EIGHTY-NINTH DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Thursday, March 7, 2024

The Senate met at 11:00 a.m. and was called to order by the President.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Murphy imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, the Most Reverend Bernard A. Hebda.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators were present:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Johnson	Mathews	Putnam
Anderson	Duckworth	Klein	Maye Quade	Rarick
Bahr	Eichorn	Koran	McEwen	Rasmusson
Boldon	Farnsworth	Kreun	Mitchell	Rest
Carlson	Frentz	Kunesh	Mohamed	Seeberger
Champion	Green	Kupec	Morrison	Utke
Coleman	Gruenhagen	Latz	Murphy	Weber
Cwodzinski	Gustafson	Lieske	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dahms	Hauschild	Limmer	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hawj	Lucero	Pappas	Westrom
Dornink	Howe	Mann	Pha	Wiklund
Draheim	Jasinski	Marty	Pratt	Xiong

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

EXECUTIVE AND OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS

The following communication was received.

March 5, 2024

The Honorable Bobby Joe Champion President of the Senate

Dear Senator Champion:

The Committee on Rules and Administration met on February 20, 2024, and by appropriate action made the following appointments:

Pursuant to Minnesota Senate Rules

- 11.1: Subcommittee on Committees add Senator Murphy, Chair; add Senators Marty and Champion; remove Senators Dziedzic, Boldon, Kunesh, and Wiklund.
- 46.1: Subcommittee on Conference Committees add Senator Murphy, Chair; remove Senator Dziedzic.

Subcommittee on Joint and Permanent Rules - Senator Murphy, Chair; add Senator Pappas; remove Senator Dziedzic.

Sincerely, Senator Erin P. Murphy Chair Committee on Rules and Administration Minnesota Senate, District 64

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Mr. President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following House File, herewith transmitted: H.F. No. 3437.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted March 4, 2024

FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following bill was read the first time.

H.F. No. 3437: A bill for an act relating to transportation; designating the Michael Gau Memorial Bridge over U.S. Highway 169 on Hennepin County State-Aid Highway 9 in the city of Plymouth; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 161.14, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration for comparison with S.F. No. 3798.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Murphy moved that the Committee Reports at the Desk be now adopted, with the exception of the report pertaining to the appointment. The motion prevailed.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3317: A bill for an act relating to civil actions; enacting the Uniform Public Expression Protection Act proposed for adoption by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 554; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 554.01; 554.02; 554.03; 554.04; 554.045; 554.05; 554.06.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 8, delete "asserted"

Page 2, line 13, delete "or"

Page 2, line 16, delete the period and insert a semicolon

Page 2, after line 16, insert:

- "(4) against a person named in a civil suit brought by a victim of a crime against a perpetrator;
- (5) against a person named in a civil suit brought to establish or declare real property possessory rights, use of real property, recovery of real property, quiet title to real property, or related claims relating to real property;
- (6) seeking recovery for bodily injury, wrongful death, or survival or to statements made regarding that legal action, unless the claims involve damage to reputation;
 - (7) brought under the insurance code or arising out of an insurance contract;
 - (8) based on a common law fraud claim;
- (9) brought under chapters 517 to 519A; or counterclaims based on a criminal no-contact order pursuant to section 629.72 or 629.75; for or based on an antiharassment order or a sexual assault protection order under section 518B.01; or for or based on a vulnerable adult protection order for crimes against the vulnerable adult under sections 609.232, 609.2325, 609.233, 609.2335, and 609.234;
- (10) brought under chapters 175, 177, 178, 179, and 179A; negligent supervision, retention, or infliction of emotional distress unless the claims involve damage to reputation; wrongful discharge in violation of public policy; whistleblowing; or enforcement of employee rights under civil service, collective bargaining, or handbooks and policies;
 - (11) brought under consumer protection, chapter 325F or 325G; or
 - (12) for any claim brought under federal law.
- (d) Sections 554.07 to 554.19 apply to a cause of action asserted under paragraph (c), clause (3), (8), or (11), when the cause of action is:
- (1) a legal action against a person arising from any act of that person, whether public or private, related to the gathering, receiving, posting, or processing of information for communication to the

public, whether or not the information is actually communicated to the public, for the creation, dissemination, exhibition, or advertisement or other similar promotion of a dramatic, literary, musical, political, journalistic, or otherwise artistic work, including audiovisual work regardless of the means of distribution, a motion picture, a television or radio program, or an article published in a newspaper, website, magazine, or other platform, no matter the method or extent of distribution; or

(2) a legal action against a person related to the communication, gathering, receiving, posting, or processing of consumer opinions or commentary, evaluations of consumer complaints, or reviews or ratings of businesses."

Page 5, line 24, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 1934: A bill for an act relating to public safety; clarifying the revocation of stay provision relating to certain stays of adjudication and deferred prosecutions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.14, by adding a subdivision.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, after line 5, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 609.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Grounds.** (a) When it appears that the defendant has violated any of the conditions of probation or intermediate sanction, or has otherwise been guilty of misconduct which that warrants the imposing adjudication of guilt, or imposition or execution of sentence, the court may without notice revoke the stay and direct that the defendant be taken into immediate custody. Revocation shall only be used as a last resort when rehabilitation has failed.

- (b) When it appears that the defendant violated any of the conditions of probation during the term of the stay, but the term of the stay has since expired, the defendant's probation officer or the prosecutor may ask the court to initiate probation revocation proceedings under the Rules of Criminal Procedure at any time within six months after the expiration of the stay. The court also may initiate proceedings under these circumstances on its own motion. If proceedings are initiated within this six-month period, the court may conduct a revocation hearing and take any action authorized under rule 27.04 at any time during or after the six-month period.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 609.135 or any law to the contrary, after proceedings to revoke the stay have been initiated by a court order revoking the stay and directing either that the defendant be taken into custody or that a summons be issued in accordance with paragraph (a), the proceedings to revoke the stay may be concluded and the summary hearing provided by subdivision 2 may be conducted after the expiration of the stay or after the six-month period set forth in paragraph (b). The proceedings to revoke the stay shall not be dismissed on the basis that the summary hearing is conducted after the term of the stay or after the six-month period. The ability or inability to locate or apprehend the defendant prior to the expiration of the stay or during or after the six-month period

shall not preclude the court from conducting the summary hearing unless the defendant demonstrates that the delay was purposefully caused by the state in order to gain an unfair advantage.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Notification of grounds for revocation.** The defendant shall thereupon be notified in writing and in such manner as the court directs of the grounds alleged to exist for revocation of the stay of imposition or execution of sentence. If such grounds are brought in issue by the defendant, a summary hearing shall be held thereon at which the defendant is entitled to be heard and to be represented by counsel.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Sentence.** If any of such grounds are found to exist the court may:
- (1) if imposition of sentence was previously stayed, again stay sentence or impose sentence and stay the execution thereof, and in either event place the defendant on probation or order intermediate sanctions pursuant to section 609.135, or impose sentence and order execution thereof; or
- (2) if sentence was previously imposed and execution thereof stayed, continue such stay and place the defendant on probation or order intermediate sanctions in accordance with the provisions of section 609.135, or order execution of the sentence previously imposed; or
- (3) if adjudication was stayed or prosecution was deferred, continue the stay without intermediate sanctions, continue it with intermediate sanctions, or adjudicate guilt and proceed as otherwise provided, including, in the event of a felony conviction, as provided in section 244.10."
 - Page 1, line 9, delete "as authorized in section 609.095, paragraph (b)"

Page 1, line 10, delete "under section 152.18"

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 3481: A bill for an act relating to public safety; expanding scope of doxing crimes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.5151, subdivisions 1, 2; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 211B.076, subdivision 4.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

Senator Dibble from the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4183: A bill for an act relating to Metropolitan Council; requiring environmental and public health considerations in comprehensive development guide; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 473.851; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 473.145.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, after line 14, insert:

"Sec. 3. APPLICATION.

Sections 1 and 2 apply in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Putnam from the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4288: A bill for an act relating to cooperatives; requiring agricultural cooperatives to report certain financial information to members; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 308A.611, subdivision 3.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Putnam from the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3719: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; extending the Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer Research and Education Council and fee for the agricultural fertilizer research and education account; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 18C.70, subdivision 5; 18C.71, subdivision 4; 18C.80, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18C.425, subdivision 6.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Report adopted.

Senator Hoffman from the Committee on Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3839: A bill for an act relating to human services; modifying certain licensing and zoning requirements; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.11, subdivision 2.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144G.45, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Local laws apply.** Assisted living facilities shall comply with all applicable state and local governing laws, regulations, standards, ordinances, and codes for fire safety, building, and zoning requirements, except a facility with a licensed resident capacity of six or fewer is exempt from rental licensing regulations imposed by any town, municipality, or county.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Permitted single-family residential use.** (a) Residential programs with a licensed capacity of six or fewer persons shall be considered a permitted single-family residential use of property for the purposes of zoning and other land use regulations, except that a residential program whose primary purpose is to treat juveniles who have violated criminal statutes relating to sex offenses or have been adjudicated delinquent on the basis of conduct in violation of criminal statutes relating to sex offenses shall not be considered a permitted use. This exception shall not apply to residential programs licensed before July 1, 1995. Programs otherwise allowed under this subdivision shall not be prohibited by operation of restrictive covenants or similar restrictions, regardless of when entered into, which cannot be met because of the nature of the licensed program, including provisions which require the home's occupants be related, and that the home must be occupied by the owner, or similar provisions.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in any town, municipal, or county zoning regulation, licensed residential services provided to more than four persons with developmental disabilities in a supervised living facility, including intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities, with a licensed capacity of seven to eight persons shall be considered a permitted single-family residential use of property for the purposes of zoning and other land use regulations. A town, municipal, or county zoning authority may require a conditional use or special use permit to assure proper maintenance and operation of the residential program. Conditions imposed on the residential program must not be more restrictive than those imposed on other conditional uses or special uses of residential property in the same zones, unless the additional conditions are necessary to protect the health and safety of the persons being served by the program. This paragraph expires July 1, 2023.
- (b) A residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14, paragraph (b), with a licensed capacity of six or fewer persons that is actively serving residents for which it is licensed is exempt from rental licensing regulations imposed by any town, municipality, or county."

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Hoffman from the Committee on Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1870: A bill for an act relating to human services; adding cultural practitioners to providers of chemical dependency services; requiring Minnesota's Tribal nations to be informed of changes in law; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 245G.07, subdivision 2; 245G.11, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 254B.05, subdivision 5; 256.01, by adding subdivisions.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1743: A bill for an act relating to health; establishing certified midwife licensure by the Board of Nursing; providing criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections

147D.03, subdivision 1; 148.241; 151.01, subdivision 23, as amended; 152.12, subdivision 1; 256B.0625, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148G.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2982: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; establishing licensure requirements for speech-language pathology assistants; establishing licensure fee and criminal history background requirements; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 144.0572, subdivision 1; 148.511; 148.512, subdivision 17a; 148.513, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 148.514, subdivision 2; 148.515, subdivision 1; 148.518; 148.519, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 148.5191, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 148.5194, subdivision 8, by adding a subdivision; 148.5195, subdivision 3; 148.5196, subdivisions 1, 3; 245C.031, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, lines 5, 20, and 29, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 4, lines 6 and 22, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 5, lines 17 and 22, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 6, line 24, delete everything after "Colleges" and insert a semicolon

Page 6, delete lines 25 and 26

Page 7, line 1, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 7, line 22, after "provide" insert ", on a form provided by the commissioner,"

Page 8, line 3, delete "or country"

Page 8, line 5, delete "or"

Page 8, line 6, delete "country"

Page 8, line 14, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 9, line 16, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 9, line 27, delete "documentation that the applicant satisfies the qualifications" and insert "a transcript showing the completion of the requirements set forth"

Page 10, line 8, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

- Page 11, lines 1 and 16, delete "2024" and insert "2025"
- Page 14, line 16, delete "2024" and insert "2025"
- Page 15, line 26, delete "2024" and insert "2025"
- Page 16, lines 4 and 10, delete "2024" and insert "2025"
- Page 17, line 8, delete "2024" and insert "2025"
- Page 17, delete section 23 and insert:
- "Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 148.5195, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Grounds for disciplinary action by commissioner.** The commissioner may take any of the disciplinary actions listed in subdivision 4 on proof that the individual has:
- (1) intentionally submitted false or misleading information to the commissioner or the advisory council;
- (2) failed, within 30 days, to provide information in response to a written request by the commissioner or advisory council;
- (3) performed services of a speech-language pathologist or, audiologist, or speech-language pathology assistant in an incompetent or negligent manner;
 - (4) violated sections 148.511 to 148.5198;
- (5) failed to perform services with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety due to the use of alcohol or drugs, or other physical or mental impairment;
- (6) violated any state or federal law, rule, or regulation, and the violation is a felony or misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or which relates directly or indirectly to the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology or to the practice of a speech-language pathology assistant. Conviction for violating any state or federal law which relates to speech-language pathology or, audiology, or to the practice of a speech-language pathology assistant is necessarily considered to constitute a violation, except as provided in chapter 364;
 - (7) aided or abetted another person in violating any provision of sections 148.511 to 148.5198;
- (8) been or is being disciplined by another jurisdiction, if any of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those under sections 148.511 to 148.5198;
- (9) not cooperated with the commissioner or advisory council in an investigation conducted according to subdivision 1;
 - (10) advertised in a manner that is false or misleading;
- (11) engaged in conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public; or demonstrated a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of a client;

- (12) failed to disclose to the consumer any fee splitting or any promise to pay a portion of a fee to any other professional other than a fee for services rendered by the other professional to the client;
- (13) engaged in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of federal Medicare and Medicaid laws, Food and Drug Administration regulations, or state medical assistance laws;
- (14) obtained money, property, or services from a consumer through the use of undue influence, high pressure sales tactics, harassment, duress, deception, or fraud;
 - (15) performed services for a client who had no possibility of benefiting from the services;
- (16) failed to refer a client for medical evaluation or to other health care professionals when appropriate or when a client indicated symptoms associated with diseases that could be medically or surgically treated;
- (17) had the certification required by chapter 153A denied, suspended, or revoked according to chapter 153A;
- (18) used the term doctor of audiology, doctor of speech-language pathology, AuD, or SLPD without having obtained the degree from an institution accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, the Council on Academic Accreditation in Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology, the United States Department of Education, or an equivalent;
- (19) failed to comply with the requirements of section 148.5192 regarding supervision of speech-language pathology assistants; or
 - (20) if the individual is an audiologist or certified prescription hearing aid dispenser:
- (i) prescribed to a consumer or potential consumer the use of a prescription hearing aid, unless the prescription from a physician, an audiologist, or a certified dispenser is in writing, is based on an audiogram that is delivered to the consumer or potential consumer when the prescription is made, and bears the following information in all capital letters of 12-point or larger boldface type: "THIS PRESCRIPTION MAY BE FILLED BY, AND PRESCRIPTION HEARING AIDS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM, THE LICENSED AUDIOLOGIST OR CERTIFIED DISPENSER OF YOUR CHOICE":
- (ii) failed to give a copy of the audiogram, upon which the prescription is based, to the consumer when the consumer requests a copy;
- (iii) failed to provide the consumer rights brochure required by section 148.5197, subdivision 3;
- (iv) failed to comply with restrictions on sales of prescription hearing aids in sections 148.5197, subdivision 3, and 148.5198;
- (v) failed to return a consumer's prescription hearing aid used as a trade-in or for a discount in the price of a new prescription hearing aid when requested by the consumer upon cancellation of the purchase agreement;

- (vi) failed to follow Food and Drug Administration or Federal Trade Commission regulations relating to dispensing prescription hearing aids;
- (vii) failed to dispense a prescription hearing aid in a competent manner or without appropriate training;
- (viii) delegated prescription hearing aid dispensing authority to a person not authorized to dispense a prescription hearing aid under this chapter or chapter 153A;
- (ix) failed to comply with the requirements of an employer or supervisor of a prescription hearing aid dispenser trainee;
- (x) violated a state or federal court order or judgment, including a conciliation court judgment, relating to the activities of the individual's prescription hearing aid dispensing; or
- (xi) failed to include on the audiogram the practitioner's printed name, credential type, credential number, signature, and date.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5195, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Consequences of disciplinary actions. Upon the suspension or revocation of licensure, the speech-language pathologist or audiologist, or speech-language pathology assistant, shall cease to practice speech-language pathology or audiology, or practice as a speech-language pathology assistant, to use titles protected under sections 148.511 to 148.5198, and to represent to the public that the speech-language pathologist or audiologist, or speech-language pathology assistant, is licensed by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5195, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Reinstatement requirements after disciplinary action.** A speech-language pathologist or audiologist, or speech-language pathology assistant, who has had licensure suspended may petition on forms provided by the commissioner for reinstatement following the period of suspension specified by the commissioner. The requirements of section 148.5191 for renewing licensure must be met before licensure may be reinstated.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 148.5196, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Membership.** The commissioner shall appoint <u>12_13</u> persons to a Speech-Language Pathologist and Audiologist Advisory Council. The <u>12</u> 13 persons must include:
- (1) three public members, as defined in section 214.02. Two of the public members shall be either persons receiving services of a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, or family members

of or caregivers to such persons, and at least one of the public members shall be either a hearing aid user or an advocate of one;

- (2) three speech-language pathologists licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198, one of whom is currently and has been, for the five years immediately preceding the appointment, engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology in Minnesota and each of whom is employed in a different employment setting including, but not limited to, private practice, hospitals, rehabilitation settings, educational settings, and government agencies;
- (3) one speech-language pathologist licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198, who is currently and has been, for the five years immediately preceding the appointment, employed by a Minnesota public school district or a Minnesota public school district consortium that is authorized by Minnesota Statutes and who is licensed in speech-language pathology by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board;
- (4) three audiologists licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198, two of whom are currently and have been, for the five years immediately preceding the appointment, engaged in the practice of audiology and the dispensing of prescription hearing aids in Minnesota and each of whom is employed in a different employment setting including, but not limited to, private practice, hospitals, rehabilitation settings, educational settings, industry, and government agencies;
- (5) one nonaudiologist prescription hearing aid dispenser recommended by a professional association representing prescription hearing aid dispensers; and
- (6) one physician licensed under chapter 147 and certified by the American Board of Otolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery; and
 - (7) one speech-language pathology assistant licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025."

Page 19, delete section 24

Page 21, line 12, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 21, delete section 26 and insert:

- "Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.031, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Applicants, licensees, and other occupations regulated by the commissioner of health. The commissioner shall conduct an alternative background study, including a check of state data, and a national criminal history records check of the following individuals. For studies under this section, the following persons shall complete a consent form and criminal history disclosure form:
- (1) An applicant for initial licensure, temporary licensure, or relicensure after a lapse in licensure as an audiologist or, speech-language pathologist, or speech-language pathologist assistant, or an applicant for initial certification as a hearing instrument dispenser who must submit to a background study under section 144.0572.

(2) An applicant for a renewal license or certificate as an audiologist, speech-language pathologist, or hearing instrument dispenser who was licensed or obtained a certificate before January 1, 2018.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3611: A bill for an act relating to health; amending licensing requirements for graduates of foreign medical schools; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 147.037, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 147.037, subdivision 1.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1 and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 144.99, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Remedies available.** The provisions of chapters 103I and 157 and sections 115.71 to 115.77; 144.12, subdivision 1, paragraphs (1), (2), (5), (6), (10), (12), (13), (14), and (15); 144.1201 to 144.1204; 144.121; 144.1215; 144.1222; 144.35; 144.381 to 144.385; 144.411 to 144.417; 144.495; 144.71 to 144.74; 144.9501 to 144.9512; 144.97 to 144.98; 144.992; 147.037, subdivision 1b, paragraph (c); 326.70 to 326.785; 327.10 to 327.131; and 327.14 to 327.28 and all rules, orders, stipulation agreements, settlements, compliance agreements, licenses, registrations, certificates, and permits adopted or issued by the department or under any other law now in force or later enacted for the preservation of public health may, in addition to provisions in other statutes, be enforced under this section."

Page 3, line 23, before "has" insert "pursuant to a license or other authorization to practice," and delete everything after "practiced" and insert "medicine, as defined in section 147.081, subdivision 3, clauses (2) to (4), for at least 60 months in the previous ten years"

Page 3, line 24, delete everything before "outside" and after "States" insert ", after completing a residency program or a postgraduate medical training program that is substantially similar to a residency program"

Page 3, line 27, delete "and"

Page 3, line 29, delete the period and insert "; and"

Page 3, after line 29, insert:

"(4) submits two letters of recommendation in support of a limited license, which letters must include one from a physician with whom the applicant previously worked and one from an administrator of the hospital or clinical setting in which the applicant previously worked. The letters of recommendation must attest to the applicant's good medical standing."

Page 4, line 4, after the period, insert "The employer must carry medical malpractice insurance covering a limited license holder for the duration of the employment. The commissioner of health may issue a correction order under section 144.99, subdivision 3, requiring an employer to comply with this paragraph. An employer must not retaliate against or discipline an employee for raising a complaint or pursuing enforcement relating to this paragraph."

Page 4, line 9, delete "1,350" and insert "1,692" and after "hours" insert "per year"

Page 4, line 11, delete "a" and insert "any"

Page 4, after line 11, insert:

"(e) A limited license holder must submit to the board, every six months or upon request, a statement certifying whether the person is still employed as a physician in this state and whether the person has been subjected to professional discipline as a result of the person's practice. The board may suspend or revoke a limited license if a majority of the board determines that the licensee is no longer employed as a physician in this state by an employer. The licensee must be granted an opportunity to be heard prior to the board's determination. A licensee may change employers during the duration of the limited license if the licensee has another offer of employment. In the event that a change of employment occurs, the licensee must still work the amount of hours required under paragraph (d), clause (2), to be eligible for a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine."

Page 4, line 12, delete "(e)" and insert "(f)"

Page 4, line 18, delete "as long as" and insert ", but the limited license holder must have one-on-one practice reviews provided in person or through eye-to-eye electronic media while maintaining visual contact, with each collaborating physician, for at least two hours per month, and"

Page 4, after line 20, insert:

"(g) The board must not grant a license under this section unless the applicant possesses federal immigration status that allows the applicant to practice as a physician in the United States."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, after the semicolon, insert "authorizing the commissioner of health to remedy certain violations by employers of limited license holders; requiring employers of limited license holders to carry medical malpractice insurance; requiring limited license holders to provide periodic certification to the medical board;"

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4199: A bill for an act relating to health; modifying requirements for the release of patient health records; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.293, subdivisions 2, 10; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

- Page 2, after line 2, insert:
- "Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.293, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Duration of consent.** Except as provided in this section, a consent is valid for one year or for a period specified in the consent or for a different period provided by Minnesota law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to health records released on or after that date.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.293, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Documentation of release.** (a) In cases where a provider releases health records without patient consent as authorized by Minnesota law, the release must be documented in the patient's health record. In the case of a release under section 144.294, subdivision 2, the documentation must include the date and circumstances under which the release was made, the person or agency to whom the release was made, and the records that were released.
- (b) When a health record is released using a representation from a provider that holds a consent from the patient, the releasing provider shall document:
 - (1) the provider requesting the health records;
 - (2) the identity of the patient;
 - (3) the health records requested; and
 - (4) the date the health records were requested.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to health records released on or after that date."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Putnam from the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3703: A bill for an act relating to animals; requiring notice of an estray; specifying civil liabilities; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 346.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1 and insert:

"Section 1. [346.021] FINDER TO GIVE NOTICE.

