Bonoff	Chamberlain	Dahle	Dziedzic
Bakk	Brown	Champion	Dahms	Eaton
Benson	Carlson	Clausen	Dibble	Eken

Fischbach	Ingebrigtsen	Metzen	Reinert	Sparks
Franzen	Jensen	Miller	Rest	Stumpf
Gazelka	Johnson	Nelson	Rosen	Thompson
Goodwin	Kent	Newman	Ruud	Tomassoni
Hall	Kiffmeyer	Ortman	Saxhaug	Torres Ray
Hann	Koenen	Osmek	Scalze	Weber
Hawj	Latz	Pappas	Schmit	Westrom
Hayden	Limmer	Pederson, J.	Senjem	Wiger
Hoffman	Lourey	Petersen, B.	Sheran	Wiklund
Housley	Marty	Pratt	Skoe	

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Senator Ortman moved that S.F. No. 1974 be withdrawn from the Committee on Health, Human Services and Housing and re-referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration. The motion prevailed.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senator Nienow was excused from the Session of today. Senator Carlson was excused from the Session of today from 11:00 to 11:15 a.m. Senator Petersen, B. was excused from the Session of today from 11:00 to 11:40 a.m. Senator Scalze was excused from the Session of today from 11:00 to 12:00 noon. Senator Latz was excused from the Session of today from 11:00 a.m. to 12:20 p.m. Senator Sieben was excused from the Session of today at 11:30 a.m. Senator Bakk was excused from the Session of today from 11:30 to 11:40 a.m. and from 11:55 a.m. to 12:15 p.m. Senator Senjem was excused from the Session of today from 11:35 to 11:55 a.m. Senator Cohen was excused from the Session of today at 11:55 a.m. Senator Brown was excused from the Session of today from 11:55 a.m. to 12:05 p.m. Senators Dibble, Eaton, Hawj and Hoffman were excused from the Session of today from 11:55 a.m. to 12:20 p.m. Senator Jensen was excused from the Session of today from 12:00 noon to 12:05 p.m. Senator Marty was excused from the Session of today from 12:10 to 12:30 p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

Senator Bakk moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 9:00 a.m., Friday, May 1, 2015. The motion prevailed.

JoAnne M. Zoff, Secretary of the Senate