A person who finds an estray and knows who owns the estray must notify the estray's owner within seven days after finding the estray, and request that the owner pay all reasonable charges and take the estray away. A finder who does not know who owns an estray must either:

- (1) within ten days, file a notice with the town or city clerk and post a physical or online notice of the finding of the estray. The notice must briefly describe the estray or provide a photograph of the estray, provide the residence or contact information of the finder, and provide the approximate location and time when the finder found the estray; or
 - (2) surrender the estray to a local animal control agency within seven days.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, delete "specifying civil liabilities;"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator McEwen from the Committee on Labor, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3787: A bill for an act relating to employees; modifying earned sick and safe time; authorizing rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 177.27, subdivision 4; 177.50, by adding subdivisions; 181.032; 181.9445, subdivisions 4, 5; 181.9446; 181.9447, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 10, 11; 181.9448, subdivisions 1, 2.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 19, delete everything after "used"

Page 2, line 20, delete "of pay"

Page 2, line 23, delete "at"

Page 2, line 24, delete "the employee's regular rate of pay"

Page 5, line 4, reinstate the stricken language and strike "hourly" and insert "base"

Page 5, line 5, reinstate the stricken language and delete the new language

Page 5, line 7, before "rate" insert "base"

Page 5, after line 9, insert:

"Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 181.9445, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. Base rate. "Base rate" means:

- (1) for employees paid on an hourly basis, the same rate received per hour of work;
- (2) for employees paid on an hourly basis who receive multiple hourly rates, the rate the employee would have been paid for the period of time in which leave was taken;
- (3) for employees paid on a salary basis, the same rate guaranteed to the employee as if the employee had not taken the leave; and
- (4) for employees paid solely on a commission, piecework, or any basis other than hourly or salary, a rate no less than the applicable local, state, or federal minimum wage, whichever is greater.

For purposes of this section and section 181.9446, base rate does not include commissions; shift differentials that are in addition to an hourly rate; premium payments for overtime work; premium payments for work on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or scheduled days off; bonuses; or gratuities as defined by section 177.23.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 5, line 15, strike the colon

Page 5, line 16, strike "(1)" and strike "; or" and insert a period

Page 5, strike lines 17 to 20

Page 6, line 8, reinstate the stricken language and strike "hourly" and insert "base"

Page 6, line 9, delete "employee's regular rate of pay"

Page 12, line 6, after "enactment" insert ", except paragraph (a) is effective January 1, 2025"

Page 12, after line 21, insert:

"Sec. 16. Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 14, section 1, is amended to read:

Section 1. EARNED SICK AND SAFE TIME APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) \$1,445,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$2,209,000 \(\) 1,899,000 in fiscal year 2025 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of labor and industry for enforcement and other duties regarding earned sick and safe time under Minnesota Statutes, sections 181.9445 to 181.9448, and chapter 177. The base for this appropriation is \$1,899,000 for fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.

- (b) \$300,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$300,000 in fiscal year 2025 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of labor and industry for grants to community organizations under Minnesota Statutes, section 177.50, subdivision 4. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (c) \$310,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of labor and industry for rulemaking related to earned sick and safe time under Minnesota Statutes, sections 181.9445 to 181.9448, and chapter 177. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after the third semicolon, insert "modifying a previous appropriation;"

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator McEwen from the Committee on Labor, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4384: A bill for an act relating to labor standards; making policy and technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.79, subdivision 1; 177.30; 181.941, subdivision 4; 181.943; 181A.08; 181A.12, subdivision 1, by adding subdivisions; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 177.27, subdivisions 2, 4, 7; 177.42, subdivision 2; 181.212, subdivision 7; 181.939, subdivision 2.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Klein from the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3972: A bill for an act relating to commerce; establishing sales restrictions of aerosol dusters containing 1,1-difluoroethane; providing criminal penalties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325F.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, lines 3, 6, and 8, after "duster" insert "containing DFE"

Page 3, line 11, delete "the day following final enactment" and insert "January 1, 2025,"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Klein from the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3532: A bill for an act relating to health care; modifying requirements for prior authorization and coverage of health care services; modifying a ground for disciplinary action against physicians; requiring reports to the commissioner of commerce and a report to the legislature; classifying data; authorizing rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 62M.01, subdivision 3; 62M.02, subdivision 1a; 62M.05, subdivision 3a, by adding a subdivision; 62M.07, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 62M.17, subdivision 2; 147.091, subdivision 1b; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62A; 62M; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62D.12, subdivision 19.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, after line 20, insert:

"EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026, and applies to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date."

Page 1, delete section 2 and insert:

- "Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62D.12, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
- Subd. 19. **Coverage of service.** A health maintenance organization may not deny or limit coverage of a service which the enrollee has already received solely on the basis of lack of prior authorization or second opinion, to the extent that the service would otherwise have been covered under the member's contract by the health maintenance organization had prior authorization or second opinion been obtained. This subdivision expires December 31, 2025, for health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62M.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Scope.** (a) Nothing in this chapter applies to review of claims after submission to determine eligibility for benefits under a health benefit plan. The appeal procedure described in section 62M.06 applies to any complaint as defined under section 62Q.68, subdivision 2, that requires a medical determination in its resolution.
- (b) This chapter does not apply to managed care plans or county-based purchasing plans when the plan is providing coverage to state public health care program enrollees under chapter 256B or 256L. This paragraph expires December 31, 2025, for health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date.
- (c) Effective January 1, 2026, and applicable to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date, this chapter applies to services delivered through fee-for-service under chapter 256B, and to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans when the plan is providing coverage to state public health care program enrollees under chapter 256B or 256L."

Page 2, after line 12, insert:

"EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 3, after line 25, insert:

"EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 3, line 28, before "A utilization" insert "This subdivision is effective January 1, 2026, and applies to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date."

Page 4, line 23, delete "or" and insert a comma

Page 4, line 24, after "Book" insert ", or a biosimilar"

Page 5, line 2, after the semicolon, insert "and"

Page 5, line 4, delete "; and" and insert a period

Page 5, delete lines 5 to 10 and insert:

"Clauses (2) to (8) are effective January 1, 2026, and apply to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date."

Page 5, line 13, before "An authorization" insert "This subdivision is effective January 1, 2026, and applies to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date." and after the second "a" insert "chronic"

Page 5, line 14, delete "that an enrollee is expected to have for longer than one year"

Page 5, line 15, after the period, insert "A chronic health condition is a condition that is expected to last one year or more and:"

Page 5, after line 15, insert:

"(1) requires ongoing medical attention to effectively manage the condition or prevent an adverse health event; or

(2) limits one or more activities of daily living."

Page 5, delete section 8 and insert:

"Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62M.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Value-based contracts. This subdivision is effective January 1, 2026, and applies to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date. No utilization review organization, health plan company, or claims administrator may conduct or require prior authorization for services that are reimbursed through a value-based contract that:

(1) ties payment for the provision of health care services to the quality of health care provided;

(2) rewards a provider for efficiency and effectiveness; and

(3) imposes a risk-sharing requirement on the provider for health care services that do not meet the health plan company's requirements for quality, effectiveness, and efficiency."

Page 6, delete section 9 and insert:

- "Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62M.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Effect of change in prior authorization clinical criteria. (a) If, during a plan year, a utilization review organization changes coverage terms for a health care service or the clinical criteria used to conduct prior authorizations for a health care service, the change in coverage terms or change in clinical criteria shall not apply until the next plan year for any enrollee who received prior authorization for a health care service using the coverage terms or clinical criteria in effect before the effective date of the change.
- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply if a utilization review organization changes coverage terms for a drug or device that has been deemed unsafe by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA); that has been withdrawn by either the FDA or the product manufacturer; or when an independent source of research, clinical guidelines, or evidence-based standards has issued drug-or device-specific warnings or recommended changes in drug or device usage.
- (c) Paragraph (a) does not apply if a utilization review organization changes coverage terms for a service or the clinical criteria used to conduct prior authorizations for a service when an independent source of research, clinical guidelines, or evidence-based standards has recommended changes in usage of the service for reasons related to patient harm. This paragraph expires December 31, 2025, for health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date.
- (d) Effective January 1, 2026, and applicable to health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after that date, paragraph (a) does not apply if a utilization review organization changes coverage terms for a service or the clinical criteria used to conduct prior authorizations for a service when an independent source of research, clinical guidelines, or evidence-based standards has recommended changes in usage of the service for reasons related to previously unknown and imminent patient harm.
- (d) (e) Paragraph (a) does not apply if a utilization review organization removes a brand name drug from its formulary or places a brand name drug in a benefit category that increases the enrollee's cost, provided the utilization review organization (1) adds to its formulary a generic or multisource brand name drug rated as therapeutically equivalent according to the FDA Orange Book, or a biologic drug rated as interchangeable according to the FDA Purple Book, at a lower cost to the enrollee, and (2) provides at least a 60-day notice to prescribers, pharmacists, and affected enrollees."

Page 7, line 30, delete "such" and insert "the"

Page 8, lines 3 and 5, delete "such" and insert "the"

Page 9, after line 7, insert:

"EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 9, line 18, after the second "care" insert ", including recommendations for a prior authorization exemption process for providers and group practices that have an authorization rate for all submitted requests for authorization at or above a level determined by the commissioner as qualifying for the exemption"

Page 9, line 22, delete "January" and insert "December"

Page 9, delete section 14

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, delete "authorizing rulemaking;"

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Klein from the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 1949: A bill for an act relating to gambling; authorizing and providing for sports betting; establishing licenses; prohibiting local restrictions; providing for taxation of sports betting; providing civil and criminal penalties; providing for amateur sports grants; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 240.01, subdivision 1b; 245.98, subdivision 2; 260B.007, subdivision 16; 609.75, subdivisions 3, 4, 7, by adding a subdivision; 609.755; 609.76, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 240A; 299L; 609; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297J.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 9, after line 10, insert:

- "Subd. 5. Helpline. The commissioner must provide a helpline, accessible by telephone or online live chat, that operates 24 hours per day and seven days per week, staffed by people trained in the psychology of gambling disorders and suicide prevention to assist those who contact the helpline to help the person with a gambling disorder.
- Subd. 6. Methods for identifying people at risk for gambling disorders. The commissioner must monitor the sports betting industry for the most effective methods to identify people with a gambling disorder. The commissioner must adopt rules to implement best practices to prevent sports betting by people flagged as having a gambling disorder or being at risk of developing a gambling disorder.
- Subd. 7. **Exclusion audits.** The commissioner must periodically conduct audits as to the compliance of platform providers and operators with the any preclusions on sports betting in section 299L.45."

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Page 18, line 5, after "gambling" insert "and must provide a warning, as specified by the commissioner, that gambling may be addictive and may cause financial hardship"

Page 19, delete line 23

Page 19, line 24, delete "(6)" and insert "(5)"

Page 19, line 25, delete "(7)" and insert "(6)"

Page 20, line 2, delete "or"

Page 20, line 3, delete the period and insert "; or"

Page 20, after line 3, insert:

"(5) in-game betting."

Page 20, line 10, after the period, insert "A mobile sports betting account provider must allow a person to set the following limits for the person's mobile sports betting account:"

Page 20, after line 10, insert:

- "(1) a limit on the amount that can be deposited within a specified period;
- (2) a limit on losses within a specified period; and
- (3) a limit on the time spent placing bets.

The mobile sports betting account must not allow the account to be used to place bets when the person has met a limit the person has set. The mobile sports betting account provider must provide notice to the person of the opportunity to set these limits at the time the person sets up the account and annually after setup and must require a person to either set limits or affirm that the person does not want to set any limits at account setup and annually after setup. The notice must be worded and formatted as specified by the commissioner."

- Page 22, line 12, delete ", three," and after "years" insert "or for the person's lifetime"
- Page 22, line 13, after "person" insert "whose name was added to the exclusion list under paragraph (a) due to a concern regarding the person's compulsive gambling"

Page 22, line 15, delete "class" and insert "program"

Page 22, after line 19, insert:

- "(d) A mobile platform provider must provide a user the opportunity to request to be on the exclusion list for a specified time of one or five years or for the person's lifetime. The platform provider must report the request to the commissioner and the commissioner must immediately add the person's name and exclusion request to the list maintained under this section.
- (e) The commissioner must provide through the agency's website a form for a person to make a request to be included on the exclusion list for a specified time of one or five years or for the person's lifetime."

Page 23, after line 5, insert:

- "Subd. 3. Personal limits on wagering. (a) A mobile sports betting operator or mobile sports betting platform provider must allow individuals to establish the following types of limits on their own wagering activity:
- (1) a limit on the amount the person can lose in a 24-hour period before triggering a cooling-off period;
- (2) a limit on the amount a person can lose in a 30-day period before triggering a cooling-off period;
- (3) the maximum amount a person may deposit into the person's mobile sports betting account in a 24-hour period;
- (4) the maximum amount of time a person can be logged into their mobile sports betting program in a 24-hour period; and
 - (5) a cooling off period during which time the person is not able to place wagers.
- (b) A mobile sports betting operator or mobile sports betting platform provider must set the limits in paragraph (a) to the following default limits for a new account, subject to any limits established by law:
- (1) \$500 is the default amount of losses a person can incur in a 24-hour period before the person is prohibited from wagering;
- (2) \$3,000 is the default limit on the amount a person can lose in a 30-day period before the person is prohibited from wagering;
- (3) \$500 is the default maximum amount a person may deposit into the person's mobile sports betting account in a 24-hour period;
- (4) four hours per 24-hour period is the default limit on the time that a person may be continuously logged into a mobile sports betting application; and
- (5) 72 hours is the default length of a cooling off period if a person requests a cooling off period during which time wagers from the person cannot be accepted.
- (c) A mobile sports betting operator or mobile sports betting platform provider must not accept a wager from a person in a cooling off period or in an exclusion period set by a person in paragraph (a) or, if the person does not set exclusion periods under paragraph (a), during the default exclusion periods established in paragraph (b).
- (d) A mobile sports betting operator must allow a person to make changes to their exclusion settings under paragraph (a) in ways that make them more restrictive at any time and those limits must take effect immediately. Changes that make the exclusion settings under paragraph (a) less restrictive become effective 7 days after the person makes the change.
- (e) A mobile sports betting operator must require a person to review the limits in paragraph (a) annually.

(f) A mobile sports betting operator must report to the commissioner when a person becomes excluded due to hitting a limit set under paragraph (a) or (b). The commissioner must communicate to other licensed mobile sports betting operators or platform providers as necessary to make the exclusion effective across all opportunities for participating in sports betting in Minnesota."

Page 29, after line 22, insert:

"Sec. 23. [299L.655] STUDY ON THE PREVALENCE OF GAMBLING; APPROPRIATION.

Subdivision 1. **Baseline study.** The commissioner must commission a study on gambling activity in Minnesota prior to the implementation of sports betting in Minnesota. The study must determine the prevalence of gambling in the state and the incidence of problem gambling, identifying the number of people who participate in various forms of gambling.

- Subd. 2. Continued study. Three years after the baseline study, and every three years thereafter, the commissioner must commission an update for the study of the prevalence of gambling and the incidence and level of problem gambling.
- Subd. 3. **Appropriations.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, before the distribution required under section 297J.02, subdivision 7, paragraph (d), \$...... is appropriated from the sports betting revenue account in the special revenue fund to the commissioner of public safety for the study required in subdivision 2. The commissioner may contract with a third party to conduct the study.

Sec. 24. [299L.6556] STUDY ON THE IMPACT OF SPORTS BETTING ON PROBLEM GAMBLING, GAMBLING DISORDERS, YOUTH GAMBLING, AND SUICIDE.

The commissioner must commission a study on the impact of sports betting on the prevalence of gambling disorders, suicide related to gambling disorders, and risks to youth of developing gambling disorders, based on any research available on how sports betting has impacted these problems in jurisdictions where sports betting is occurring."

Page 30, after line 6, insert:

"Sec. 27. [299L.80] REVIEW OF OTHER STATES' RESTRICTIONS.

The commissioner must review the laws of other states in which wagering on sports is regulated to identify restrictions and safeguards on sports wagering that would be advisable to ensure the integrity of sports betting and to provide effective safety measures to protect people with a gambling disorder or who are at risk of developing a gambling disorder. The commissioner must adopt rules to implement the restrictions and safeguards the commissioner identifies from other states as advisable under this section. By January 15 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the house of representatives and the senate with jurisdiction over sports wagering on advisable restrictions and safeguards, including draft legislation to implement the additional restrictions or safeguards."

Page 30, after line 11, insert:

"Sec. 29. APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) \$...... in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for the study required under Minnesota Statutes, section 299L.655, subdivision 1. The commissioner may contract with a third party to conduct the study. This appropriation is onetime.
- (b) \$...... in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for the study required under Minnesota Statutes, section 299L.6556. The commissioner may contract with a third party to conduct the study. This appropriation is onetime."

Renumber the subdivisions and sections in sequence

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Taxes. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Klein from the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2915: A bill for an act relating to consumer data privacy; giving various rights to consumers regarding personal data; placing obligations on certain businesses regarding consumer data; providing for enforcement by the attorney general; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325O.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [13.6505] ATTORNEY GENERAL DATA CODED ELSEWHERE.

Subdivision 1. Scope. The sections referred to in this section are codified outside this chapter. Those sections classify attorney general data as other than public, place restrictions on access to government data, or involve data sharing.

Subd. 2. **Data privacy and protection assessments.** A data privacy and protection assessment collected or maintained by the attorney general is classified under section 325O.08.

Sec. 2. [325O.01] CITATION.

This chapter may be cited as the "Minnesota Consumer Data Privacy Act."

Sec. 3. [325O.02] DEFINITIONS.

- (a) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, another legal entity. For these purposes, "control" or "controlled" means: ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company; control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals

exercising similar functions; or the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management of a company.

- (c) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise any of the rights in section 325O.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (e), is being made by or rightfully on behalf of the consumer who is entitled to exercise such rights with respect to the personal data at issue.
- (d) "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's biological characteristics, including a fingerprint, a voiceprint, eye retinas, irises, or other unique biological patterns or characteristics that are used to identify a specific individual. Biometric data does not include:
 - (1) a digital or physical photograph;
 - (2) an audio or video recording; or
- (3) any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video recording, unless such data is generated to identify a specific individual.
 - (e) "Child" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 15, section 6501.
- (f) "Consent" means any freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous indication of the consumer's wishes by which the consumer signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to the consumer. Acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with other, unrelated information does not constitute consent. Hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing a given piece of content does not constitute consent. A consent is not valid when the consumer's indication has been obtained by a dark pattern. A consumer may revoke consent previously given, consistent with this chapter.
- (g) "Consumer" means a natural person who is a Minnesota resident acting only in an individual or household context. It does not include a natural person acting in a commercial or employment context.
- (h) "Controller" means the natural or legal person which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data.
- (i) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer" means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller of financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to essential goods or services.
- (j) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision making, or choice.
- (k) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable natural person, or a device linked to such person, provided that the controller that possesses the data:
 - (1) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with a natural person;

- (2) publicly commits to process the data only in a deidentified fashion and not attempt to reidentify the data; and
- (3) contractually obligates any recipients of the information to comply with all provisions of this paragraph.
- (l) "Delete" means to remove or destroy information such that it is not maintained in humanor machine-readable form and cannot be retrieved or utilized in the ordinary course of business.
 - (m) "Genetic information" has the meaning given in section 13.386, subdivision 1.
- (n) "Identified or identifiable natural person" means a person who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly.
- (o) "Known child" means a person under circumstances where a controller has actual knowledge of, or willfully disregards, that the person is under 13 years of age.
- (p) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable natural person. Personal data does not include deidentified data or publicly available information. For purposes of this paragraph, "publicly available information" means information that (1) is lawfully made available from federal, state, or local government records or widely distributed media, or (2) a controller has a reasonable basis to believe a consumer has lawfully made available to the general public.
- (q) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations that are performed on personal data or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification of personal data.
- (r) "Processor" means a natural or legal person who processes personal data on behalf of a controller.
- (s) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable natural person's economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.
- (t) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific natural person without the use of additional information, provided that such additional information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an identified or identifiable natural person.
- (u) "Sale," "sell," or "sold" means the exchange of personal data for monetary or other valuable consideration by the controller to a third party. Sale does not include the following:
- (1) the disclosure of personal data to a processor who processes the personal data on behalf of the controller;
- (2) the disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or service requested by the consumer;
 - (3) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

- (4) the disclosure of information that the consumer intentionally made available to the general public via a channel of mass media, and did not restrict to a specific audience; or
- (5) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a completed or proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets.
 - (v) Sensitive data is a form of personal data. "Sensitive data" means:
- (1) personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health condition or diagnosis, sexual orientation, or citizenship or immigration status;
- (2) the processing of biometric data or genetic information for the purpose of uniquely identifying an individual;
 - (3) the personal data of a known child; or
 - (4) specific geolocation data.
- (w) "Specific geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including, but not limited to, global positioning system level latitude and longitude coordinates or other mechanisms, that directly identifies the geographic coordinates of a consumer or a device linked to a consumer with an accuracy of more than three decimal degrees of latitude and longitude or the equivalent in an alternative geographic coordinate system, or a street address derived from these coordinates. Specific geolocation data does not include the content of communications, the contents of databases containing street address information which are accessible to the public as authorized by law, or any data generated by or connected to advanced utility metering infrastructure systems or other equipment for use by a public utility.
- (x) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained or inferred from the consumer's activities over time and across nonaffiliated websites or online applications to predict the consumer's preferences or interests. It does not include:
 - (1) advertising based on activities within a controller's own websites or online applications;
- (2) advertising based on the context of a consumer's current search query or visit to a website or online application;
- (3) advertising to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or feedback; or
- (4) processing personal data solely for measuring or reporting advertising performance, reach, or frequency.
- (y) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body other than the consumer, controller, processor, or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.
 - (z) "Trade secret" has the meaning given in section 325C.01, subdivision 5.

Sec. 4. [325O.03] SCOPE; EXCLUSIONS.

- Subdivision 1. Scope. (a) This chapter applies to legal entities that conduct business in Minnesota or produce products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, and that satisfy one or more of the following thresholds:
- (1) during a calendar year, controls or processes personal data of 100,000 consumers or more, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction; or
- (2) derives over 25 percent of gross revenue from the sale of personal data and processes or controls personal data of 25,000 consumers or more.
- (b) A controller or processor acting as a technology provider under section 13.32 shall comply with both this chapter and section 13.32, except that, when the provisions of section 13.32 conflict with this chapter, section 13.32 prevails.
- Subd. 2. **Exclusions.** (a) This chapter does not apply to the following entities, activities, or types of information:
 - (1) a government entity, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 7a;
 - (2) a federally recognized Indian tribe;
 - (3) information that meets the definition of:
- (i) protected health information as defined by and for purposes of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations;
 - (ii) health records, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2;
- (iii) patient identifying information for purposes of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 2, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section 290dd-2;
- (iv) identifiable private information for purposes of the federal policy for the protection of human subjects, Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 46; identifiable private information that is otherwise information collected as part of human subjects research pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation; the protection of human subjects under Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 50 and 56; or personal data used or shared in research conducted in accordance with one or more of the requirements set forth in this paragraph;
- (v) information and documents created for purposes of the federal Health Care Quality Improvement Act of 1986, Public Law 99-660, and related regulations; or
- (vi) patient safety work product for purposes of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 3, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, sections 299b-21 to 299b-26;
- (4) information that is derived from any of the health care-related information listed in clause (3), but that has been deidentified in accordance with the requirements for deidentification set forth in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 164;

- (5) information originating from, and intermingled to be indistinguishable with, any of the health care-related information listed in clause (3) that is maintained by:
- (i) a covered entity or business associate as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations;
 - (ii) a health care provider, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2; or
- (iii) a program or a qualified service organization as defined by Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 2, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section 290dd-2;

(6) information that is:

- (i) maintained by an entity that meets the definition of health care provider in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 160.103, to the extent that the entity maintains the information in the manner required of covered entities with respect to protected health information for purposes of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations; or
- (ii) included in a limited data set as described in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 164.514, paragraph (e), to the extent that the information is used, disclosed, and maintained in the manner specified by that paragraph;
- (7) information used only for public health activities and purposes as described in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 164.512;
- (8) an activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal data bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, as defined in United States Code, title 15, section 1681a(f), by a furnisher of information, as set forth in United States Code, title 15, section 1681s-2, who provides information for use in a consumer report, as defined in United States Code, title 15, section 1681a(d), and by a user of a consumer report, as set forth in United States Code, title 15, section 1681b, except that information is only excluded under this paragraph to the extent that such activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of such information by that agency, furnisher, or user is subject to regulation under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, United States Code, title 15, sections 1681 to 1681x, and the information is not collected, maintained, used, communicated, disclosed, or sold except as authorized by the Fair Credit Reporting Act;
- (9) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Public Law 106-102, and implementing regulations, if the collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law;
- (10) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, United States Code, title 18, sections 2721 to 2725, if the collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law;
- (11) personal data regulated by the federal Family Educations Rights and Privacy Act, United States Code, title 20, section 1232g, and its implementing regulations;

- (12) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended, United States Code, title 12, sections 2001 to 2279cc, and its implementing regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 12, part 600, if the collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law;
 - (13) data collected or maintained:
- (i) in the course of an individual acting as a job applicant to or an employee, owner, director, officer, medical staff member, or contractor of that business if it is collected and used solely within the context of that role;
- (ii) as the emergency contact information of an individual under item (i) if used solely for emergency contact purposes; or
- (iii) that is necessary for the business to retain to administer benefits for another individual relating to the individual under item (i) if used solely for the purposes of administering those benefits;
- (14) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the Minnesota Insurance Fair Information Reporting Act in sections 72A.49 to 72A.505;
- (15) data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed as part of a payment-only credit, check, or cash transaction where no data about consumers, as defined in section 325O.02, are retained;
- (16) a state or federally chartered bank or credit union, or an affiliate or subsidiary that is principally engaged in financial activities, as described in United States Code, title 12, section 1843(k);
- (17) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable from, information described in clause (8) of this paragraph and that a person licensed under chapter 56 collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under the laws and regulations specified in clause (8) of this paragraph;
- (18) an insurance company, as defined in section 60A.02, subdivision 4, an insurance producer, as defined in section 60K.31, subdivision 6, a third-party administrator of self-insurance, or an affiliate or subsidiary of any of the foregoing that is principally engaged in financial activities, as described in United States Code, title 12, section 1843(k), except that this clause does not apply to a person that, alone or in combination with another person, establishes and maintains a self-insurance program that does not otherwise engage in the business of entering into policies of insurance;
- (19) a small business as defined by the United States Small Business Administration under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, except that such a small business is subject to section 325O.075; and
- (20) a nonprofit organization that is established to detect and prevent fraudulent acts in connection with insurance.
- (b) Controllers that are in compliance with the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, United States Code, title 15, sections 6501 to 6506, and its implementing regulations, shall be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent under this chapter.

Sec. 5. [3250.04] RESPONSIBILITY ACCORDING TO ROLE.

- (a) Controllers and processors are responsible for meeting their respective obligations established under this chapter.
- (b) Processors are responsible under this chapter for adhering to the instructions of the controller and assisting the controller to meet its obligations under this chapter. Such assistance shall include the following:
- (1) taking into account the nature of the processing, the processor shall assist the controller by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, for the fulfillment of the controller's obligation to respond to consumer requests to exercise their rights pursuant to section 3250.05; and
- (2) taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the processor, the processor shall assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in relation to the security of processing the personal data and in relation to the notification of a breach of the security of the system pursuant to section 325E.61, and shall provide information to the controller necessary to enable the controller to conduct and document any data privacy and protection assessments required by section 325O.08.
- (c) A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern the processor's data processing procedures with respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller. The contract shall be binding and clearly set forth instructions for processing data, the nature and purpose of processing, the type of data subject to processing, the duration of processing, and the rights and obligations of both parties. The contract shall also require that the processor:
- (1) ensure that each person processing the personal data is subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the data; and
- (2) engage a subcontractor only (i) after providing the controller with an opportunity to object, and (ii) pursuant to a written contract in accordance with paragraph (e) that requires the subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor with respect to the personal data.
- (d) Taking into account the context of processing, the controller and the processor shall implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk and establish a clear allocation of the responsibilities between the controller and the processor to implement such measures.
- (e) Processing by a processor shall be governed by a contract between the controller and the processor that is binding on both parties and that sets out the processing instructions to which the processor is bound, including the nature and purpose of the processing, the type of personal data subject to the processing, the duration of the processing, and the obligations and rights of both parties. In addition, the contract shall include the requirements imposed by this paragraph, paragraphs (c) and (d), as well as the following requirements:
- (1) at the choice of the controller, the processor shall delete or return all personal data to the controller as requested at the end of the provision of services, unless retention of the personal data is required by law;

- (2) upon a reasonable request from the controller, the processor shall make available to the controller all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations in this chapter; and
- (3) the processor shall allow for, and contribute to, reasonable assessments and inspections by the controller or the controller's designated assessor. Alternatively, the processor may arrange for a qualified and independent assessor to conduct, at least annually and at the processor's expense, an assessment of the processor's policies and technical and organizational measures in support of the obligations under this chapter. The assessor must use an appropriate and accepted control standard or framework and assessment procedure for such assessments as applicable, and shall provide a report of such assessment to the controller upon request.
- (f) In no event shall any contract relieve a controller or a processor from the liabilities imposed on them by virtue of their roles in the processing relationship under this chapter.
- (g) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in which personal data are to be processed. A person that is not limited in the person's processing of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or that fails to adhere to such instructions, is a controller and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others, determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal data, it is a controller with respect to such processing.

Sec. 6. [3250.05] CONSUMER PERSONAL DATA RIGHTS.

- Subdivision 1. Consumer rights provided. (a) Except as provided in this chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the consumer rights provided in this subdivision.
- (b) A consumer has the right to confirm whether or not a controller is processing personal data concerning the consumer and access the categories of personal data the controller is processing.
- (c) A consumer has the right to correct inaccurate personal data concerning the consumer, taking into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the personal data.
 - (d) A consumer has the right to delete personal data concerning the consumer.
- (e) A consumer has the right to obtain personal data concerning the consumer, which the consumer previously provided to the controller, in a portable and, to the extent technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another controller without hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated means.
- (f) A consumer has the right to opt out of the processing of personal data concerning the consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, the sale of personal data, or profiling in furtherance of solely automated decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer.
- (g) If a consumer's personal data is profiled in furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer, the consumer has

the right to question the result of such profiling and be informed of the reason that the profiling resulted in the decision, as well as the actions that the consumer might have taken to secure a different decision and the actions that the consumer might take to secure a different decision in the future. The consumer has the right to review the customer's personal data used in the profiling. If the decision is determined to have been based upon inaccurate personal data, the consumer has the right to have the data corrected and the profiling decision reevaluated based upon the corrected data.

- Subd. 2. Exercising consumer rights. (a) A consumer may exercise the rights set forth in this section by submitting a request, at any time, to a controller specifying which rights the consumer wishes to exercise.
- (b) In the case of processing personal data concerning a known child, the parent or legal guardian of the known child may exercise the rights of this chapter on the child's behalf.
- (c) In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer legally subject to guardianship or conservatorship under sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, the guardian or the conservator of the consumer may exercise the rights of this chapter on the consumer's behalf.
- Subd. 3. Universal opt-out mechanisms. (a) A controller must allow a consumer to opt out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data through an opt-out preference signal sent, with such consumer's consent, by a platform, technology, or mechanism to the controller indicating such consumer's intent to opt out of any such processing or sale. The platform, technology, or mechanism must:
 - (1) not unfairly disadvantage another controller;
- (2) not make use of a default setting, but require the consumer to make an affirmative, freely given, and unambiguous choice to opt out of any processing of the consumer's personal data;
 - (3) be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average consumer;
- (4) be as consistent as possible with any other similar platform, technology, or mechanism required by any federal or state law or regulation; and
- (5) enable the controller to accurately determine whether the consumer is a Minnesota resident and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising.
- (b) If a consumer's opt-out request is exercised through the platform, technology, or mechanism required under paragraph (a), and the request conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program, the controller must comply with the consumer's opt-out preference signal but may also notify the consumer of the conflict and provide the consumer a choice to confirm the controller-specific privacy setting or participation in such program.
- (c) The platform, technology, or mechanism required under paragraph (a) is subject to the requirements of subdivision 4.

- (d) A controller that recognizes opt-out preference signals that have been approved by other state laws or regulations is in compliance with this subdivision.
- Subd. 4. Controller response to consumer requests. (a) Except as provided in this chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision 1.
- (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise their rights under this section. These means must take into account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure and reliable communication of the requests.
- (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise a right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise the consumer's rights under this section.
- (d) A controller must comply with a request to exercise the right in subdivision 1, paragraph (f), as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than 45 days of receipt of the request.
- (e) A controller must inform a consumer of any action taken on a request under subdivision 1 without undue delay and in any event within 45 days of receipt of the request. That period may be extended once by 45 additional days where reasonably necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the requests. The controller must inform the consumer of any such extension within 45 days of receipt of the request, together with the reasons for the delay.
- (f) If a controller does not take action on a consumer's request, the controller must inform the consumer without undue delay and at the latest within 45 days of receipt of the request of the reasons for not taking action and instructions for how to appeal the decision with the controller as described in subdivision 3.
- (g) Information provided under this section must be provided by the controller free of charge, up to twice annually to the consumer. Where requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded or excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller may either charge a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the request, or refuse to act on the request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the manifestly unfounded or excessive character of the request.
- (h) A controller is not required to comply with a request to exercise any of the rights under subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (e), if the controller is unable to authenticate the request using commercially reasonable efforts. In such cases, the controller may request the provision of additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate the request. A controller is not required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an opt-out request if the controller has a good faith, reasonable, and documented belief that such request is fraudulent. If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller believes such request is fraudulent, the controller must notify the person who made the request that the request was denied due to the controller's belief that the request was fraudulent and state the controller's basis for that belief.
- (i) In response to a consumer request under subdivision 1, a controller must not disclose the following information about a consumer, but must instead inform the consumer with sufficient particularity that it has collected that type of information:

- (1) Social Security number;
- (2) driver's license number or other government-issued identification number;
- (3) financial account number;
- (4) health insurance account number or medical identification number;
- (5) account password, security questions, or answers; or
- (6) biometric data.
- (j) In response to a consumer request under subdivision 1, a controller is not required to reveal any trade secret.
- (k) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other than the consumer may comply with a consumer's request to delete such data pursuant to subdivision 1, paragraph (d), by either:
- (1) retaining a record of the deletion request, retaining the minimum data necessary for the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the business's records, and not using the retained data for any other purpose pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or
- (2) opting the consumer out of the processing of such personal data for any purpose except for those exempted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- Subd. 5. Appeal process required. (a) A controller must establish an internal process whereby a consumer may appeal a refusal to take action on a request to exercise any of the rights under subdivision 1 within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's receipt of the notice sent by the controller under subdivision 3, paragraph (f).
- (b) The appeal process must be conspicuously available. The process must include the ease of use provisions in subdivision 3 applicable to submitting requests.
- (c) Within 45 days of receipt of an appeal, a controller must inform the consumer of any action taken or not taken in response to the appeal, along with a written explanation of the reasons in support thereof. That period may be extended by 60 additional days where reasonably necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the requests serving as the basis for the appeal. The controller must inform the consumer of any such extension within 45 days of receipt of the appeal, together with the reasons for the delay. If the appeal is denied, the controller must also provide the consumer with an email address or other online mechanism through which the consumer may submit the appeal, along with any action taken or not taken by the controller in response to the appeal and the controller's written explanation of the reasons in support thereof, to the attorney general.
- (d) When informing a consumer of any action taken or not taken in response to an appeal pursuant to paragraph (c), the controller must clearly and prominently provide the consumer with information about how to file a complaint with the Office of the Attorney General. The controller must maintain records of all such appeals and the controller's responses for at least 24 months and shall, upon

written request by the attorney general as part of an investigation, compile and provide a copy of the records to the attorney general.

Sec. 7. [3250.06] PROCESSING DEIDENTIFIED DATA OR PSEUDONYMOUS DATA.

- (a) This chapter does not require a controller or processor to do any of the following solely for purposes of complying with this chapter:
 - (1) reidentify deidentified data;
- (2) maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain, or access any data or technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with personal data; or
- (3) comply with an authenticated consumer request to access, correct, delete, or port personal data pursuant to section 3250.05, subdivision 1, if all of the following are true:
- (i) the controller is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal data, or it would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the personal data;
- (ii) the controller does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific consumer who is the subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data with other personal data about the same specific consumer; and
- (iii) the controller does not sell the personal data to any third party or otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal data to any third party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in this section.
- (b) The rights contained in section 325O.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (e), do not apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is able to demonstrate any information necessary to identify the consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational controls that prevent the controller from accessing such information.
- (c) A controller that uses pseudonymous data or deidentified data must exercise reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the pseudonymous data or deidentified data are subject, and must take appropriate steps to address any breaches of contractual commitments.
- (d) A processor or third party must not attempt to identify the subjects of deidentified or pseudonymous data without the express authority of the controller that caused the data to be deidentified or pseudonymized.
- (e) A controller, processor, or third party must not attempt to identify the subjects of data that has been collected with only pseudonymous identifiers.

Sec. 8. [3250.07] RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTROLLERS.

Subdivision 1. **Transparency obligations.** (a) Controllers must provide consumers with a reasonably accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes:

- (1) the categories of personal data processed by the controller;
- (2) the purposes for which the categories of personal data are processed;
- (3) an explanation of the rights contained in section 325O.05 and how and where consumers may exercise those rights, including how a consumer may appeal a controller's action with regard to the consumer's request;
 - (4) the categories of personal data that the controller sells to or shares with third parties, if any;
 - (5) the categories of third parties, if any, with whom the controller sells or shares personal data;
- (6) the controller's contact information, including an active email address or other online mechanism that the consumer may use to contact the controller;
 - (7) a description of the controller's retention policies for personal data;
 - (8) the date the privacy notice was last updated.
- (b) If a controller sells personal data to third parties, processes personal data for targeted advertising, or engages in profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer, it must disclose such processing in the privacy notice and provide access to a clear and conspicuous method outside the privacy notice for a consumer to opt out of the sale, processing, or profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer. This method may include but is not limited to an internet hyperlink clearly labeled "Your Opt-Out Rights" or "Your Privacy Rights" that directly effectuates the opt-out request or takes consumers to a web page where the consumer can make the opt-out request.
- (c) The privacy notice must be made available to the public in each language in which the controller provides a product or service that is subject to the privacy notice or carries out activities related to such product or service.
- (d) The controller must provide the privacy notice in a manner that is reasonably accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities.
- (e) Whenever a controller makes a material change to its privacy notice or practices, the controller must notify consumers affected by the material change with respect to any prospectively collected personal data and provide a reasonable opportunity for consumers to withdraw consent to any further materially different collection, processing, or transfer of previously collected personal data under the changed policy. The controller shall take all reasonable electronic measures to provide notification regarding material changes to affected consumers, taking into account available technology and the nature of the relationship.
- (f) A controller is not required to provide a separate Minnesota-specific privacy notice or section of a privacy notice if the controller's general privacy notice contains all the information required by this section.
- (g) The privacy notice must be posted online through a conspicuous hyperlink using the word "privacy" on the controller's website home page or on a mobile application's app store page or

download page. A controller that maintains an application on a mobile or other device shall also include a hyperlink to the privacy notice in the application's settings menu. A controller that does not operate a website shall make the privacy notice conspicuously available to consumers through a medium regularly used by the controller to interact with consumers, including but not limited to mail.

- Subd. 2. Use of data. (a) A controller must limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data are processed, as disclosed to the consumer.
- (b) Except as provided in this chapter, a controller may not process personal data for purposes that are not reasonably necessary to, or compatible with, the purposes for which such personal data are processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the consumer's consent.
- (c) A controller shall establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal data. Such data security practices shall be appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a controller may not process sensitive data concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in the case of the processing of personal data concerning a known child, without obtaining consent from the child's parent or lawful guardian, in accordance with the requirement of the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, United States Code, title 15, sections 6501 to 6506, and its implementing regulations, rules, and exemptions.
- (e) A controller shall provide an effective mechanism for a consumer, or, in the case of the processing of personal data concerning a known child, the child's parent or lawful guardian, to revoke previously given consent under this subdivision. The mechanism provided shall be at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consent was previously given. Upon revocation of consent, a controller shall cease to process the applicable data as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 days after the receipt of such request.
- (f) A controller may not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, or sell the consumer's personal data, without the consumer's consent, under circumstances where the controller knows that the consumer is between the ages of 13 and 16.
- Subd. 3. Nondiscrimination. (a) A controller shall not process personal data on the basis of a consumer's or a class of consumers' actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, religion, national origin, sex, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, familial status, lawful source of income, or disability in a manner that unlawfully discriminates against the consumer or class of consumers with respect to the offering or provision of: housing, employment, credit, or education; or the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of public accommodation.
- (b) A controller may not discriminate against a consumer for exercising any of the rights contained in this chapter, including denying goods or services to the consumer, charging different prices or rates for goods or services, and providing a different level of quality of goods and services to the consumer. This subdivision does not prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services

for no fee, if the offering is in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program.

- (c) A controller may not sell personal data to a third-party controller as part of a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program under paragraph (b) unless:
- (1) the sale is reasonably necessary to enable the third party to provide a benefit to which the consumer is entitled;
 - (2) the sale of personal data to third parties is clearly disclosed in the terms of the program; and
- (3) the third party uses the personal data only for purposes of facilitating such a benefit to which the consumer is entitled and does not retain or otherwise use or disclose the personal data for any other purpose.
- Subd. 4. Waiver of rights unenforceable. Any provision of a contract or agreement of any kind that purports to waive or limit in any way a consumer's rights under this chapter shall be deemed contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

Sec. 9. [3250.075] REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.

- (a) A small business, as defined by the United States Small Business Administration under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent.
- (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 325O.10 apply to a small business that violates this section.

Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY AND PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS.

- (a) A controller must conduct, document, and maintain a data privacy and protection assessment that describes the policies and procedures it has adopted to comply with the provisions of this act. This assessment must include:
- (1) the name and contact information for the controller's chief privacy officer or other officer with primary responsibility for directing the policies and procedures implemented to comply with the provisions of this chapter;
- (2) a description of the controller's data privacy policies and procedures which ensure compliance with section 325O.07, and any policies and procedures designed to:
 - (i) reflect the requirements of this act in the design of its systems from their inception;
 - (ii) identify and provide personal data to a consumer as required by this act;
- (iii) establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal data;

- (iv) limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data are processed;
- (v) prevent the retention of personal data that is no longer needed to provide services to the consumer; and
 - (vi) identify and remediate violations of this act;
- (3) a description of the controller's data protection processes and procedures for each of the following processing activities involving personal data:
 - (i) the processing of personal data for purposes of targeted advertising;
 - (ii) the sale of personal data;
 - (iii) the processing of sensitive data;
- (iv) any processing activities involving personal data that present a heightened risk of harm to consumers; and
- (v) the processing of personal data for purposes of profiling, where such profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of:
 - (A) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or disparate impact on, consumers;
 - (B) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers;
- (C) a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where such intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person; or
 - (D) other substantial injury to consumers; and
- (4) a description of the data dictionary, metadata catalog, or other means by which the controller maintains its inventory of data that must be managed to exercise its responsibilities under section 3250.05.
- (b) A data privacy and protection assessment must take into account the type of personal data to be processed by the controller, including the extent to which the personal data are sensitive data, and the context in which the personal data are to be processed.
- (c) A data privacy and protection assessment must identify and weigh the benefits that may flow directly and indirectly from the processing to the controller, consumer, other stakeholders, and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer associated with such processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to reduce such risks. The use of deidentified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose personal data will be processed, must be factored into this assessment by the controller.
- (d) As part of a civil investigative demand, the attorney general may request, in writing, that a controller disclose any data privacy and protection assessment that is relevant to an investigation

conducted by the attorney general. The controller must make a data privacy and protection assessment available to the attorney general upon such a request. The attorney general may evaluate the data privacy and protection assessments for compliance with this chapter. Data privacy and protection assessments are classified as nonpublic data, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 9. The disclosure of a data privacy and protection assessment pursuant to a request from the attorney general under this paragraph does not constitute a waiver of the attorney-client privilege or work product protection with respect to the assessment and any information contained in the assessment.

- (e) Data privacy and protection assessments conducted by a controller for the purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may qualify under this section if they have a similar scope and effect.
- (f) A single data protection assessment may address multiple sets of comparable processing operations that include similar activities.

Sec. 11. [325O.09] LIMITATIONS AND APPLICABILITY.

- (a) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not restrict a controller's or a processor's ability to:
 - (1) comply with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations;
- (2) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, local, or other governmental authorities;
- (3) cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the controller or processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations;
 - (4) investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims;
- (5) provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer, perform a contract to which the consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms of a written warranty, or take steps at the request of the consumer prior to entering into a contract;
- (6) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical safety of the consumer or of another natural person, and where the processing cannot be manifestly based on another legal basis;
- (7) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity or security of systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute those responsible for any such action;
- (8) assist another controller, processor, or third party with any of the obligations under this paragraph;
- (9) engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific, historical, or statistical research in the public interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, monitored, and governed by an institutional review board, human subjects research ethics review board, or a similar independent oversight entity which has determined that:

- (i) the research is likely to provide substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to the controller;
 - (ii) the expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy risks; and
- (iii) the controller has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate privacy risks associated with research, including any risks associated with reidentification; or
- (10) process personal data for the benefit of the public in the areas of public health, community health, or population health, but only to the extent that such processing is:
- (i) subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights of the consumer whose personal data is being processed; and
- (ii) under the responsibility of a professional individual who is subject to confidentiality obligations under federal, state, or local law.
- (b) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to collect, use, or retain data for internal use only to:
- (1) effectuate a product recall or identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended functionality;
- (2) perform solely internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the consumer based on the consumer's existing relationship with the controller, or are otherwise compatible with processing in furtherance of the provision of a product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party when those internal operations are performed during, and not following, the consumer's relationship with the controller; or
 - (3) conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair products, services, or technology.
- (c) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not apply where compliance by the controller or processor with this chapter would violate an evidentiary privilege under Minnesota law and do not prevent a controller or processor from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary privilege under Minnesota law as part of a privileged communication.
- (d) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a third-party controller or processor in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is not in violation of this chapter if the recipient processes such personal data in violation of this chapter, provided that, at the time of disclosing the personal data, the disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge that the recipient intended to commit a violation. A third-party controller or processor receiving personal data from a controller or processor in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is likewise not in violation of this chapter for the obligations of the controller or processor from which it receives such personal data.
 - (e) Obligations imposed on controllers and processors under this chapter shall not:

- (1) adversely affect the rights or freedoms of any persons, such as exercising the right of free speech pursuant to the First Amendment of the United States Constitution; or
- (2) apply to the processing of personal data by a natural person in the course of a purely personal or household activity.
- (f) Personal data that are processed by a controller pursuant to this section must not be processed for any purpose other than those expressly listed in this section. Personal data that are processed by a controller pursuant to this section may be processed solely to the extent that such processing is:
 - (1) necessary, reasonable, and proportionate to the purposes listed in this section;
- (2) adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to the specific purpose or purposes listed in this section; and
- (3) insofar as possible, taking into account the nature and purpose of processing the personal data, subjected to reasonable administrative, technical, and physical measures to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of the personal data, and to reduce reasonably foreseeable risks of harm to consumers.
- (g) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the controller bears the burden of demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption and complies with the requirements in paragraph (f).
- (h) Processing personal data solely for the purposes expressly identified in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (7), does not, by itself, make an entity a controller with respect to such processing.

Sec. 12. [3250.10] ATTORNEY GENERAL ENFORCEMENT.

- (a) In the event that a controller or processor violates this chapter, the attorney general, prior to filing an enforcement action under paragraph (b), must provide the controller or processor with a warning letter identifying the specific provisions of this chapter the attorney general alleges have been or are being violated. If, after 30 days of issuance of the warning letter, the attorney general believes the controller or processor has failed to cure any alleged violation, the attorney general may bring an enforcement action under paragraph (b). This paragraph expires January 31, 2026.
- (b) The attorney general may bring a civil action against a controller or processor to enforce a provision of this chapter in accordance with section 8.31. If the state prevails in an action to enforce this chapter, the state may, in addition to penalties provided by paragraph (c) or other remedies provided by law, be allowed an amount determined by the court to be the reasonable value of all or part of the state's litigation expenses incurred.
- (c) Any controller or processor that violates this chapter is subject to an injunction and liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$7,500 for each violation.
- (d) Nothing in this chapter establishes a private right of action, including under section 8.31, subdivision 3a, for a violation of this chapter or any other law.

Sec. 13. [3250.11] PREEMPTION OF LOCAL LAW; SEVERABILITY.

- (a) This chapter supersedes and preempts laws, ordinances, regulations, or the equivalent adopted by any local government regarding the processing of personal data by controllers or processors.
- (b) If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Sec. 14. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

This act is effective July 31, 2025, except that postsecondary institutions regulated by the Office of Higher Education and nonprofit corporations governed by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 317A, are not required to comply with this act until July 31, 2029."

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Rest from the Committee on Taxes, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3774: A bill for an act relating to taxation; corporate franchise; modifying the effective date of a reduction in the limitation on the deductibility of net operating losses; amending Laws 2023, chapter 64, article 1, section 44.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

Senator Cwodzinski from the Committee on Education Policy, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3746: A bill for an act relating to education; requiring state academic standards in health education; requiring rulemaking; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 120B.018, subdivision 6; 120B.021, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 120B.024, subdivision 1.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 18, strike "and"

Page 3, line 20, strike the period and insert "; and"

Page 3, after line 20, insert:

"(7) current students, with input from the Minnesota Youth Council."

Page 6, after line 32, insert:

"(1) mental health education in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.21;"

Page 7, line 1, delete "(1)" and insert "(2)" and delete "defribrillator" and insert "defibrillator"

Page 7, line 4, delete "(2)" and insert "(3)"

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Page 7, line 6, delete "(3)" and insert "(4)"
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Page 7, line 9, delete "(4)" and insert "(5)"

Page 7, delete line 12

Page 7, line 13, delete "(2)" and insert "(1)"

Page 7, line 15, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)"

Page 7, line 17, delete "(4)" and insert "(3)"

Page 7, line 19, delete "(5)" and insert "(4)"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Dziedzic from the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4126: A bill for an act relating to local government; permitting recovery from a municipality for damages related to a sewage backup; creating a private right of action; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 466.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Dziedzic from the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 3793: A bill for an act relating to labor; making technical changes to certain Bureau of Mediation Services provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 179.01, subdivisions 1, 9, 16; 179.06; 179.08; 179.11; 179.12; 179.254, subdivision 1; 179.256; 179.26; 179.27; 179.35, subdivision 1; 179.40; 179.43; 179A.02; 179A.03, subdivision 17; 179A.06, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 179A.08, subdivision 2; 179A.10, subdivision 1; 179A.104, subdivision 1; 179A.12, subdivision 1; 179A.15; 179A.16, subdivisions 1, 7; 179A.18, subdivisions 2, 3; 179A.19, subdivision 6; 179A.20, subdivision 4; 179A.23; 626.892, subdivision 12; repealing Minnesota Rules, part 5510.0310, subpart 13.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

Senator Dziedzic from the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3526: A bill for an act relating to local government; authorizing all cities to designate lands for pedestrian malls on city rights-of-way; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 162.02, by adding a subdivision; 162.09, by adding a subdivision; 430.01, subdivisions 1, 2; 430.011, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 430.023; 430.031, subdivision 1; 430.13; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 430; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 430.01, subdivision 4.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Transportation. Report adopted.

Senator Carlson from the Committee on Elections, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4432: A bill for an act relating to elections; modifying certain local elections provisions; modifying certain absentee voting provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.19, subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 203B.04, subdivision 1; 203B.07, subdivision 3; 203B.081, subdivision 7; 204C.28, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.031.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 203B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Application procedures.** (a) Except as otherwise allowed by subdivision 2 or by section 203B.11, subdivision 4, an application for absentee ballots for any election may be submitted at any time not less than one day before the day of that election. The county auditor shall prepare absentee ballot application forms in the format provided by the secretary of state and shall furnish them to any person on request. By January 1 of each even-numbered year, the secretary of state shall make the forms to be used available to auditors through electronic means. An application submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be in writing. An application may be submitted in person, by electronic facsimile device, by electronic mail, or by mail to:

- (1) the county auditor of the county where the applicant maintains residence; or
- (2) the municipal clerk of the municipality, or school district if applicable, where the applicant maintains residence.

For a federal, state, or county election, (b) An absentee ballot application may alternatively be submitted electronically through a secure website that shall be maintained by the secretary of state for this purpose. Notwithstanding paragraph (b) (d), the secretary of state must require applicants using the website to submit the applicant's email address and verifiable Minnesota driver's license number, Minnesota state identification card number, or the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number. This paragraph does not apply to a town election held in March.

- (c) An application submitted electronically under this paragraph may only be transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the application information matches the information in a government database associated with the applicant's driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable applications for evidence of suspicious activity and must forward any such application to an appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.
- (b) (d) An application shall be approved if it is timely received, signed and dated by the applicant, contains the applicant's name and residence and mailing addresses, date of birth, and at least one of the following:

- (1) the applicant's Minnesota driver's license number;
- (2) Minnesota state identification card number;
- (3) the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number; or
- (4) a statement that the applicant does not have any of these numbers.
- (e) (e) To be approved, the application must contain an oath that the information contained on the form is accurate, that the applicant is applying on the applicant's own behalf, and that the applicant is signing the form under penalty of perjury.
- (d) (f) An applicant's full date of birth, Minnesota driver's license or state identification number, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number must not be made available for public inspection. An application may be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by an electronic facsimile device. An application mailed or returned in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk on behalf of a voter by a person other than the voter must be deposited in the mail or returned in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk within ten days after it has been dated by the voter and no later than six days before the election.
- (e) (g) An application under this subdivision may contain an application under subdivision 5 to automatically receive an absentee ballot.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2025, and applies to elections occurring on or after November 4, 2025.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 203B.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Eligibility certificate.** A certificate of eligibility to vote by absentee ballot shall be printed on the back of the signature envelope. The certificate shall contain space for the voter's Minnesota driver's license number, state identification number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number, or to indicate that the voter does not have one of these numbers. The space must be designed to ensure that the voter provides the same type of identification as provided on the voter's absentee ballot application for purposes of comparison. The certificate must also contain a statement to be signed and sworn by the voter indicating that the voter meets all of the requirements established by law for voting by absentee ballot and space for a statement signed by a person who is registered to vote in Minnesota at least 18 years of age on or before the day of the election and a citizen of the United States or by a notary public or other individual authorized to administer oaths stating that:
 - (1) the ballots were displayed to that individual unmarked;
- (2) the voter marked the ballots in that individual's presence without showing how they were marked, or, if the voter was physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed another individual to mark them; and
- (3) if the voter was not previously registered, the voter has provided proof of residence as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for elections for which the absentee ballot period begins on or after January $\frac{1}{1}$, 2025.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Persons allowed near polling place.** An individual shall be allowed to go to and from the polling place for the purpose of voting without unlawful interference. No one except an election official or an individual who is waiting to register or to vote or an individual who is conducting exit polling shall stand within 100 feet of the building in which a polling place is located. "Exit polling" is defined as approaching voters in a predetermined pattern as they leave the polling place after they have voted and asking voters to fill out an anonymous, written questionnaire.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1a. Exit polling. (a) "Exit polling" is defined as approaching voters in a predetermined pattern as they leave the polling place after they have voted and asking voters to fill out an anonymous, written questionnaire.
- (b) An individual conducting exit polling must present photo identification to the head judge upon arrival at the polling place, along with a letter or credential from the news media.
- (c) A person must not conduct exit polling in a manner that unlawfully interferes with a person going to or from the polling place or allows any person to view another person's responses to the poll.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Premature disclosure of count results.** No count results from any precinct shall be disclosed by any election judge or other individual until all count results from that precinct are available, nor shall the public media disclose any count results from any precinct before the time when voting is scheduled to end in the state. Count results from absentee ballots received by the county after 3:00 p.m. on election day may be added to the total count results after the initial results reporting of the precinct. If the precinct results do not include all absentee ballots, the county must report to the secretary of state and on the county's website the number of absentee ballots remaining to be processed. After processing the remaining ballots, the county must post on the county's website how many of the remaining ballots were accepted and added to the totals and how many were rejected and therefore not counted.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 204C.28, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **County auditor.** (a) Every county auditor must remain at the auditor's office to receive delivery of the returns, to permit public inspection of the summary statements, and to tabulate the votes until all have been tabulated and the results made known, or until 24 hours have elapsed since the end of the hours for voting, whichever occurs first unless the county auditor adjourns absentee ballot counting. Every county auditor must, in the presence of the municipal clerk or the election judges who deliver the returns, make a record of all materials delivered, the time of delivery, and the names of the municipal clerk or election judges who made delivery. The record must include the number of ballots delivered to the precinct, as certified by section 204B.28, and the total number

of ballots returned, as certified by the election judges under section 204C.24. A discrepancy between the number of ballots delivered to the precinct and the number of total ballots returned by election judges that cannot be reconciled by taking into account the adjustments made by the election judge counts and any unofficial ballots must be noted, but does not necessarily require disqualification of the votes from that precinct or invalidation of the election. The county auditor must file the record and all envelopes containing ballots in a safe and secure place with envelope seals unbroken. Access to the record and ballots must be strictly controlled. Accountability and a record of access must be maintained by the county auditor during the period for contesting elections or, if a contest is filed, until the contest has been finally determined. Thereafter, the record must be retained in the auditor's office for the same period as the ballots as provided in section 204B.40.

(b) The county auditor must file all envelopes containing ballots in a safe place with seals unbroken. If the envelopes are opened by proper authority for examination or recount as specifically authorized by a court or statute, the county auditor must have the envelopes sealed again and signed by the individuals who made the inspection or recount. The envelopes may be opened by the county auditor if necessary to procure election returns that the election judges inadvertently may have sealed in the envelopes with the ballots. In that case, the envelopes must be sealed again and signed in the same manner as otherwise provided in this subdivision.

Sec. 7. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.031, is repealed."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, after the semicolon, insert "modifying provisions related to exit polling;"

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Carlson from the Committee on Elections, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4431: A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring the commissioner of revenue to establish an online system to claim the political contribution refund; amending the political contribution refund program to allow for electronic information transfer between the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board and the Department of Revenue; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 10A.02, subdivision 11b; 10A.322, subdivision 4; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 23.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.02, subdivision 11b, is amended to read:

Subd. 11b. **Data privacy related to electronic reporting system.** (a) The board may develop and maintain systems to enable treasurers to enter and store electronic records online for the purpose

of complying with this chapter. Data entered into such systems by treasurers or their authorized agents is not government data under chapter 13 and may not be accessed or used by the board for any purpose without the treasurer's written consent. Data from such systems that has been submitted to the board as a filed report is government data under chapter 13.

(b) To the extent necessary to administer the refund under section 290.06, subdivision 23, the board may access or use data entered and stored in an electronic reporting system and share the data with the commissioner of revenue. Data accessed, used, or maintained by the board under this paragraph is private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.322, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Refund receipt forms; penalty.** (a) The board must make available to a political party on request and to any candidate for whom an agreement under this section is effective, a supply of official electronic refund receipt forms receipts that state in boldface type that:
- (1) a contributor who is given a receipt form is eligible to claim a refund as provided in section 290.06, subdivision 23; and
- (2) if the contribution is to a candidate, that the candidate has signed an agreement to limit campaign expenditures as provided in this section.

The forms must provide duplicate copies of the receipt to be attached to the contributor's claim. A receipt must only be issued for a contribution of \$5 or more. Each receipt must include a unique receipt validation number that allows the commissioner of revenue to verify the information on the receipt with the Campaign Finance Board.

- (b) At least once a week, the board must provide the commissioner of revenue a receipt validation report. For each contribution reported to the board during the week, the report must include:
 - (1) the date and amount of the contribution;
 - (2) the name and address of the contributor;
- (3) the name and campaign identification number of the party or candidate that received the contribution; and
 - (4) the receipt validation number assigned to the contribution.
- (b) (c) The willful issuance of an official refund receipt form or a faesimile of one to any of the candidate's contributors by a candidate or treasurer of a candidate who did not sign an agreement under this section is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$3,000 imposed by the board.
- (e) (d) The willful issuance of an official refund receipt form or a faesimile to an individual not eligible to claim a refund under section 290.06, subdivision 23, is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$3,000 imposed by the board.
 - (d) (e) A violation of paragraph (b) (c) or (e) (d) is a misdemeanor.

(f) A receipt validation report and a receipt validation number prepared pursuant to this section are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for contributions made after December 31, 2025.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290.06, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
- Subd. 23. Refund of contributions to political parties and candidates. (a) A taxpayer may claim a refund equal to the amount of the taxpayer's contributions made in the calendar year to candidates and to a political party. The maximum total refund per calendar year for an individual must not exceed \$75 and for a married couple, filing jointly, must not exceed \$150. The commissioner must not issue a refund, whether in one payment or in aggregate, to a taxpayer that exceeds the maximum refund amounts specified in this subdivision. A refund of a contribution is allowed only if the taxpayer files a form required by the commissioner and attaches to the form a copy of an official refund receipt form issued by the candidate or party and signed by the candidate, the treasurer of the candidate's principal campaign committee, or the chair or treasurer of the party unit, after the contribution was received. The receipt forms must be numbered, and the data on the receipt that are not public must be made available to the campaign finance and public disclosure board upon its request claim using the electronic filing system authorized in paragraph (h). The claim must include one or more unique receipt validation numbers from receipts issued pursuant to section 10A.322, subdivision 4. A claim must be filed with the commissioner no sooner than January 1 of the calendar year in which the contribution was made and no later than April 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the contribution was made. A taxpayer may file only one claim per calendar year. A claim must be for a minimum of \$10. Amounts paid by the commissioner after June 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the contribution was made must include interest at the rate specified in section 270C.405.
- (b) No refund is allowed under this subdivision for a contribution to a candidate unless the candidate:
 - (1) has signed an agreement to limit campaign expenditures as provided in section 10A.322;
 - (2) is seeking an office for which voluntary spending limits are specified in section 10A.25; and
 - (3) has designated a principal campaign committee.

This subdivision does not limit the campaign expenditures of a candidate who does not sign an agreement but accepts a contribution for which the contributor improperly claims a refund.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "political party" means a major political party as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7, or a minor political party qualifying for inclusion on the income tax or property tax refund form under section 10A.31, subdivision 3a.

A "major party" or "minor party" includes the aggregate of that party's organization within each house of the legislature, the state party organization, and the party organization within congressional districts, counties, legislative districts, municipalities, and precincts.

"Candidate" means a candidate as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 10, except a candidate for judicial office.

"Contribution" means a gift of money.

- (d) The commissioner shall make copies of the form available to the public and candidates upon request.
- (e) The following data collected or maintained by the commissioner under this subdivision are private: the identities of individuals claiming a refund, the identities of candidates to whom those individuals have made contributions, and the amount of each contribution.
- (f) The commissioner shall report to the campaign finance and public disclosure board by each August 1 a summary showing the total number and aggregate amount of political contribution refunds made on behalf of each candidate and each political party. These data are public.
- (g) The amount necessary to pay claims for the refund provided in this section is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
- (h) For a taxpayer who files a claim for refund via the Internet or other electronic means, the commissioner may accept the number on the official receipt as documentation that a contribution was made rather than the actual receipt as required by paragraph (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system by which refunds are claimed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for contributions made after December 31, 2025.

Sec. 4. APPROPRIATION.

\$...... in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund to establish and implement an electronic filing system for political contribution refund claims. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, after the semicolon, insert "classifying data;"

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Hawj from the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3940: A bill for an act relating to solid waste; establishing program to collect and recycle electronic waste; creating an account; requiring a report; requiring rulemaking; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.121; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 115A.1310, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12a, 12b, 12c, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20; 115A.1312;

115A.1314; 115A.1316; 115A.1318; 115A.1320; 115A.1322; 115A.1323; 115A.1324; 115A.1326; 115A.1328; 115A.1330.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1310, is amended to read:

115A.1310 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330, the following terms have the meanings given.

- Subd. 2. **Cathode-ray tube or CRT.** "Cathode-ray tube" or "CRT" means a vacuum tube or picture tube used to convert an electronic signal into a visual image.
- Subd. 2a. Central processing unit. "Central processing unit" means a computer's main processor that uses electronic circuitry to carry instructions of a computer program to control operations.
- Subd. 2b. Clearinghouse. "Clearinghouse" means an organization that is under contract to the agency to develop, finance, and operate a plan to collect, transport, and recycle covered electronic devices that is approved by the agency under section 115A.1311, subdivision 5.
- Subd. 3. **Collection.** "Collection" means the aggregation of covered electronic devices from households covered entities and includes all the activities up to the time conducted prior to the delivery of the covered electronic devices are delivered to a recycler.
- Subd. 3a. Collection site. "Collection site" means a temporary or permanent site at which collection of covered electronic devices takes place.
- Subd. 4. **Collector.** "Collector" means a public or private entity that receives covered electronic devices from households covered entities and arranges for the delivery of the devices to a recycler.
- Subd. 5. **Computer.** "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device performing logical, arithmetic, or storage functions, but does not include an automated typewriter or typesetter, a portable handheld calculator or device, or other similar device.
- Subd. 6. **Computer monitor.** "Computer monitor" means an electronic device that is a cathode-ray tube or flat panel display primarily intended to display information from a central processing unit or the Internet.
- Subd. 7. **Covered electronic device.** (a) "Covered electronic device" means computers, including tablet computers and laptop computers, peripherals, facsimile machines, DVD players, video cassette recorders, and video display devices that are a television, computer, including a tablet or laptop computer, a computer monitor, peripheral, facsimile machine, or gaming console sold to a household by means of retail, wholesale, or electronic commerce covered entity.
 - (b) "Covered electronic device" does not include:

- (1) a motor vehicle or any part thereof;
- (2) a camera or video camera;
- (3) a portable or stationary radio;
- (4) a telephone of any type;
- (5) a household appliance, including but not limited to a clothes washer, clothes dryer, water heater, refrigerator, freezer, microwave oven, oven, range, or dishwasher;
- (6) equipment that is functionally or physically part of a larger piece of equipment intended for use in an industrial, research and development, or commercial setting;
 - (7) security or antiterrorism equipment;
 - (8) a monitoring and control instrument or system;
 - (9) a thermostat;
 - (10) a handheld transceiver;
 - (11) a portable digital assistant or similar device;
 - (12) a calculator;
 - (13) a global positioning system receiver or similar navigation device;
- (14) commercial medical equipment that contains a cathode ray tube, a cathode ray tube device, a flat panel display, or similar video display that is not separate from the larger piece of equipment;
 - (15) an unmanned aerial vehicle, as defined in section 243.552, subdivision 1; or
- (16) other medical devices, as the term "device" is defined under United States Code, title 21, section 321, paragraph (h), of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended.
- Subd. 7a. Covered entity. "Covered entity" means a household or a business with fewer than ten employees located in this state.
- Subd. 8. Department Downstream recycling operations. "Department" means the Department of Revenue. "Downstream recycling operations" means additional recycling operations conducted on partially recycled covered electronic devices by a recycler different from the recycler to whom a collector originally sends electronic waste.
- Subd. 9. **Dwelling unit.** "Dwelling unit" has the meaning given in section 238.02, subdivision 21a.
- Subd. 9a. Electronic Product Environmental Assessment Tool (EPEAT). "Electronic Product Environmental Assessment Tool (EPEAT)" means a Type I environmental label managed by the Global Electronics Council that registers electronics products that meet lifecycle environmental and social criteria established by the Global Electronics Council.

- Subd. 9b. Electronics recyclables. "Electronics recyclables" has the meaning given in section 115A.1331.
- <u>Subd. 9c.</u> <u>Gaming console.</u> "Gaming console" means a computer system designed for interactive video gameplay and display.
- Subd. 10. **Household.** "Household" means an occupant of a single detached dwelling unit or a single unit of a multiple dwelling unit located in this state who has used a <u>video display covered</u> electronic device at a dwelling unit primarily for personal use.
 - Subd. 11. **Manufacturer.** (a) "Manufacturer" means a person who:
- (1) manufactures video display or has manufactured covered electronic devices to be sold under its own brand as identified by its own brand label; or
- (2) sells video display or has sold covered electronic devices manufactured by others under its own brand as identified by its own brand label-;
- (3) owns or has owned a brand name that it licenses or has licensed to another person for use on a covered electronic device sold in this state;
- (4) imports or has imported into the United States for sale in this state a covered electronic device manufactured outside the United States;
- (5) manufactures or has manufactured covered electronic devices for sale in this state without affixing a brand name to them; or
- (6) notifies the agency that the person is assuming the responsibilities, obligations, and liabilities of a manufacturer by conducting one or more of the activities in clauses (1) to (5).
- (b) "Manufacturer" does not include a person who manufactures computer peripherals or facsimile machines unless the person also manufactures computers, computer monitors, gaming consoles, or televisions.
- Subd. 11a. Market share. "Market share" means the proportion, by weight, of covered electronic devices sold by a manufacturer to a covered entity in Minnesota in a given program year, as determined by the agency.
- Subd. 12. **Peripheral.** "Peripheral" means a keyboard, printer, <u>video cassette recorder, DVD player</u>, or any other device sold exclusively for external use with a computer <u>or television</u> that provides input <u>into or from a computer or television</u>. A gaming console is not a <u>peripheral.</u>
- Subd. 12a. **Phase I recycling credits.** "Phase I recycling credits" means the number of pounds of covered electronic devices recycled by a manufacturer from households during program years one through nine, less the product of the number of pounds of video display devices sold to households during the same program year, multiplied by the proportion of sales a manufacturer is required to recycle.

- Subd. 12b. **Phase II recycling credits.** "Phase II recycling credits" means an amount calculated in a program year beginning July 1, 2019, and in each program year thereafter ending June 30, 2024, according to the formula (1.5 x A) (B C), where:
- A = the number of pounds of covered electronic devices a manufacturer recycled or arranged to have collected and recycled during a program year from households located outside the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in section 115A.1314, subdivision 2 counties of Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright;
- B = the manufacturer's recycling obligation calculated for the same program year in section 115A.1320, subdivision 1, paragraph (g); and
- C = the number of pounds of covered electronic devices a manufacturer recycled or arranged to have collected and recycled, up to but not exceeding B, during the same program year from households in the 11-county metropolitan area 11 counties identified in this subdivision.
- Subd. 12c. **Portable battery.** "Portable battery" means a rechargeable battery as defined in section 115A.9157.
- Subd. 12d. Plan. "Plan" means a plan to develop, finance, and operate a program to collect, transport, and recycle covered electronic devices in this state on behalf of manufacturers.
- Subd. 13. **Program year.** "Program year" means the period from July January 1 through June 30 December 31.
- Subd. 14. **Recycler.** "Recycler" means a public or private individual or entity who accepts covered electronic devices from households and collectors for the purpose of recycling. A manufacturer who takes products for refurbishment or repair is not a recycler person engaged in recycling covered electronic devices under a plan approved by the agency under section 115A.1311, subdivision 5, whose recycling operations are certified as meeting an environmentally sound management standard by a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute-American Society for Quality.
- Subd. 15. **Recycling.** (a) "Recycling" means the process of collecting and preparing video display devices or:
- (1) disassembling, dismantling, or shredding covered electronic devices for use in manufacturing processes or for recovery of usable materials followed by delivery of in order to recover certain materials; or
 - (2) salvaging components of covered electronic devices for use in new products; and
 - (3) delivering such materials or components for further processing or use.
 - (b) Recycling does not include:
- (1) the destruction by incineration or other process or land disposal of recyclable materials nor retrieved from covered electronic devices;
 - (2) reuse,;

- (3) repair; or
- (4) any other process through which video display devices or covered electronic devices are returned to use for households enabled to be reused in their original form.

Subd. 16. Reuse. "Reuse" means:

- (1) the repair, refurbishment, or enhancement of a covered electronic device that enables it to be offered for sale for the same purpose for which it was originally manufactured; or
- (2) the offering for sale of a discarded covered electronic device or any of its components that have not undergone repair, refurbishment, or enhancement.
- Subd. 17. **Retailer.** "Retailer" means a person who sells, rents, or leases, through sales outlets, eatalogs, or the Internet but not for resale in any form, a video display covered electronic device to a household and not for resale in any form covered entity.
- Subd. 18. **Sell or sale.** "Sell" or "sale" means any transfer for consideration of title or of the right to use, by lease or sales contract, including, but not limited to, transactions conducted through sales outlets, catalogs, or the Internet, or any other similar electronic means either inside or outside of the state, by a person who conducts the transaction and controls the delivery of a video display covered electronic device to a consumer in the state, but does not include a manufacturer's or distributor's wholesale transaction with a distributor or a retailer.
- Subd. 19. **Television.** "Television" means an electronic device that is a cathode ray tube or flat panel display primarily intended to receive video programming via broadcast, cable, or satellite transmission or video from surveillance or other similar cameras any telecommunications system or device containing a cathode-ray tube or other type of display system with a viewable area greater than four inches when measured diagonally that can broadcast or receive moving pictures and sound over a distance, including a television tuner or display device peripheral to a computer that contains a television tuner.
- Subd. 20. **Video display device.** "Video display device" means a television or computer monitor that contains a cathode-ray tube or a flat panel screen that is marketed by manufacturers for use by households. Video display device does not include any of the following:
- (1) a video display device that is part of a motor vehicle or any component part of a motor vehicle assembled by, or for, a vehicle manufacturer or franchised dealer, including replacement parts for use in a motor vehicle;
- (2) a video display device, including a touch-screen display, that is functionally or physically part of a larger piece of equipment or is designed and intended for use in an industrial; commercial, including retail; library checkout; traffic control; kiosk; security, other than household security; border control; or medical setting, including diagnostic, monitoring, or control equipment;
- (3) a video display device that is contained within a clothes washer, clothes dryer, refrigerator, refrigerator and freezer, microwave oven, conventional oven or range, dishwasher, room air conditioner, dehumidifier, or air purifier; or

- (4) a telephone of any type.
- Subd. 21. Transition year. "Transition year" means the period from July 1, 2025, to December 31, 2026.
- Subd. 22. **Type I environmental label.** "Type I environmental label" means a label awarded to a product that meets the eligibility requirements established by the American National Standards Institute National Accreditation Board with respect to environmental standards and performance.

Sec. 2. [115A.1311] COVERED ELECTRONIC DEVICE RECYCLING; REQUIRED PLAN.

- Subdivision 1. Participation required to sell. (a) On and after January 1, 2027, no manufacturer required to pay a registration fee under section 115A.1314 may sell or offer for sale in this state a covered electronic device unless the manufacturer of the covered electronic device participates in a plan approved by the agency.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2027, no retailer may sell or offer for sale in this state a covered electronic device unless the retailer determines that the manufacturer of the covered electronic device is in compliance with paragraph (a).
- Subd. 2. Plan required. On or before January 1, 2027, or before first offering a covered electronic device for sale in this state, a manufacturer must enter into an agreement with the clearinghouse to operate under a plan.
- Subd. 3. Plan; content. The agency may not approve a plan unless it contains, at a minimum, all of the following elements:
- (1) certification from each manufacturer proposing to operate under the plan that it will abide by the plan's provisions;
 - (2) contact information for a person administrating the plan;
- (3) the provision of sufficient permanent collection sites so that at least 90 percent of the state population resides within a 15-mile radius of a permanent collection site;
- (4) in addition to complying with the requirement of clause (3), the establishment of one additional permanent collection site in each unique geographical area that contains 30,000 or more residents within a 15-mile radius of the collection site;
- (5) a description of additional activities, including temporary collection sites and collection events, that will be employed to collect covered electronic devices;
- (6) a requirement that each recycler under contract to a manufacturer operating under the plan is certified by a third-party organization that has been accredited by the American National Standards Institute's National Accreditation Board as operating under an environmentally sound management standard;
 - (7) requirements that collection sites:

- (i) accept all covered electronic devices received from covered entities at no cost; and
- (ii) be staffed and open during hours convenient to the public and sufficient to meet the needs of the area served;
- (8) contact information for each manufacturer participating in the plan, and the brands of covered electronic devices sold in this state by each manufacturer;
- (9) a description of the methods by which discarded covered electronic devices will be collected in all areas in the state without relying on end-of-life fees, including an explanation of how the collection system will be convenient and adequate to serve the needs of covered entities in both urban and rural areas on an ongoing basis, and a discussion of how existing solid waste facilities and household hazardous waste infrastructure will be included when establishing collection sites;
 - (10) establish a schedule under which collectors, transporters, and recyclers are to be reimbursed;
- (11) measures to ensure that collectors are compensated fairly for collecting, storing, and managing covered electronic devices;
- (12) a requirement that each political subdivision that operates a collection site within the area in which covered electronic devices are collected under the plan:
 - (i) is offered the option to participate under the plan; and
- (ii) if agreeing to participate under the plan, enters into an agreement with the clearinghouse under a uniform contract offered by the clearinghouse for all such collection sites;
- (13) a list of all collection sites operated by political subdivisions that agree to collect covered electronic devices under the plan;
 - (14) a description of how the operation of the collection program will be monitored and evaluated;
- (15) the names and locations of collectors and recyclers that will manage discarded covered electronic devices;
- (16) a description of how discarded covered electronic devices will be safely, securely, and efficiently consolidated, transferred, transported, tracked, and handled from collection through final recycling and processing including:
 - (i) establishing consolidation and transfer capacity; and
- (ii) providing assurance that transportation of covered electronic devices from collectors to recyclers is arranged within two business days of a request;
- (17) a description of the methods that will be used to deconstruct or recycle the covered electronic devices;
- (18) a description of promotion and outreach activities that will be employed to encourage public participation in the collection and recycling programs and how the effectiveness of those activities will be evaluated and the program modified, if necessary;

- (19) evidence that adequate insurance and financial assurance for collection, handling, and disposal operations are in place;
- (20) five-year operational goals, including an estimate of the percentage of discarded covered electronic devices that will be collected, reused, and recycled during each of the first five years of the plan, and a specific goal for the weight of discarded covered electronic devices that will be collected and recycled or reused during each year. The operational goals must be based on:
 - (i) the estimated amount of covered electronic devices disposed of annually;
 - (ii) the most recent data on covered electronic devices collected in this state;
- (iii) the weight of covered electronic devices expected to be available for collection annually; and
- (iv) actual collection data from existing electronic waste collection and recycling programs operating in other jurisdictions.

The plan must state the methodology used to determine the operational goals; and

- (21) a discussion of the status of end markets for materials recovered from recycled covered electronic devices and what, if any, additional end markets are needed to improve the functioning of the program.
- Subd. 4. Mail-back option; content. A clearinghouse may, as part of a plan submitted to the agency for approval under this section, offer covered entities an option to mail back to the manufacturer, at no cost to a covered entity, a discarded covered electronic device manufactured by the manufacturer. A mail-back plan must:
- (1) allow a covered entity to access and print a prepaid shipping label from the manufacturer's Internet website that may be affixed to a package containing the discarded covered electronic device for shipping by a carrier selected by the manufacturer; and
 - (2) meet the requirements of subdivision 3, clauses (2), (6), (8), and (13) to (19).
- Subd. 5. Plan approval process; administration. (a) Within 15 days of receipt of a plan submitted for review, the agency shall post the plan on its website for public review. Written comments on the plan by the public must be filed with the agency no later than 45 days after the plan is posted.
- (b) Within 90 days of receipt of a plan submitted for review, the agency shall approve, reject, or modify the plan, and shall notify the plan's applicants of its action in writing, including the reasons for its decision, within 15 days of the decision. Applicants whose plan is rejected by the agency must submit a revised plan to the agency within 60 days of receiving a notice of rejection. If the revised plan does not meet the requirements of this section, as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall modify the revised plan accordingly, and shall approve the revised plan.
- (c) No manufacturer may operate under a plan that has not been approved by the agency. Any modifications to an approved plan proposed by a clearinghouse must be reviewed by the agency according to this subdivision.

- (d) No later than 90 days before the fifth anniversary of a plan's approval, the plan, with or without revisions, must be resubmitted to the agency for review and approval under the process established in this subdivision.
- (e) The agency may not approve a plan that the agency determines does not meet the requirements of subdivision 3.
- Subd. 6. Implementation deficiencies; correction process. (a) If at any time the commissioner determines that an approved plan is not being implemented in an efficient and effective manner, the commissioner shall provide in writing to the clearinghouse and to each manufacturer participating in the plan an assessment of the deficiencies and recommendations for improvement. Within 30 days of receipt of the assessment, the clearinghouse must respond in writing to the commissioner, indicating the changes that will be implemented to address the deficiencies noted in the assessment.
- (b) No later than 90 days after submitting a response under paragraph (a), the clearinghouse must submit to the commissioner in writing information documenting the changes that were implemented to address the deficiencies noted in the assessment and any information regarding the effect of the implemented changes on program operations.
- (c) If the commissioner determines that the changes implemented are insufficient to address the deficiencies, the commissioner, after providing written notice to the clearinghouse and to each manufacturer participating in the plan, may:
- (1) require the manufacturers participating in the plan to select another clearinghouse to implement the plan; or
- (2) contract with a third party to implement and administer the plan. In contracting for implementation and administration of the plan, the commissioner shall review the costs incurred by similar electronic waste collection and recycling programs in other states. The commissioner may modify the plan if bids received in response to a request for proposal exceed the average cost of collection and recycling incurred by similar electronic waste collection and recycling programs in other states. Manufacturers participating in a plan must pay the full administrative and implementation costs of the clearinghouse under any option provided in this paragraph.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1312, is amended to read:

115A.1312 REGISTRATION PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. **Requirements for sale.** (a) On or after September 1, 2007 January 1, 2027, a manufacturer must not sell or offer for sale or deliver to retailers for subsequent sale a new video display covered electronic device unless:
- (1) the video display covered electronic device is labeled with the manufacturer's brand, which label is permanently affixed and readily visible; and
 - (2) the manufacturer has filed a registration with the agency, as specified in subdivision 2.

- (b) A retailer must not sell, offer for sale, rent, or lease a video display device unless the video display device is labeled according to this subdivision and listed as registered on the agency website according to subdivision 2.
- (e) A retailer is not responsible for an unlawful sale under this subdivision if the manufacturer's registration expired or was revoked and the retailer took possession of the video display device prior to the expiration or revocation of the manufacturer's registration and the unlawful sale occurred within six months after the expiration or revocation.
- Subd. 2. **Manufacturer registration.** (a) By <u>August October</u> 15 each year, a manufacturer of <u>video display covered electronic</u> devices sold or offered for sale to <u>households covered entities</u> in <u>the this</u> state must submit a registration to the agency <u>on a form prescribed by the commissioner</u> that includes:
- (1) a list of the manufacturer's brands of video display covered electronic devices offered for sale in this state;
- (2) the name, address, and contact information of a person responsible for ensuring compliance with this chapter; and
- (3) a certification that the manufacturer has complied and will continue to comply with the requirements of sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1318 will operate under the plan approved by the agency.
- (b) A manufacturer of video display devices sold or offered for sale to a household must include in the registration submitted under paragraph (a), a statement disclosing whether:
- (1) any video display devices sold to households exceed may not sell a covered electronic device in this state that exceeds the maximum concentration values established for lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB's), and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE's) under the RoHS (restricting the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment) Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and Council and any amendments thereto; or
- (2) <u>unless</u> the manufacturer has received an exemption from one or more of those maximum concentration values under the RoHS Directive that has been approved and published by the European Commission by the agency.
- (c) A manufacturer who begins to sell or offer for sale video display devices to households after August 15, 2016, and has not filed a registration under this subdivision must submit a registration to the agency within ten days of beginning to sell or offer for sale video display covered electronic devices to households covered entities.
- (d) A <u>registration manufacturer</u> must <u>be updated file an updated registration with the agency</u> within ten days after a change in the manufacturer's brands of <u>video display covered electronic</u> devices sold or offered for sale to <u>households</u> covered entities.
- (e) A registration is effective upon receipt by the agency and is valid until <u>August October</u> 15 each year.

- (f) The agency must review each registration and notify the manufacturer of any information required by this section that is omitted from the registration. Within 30 days of receipt of a notification from the agency, the manufacturer must submit a revised registration providing the information noted by the agency.
- (g) The agency must maintain on its website the names of manufacturers and the manufacturers' brands listed in registrations filed with the agency. The agency must update the website information promptly upon receipt of a new or updated registration. The website must contain prominent language stating, in effect, that:
- (1) sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330 are directed at household equipment apply only to covered electronic devices sold to covered entities; and
- (2) the manufacturers' brands list is, therefore, not a list of manufacturers qualified to sell to industrial, commercial, or other markets identified as exempt from the requirements of sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
- Subd. 3. **Collector registration.** No person may operate as a collector of covered electronic devices or electronics recyclables from households covered entities unless that person has submitted a registration with the agency by July January 15 each year on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Registration information must include the name, address, telephone number, and location of the business and a certification that the collector has complied and will continue to comply with the requirements of sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1318, and 115A.1331 to 115A.1337, as applicable, and any regulations adopted by a local government unit for that apply to the jurisdiction in which the collector operates. A collector must indicate any end-of-life fees that will be charged at the collection point. A registration is effective upon receipt by the agency and is valid until July January 15 each year. A collector may submit a single registration under this subdivision to collect covered electronic devices, electronics recyclables, or both.
- Subd. 4. Recycler registration. No person may recycle video display covered electronic devices or electronics recyclables generated by households covered entities unless that person has submitted a registration with the agency by July October 15 each year on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Registration information must include the name, address, telephone number, and location of all recycling facilities under the direct control of the recycler that may receive covered electronic devices or electronics recyclables from households covered entities and a certification that the recycler has complied and will continue to comply with the requirements of sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1318 115A.1337, as applicable. A registered recycler must conduct recycling activities that are consistent with this chapter. A registration is effective upon receipt by the agency and is valid until July October 15 each year. A recycler may submit a single registration under this subdivision to recycle covered electronic devices, electronics recyclables, or both.
- Subd. 5. **Dual registration.** A person conducting both collection and recycling activities may register under both subdivisions 3 and 4.
- Subd. 6. **Denial of registration.** The agency may deny a registration under subdivision 3 or 4 if the collector or recycler, or an employee or officer of the collector or recycler, has, as determined by the commissioner, a history of:

- (1) repeated violations of federal, state, or local laws, regulations, standards, or ordinances related to the collection, recycling, or other management of electronics recyclables;
- (2) gross carelessness or incompetence in handling, storing, processing, transporting, disposing of, or otherwise managing electronics recyclables, as determined by the agency; or
- (3) conviction of a felony in a federal or state court for forgery, official misconduct, bribery, perjury, or knowingly submitting false information under any environmental law, regulation, or permit.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1314, is amended to read:

115A.1314 MANUFACTURER REGISTRATION FEE FEES.

Subdivision 1. **Registration fee.** (a) Each manufacturer who registers under section 115A.1312 must, by <u>August October</u> 15 each year, pay to the commissioner of revenue an annual registration fee, on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner of revenue must deposit the fee in the state treasury and credit the fee to the <u>electronic waste collection</u> and recycling account in the environmental fund.

(b) For the transition year, the registration fee for manufacturers that sell 100 or more video display devices to households in the state during the previous calendar year a manufacturer is \$2,500, plus a variable recycling fee. The registration fee for manufacturers that sell fewer than 100 video display devices in the state during the previous calendar year is a variable recycling fee. The variable recycling fee is calculated according to the formula:

 $[A - (B + C)] \times D$, where:

A = the manufacturer's recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320;

B = the number of pounds of covered electronic devices that a manufacturer recycled or arranged to have collected and recycled from households during the immediately preceding program year, as reported under section 115A.1316, subdivision 1;

C = the number of phase I or phase II recycling credits a manufacturer elects to use to calculate the variable recycling fee; and

D= the estimated per-pound cost of recycling, initially set at \$0.50 per pound for manufacturers who recycle less than 50 percent of the manufacturer's recycling obligation; \$0.40 per pound for manufacturers who recycle at least 50 percent but less than 90 percent of the manufacturer's recycling obligation; \$0.30 per pound for manufacturers who recycle at least 90 percent but less than 100 percent of the manufacturer's recycling obligation; and \$0.00 per pound for manufacturers who recycle 100 percent or more of the manufacturer's recycling obligation.

(c) A manufacturer may petition the agency to waive the per-pound cost of recycling fee, element D in the formula in paragraph (b), required under this section. The agency shall direct the commissioner of revenue to waive the per-pound cost of recycling fee if the manufacturer demonstrates to the agency's satisfaction a good faith effort to meet its recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320. The petition must include:

- (1) documentation that the manufacturer has met at least 75 percent of its recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320;
- (2) a list of political subdivisions and public and private collectors with whom the manufacturer had a formal contract or agreement in effect during the previous program year to recycle or collect covered electronic devices:
- (3) the total amounts of covered electronic devices collected from both within and outside of the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 2;
- (4) a description of the manufacturer's best efforts to meet its recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320; and
 - (5) any other information requested by the agency.
- (d) A manufacturer may retain phase I and phase II recycling credits to be added, in whole or in part, to the actual value of C, as reported under section 115A.1316, subdivision 2, during any succeeding program year, provided that no more than 25 percent of a manufacturer's recycling obligation (A) for any program year may be met with phase I and phase II recycling credits, separately or in combination, generated in a prior program year. A manufacturer may sell any portion or all of its phase I and phase II recycling credits to another manufacturer, at a price negotiated by the parties, who may use the credits in the same manner.
- (e) For the purpose of determining B in calculating a manufacturer's variable recycling fee using the formula under paragraph (b), starting with the program year beginning July 1, 2019, and continuing each year thereafter, the weight of covered electronic devices that a manufacturer recycled or arranged to have collected and recycled from households located outside the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), is calculated at 1.5 times their actual weight.
- (c) For the program year beginning January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the agency must determine the annual registration fees on a sliding scale, based on the manufacturer's market share of covered electronic devices sold in this state, by number of units or weight, as determined by the commissioner. The commissioner shall assign each manufacturer to the applicable market share tier below, based on the commissioner's market share calculation under paragraph (d):

Tier 2 At least 1 but less t	
At least 1 out less t	han 5 percent
Tier 3 At least 0.1 but less	s than 1 percent
Tier 4 At least .03 but less	s than 0.1 percent
Tier 5 At least .01 but less	s than .03 percent
Tier 6 Less than .01 perce	nt

Each manufacturer in the same tier shall pay the same fee amount. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the fee paid by manufacturers in each tier so that aggregate annual registration fees do not exceed the total annual costs of activities specified in paragraph (e).

(d) For the purposes of this section, the commissioner shall calculate each manufacturer's market share as follows:

- (1) by multiplying the total number of units or pounds of computers, computer monitors, televisions, printers, and facsimile machines sold by the manufacturer nationally during the previous calendar year times the ratio of Minnesota's population to the national population in the same year, as measured by the United States Bureau of the Census, and dividing the result by the total number of units or pounds of computers, computer monitors, televisions, printers, and facsimile machines sold by all manufacturers nationally; and
- (2) if applicable, for those product models of computers, computer monitors, televisions, printers, and facsimile machines sold by the manufacturer that are EPEAT registered, the calculation in clause (1) must be reduced by:
- (i) 15 percent for those product models that have been rated by EPEAT as achieving the gold standard;
- (ii) ten percent for those product models that have been rated by EPEAT as achieving the silver standard; or
- (iii) five percent for those product models that have been rated by EPEAT as achieving the bronze standard.
- (e) The aggregate annual registration fees paid by manufacturers under this subdivision in a program year:
- (1) may be used by the commissioner to implement and enforce sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330 and for transfer to the Department of Administration for responsibilities under section 115A.1324; and
- (2) may not be used to supplement payments made from the operations fee assessed in subdivision 2a to the clearinghouse for distribution to collectors, transporters, and recyclers, and to manufacturers operating a mail-back system.
 - Subd. 2. Use of registration fees. (a) Registration fees may be used by the commissioner for:
- (1) implementing sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1330, including transfer to the commissioner of revenue to carry out the department's duties under section 115A.1320, subdivision 2, and transfer to the commissioner of administration for responsibilities under section 115A.1324; and
- (2) grants to counties outside the 11 county metropolitan area, as defined in paragraph (b), and to private entities that collect for recycling covered electronic devices in counties outside the 11-county metropolitan area, where the collection and recycling is consistent with the respective county's solid waste plan, for the purpose of carrying out the activities under sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1330. In awarding competitive grants under this clause, the commissioner must give preference to counties and private entities that are working cooperatively with manufacturers to help them meet their recycling obligations under section 115A.1318, subdivision 1.
- (b) The 11-county metropolitan area consists of the counties of Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright.

- Subd. 2a. **Operations fee.** (a) Beginning January 1, 2027, the agency must assess, on a quarterly basis, an operations fee on each manufacturer that is required to pay a registration fee for that program year. The agency must calculate the operations fee by multiplying a manufacturer's market share, as calculated under subdivision 1, paragraph (d), for the most recently completed program year, by the total cost of collection, transportation, and recycling operations of the plan during the previous quarter. For a manufacturer operating a mail-back system under section 115A.1311, subdivision 4, the operational fee is equal to the mail-back, transportation, and recycling costs of the program during the previous quarter. A manufacturer must remit the full operations fee to the agency within 30 days of receipt of the fee assessment.
- (b) The commissioner shall deposit all fees collected under this subdivision into the covered electronic device waste collection and recycling account established in section 115A.1321.
- (c) No later than 30 days following the receipt of operations fees from manufacturers, the commissioner must use the operations fees to make payments to the clearinghouse and to manufacturers operating a mail-back system for collection, transportation, and recycling costs, as applicable.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1318, is amended to read:

115A.1318 RESPONSIBILITIES; PROHIBITION.

Subdivision 1. **Manufacturer responsibilities.** (a) In addition to fulfilling A manufacturer must fulfill the requirements of sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330, a manufacturer must comply with paragraphs (b) to (f).

- (b) A manufacturer must annually recycle or arrange for the collection and recycling of an amount of video display devices as determined by the agency in section 115A.1320, subdivision 1. A manufacturer must assume all financial responsibility associated with for costs incurred from collecting, transporting, and recycling covered electronic devices that are used to meet the manufacturer's recycling obligation determined under section 115A.1320 or that are counted as phase I or II recycling eredits, including any necessary supplies. This excludes costs that are associated with receiving and aggregating covered electronic devices from households and all the activities up to the time that covered electronic devices are loaded for transport to a recycler or arranged for transportation to a recycler under a plan approved by the agency.
- (c) The obligations of a manufacturer apply A manufacturer is required to recycle only to video display covered electronic devices received from households and do not apply to video display devices received from sources other than households covered entities.
- (d) A manufacturer must <u>eonduct and document</u> <u>ensure that</u> due diligence assessments of collectors and recyclers it contracts with, and of any applicable downstream recycling operations, are conducted and documented, including an assessment of items specified under subdivision 2. A manufacturer is responsible for maintaining, for a period of three years, documentation that all covered electronic devices recycled, partially recycled, or sent to downstream recycling operations comply with the requirements of subdivision 2.
- (e) A manufacturer must provide the agency with contact information for a person who can be contacted regarding the manufacturer's activities under sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1320.

- (f) (e) Only the covered electronic devices that are recycled by a registered recycler that is certified by an ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation Board-accredited third-party certification body to an environmentally sound management standard are eligible to meet the manufacturer's obligation as meeting an environmentally sound management standard by a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute-American Society for Quality National Accreditation Board may be reported under paragraph (f).
- (f) Beginning March 1, 2027, and continuing each March 1 thereafter, a manufacturer must report to the agency, on a form approved by the agency:
- (1) a description of the collection, transportation, mail-back, and recycling activities conducted under the approved plan in all regions of the state;
- (2) separate estimates of the number of units and the total weight of the manufacturer's covered electronic devices for each specific model sold to covered entities during the previous program year;
- (3) the total weight of the manufacturer's covered electronic devices sold to covered entities during the previous program year, which may be estimated by multiplying the weight of its covered electronic devices sold nationally times the quotient of Minnesota's population divided by the national population. The method in this clause must be used by a manufacturer that sells 99 or fewer covered electronic devices to covered entities in the state during the previous program year;
 - (4) an estimate of the total weight of covered electronic devices collected and recycled;
 - (5) a description of how the estimates in clauses (2) to (4) were calculated;
 - (6) employ bidding processes that are open, competitive, and fair;
- (7) arrange transportation of covered electronic devices from collectors to recyclers within two business days of a request; and
- (8) ensure adequate financial assurance for collection, handling, and disposal activities by posting a performance bond, or issuing a letter of credit or other financial instrument.
- (g) A manufacturer must furnish any information the agency determines is necessary to assess compliance with sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
- Subd. 1a. **Collector responsibilities.** (a) Collection sites must be: A collector must furnish any information requested by the agency or department to determine compliance with sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
 - (b) A collector operating under a plan must:
- (1) certify in a written agreement with the clearinghouse that the collector will operate in compliance with a plan approved by the agency;
 - (2) host collection sites that are:
 - (1) (i) staffed; and

- (2) (ii) open to the public at a frequency adequate to meet the needs of the area being served.;
- (iii) accept any covered electronic device; and
- (iv) beginning April 30, 2027, and continuing each 30th day of July, October, January, and April thereafter, a collector must report to the clearinghouse on a form approved by the commissioner the total weight of covered electronic devices collected during the preceding quarter under the plan.
- (b) (c) A collector may limit the number of covered electronic devices or covered electronic devices by product type accepted per customer per day or per delivery at a collection site or service.
 - (e) A collector must use only registered recyclers.
- (d) A collector that is not operating under a plan must comply with paragraph (a) and paragraph (b), item (iv), of this subdivision, as applicable.

Subd. 1b. Clearinghouse responsibilities. A clearinghouse must:

- (1) collaborate with manufacturers to develop a plan that meets all the requirements of section 115A.1311, subdivision 3;
 - (2) ensure that all participants in the plan are registered with the agency;
- (3) coordinate collection, transportation, and recycling activities under the plan including establishing sufficient consolidation and transfer capacity to ensure efficient transportation of covered electronic devices;
 - (4) manage invoices from and distribute operations fees to collectors, transporters, and recyclers;
- (5) collect and compile information from collectors, transporters, and recyclers to report to the agency; and
- (6) provide any information requested by the agency in order to determine compliance with sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
- Subd. 2. **Recycler responsibilities.** (a) A recycler must certify in a written agreement with the clearinghouse that the recycler will operate in compliance with a plan approved by the agency.
- (b) Beginning April 30, 2027, and continuing each 30th day of July, October, January, and April, a recycler of covered electronic devices must report to the agency:
- (1) the total weight of covered electronic devices, by product type, recycled during the preceding quarter, and further disaggregated to reflect separate amounts recycled under the plan; and
- (2) an estimate of the weight of portable batteries and any mercury-containing lamps associated with the covered electronic devices managed.
- (c) As part of the report submitted under section 115A.1316, subdivision 2 this subdivision, a recycler must certify, except as provided in paragraph (b) (d), that facilities that recycle covered electronic devices, including all downstream recycling operations:

- (1) use only registered collectors;
- (2) comply with all applicable health, environmental, safety, and financial responsibility regulations;
 - (3) are licensed by all applicable governmental authorities;
 - (4) use no prison labor to recycle video display covered electronic devices;
- (5) possess liability insurance of not less than $\frac{\$1,000,000}{\$5,000,000}$ for environmental releases, accidents, and other emergencies;
- (6) provide a report annually to each registered collector regarding the <u>video display covered</u> <u>electronic</u> devices received from that entity; and
- (7) do not charge collectors for transporting, recycling, or any necessary supplies related to transporting or recycling covered electronic devices that meet a manufacturer's recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon under a plan approved by the agency.
- (b) (d) A nonprofit corporation that contracts with a correctional institution to refurbish and reuse donated computers in schools is exempt from paragraph (a) (b), clauses (4) and (5).
- (e) (e) Except to the extent otherwise required by law and unless agreed upon otherwise by the recycler or manufacturer, a recycler has no responsibility for any data that may be contained in a covered electronic device if an information storage device is included in the covered electronic device.
- (f) A recycler must provide any information requested by the agency to determine compliance with sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
- Subd. 3. **Retailer responsibilities.** (a) A retailer is responsible for reviewing registration information placed on the agency's website, as required under section 115A.1312, subdivision 2, paragraph (g). Beginning January 1, 2027, no retailer shall sell or offer for sale a covered electronic device that is not labeled by the manufacturer and registered as required by section 115A.1312.
- (b) A retailer is not responsible for an unlawful sale under this subdivision if the manufacturer was not registered or the manufacturer's registration expired or was revoked, provided that the retailer took possession of the covered electronic device prior to January 1, 2027, or prior to the expiration or revocation of the manufacturer's registration, and the unlawful sale occurred within six months after the expiration or revocation.
- (c) Beginning January 1, 2027, a retailer who sells new video display selling covered electronic devices in this state shall provide information to households customers describing where and how they may recycle video display covered electronic devices and advising them of opportunities and locations for the convenient collection of video display covered electronic devices, including manufacturer mail-back programs, for the purpose of recycling. This requirement may be met by posting signs at the point of sale stating that covered electronic devices should not be placed in solid waste or a solid waste facility, or by providing to households customers the agency's toll-free number

and website address. Retailers selling through catalogs or the Internet may meet this requirement by including the information in a prominent location on the retailer's website.

Subd. 4. **Prohibition.** A collector may not be charged for collection, transportation, or recycling services, or any costs incurred by a collector operating under a plan approved by the agency.

Sec. 6. [115A.1319] TRANSITION TO NEW PROGRAM.

- (a) Notwithstanding section 115A.1310, subdivision 13, the program year beginning July 1, 2025, ends on December 31, 2026.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 115A.1314, the registration fee for the program year beginning July 1, 2025, is 1.5 times the registration fee that would otherwise be charged for a 12-month program year.
- (c) In addition to the annual registration and operations fees charged to manufacturers under section 115A.1314, the agency shall charge each manufacturer a onetime advance operations fee that is due for payment on October 15, 2026. The agency must calculate the advance operations fee by multiplying the manufacturer's market share in 2024, as calculated in section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), times the number of pounds of covered electronic devices the manufacturer collected in 2024, as reported in section 115A.1318, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), times the commissioner's estimate of the national average cost to recycle one pound of covered electronic devices, times 0.5.
- (d) No later than March 31, 2027, the agency must compare each manufacturer's advance operations fee assessed in paragraph (c) with the product of the actual total cost of collecting, transporting, and recycling covered electronic devices under the plan in which the manufacturer participated, multiplied times the manufacturer's market share, as calculated in section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, paragraph (d). If the manufacturer's advance operations fee exceeds a manufacturer's share of estimated actual program costs, the agency must pay the difference to the manufacturer. If the manufacturer's share of estimated actual program costs exceeds the manufacturer's advance operations fee, the manufacturer must remit the difference to the agency.
- (e) Notwithstanding section 115A.1318, reports required by the agency from manufacturers, collectors, and recyclers for the 2025 program year are not due until January 15, 2027.
- (f) All Phase I and Phase II recycling credits expire on July 31, 2026, and may not be utilized thereafter by a manufacturer to calculate the amount of covered electronic devices recycled by the manufacturer.
 - (g) This section expires June 30, 2027.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1320, is amended to read:

115A.1320 AGENCY AND DEPARTMENT DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. **Duties of agency.** (a) The agency shall must:

(1) administer sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330-;

- (2) review and approve a plan; and
- (3) ensure that manufacturers remit in full registration and operations fees.
- (b) The agency shall must establish procedures for:
- (1) receipt and maintenance of the registration statements and certifications filed with the agency under section 115A.1312; and
- (2) making the <u>registration</u> statements and certifications easily available to manufacturers, retailers, and members of the public.
- (c) The agency shall annually review the following variables that are used to calculate a manufacturer's annual registration fee under section 115A.1314, subdivision 1:
 - (1) the obligation-setting mechanism for manufacturers as specified under paragraph (g);
- (2) the estimated per-pound price of recycling covered electronic devices sold to households; and
 - (3) the base registration fee.
- (d) If the agency determines that any of these values must be changed in order to improve the efficiency or effectiveness of the activities regulated under sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1330, or if the revenues exceed the amount that the agency determines is necessary, the agency shall submit recommended changes and the reasons for them to the chairs of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over solid waste policy.
- (e) By May 1 each year, the agency shall publish a statewide recycling goal for all video display device waste that is the weight of all video display devices collected for recycling during each of the three most recently completed program years, excluding the most recently concluded program year, divided by two.
- (f) By May 1 each year, the agency shall determine each registered manufacturer's market share of video display devices to be collected and recycled based on the manufacturer's percentage share of the total weight of video display devices sold as reported to the agency under section 115A.1316, subdivision 1.
- (g) By May 1 each year, the agency shall provide each manufacturer with a determination of the manufacturer's share of video display devices to be collected and recycled. A manufacturer's market share of video display devices as specified in paragraph (f) is applied proportionally to the statewide recycling goal as specified in paragraph (e) to determine an individual manufacturer's recycling obligation. Upon request by the commissioner of revenue, the agency must provide the information submitted to manufacturers under this paragraph to the commissioner of revenue.
- (h) (c) No later than February 28 each year, beginning in 2026, the agency shall provide must submit a report to the governor and the legislature chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees with primary responsibility for solid waste policy on the implementation of sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330. For each program year, the report must discuss the total weight of covered electronic devices recycled and a summary of information in the reports submitted by

manufacturers and recyclers under section 115A.1316 115A.1318. The report must also discuss the various collection programs used by manufacturers to collect covered electronic devices; information regarding covered electronic devices that are being collected by persons other than registered manufacturers, collectors, and recyclers; and information about covered electronic devices, if any, being disposed of in landfills in this state. The report must examine which covered electronic devices, based on economic and environmental considerations, should be subject to the obligation-setting mechanism under paragraph (g). The report must include a description of enforcement actions taken under sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330. The agency may include in its report other information received by the agency regarding the implementation of sections 115A.1312 115A.1310 to 115A.1330. The report must be done in conjunction with the report required under section 115A.121.

- (i) (d) The agency shall must promote public participation in the activities regulated under sections 115A.1312 115A.1310 to 115A.1330 115A.1339 through public education and outreach efforts.
- (j) (e) The agency shall <u>must</u> enforce sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330 in the manner provided by sections 115.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6; and 116.072, except for those provisions enforced by the department, as provided in subdivision 2. The agency may revoke a registration of a collector or recycler found to have violated sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
- (k) The agency shall facilitate communication between counties, collection and recycling centers, and manufacturers to ensure that manufacturers are aware of video display devices available for recycling.
- (1) (f) The agency shall must post on its website the contact information provided by each manufacturer under section 115A.1318 115A.1312, subdivision 1 2, paragraph (e) (a), clause (2).
- Subd. 2. Additional duties. (a) The agency must collect the data submitted to it annually by each manufacturer on the total weight of each specific model of video display device sold to households, if provided; the total weight of video display devices sold to households; the total weight of covered electronic devices collected from households that are recycled; and data on phase I and phase II recycling credits, as required under section 115A.1316. The department must use this data to review each manufacturer's annual registration fee submitted to the department to ensure that the fee was calculated accurately.
- (b) The agency must estimate, for each registered manufacturer, the sales of video display devices to households during the previous program year, based on:
- (1) data provided by a manufacturer on sales of video display devices to households, including documentation describing how that amount was calculated and certification that the amount is accurate; or
- (2) if a manufacturer does not provide the data specified in clause (1), national data on sales of video display devices.

The department must use the data specified in this subdivision to review each manufacturer's annual registration fee submitted to the department to ensure that the fee was calculated accurately according to the formula in section 115A.1314, subdivision 1.

- (e) The department must enforce section 115A.1314, subdivision 1. The audit, assessment, appeal, collection, enforcement, disclosure, and other administrative provisions of chapters 270B, 270C, and 289A that apply to the taxes imposed under chapter 297A apply to the fee imposed under section 115A.1314, subdivision 1. To enforce section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, the commissioner of revenue may grant extensions to pay, and impose and abate penalties and interest on, the fee due under section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, in the manner provided in chapters 270C and 289A as if the fee were a tax imposed under chapter 297A.
- (d) The department may disclose nonpublic data to the agency only when necessary for the efficient and effective administration of the activities regulated under sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330. Any data disclosed by the department to the agency retains the classification it had when in the possession of the department.

Sec. 8. [115A.1321] COVERED ELECTRONIC DEVICE WASTE COLLECTION AND RECYCLING ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. Establishment of account. The covered electronic device waste collection and recycling account is established as a separate account in the environmental fund in the state treasury. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall credit to the account registration and operations fees paid by manufacturers under sections 115A.1314 and 115A.1319, and appropriations and transfers to the account. Earnings, such as interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from assets of the account, must be credited to the account. Funds remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year are not canceled to the general fund, but remain in the account until expended. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall manage the account.

Subd. 2. **Expenditures.** Money in the account may be used only as follows:

- (1) operations fees assessed under section 115A.1314, subdivision 2a, and the onetime advanced operations fee assessed in section 115A.1319 must be used only for the purposes specified in section 115A.1314, subdivision 2a, paragraph (c); and
- (2) registration fees paid under section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, must be used to reimburse the agency's costs to administer and enforce sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330.
- Subd. 3. **Appropriation.** Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of subdivision 2.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1322, is amended to read:

115A.1322 OTHER RECYCLING PROGRAMS.

A city, county, or other public agency may not require households to use public facilities to recycle their covered electronic devices to the exclusion of other lawful programs available. Cities, counties, and other public agencies, including those awarded contracts by the agency under section 115A.1314, subdivision 2, are encouraged to work with manufacturers to assist them in meeting their recycling obligations under section 115A.1318, subdivision 1. Nothing in sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330 prohibits or restricts the operation of any program recycling covered electronic devices in addition to those provided by manufacturers or prohibits or restricts any persons from receiving,

collecting, transporting, or recycling covered electronic devices, provided that those persons are registered under section 115A.1312.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1324, is amended to read:

115A.1324 REQUIREMENTS FOR PURCHASES BY STATE AGENCIES.

- (a) The Department of Administration must ensure that acquisitions of <u>video display covered</u> <u>electronic</u> devices under chapter 16C are in compliance with or not subject to sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1318.
- (b) The solicitation documents must specify that the prospective responder is required to cooperate fully in providing reasonable access to its records and documents that evidence compliance with paragraph (a) and sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1318.
- (c) Any person awarded a contract under chapter 16C for purchase or lease of video display covered electronic devices that is found to be in violation of paragraph (a) or sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1318 is subject to the following sanctions:
- (1) the contract must be voided if the commissioner of administration determines that the potential adverse impact to the state is exceeded by the benefit obtained from voiding the contract;
- (2) the contractor is subject to suspension and disbarment under Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1150; and
- (3) if the attorney general establishes that any money, property, or benefit was obtained by a contractor as a result of violating paragraph (a) or sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1318, the court may, in addition to any other remedy, order the disgorgement of the unlawfully obtained money, property, or benefit.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1326, is amended to read:

115A.1326 REGULATING VIDEO DISPLAY COVERED ELECTRONIC DEVICES.

If the United States Environmental Protection Agency adopts regulations under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act regarding the handling, storage, or treatment of any type of video display covered electronic device being recycled, those regulations are automatically effective in this state on the same date and supersede any rules previously adopted by the agency regarding the handling, storage, or treatment of all video display covered electronic devices being recycled.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1330, is amended to read:

115A.1330 LIMITATIONS.

Sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1330 expire if a federal law, or combination of federal laws, take effect that is applicable to all <u>video display covered electronic</u> devices sold in the United States and establish a program for the collection and recycling or reuse of <u>video display covered electronic</u> devices that is applicable to all video display devices discarded by households.

Sec. 13. [115A.1331] DEFINITIONS.

- (a) For the purposes of sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1339, the following terms have the meanings given them.
- (b) "Collector" means a public or private entity registered with the agency under section 115A.1312 to collect or receive discarded electronics recyclables from a covered entity and arrange for their delivery to a transporter or recycler.
 - (c) "Covered entity" has the meaning given in section 115A.1310, subdivision 7a.
- (d) "Electronics recyclables" means products that are powered by, generate, store, or conduct electricity. Electronics recyclables does not include:
 - (1) a covered electronic device, as defined in section 115A.1310, subdivision 7;
 - (2) electric vehicles, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 26a;
 - (3) industrial machinery;
 - (4) major appliances;
 - (5) solar photovoltaic panels;
 - (6) real property or fixtures;
 - (7) lead acid batteries; or
 - (8) equipment used solely for medical purposes.
 - (e) "Manufacturer" means a person who:
- (1) manufactures electronics recyclables to be sold under its own brand as identified by its own brand label; or
- (2) sells electronics recyclables manufactured by others under its own brand as identified by its own brand label.
- (f) "Recycler" means a person registered with the agency under section 115A.1312 to conduct recycling on electronics recyclables. Recycler does not mean a person whose sole operation with respect to electronics recyclables is to manually dismantle them.
 - (g) "Recycling" means the process of:
- (1) disassembling, dismantling, or shredding electronics recyclables in order to recover certain materials; or
 - (2) salvaging components of electronics recyclables for use in new products; and
 - (3) delivering such materials or components for further processing or use.

Recycling does not include:

- (i) the destruction by incineration or other process or land disposal of recyclable materials retrieved from electronics recyclables;
 - (ii) reuse;
 - (iii) repair; or
- (iv) any other process through which electronics recyclables are enabled to be reused in their original form.
- (h) "Refurbished" means a used electronics recyclable that was recycled or returned to the manufacturer, then tested and, if necessary, repaired, by the manufacturer or a third party before being sold again.
- (i) "Retailer" means a person who offers electronics recyclables for sale in or into this state. Retailer includes a:
 - (1) retailer maintaining a place of business in this state;
- (2) marketplace provider maintaining a place of business in this state, as defined in section 297A.66, subdivision 1, paragraph (a);
 - (3) retailer not maintaining a place of business in this state; and
- (4) marketplace provider not maintaining a place of business in this state, as defined in section 297A.66, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

Retailer does not include a person whose sales of electronics recyclables in or into this state in the immediately preceding calendar year was less than \$1,000.

- (j) "Reuse" means:
- (1) the repair, refurbishment, or enhancement of an electronics recyclable that enables it to be offered for sale for the same purpose for which it was originally manufactured; or
- (2) the offering for sale of a discarded electronics recyclable or any of its components that have not undergone repair, refurbishment, or enhancement.
- (k) "Transporter" means a person that transports discarded electronics recyclables from a collector to a recycler.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

Sec. 14. [115A.1332] COLLECTOR AND RECYCLER REGISTRATION.

No person may operate as a collector or recycler of electronics recyclables unless that person has submitted a registration with the agency under section 115A.1312, subdivision 3 or 4, as applicable.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 15. [115A.1335] RECYCLING FEE.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), on and after January 1, 2025, a recycling fee is imposed on each retailer equal to 3.2 percent of the retail price to each electronics recyclable it offers for sale in this state.
- (b) A retailer is not subject to the fee imposed in paragraph (a) for the sale of a cell phone, but is instead subject to a fee of \$0.90 for each cell phone sold. The fee imposed under this paragraph is subject to paragraphs (c) to (f).
 - (c) A retailer may, but is not required to, collect the fee from the purchaser.
- (d) If a retailer collects the fee from the purchaser, the retailer must show the total of the retail recycling fee as a separate item and distinct from the sales price and any other taxes or fees imposed on the retail purchase on the purchaser's receipt, invoice, or other bill of sale. The receipt, invoice, or other bill of sale must state the retail delivery fee as "electronic waste recycling fee."
- (e) The fee required under this section may not be applied to previously owned or refurbished electronics recyclables.
- (f) Beginning January 1, 2025, a retailer must remit the recycling fee for each electronics recyclable sold in this state to the commissioner monthly in a manner, and accompanied by a form, prescribed by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

Sec. 16. [115A.1336] ELECTRONIC WASTE RECYCLING ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment of account.** An electronic waste recycling account is established in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The commissioner shall credit to the account recycling fees remitted to the agency by retailers under section 115A.1335, and appropriations and transfers to the account. Earnings, such as interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from assets of the account, must be credited to the account. Funds remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year are not canceled to the general fund, but remain in the account until expended. The commissioner shall manage the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner to administer the electronic waste recycling program under sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1342.

- Subd. 2. Use of funds. (a) Of the amount in the account, beginning in fiscal year 2025 and continuing through fiscal year 2028, the commissioner shall allocate \$1,000,000 each year for the purpose of awarding grants under section 115A.1342 and to reimburse the agency for its costs to administer that section. Unexpended funds for this purpose remain available for this purpose until June 30, 2028, at which point they become available for other purposes in this subdivision.
 - (b) \$420,000 is to be used for the study required under section 23.
 - (c) The balance of the account is to be used to:
 - (1) reimburse the costs of collectors under the electronic waste recycling program; and

- (2) reimburse the reasonable costs of the agency to administer and enforce sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1340, which costs may not exceed three percent of the balance in the account at the end of the month in which the agency submits a reimbursement request, excluding the amounts set aside for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b).
- Subd. 3. Financial reserve limit. (a) The commissioner must not maintain a financial reserve in the account established under this section in excess of 75 percent of the agency's average annual expenses required to implement sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1342.
- (b) If the financial reserve at any time exceeds 75 percent of the agency's annual expenses to implement sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1342, the commissioner must reduce the recycling fee established in section 115A.1335 for the following year to a level that results in compliance with this subdivision.
- Subd. 4. **Appropriation.** Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of subdivision 2.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2025.

Sec. 17. [115A.1337] DISPOSITION OF RECYCLING FEES.

Subdivision 1. Collectors' invoices. Beginning in the second quarter of 2025, and continuing quarterly thereafter, a collector must submit to the commissioner, on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, information and supporting material documenting the following costs incurred to collect electronics recyclables during the previous quarter to conduct activities under sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1340:

- (1) the costs of collecting electronics recyclables which are transported for recycling;
- (2) the costs of transporting electronics recyclables to recyclers, as evidenced by invoices from transporters; and
- (3) recycling costs paid by collectors to recyclers of electronics recyclables, as evidenced by invoices from recyclers.
- Subd. 2. **Agency review; reimbursement.** (a) The commissioner must review the information submitted by collectors under subdivision 1. The commissioner may request additional information or documentation from a collector.
- (b) In determining the reasonableness of the cost information submitted by a collector under subdivision 1, the commissioner must compare the reported costs of collection, transportation, and recycling with those of other collectors, including collectors operating in the same geographic region, and must consider the extent to which significant deviations from the average cost are justified as a result of low population density, distance to recyclers, or other relevant factors.
- (c) The commissioner may accept, reject, or modify the requested cost reimbursement amount submitted by a collector, and must provide a collector with written notice of the reasons for any rejection or modification of the collector's requested cost reimbursement amount.

- (d) Reimbursements to collectors for collection activities under this subdivision must be made only for the amount of collected electronics recyclables that is transported to a recycler.
- (e) During the last week of each quarter, the commissioner shall reimburse the collector for costs incurred during the previous quarter that the commissioner determines to be reasonable, plus an additional payment of \$0.90 per pound of electronics recyclables recycled.
- (f) A person registered as both a collector and a recycler under section 115A.1312 may not be reimbursed for collection costs with respect to any electronics recyclables recycled by the person, although the person is eligible to receive the \$0.90 per pound additional payment required under paragraph (e) for all electronics recyclables collected by that person that are recycled by that person or other recyclers.
- (g) A transporter or recycler may not charge or accept payment from any person except a collector for transporting, recycling, or otherwise handling electronics recyclables.
- (h) Except as provided in paragraph (i), a collector must be compensated for the costs of collecting, transporting, and recycling electronics recyclables under sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1338 solely from reimbursements made by the commissioner from the proceeds of the recycling fee imposed in section 115A.1335.
- (i) A collector may be compensated by a private individual for services associated with collecting and recycling electronics recyclables but which are not required under sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1338, including but not limited to:
 - (1) collecting electronics recyclables from a private individual's home or business;
 - (2) data destruction services; and
- (3) agreeing to be present at an electronics recyclables collection event hosted by a sponsor at a location other than a permanent collection site.

A collector may not be reimbursed by the commissioner from the proceeds of the recycling fee for services described in this paragraph.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 18. [115A.1338] RESPONSIBILITIES.

Subdivision 1. Collector responsibilities. (a) Collection sites must be staffed and open to the public at times convenient and of sufficient duration to meet the needs of the area being served.

- (b) A collector may:
- (1) refuse to accept any specific type of electronics recyclable; and
- (2) limit the number or type of electronics recyclables accepted per customer per day or per delivery.

- (c) By July 15 each year, a collector of electronics recyclables must report to the agency the total weight of electronics recyclables collected during the preceding calendar year.
 - Subd. 2. Recycler responsibilities. A recycler sent electronics recyclables by a collector:
- (1) may not charge a collector for transporting, recycling, or any necessary supplies related to transporting or recycling electronics recyclables, unless the charge is mutually agreed upon; and
- (2) must submit a written report annually to the commissioner, at a time determined by the commissioner, specifying the total weight of electronics recyclables received from each collector during the previous year.
- Subd. 3. Retailer responsibilities. A retailer who sells electronics recyclables must provide information to purchasers of those products describing:
 - (1) how electronics recyclables may be recycled;
- (2) opportunities and locations for the convenient collection of electronics recyclables for the purpose of recycling; and
- (3) the fee for the operation of the program that is included in the purchase price of electronics recyclables sold in this state.
- Subd. 4. Agency responsibilities (a) The commissioner must, in consultation with the Electronics Recyclables Advisory Committee established in section 115A.1341, collectors, and recyclers, annually review the amount of the recycling fee established under section 115A.1335 and the additional payment required under section 115A.1337 to ensure that revenue collected to reimburse collectors for collection, transportation, and recycling costs approved by the commissioner under section 115A.1337 and to reimburse the agency for the costs of administering and enforcing sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1342, is sufficient but not excessive. The commissioner may adjust the amount of the recycling fee or additional payment after considering:
 - (1) current and projected sales of electronics recyclables in this state;
 - (2) current and projected collection rates of electronics recyclables discarded in this state;
 - (3) the costs of collecting, transporting, and recycling electronics recyclables in this state; and
 - (4) the agency's costs of administering and enforcing sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1342.
- (b) In order to ensure the most efficient use of recycling fees, the commissioner shall encourage, and may require, collectors operating in nearby areas to consolidate what would otherwise be smaller separate shipments of electronics recyclables to recyclers.
- (c) The agency shall enforce sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1339 in the manner provided by sections 115.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6; and 116.072. The agency may revoke a registration of a collector or recycler found to have violated sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1338.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 19. [115A.1339] REPORTING.

No later than July 1, 2026, and by each July 1 thereafter, the agency must submit a written report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary jurisdiction over environmental policy and finance on the operation of the electronic waste recycling program under sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1339. The report must include, at a minimum:

- (1) the total weight of electronics recyclables collected during the previous year, by collector and county;
- (2) the total weight of electronics recyclables transported for recycling during the previous year, by collector and county;
 - (3) total recycling fees deposited into the electronic waste recycling account;
 - (4) total reimbursements paid to collectors from the electronic waste recycling account;
 - (5) impacts of the electronic waste recycling program on the number or location of collectors;
- (6) suggested changes to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the electronic waste recycling program; and
 - (7) any other information about program operations or other issues the agency deems relevant.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 20. [115A.1340] OTHER RECYCLING PROGRAMS.

A city, county, or other public agency may not require purchasers of electronics recyclables to use public facilities to recycle electronics recyclables to the exclusion of other lawful programs available. Nothing in sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1338 prohibits or restricts the operation of any program recycling electronics recyclables in addition to those operated under sections 115A.1331 to 115A.1338 or prohibits or restricts any persons from receiving, collecting, transporting, or recycling electronics recyclables, provided that those persons are registered under section 115A.1312.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 21. [115A.1341] ELECTRONICS RECYCLABLES ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment; members.** (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall, no later than October 1, 2024, establish and appoint an Electronics Recyclables Advisory Committee consisting of 11 members appointed as follows:

- (1) one representative from each of two different sites operated by a public entity where electronics recyclables are collected for recycling;
- (2) one representative from each of two different sites operated by a private entity where electronics recyclables are collected for recycling;

- (3) one representative from each of two different Tribal environmental services organizations;
- (4) one representative of a recycler of covered electronic devices, as defined in section 115A.1310, subdivision 7a;
 - (5) one representative of a recycler of electronics recyclables;
 - (6) one representative from each of two different environmental nonprofit organizations; and
 - (7) one representative from the public at-large.
 - (b) In appointing members to the advisory committee, the commissioner shall:
 - (1) appoint a laborer as one of the representatives from a public or private collection site;
 - (2) not appoint a person who is a lobbyist registered under section 10A.03;
- (3) appoint no more than seven members of the advisory committee who reside within Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington Counties; and
 - (4) endeavor to appoint members representing all regions of the state.
- Subd. 2. **Duties.** The advisory committee shall recommend to the commissioner, based on information it has gathered from collectors, recyclers, electronics manufacturers, environmental organizations, and members of the public, modifications in the programs operated under sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1338, including the level of the recycling fee established under section 115A.1335 and the additional payment required under section 115A.1334, that would make the programs more efficient, less costly, or increase the amount of covered electronic devices and electronics recyclables collected and recycled.
- Subd. 3. Administration. (a) The advisory committee shall elect a chair by majority vote at its initial meeting. The advisory committee shall meet quarterly. Additional meetings may be held at the call of the chair.
 - (b) The Pollution Control Agency shall serve as staff to the advisory committee.

Sec. 22. [115A.1342] ELECTRONICS RECYCLER AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT GRANT PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For the purposes of this section, "eligible applicant" means a recycler located in Minnesota who is participating in recycling programs operating under sections 115A.1310 to 115A.1337.
- Subd. 2. **Establishment.** An electronics recycler air quality grant program is established in the Pollution Control Agency to assist eligible applicants to purchase and install equipment to improve air quality within or outside the recycling facilities.
- Subd. 3. Application and award process. (a) To be considered for a grant under this section, an eligible applicant must file a written application with the commissioner on a form developed by the commissioner.

- (b) The commissioner shall act as fiscal agent for the grant program, and shall develop administrative procedures to evaluate the application, evaluation, and grant award processes.
 - (c) The commissioner shall award grants on a first-come, first-served basis.
 - (d) Grants may be awarded to an eligible applicant for:
 - (1) equipment that improves indoor air quality in a facility operating a shredder or smelter;
 - (2) equipment that improves outdoor air quality in a facility operating a smelter; or
- (3) forklifts that operate solely on electricity that replace forklifts operating solely on a fossil fuel.
- Subd. 4. **Grant amounts.** A grant awarded under this section may not exceed the lesser of 90 percent of the purchase and installation costs of the applicable equipment or \$500,000.
 - Subd. 5. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2028.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. ELECTRONICS RECYCLING STUDY.

- (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall contract with an independent third party to conduct a study that examines the barriers to electronics recycling and recommends ways those barriers may be overcome. The study must, at a minimum, address:
 - (1) the status of end markets for materials recovered from electronics recycling;
 - (2) information regarding the toxicity of materials recovered from electronics recycling;
 - (3) ways to promote worker safety in facilities that recycle electronics;
 - (4) opportunities and methods to recover precious metals from electronic recycling processes;
 - (5) measures to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases from electronic recycling facilities; and
- (6) how changes in product design that increase the recyclability of electronics products can be encouraged.
- (b) No later than March 1, 2025, the commissioner shall submit a written report containing the findings and recommendations of the study to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary responsibility over recycling.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 24. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.1316, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3, are repealed."

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Fatch from the Committee on Higher Education, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1275: A bill for an act relating to education; requiring high school students to complete the FAFSA or state financial aid application; requiring the commissioners of the Office of Higher Education and the Department of Education to establish a FAFSA working group; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.02, by adding a subdivision.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 4. **FAFSA requirement.** (a) Beginning in the 2024-2025 school year, to graduate from high school, a high school student must complete one of the following requirements prior to graduation:
- (1) complete and submit the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) form, or if the student is not eligible to complete a FAFSA form, an application for state financial aid; or
- (2) using a form created by the Department of Education, file a signed waiver with the student's high school indicating that the parent or guardian of the student, or the student if the student is at least 18 years old or legally emancipated, understands what the FAFSA form or state financial aid application is and has chosen not to file an application.
- (b) A high school principal or other person having administrative control of a high school, or a high school counselor, must waive the requirements under paragraph (a) for a group of students no later than April 15 each year if:
 - (1) the student has not fulfilled either of the requirements under paragraph (a);
 - (2) the student has met all other graduation requirements; and
- (3) the principal or high school counselor attests that the high school has made a good faith effort to assist the student or family in meeting either of the requirements.
- (c) A high school counselor must encourage and assist high school seniors to complete and submit the FAFSA or state financial aid application.
- (d) A high school principal or faculty is prohibited from inquiring about or disclosing a student's or student's family's immigration status.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 2. [136A.052] FAFSA REPORTING.

The Office of Higher Education shall report information to school districts to determine which students have complied with the requirements under section 120B.02, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1). The Office of Higher Education shall not specify or disclose in the report which financial form the student completed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to education; requiring high school students to complete the FAFSA or state financial aid application; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.02, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136A."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Education Policy. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Hawj from the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy, to which was referred

S.F. No. 3905: A bill for an act relating to natural resources; providing for new electronic license system; making conforming changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 14.386; 84.027, subdivision 15; 84.0874; 84.152, subdivision 3; 84.788, subdivision 11; 84.798, subdivision 10; 84.8035, subdivision 1; 84.82, subdivisions 2a, 11; 84.8205; 84.83, subdivision 2; 84.922, subdivision 12; 85.41, subdivisions 1, 4; 85.45, subdivision 1; 85.46, subdivision 3; 86B.415, subdivision 11; 97A.015, subdivision 3a, by adding a subdivision; 97A.215, by adding a subdivision; 97A.405, subdivisions 5; 97A.405, subdivisions 3, 4, 4a; 97A.420, as amended; 97A.445, by adding a subdivision; 97A.473, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 5a; 97A.474, subdivision 3; 97A.481; 97A.485, subdivision 6; 97A.535, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 4; 97A.551, subdivision 6; 97B.303; 97B.401; 97B.603; 97B.716, subdivision 2; 97B.721; 97C.087; 97C.301, subdivision 2a; 97C.355, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 84.83, subdivision 3; 97A.405, subdivision 2; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 97A.015, subdivision 27a; 97A.485, subdivision 13.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans. Report adopted.

Senator Kunesh from the Committee on Education Finance, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4588: A bill for an act relating to education finance; making forecast adjustments; appropriating money; amending Laws 2023, chapter 18, section 4, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended; Laws 2023, chapter 54, section 20, subdivisions 7, 9, 17; Laws 2023, chapter 55, article 1, section 36, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9; article 2, section 64, subdivisions 2, 6, 21, 23; article 4, section 21, subdivisions 2, 5; article 5, section 64, subdivisions 3, 14; article 7, section 18, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, 7; article 8, section 19, subdivisions 3, 6; article 9, section 18, subdivisions 4, 8; article 11, section 11, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 10.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Report adopted.

Senator Port from the Committee on Housing and Homelessness Prevention, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4053: A bill for an act relating to cooperatives; providing for the organization and operation of housing cooperatives for seniors, low and moderate income people, limited equity cooperatives and leasing cooperatives for designated members; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308C.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete subdivision 2

Page 1, after line 6, insert:

"ARTICLE 1

MINNESOTA COOPERATIVE HOUSING ACT"

Page 2, line 13, delete "[or another state]" and insert "or another state"

Page 8, line 15, delete "\$......" and insert "\$35."

Page 11, line 8, delete "the" and insert "each"

Page 12, line 29, before "80" insert "at least"

Page 27, line 4, delete "The cooperative may authorize in its bylaws that"

Page 27, line 5, after the first "board" insert "must" and delete everything after "members" and insert a comma

Page 27, delete lines 6 to 9

Page 27, line 10, delete "shall be"

Page 29, line 20, after the period, insert "The board must record the action, along with an explanation of why the action was taken and why it occurred outside an open meeting. Any member of the cooperative may access the record."

Page 37, line 22, after "members" insert "of the"

Page 41, line 24, delete "otherwise" and insert "more frequent meetings are"

Page 41, line 30, before "condition" insert "financial"

Page 43, line 22, delete everything after the first "members" and insert a period

Page 55, line 16, delete "member's" and insert "member"

Page 72, line 30, before "before" insert "for a nonoccupant membership interest"

Page 72, line 31, before the period, insert "for a nonoccupant membership interest"

Page 72, line 32, after "new contribution" insert "for a nonoccupant membership interest"

Page 90, after line 31, insert:

"ARTICLE 2

CROSS-REFERENCE UPDATES

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.395, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Eligible applicants. Eligible applicants for grants awarded under this section include:
- (1) an incorporated business or a partnership;
- (2) a political subdivision;
- (3) an Indian tribe;
- (4) a Minnesota nonprofit organization organized under chapter 317A;
- (5) a Minnesota cooperative association organized under chapter 308A or, 308B, or 308C; or
- (6) a Minnesota limited liability corporation organized under chapter 322C, to expand broadband access.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.11, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. Limited equity cooperative apartments. For the purposes of this subdivision, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

A "limited equity cooperative" is a corporation organized under chapter 308A or, 308B, or 308C, which has as its primary purpose the provision of housing and related services to its members which meets one of the following criteria with respect to the income of its members: (1) a minimum of 75 percent of members must have incomes at or less than 90 percent of area median income, (2) a minimum of 40 percent of members must have incomes at or less than 60 percent of area median income, or (3) a minimum of 20 percent of members must have incomes at or less than 50 percent of area median income. For purposes of this clause, "member income" shall mean the income of a member existing at the time the member acquires cooperative membership, and median income shall mean the St. Paul-Minneapolis metropolitan area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. It must also meet the following requirements:

- (a) The articles of incorporation set the sale price of occupancy entitling cooperative shares or memberships at no more than a transfer value determined as provided in the articles. That value may not exceed the sum of the following:
- (1) the consideration paid for the membership or shares by the first occupant of the unit, as shown in the records of the corporation;

- (2) the fair market value, as shown in the records of the corporation, of any improvements to the real property that were installed at the sole expense of the member with the prior approval of the board of directors;
- (3) accumulated interest, or an inflation allowance not to exceed the greater of a ten percent annual noncompounded increase on the consideration paid for the membership or share by the first occupant of the unit, or the amount that would have been paid on that consideration if interest had been paid on it at the rate of the percentage increase in the revised Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area prepared by the United States Department of Labor, provided that the amount determined pursuant to this clause may not exceed \$500 for each year or fraction of a year the membership or share was owned; plus
- (4) real property capital contributions shown in the records of the corporation to have been paid by the transferor member and previous holders of the same membership, or of separate memberships that had entitled occupancy to the unit of the member involved. These contributions include contributions to a corporate reserve account the use of which is restricted to real property improvements or acquisitions, contributions to the corporation which are used for real property improvements or acquisitions, and the amount of principal amortized by the corporation on its indebtedness due to the financing of real property acquisition or improvement or the averaging of principal paid by the corporation over the term of its real property-related indebtedness.
- (b) The articles of incorporation require that the board of directors limit the purchase price of stock or membership interests for new member-occupants or resident shareholders to an amount which does not exceed the transfer value for the membership or stock as defined in clause (a).
- (c) The articles of incorporation require that the total distribution out of capital to a member shall not exceed that transfer value.
- (d) The articles of incorporation require that upon liquidation of the corporation any assets remaining after retirement of corporate debts and distribution to members will be conveyed to a charitable organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or a public agency.

A "limited equity cooperative apartment" is a dwelling unit owned by a limited equity cooperative.

"Occupancy entitling cooperative share or membership" is the ownership interest in a cooperative organization which entitles the holder to an exclusive right to occupy a dwelling unit owned or leased by the cooperative.

For purposes of taxation, the assessor shall value a unit owned by a limited equity cooperative at the lesser of its market value or the value determined by capitalizing the net operating income of a comparable apartment operated on a rental basis at the capitalization rate used in valuing comparable buildings that are not limited equity cooperatives. If a cooperative fails to operate in accordance with the provisions of clauses (a) to (d), the property shall be subject to additional property taxes in the amount of the difference between the taxes determined in accordance with this subdivision for the last ten years that the property had been assessed pursuant to this subdivision and the amount that would have been paid if the provisions of this subdivision had not applied to it. The additional taxes, plus interest at the rate specified in section 549.09, shall be extended against the property on the tax list for the current year.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.124, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Cooperatives and charitable corporations; homestead and other property. (a) When property is owned by a corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or, 308B, or 308C, and each person who owns a share or shares in the corporation or association is entitled to occupy a building on the property, or a unit within a building on the property, the corporation or association may claim homestead treatment for each dwelling, or for each unit in the case of a building containing several dwelling units, or for the part of the value of the building occupied by a shareholder. Each building or unit must be designated by legal description or number. The net tax capacity of each building or unit that qualifies for assessment as a homestead under this subdivision must include not more than one-half acre of land, if platted, nor more than 80 acres if unplatted. The net tax capacity of the property is the sum of the net tax capacities of each of the respective buildings or units comprising the property, including the net tax capacity of each unit's or building's proportionate share of the land and any common buildings. To qualify for the treatment provided by this subdivision, the corporation or association must be wholly owned by persons having a right to occupy a building or unit owned by the corporation or association. A charitable corporation organized under the laws of Minnesota and not otherwise exempt thereunder with no outstanding stock qualifies for homestead treatment with respect to member residents of the dwelling units who have purchased and hold residential participation warrants entitling them to occupy the units.
- (b) To the extent provided in paragraph (a), a cooperative or corporation organized under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C may obtain separate assessment and valuation, and separate property tax statements for each residential homestead, residential nonhomestead, or for each seasonal residential recreational building or unit not used for commercial purposes. The appropriate classification rates under section 273.13 shall be applicable as if each building or unit were a separate tax parcel; provided, however, that the tax parcel which exists at the time the cooperative or corporation makes application under this subdivision shall be a single parcel for purposes of property taxes or the enforcement and collection thereof, other than as provided in paragraph (a) or this paragraph.
- (c) A member of a corporation or association may initially obtain the separate assessment and valuation and separate property tax statements, as provided in paragraph (b), by applying to the assessor by June 30 of the assessment year.
- (d) When a building, or dwelling units within a building, no longer qualify under paragraph (a) or (b), the current owner must notify the assessor within 30 days. Failure to notify the assessor within 30 days shall result in the loss of benefits under paragraph (a) or (b) for taxes payable in the year that the failure is discovered. For these purposes, "benefits under paragraph (a) or (b)" means the difference in the net tax capacity of the building or units which no longer qualify as computed under paragraph (a) or (b) and as computed under the otherwise applicable law, times the local tax rate applicable to the building for that taxes payable year. Upon discovery of a failure to notify, the assessor shall inform the auditor of the difference in net tax capacity for the building or buildings in which units no longer qualify, and the auditor shall calculate the benefits under paragraph (a) or (b). Such amount, plus a penalty equal to 100 percent of that amount, shall then be demanded of the building's owner. The property owner may appeal the county's determination by serving copies of a petition for review with county officials as provided in section 278.01 and filing a proof of service as provided in section 278.01 with the Minnesota Tax Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county. The appeal shall be governed by the Tax Court procedures provided in chapter 271, for cases relating to the tax laws as defined in section 271.01, subdivision 5; disregarding

sections 273.125, subdivision 5, and 278.03, but including section 278.05, subdivision 2. If the amount of the benefits under paragraph (a) or (b) and penalty are not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of the benefit and penalty to the succeeding year's tax list to be collected as part of the property taxes on the affected property.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.124, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Manufactured home park cooperative.** (a) When a manufactured home park is owned by a corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C, and each person who owns a share or shares in the corporation or association is entitled to occupy a lot within the park, the corporation or association may claim homestead treatment for the park. Each lot must be designated by legal description or number, and each lot is limited to not more than one-half acre of land.
- (b) The manufactured home park shall be entitled to homestead treatment if all of the following criteria are met:
- (1) the occupant or the cooperative corporation or association is paying the ad valorem property taxes and any special assessments levied against the land and structure either directly, or indirectly through dues to the corporation or association; and
- (2) the corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C is wholly owned by persons having a right to occupy a lot owned by the corporation or association.
- (c) A charitable corporation, organized under the laws of Minnesota with no outstanding stock, and granted a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service for 501(c)(3) tax-exempt status, qualifies for homestead treatment with respect to a manufactured home park if its members hold residential participation warrants entitling them to occupy a lot in the manufactured home park.
- (d) "Homestead treatment" under this subdivision means the classification rate provided for class 4c property classified under section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (d), clause (5), item (ii), and the homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13, subdivision 35, does not apply.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 273.124, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Leasehold cooperatives.** When one or more dwellings or one or more buildings which each contain several dwelling units is owned by a nonprofit corporation subject to the provisions of chapter 317A and qualifying under section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a limited partnership which corporation or partnership operates the property in conjunction with a cooperative association, and has received public financing, homestead treatment may be claimed by the cooperative association on behalf of the members of the cooperative for each dwelling unit occupied by a member of the cooperative. The cooperative association must provide the assessor with the Social Security numbers or individual taxpayer identification numbers of those members. To qualify for the treatment provided by this subdivision, the following conditions must be met:
- (a) the cooperative association must be organized under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C and all voting members of the board of directors must be resident tenants of the cooperative and must be elected by the resident tenants of the cooperative;

- (b) the cooperative association must have a lease for occupancy of the property for a term of at least 20 years, which permits the cooperative association, while not in default on the lease, to participate materially in the management of the property, including material participation in establishing budgets, setting rent levels, and hiring and supervising a management agent;
- (c) to the extent permitted under state or federal law, the cooperative association must have a right under a written agreement with the owner to purchase the property if the owner proposes to sell it; if the cooperative association does not purchase the property it is offered for sale, the owner may not subsequently sell the property to another purchaser at a price lower than the price at which it was offered for sale to the cooperative association unless the cooperative association approves the sale:
- (d) a minimum of 40 percent of the cooperative association's members must have incomes at or less than 60 percent of area median gross income as determined by the United States Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under section 142(d)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, "member income" means the income of a member existing at the time the member acquires cooperative membership;
- (e) if a limited partnership owns the property, it must include as the managing general partner a nonprofit organization operating under the provisions of chapter 317A and qualifying under section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and the limited partnership agreement must provide that the managing general partner have sufficient powers so that it materially participates in the management and control of the limited partnership;
- (f) prior to becoming a member of a leasehold cooperative described in this subdivision, a person must have received notice that (1) describes leasehold cooperative property in plain language, including but not limited to the effects of classification under this subdivision on rents, property taxes and tax credits or refunds, and operating expenses, and (2) states that copies of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the cooperative association, the lease between the owner and the cooperative association, a sample sublease between the cooperative association and a tenant, and, if the owner is a partnership, a copy of the limited partnership agreement, can be obtained upon written request at no charge from the owner, and the owner must send or deliver the materials within seven days after receiving any request;
- (g) if a dwelling unit of a building was occupied on the 60th day prior to the date on which the unit became leasehold cooperative property described in this subdivision, the notice described in paragraph (f) must have been sent by first class mail to the occupant of the unit at least 60 days prior to the date on which the unit became leasehold cooperative property. For purposes of the notice under this paragraph, the copies of the documents referred to in paragraph (f) may be in proposed version, provided that any subsequent material alteration of those documents made after the occupant has requested a copy shall be disclosed to any occupant who has requested a copy of the document. Copies of the articles of incorporation and certificate of limited partnership shall be filed with the secretary of state after the expiration of the 60-day period unless the change to leasehold cooperative status does not proceed;
- (h) the county attorney of the county in which the property is located must certify to the assessor that the property meets the requirements of this subdivision;

- (i) the public financing received must be from at least one of the following sources:
- (1) tax increment financing proceeds used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building or interest rate write-downs relating to the acquisition of the building;
- (2) government issued bonds exempt from taxes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code, the proceeds of which are used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building;
 - (3) programs under section 221(d)(3), 202, or 236, of Title II of the National Housing Act;
- (4) rental housing program funds under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, or the market rate family graduated payment mortgage program funds administered by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency that are used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building;
 - (5) low-income housing credit under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (6) public financing provided by a local government used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building, including grants or loans from (i) federal community development block grants; (ii) HOME block grants; or (iii) residential rental bonds issued under chapter 474A; or
- (7) other rental housing program funds provided by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for the acquisition or rehabilitation of the building;
- (j) at the time of the initial request for homestead classification or of any transfer of ownership of the property, the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located must hold a public hearing and make the following findings:
- (1) that the granting of the homestead treatment of the apartment's units will facilitate safe, clean, affordable housing for the cooperative members that would otherwise not be available absent the homestead designation;
- (2) that the owner has presented information satisfactory to the governing body showing that the savings garnered from the homestead designation of the units will be used to reduce tenant's rents or provide a level of furnishing or maintenance not possible absent the designation; and
 - (3) that the requirements of paragraphs (b), (d), and (i) have been met.

Homestead treatment must be afforded to units occupied by members of the cooperative association and the units must be assessed as provided in subdivision 3, provided that any unit not so occupied shall be classified and assessed pursuant to the appropriate class. No more than three acres of land may, for assessment purposes, be included with each dwelling unit that qualifies for homestead treatment under this subdivision.

When dwelling units no longer qualify under this subdivision, the current owner must notify the assessor within 60 days. Failure to notify the assessor within 60 days shall result in the loss of benefits under this subdivision for taxes payable in the year that the failure is discovered. For these purposes, "benefits under this subdivision" means the difference in the net tax capacity of the units which no longer qualify as computed under this subdivision and as computed under the otherwise applicable law, times the local tax rate applicable to the building for that taxes payable year. Upon

discovery of a failure to notify, the assessor shall inform the auditor of the difference in net tax capacity for the building or buildings in which units no longer qualify, and the auditor shall calculate the benefits under this subdivision. Such amount, plus a penalty equal to 100 percent of that amount, shall then be demanded of the building's owner. The property owner may appeal the county's determination by serving copies of a petition for review with county officials as provided in section 278.01 and filing a proof of service as provided in section 278.01 with the Minnesota Tax Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county. The appeal shall be governed by the Tax Court procedures provided in chapter 271, for cases relating to the tax laws as defined in section 271.01, subdivision 5; disregarding sections 273.125, subdivision 5, and 278.03, but including section 278.05, subdivision 2. If the amount of the benefits under this subdivision and penalty are not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of the benefit and penalty to the succeeding year's tax list to be collected as part of the property taxes on the affected buildings.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290.0694, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions have the meanings given.

- (b) "Qualified property" means a manufactured home park in Minnesota classified as 4c(5)(i) or 4c(5)(iii) under section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (d).
- (c) "Qualified seller" means a taxpayer, as defined under section 290.01, subdivision 6, who sells qualified property to: (1) a corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C, where each person who owns a share or shares in the corporation or association would be entitled to occupy a lot within the qualified property after the sale; (2) a charitable corporation, organized under the laws of Minnesota with no outstanding stock, and granted a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service for 501(c)(3) tax-exempt status, whose members hold residential participation warrants entitling the members to occupy the units in the manufactured home park; or (3) a nonprofit or a representative acting on behalf of residents, as defined by section 327C.015, subdivision 13, who purchases the property on behalf of residents who intend to form a corporation or association as described in clause (1) or (2).
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.0922, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Exemptions.** The following entities are exempt from the tax imposed by this section:
 - (1) corporations exempt from tax under section 290.05;
 - (2) real estate investment trusts;
 - (3) regulated investment companies or a fund thereof;
 - (4) entities having a valid election in effect under section 860D(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (5) township mutual insurance companies;

- (6) cooperatives organized under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C that provide housing exclusively to persons age 55 and over and are classified as homesteads under section 273.124, subdivision 3; and
- (7) a qualified business as defined under section 469.310, subdivision 11, if for the taxable year all of its property is located in a job opportunity building zone designated under section 469.314 and all of its payroll is a job opportunity building zone payroll under section 469.310.

Entities not specifically exempted by this subdivision are subject to tax under this section, notwithstanding section 290.05.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290A.03, subdivision 16, is amended to read:
- Subd. 16. **Manufactured home.** "Manufactured home" means homesteads that are manufactured homes as defined in section 273.125, subdivision 8, including manufactured homes located in a manufactured home community owned by a cooperative organized under chapter 308A or 308C, and park trailers taxed as manufactured homes under section 168.012, subdivision 9.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 327C.095, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Park conversions.** If the planned cessation of operation is for the purpose of converting the part of the park occupied by the resident to a common interest community pursuant to chapter 515B, the provisions of section 515B.4-111, except subsection (a), shall apply. The nine-month notice required by this section shall state that the cessation is for the purpose of conversion and shall set forth the rights conferred by this subdivision and section 515B.4-111, subsection (b). Not less than 120 days before the end of the nine months, the park owner shall serve upon the resident a form of purchase agreement setting forth the terms of sale contemplated by section 515B.4-111, subsection (d). Service of that form shall operate as the notice described by section 515B.4-111, subsection (a). This subdivision does not apply to the conversion of a manufactured home park to a common interest community:
 - (1) that is a cooperative incorporated under chapter 308A or, 308B, or 308C;
- (2) in which at least 90 percent of the cooperative's members are residents of the park at the time of the conversion; and
- (3) that does not require persons who are residents of the park at the time of the conversion to become members of the cooperative.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** A workforce and affordable homeownership development program is established to award homeownership development grants and loans to cities, counties, Tribal governments, nonprofit organizations, cooperatives created under chapter 308A or 308B, or 308C, and community land trusts created for the purposes outlined in section 462A.31, subdivision 1, for development of workforce and affordable homeownership projects. The purpose of the program

is to increase the supply of workforce and affordable, owner-occupied multifamily or single-family housing throughout Minnesota.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 515B.3-101, is amended to read:

515B.3-101 ORGANIZATION OF UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

A common interest community shall be administered by an association. The association shall be incorporated no later than the date the common interest community is created. The membership of the association at all times consists exclusively of all unit owners or, following termination of the common interest community, of all former unit owners entitled to distributions of proceeds under section 515B.2-119 or their heirs, successors, or assigns. The association shall be organized as a Minnesota profit or nonprofit corporation, or may, in the case of a cooperative, be organized under chapter 308A or, 308B, or 308C. In the event of a conflict between this chapter and any other chapter under which the association is incorporated, this chapter shall control."

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1322: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; creating a physical therapy interstate licensure compact; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 4076: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; creating a social work services interstate compact; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148E.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2990: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; creating a dentist and dental hygienist compact; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 150A.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1445: A bill for an act relating to health care; establishing an interstate compact for professional counselors; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148B.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, line 6, delete "(g)" and insert "(a)"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2656: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; creating an audiology and speech-language pathology interstate compact; authorizing the commissioner of health to release certain data; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.051, subdivision 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1

Page 21, delete subdivision 3

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 3, delete everything after the semicolon

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2394: A bill for an act relating to health occupations; creating a physician assistant licensure compact; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Report adopted.

Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1572: A bill for an act relating to health care; establishing the occupational therapist licensure compact; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 24, delete "or" and insert "and"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Champion from the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development, to which was referred the following appointment:

DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSIONER Matt Varilek

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the appointment be confirmed.

Senator Murphy moved that the foregoing committee report be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

Senator Marty from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 3798: A bill for an act relating to transportation; designating the Michael Gau Memorial Bridge on U.S. Highway 169 over Hennepin County State-Aid Highway 9 in the city of Plymouth; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 161.14, by adding a subdivision.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 8, delete "on" and insert "over"

Page 1, line 9, delete "over" and insert "on"

Amend the title accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Marty from the Committee on Finance, to which was referred

H.F. No. 3489: A bill for an act relating to education; providing for public safety; modifying the grounds for the use of reasonable force in schools; defining duties and establishing minimum training requirements for school resource officers; requiring development of a school resource officer model policy; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 121A.582, by adding a subdivision; 123B.02, by adding a subdivision; 124E.03, by adding a subdivision; 609.06, subdivision 1; 609.379, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 121A.58,

subdivisions 1, 2a; 121A.582, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 626.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S.F. Nos. 3317, 1934, 3481, 3703, 3774, 3793, and 3798 were read the second time.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H.F. No. 3489 was read the second time.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time.

Senator Fateh introduced--

S.F. No. 4603: A bill for an act relating to transportation; establishing a vehicle size and weight surcharge for motor vehicle registration; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 168.013, by adding a subdivision; 174.40, subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 168.013, subdivision 1a.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Nelson introduced--

S.F. No. 4604: A bill for an act relating to retirement; Public Employees Retirement Association police and fire plan; clarifying eligibility for firefighters; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 353.64, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5a.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Rasmusson introduced--

S.F. No. 4605: A bill for an act relating to employment; modifying definition of employee for purposes of earned sick and safe time; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 181.9445, subdivision 5.

Referred to the Committee on Labor.

Senator Rasmusson introduced--

S.F. No. 4606: A bill for an act relating to retirement; Public Employees Retirement Association; privatized medical facilities; modifying the calculation of withdrawal liability for privatizing medical facilities; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 353F.02, subdivisions 4a,

4b, by adding subdivisions; 353F.025, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 353F.051, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Champion introduced--

S.F. No. 4607: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for development of housing in the city of Minneapolis; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Weber and Dahms introduced--

S.F. No. 4608: A bill for an act relating to education finance; expanding the allowable uses of student support personnel aid; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.901, subdivision 4.

Referred to the Committee on Education Finance.

Senator Hauschild introduced--

S.F. No. 4609: A bill for an act relating to economic development; appropriating money for a grant to the Entrepreneur Fund.

Referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development.

Senator Farnsworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4610: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for public infrastructure and fire hall capital improvements in the city of Buhl; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Farnsworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4611: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a new community center to serve Morcom Township and surrounding communities; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Farnsworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4612: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a public safety facility in Biwabik; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 4613: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; modifying eligibility and applicant priority for farm down payment assistance grants; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.133, subdivision 1; Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Mann introduced--

S.F. No. 4614: A bill for an act relating to taxation; sales and use; providing a refundable exemption for construction materials for certain projects in the city of Edina.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senators Pha, Xiong, and Boldon introduced--

S.F. No. 4615: A bill for an act relating to housing; creating a right to house youth for residential tenants; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 504B.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senators Mathews, Coleman, Duckworth, Abeler, and Wesenberg introduced--

S.F. No. 4616: A bill for an act relating to education; modifying requirements for eligible institutions for postsecondary enrollment options; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.09, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Coleman, Housley, Abeler, and Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4617: A bill for an act relating to taxation; individual income; increasing the amount of and income phaseout threshold for the dependent care credit; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290.067, subdivisions 1, 2b.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senators Boldon and Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4618: A bill for an act relating to human services; the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General executive bill on children's licensing issues; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 245A.04, subdivision 10, by adding a subdivision; 245A.09, subdivision 7; 245A.16, by adding a subdivision; 245A.66, subdivision 2; 245E.08; 245H.01, by adding subdivisions; 245H.08, subdivision 1; 245H.14, subdivisions 1, 4; 260E.30, subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 245A.02, subdivision 2c; 245A.16, subdivision 11; 245C.02, subdivision 6a; 245H.06, subdivisions 1, 2; 245H.08, subdivisions 4, 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245H; repealing Minnesota Rules, part 9545.0805, subpart 1.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Boldon introduced--

S.F. No. 4619: A bill for an act relating to human services; establishing medical assistance coverage of residential crisis stabilization for children; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0625, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Mitchell introduced--

S.F. No. 4620: A bill for an act relating to public safety; requiring peace officer training on issues relating to child protection; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 626.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Farnsworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4621: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for local street improvements in the city of Eveleth; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Limmer, Howe, and Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4622: A bill for an act relating to retirement; Minnesota State Retirement System; State Patrol retirement plan; authorizing the surviving spouse of a deceased state employee to receive a survivor annuity and back pay.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Limmer, Howe, and Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4623: A bill for an act relating to public safety; requiring prosecution of offenses punishable by life imprisonment to proceed by indictment; requiring prosecutions of peace officers involved in an officer-involved death to proceed by indictment; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 628.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Latz introduced--

S.F. No. 4624: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for two community hubs in the city of Hopkins; canceling a prior appropriation; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Latz introduced--

S.F. No. 4625: A bill for an act relating to forfeiture; providing for a criminal forfeiture process; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 145.4716, subdivision 2; 289A.14; 299A.681, subdivision 11; 609.66, subdivision 1d; 609.762, subdivision 2; 611.32, subdivision 2; 629.715, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 609.5316, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 609.531, subdivisions 1a, 4, 5, 5a, 6a, 7, 8, 9; 609.5311, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 609.5312; 609.5313; 609.5314, subdivisions 1a, 2; 609.5315, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 7; 609.5318; 609.5319; 609.762, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 609.531, subdivision 1; 609.5311, subdivision 1; 609.5314, subdivisions 1, 3.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senators Rarick and Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4626: A bill for an act relating to education finance; appropriating money to Independent School District No. 99, Esko, for American Indian mascot removal and replacement costs.

Referred to the Committee on Education Finance.

Senators Duckworth, Jasinski, Pratt, Lieske, and Port introduced--

S.F. No. 4627: A bill for an act relating to transportation; appropriating money for reconstruction of the interchange at Interstate 35 and County State-Aid Highway 50 in Dakota County; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Duckworth, Kreun, Limmer, Howe, and Coleman introduced--

S.F. No. 4628: A bill for an act relating to taxation; aid to local governments; modifying the eligible uses of public safety aid; amending Laws 2023, chapter 64, article 4, section 27, subdivision 6.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senators Kreun, Dibble, Pappas, Housley, and Jasinski introduced--

S.F. No. 4629: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for the local road wetland replacement program; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Lucero, Gruenhagen, Anderson, Wesenberg, and Eichorn introduced--

S.F. No. 4630: A bill for an act relating to environment; prohibiting certain harmful atmospheric activity; providing penalties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senators Lucero, Coleman, Mathews, Farnsworth, and Green introduced-

S.F. No. 4631: A resolution memorializing the President and Congress to provide assistance to support Israel in its defense against Hamas.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senators Abeler, Duckworth, Coleman, Lucero, and Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4632: A bill for an act relating to education; modifying student discipline provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 121A.425, subdivision 1; 121A.55; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 121A.425, subdivision 2; 121A.611.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senator Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4633: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a hospital in Wabasha.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Mohamed, Abeler, and Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4634: A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring uniform disability parking signs; providing criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.346, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Kupec, Duckworth, Rarick, Putnam, and Fateh introduced--

S.F. No. 4635: A bill for an act relating to higher education; waiving tuition for peace officer skills training; requiring reports; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136A.

Referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Senator Dornink introduced--

S.F. No. 4636: A bill for an act relating to transportation; appropriating money for an interchange at marked Interstate Highway 90 and Freeborn County State-Aid Highway 20 in the city of Albert Lea; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Wesenberg, Drazkowski, Eichorn, Hawj, and Bahr introduced--

S.F. No. 4637: A bill for an act relating to game and fish; allowing accumulation of bear hunter preference points for youth; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.405.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senators Wesenberg, Hawj, Eichorn, Bahr, and Lieske introduced--

S.F. No. 4638: A bill for an act relating to game and fish; authorizing taking feral swine causing damage; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 97A.56, subdivision 2; 97B.655, subdivision 1

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senators Wesenberg, Lieske, Mathews, Duckworth, and Coleman introduced--

S.F. No. 4639: A bill for an act relating to taxation; individual income; providing a credit for certain instructional expenses; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Howe introduced--

S.F. No. 4640: A bill for an act relating to elections; changing the date of the state primary to the same date as the presidential primary nomination; amending requirements for the presidential nomination primary; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 204B.14, subdivision 4; 204B.21, subdivision 1; 204D.03, subdivision 1; 204D.05, subdivision 1; 204D.08, by adding a subdivision; 204D.09, subdivision 1; 204D.28, subdivision 5; 205.065, subdivisions 1, 2; 205A.03, subdivisions 1, 2; 205A.11, subdivision 2a; 206.61, subdivision 5; 206.82, subdivision 2; 207A.13, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 204B.14, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 207A.14; 207A.15, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 207A.15, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senator Mathews introduced--

S.F. No. 4641: A bill for an act relating to transportation; modifying supplemental warning system requirements on school buses; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.4503, subdivision 31.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Hawj, Port, Champion, and Mohamed introduced--

S.F. No. 4642: A bill for an act relating to legacy; appropriating money from the arts and cultural heritage fund to develop and produce film series that educate and engage residents, communities,

and others on housing challenges and solutions towards helping Minnesotans age in place, thrive, prevent homelessness, increase opportunities, and strengthen communities.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senators Frentz, Pappas, Seeberger, and Westlin introduced--

S.F. No. 4643: A bill for an act relating to retirement; authorizing eligible employees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities who are members of the higher education individual retirement account plan to elect coverage by the Teachers Retirement Association and purchase past service credit; requiring an annual report; appropriating money for offsetting the cost of service credit purchases; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 354B.20, subdivision 18, by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 354B.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Rasmusson and Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4644: A bill for an act relating to health insurance; clarifying definition of health plan company; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.03, subdivision 10.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senators Hauschild, Kupec, Howe, Bahr, and Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4645: A bill for an act relating to retirement; State Patrol retirement plan; adding a new section to codify the right to return to employment and continue receiving an annuity; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 352B.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Champion introduced--

S.F. No. 4646: A bill for an act relating to workforce development; appropriating money to Summit Academy OIC.

Referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development.

Senators Maye Quade, Coleman, and Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4647: A bill for an act relating to education; providing for culturally responsive assessment of certain students; amending Laws 2023, chapter 55, article 2, section 64, subdivision 8.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Maye Quade and Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4648: A bill for an act relating to education; establishing a pilot program for evidence-based literacy instruction; establishing grants for out-of-school literacy programs; requiring reports; appropriating money.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Maye Quade, Port, and Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4649: A bill for an act relating to human services; appropriating money to fund mental health crisis services in Dakota County.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Port, Boldon, and Mitchell introduced--

S.F. No. 4650: A bill for an act relating to housing; implementing recommendations of the Workgroup on Expediting Rental Assistance for improving application approval times for the family homelessness prevention and assistance program, the emergency assistance program, and emergency general assistance; requiring reports; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 462A.

Referred to the Committee on Housing and Homelessness Prevention.

Senator Dibble introduced--

S.F. No. 4651: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for capital improvements at an Agate Housing and Services facility in the city of Minneapolis.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Dibble, Kunesh, Port, Maye Quade, and Oumou Verbeten introduced-

S.F. No. 4652: A bill for an act relating to public authority; prohibiting bans on rainbow flags; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.24, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.03, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 10; 135A; 471.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Rest, Weber, Nelson, Klein, and Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 4653: A bill for an act relating to taxation; individual income; modifying the itemized deduction to exclude certain charitable contributions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290.0122, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Bahr introduced--

S.F. No. 4654: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; permitting sales of unpasteurized milk; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 32D.01, by adding subdivisions; 32D.02, subdivisions 5, 8, 10; 32D.13, subdivision 8, by adding a subdivision; 32D.15; 32D.16; 32D.20; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 32D.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Hawj introduced--

S.F. No. 4655: A bill for an act relating to local government; creating the Ramsey County Economic Development Authority; expanding the powers of the Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment Authority to include Ramsey County Economic Development Authority powers; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 383A.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Lang, Rasmusson, Lieske, Lucero, and Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4656: A bill for an act relating to state government; recognizing the historic state flag; recognizing the right of all persons to display the historic state flag; providing standards for its display on state property; providing standards for its display on other public property; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 1.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Putnam and Howe introduced--

S.F. No. 4657: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for Phase 3 of the Quarry Redevelopment Project in the city of Waite Park; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Carlson, Klein, Pratt, Marty, and Pappas introduced--

S.F. No. 4658: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for metropolitan cities inflow and infiltration grants; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Draheim introduced--

S.F. No. 4659: A bill for an act relating to health professions; requiring licensure of naturopathic doctors; modifying professional conduct; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 147.012; 147E.01, subdivisions 2, 7; 147E.05; 147E.06; 147E.10; 147E.15; 147E.20; 147E.25, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8; 147E.30; 147E.35; 147E.40, subdivisions 1, 2, 3.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Utke introduced--

S.F. No. 4660: A bill for an act relating to local government; establishing the CIVIL Act; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 373.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Mohamed, Marty, Maye Quade, and Hawj introduced--

S.F. No. 4661: A bill for an act relating to taxation; individual income and corporate franchise; imposing a pollution control surcharge on certain businesses; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senators Mann and Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4662: A bill for an act relating to human services; prohibiting kickbacks in human services benefits; providing for criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 245E.02, subdivision 3a; 256.98, subdivision 1; 256B.12; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 256.046, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Mann introduced--

S.F. No. 4663: A bill for an act relating to taxation; corporate franchise; requiring a report from the Department of Revenue on corporate tax base erosion.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Mann introduced--

S.F. No. 4664: A bill for an act relating to mental health; modifying respite care grants; creating a youth care professional training program; modifying adult and children's mobile transition units; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245.4889, subdivision 1; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 7, article 17, section 12, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Mann and Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4665: A bill for an act relating to human services; the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General policy bill; modifying provisions relating to human services licensing, background studies, provider notifications, substance use disorder medications, and electronic signatures; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 245A.04, by adding a subdivision; 245A.043,

subdivisions 2, 4, by adding subdivisions; 245A.52, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 245C.03, by adding a subdivision; 245C.05, subdivision 5; 245C.08, subdivision 4; 245C.10, subdivision 18; 245C.14, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 245C.15, subdivisions 3, 4; 245C.22, subdivision 4; 245C.24, subdivisions 2, 5, 6; 245C.30, by adding a subdivision; 245F.09, subdivision 2; 245F.14, by adding a subdivision; 245G.07, subdivision 4; 245G.08, subdivisions 5, 6; 245G.10, by adding a subdivision; 245G.22, subdivisions 6, 7; 260E.33, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 13.46, subdivision 4; 245.735, subdivision 4b; 245A.03, subdivision 2; 245A.043, subdivision 3; 245A.07, subdivision 1; 245A.11, subdivision 7; 245A.16, subdivision 1; 245A.211, subdivision 4; 245A.242, subdivision 2; 245C.02, subdivision 13e; 245C.033, subdivision 3; 245C.10, subdivision 15; 245C.15, subdivisions 2, 4a; 245G.22, subdivisions 2, 17; 256.046, subdivision 3; 256B.064, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.125; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 245C.08, subdivision 2; Minnesota Rules, part 9502.0425, subparts 5, 10.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Hawj, McEwen, Howe, Carlson, and Jasinski introduced--

S.F. No. 4666: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for the local road wetland replacement program; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Fateh introduced--

S.F. No. 4667: A bill for an act relating to higher education; requiring the Office of Higher Education to develop a standardized financial aid letter; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136A.

Referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Senators Fateh, Duckworth, Frentz, and Kupec introduced--

S.F. No. 4668: A bill for an act relating to higher education; establishing a promise equalization scholarship program to supplement state grant awards for students attending Minnesota private nonprofit postsecondary institutions; requiring a report; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136A.

Referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Senator Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4669: A bill for an act relating to education; recommending school counselor ratios; establishing school counselor duties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.39.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Carlson and Utke introduced--

S.F. No. 4670: A bill for an act relating to local government; clarifying that a service cooperative may participate in local, state, and national civic, educational, and governmental organizations; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 471.96, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Wesenberg, Lieske, Drazkowski, Rarick, and Eichorn introduced--

S.F. No. 4671: A bill for an act relating to natural resources; authorizing the use of unmanned aerial vehicles to assist in locating and recovering deceased big game; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.115.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senator Wesenberg introduced--

S.F. No. 4672: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for improvements to sewer and stormwater infrastructure and street reconstruction in the city of Gilman; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Mann introduced--

S.F. No. 4673: A bill for an act relating to human services; directing the commissioner of human services to apply for a federal waiver for money for services provided to patients in an institution for mental diseases.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Mann and Latz introduced--

S.F. No. 4674: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; amending an appropriation for the Edina Community Health and Safety Center; amending Laws 2023, chapter 71, article 1, section 9, subdivision 7.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Mann and Latz introduced--

S.F. No. 4675: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for capital improvements at the Edina Aquatic Center; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Fatch and McEwen introduced--

S.F. No. 4676: A bill for an act relating to transportation; establishing requirements governing transportation cumulative impacts analysis; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 116.065, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 161.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Hawj, Fateh, and McEwen introduced--

S.F. No. 4677: A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring alternative design analysis of major highway projects; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 161.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Murphy introduced--

S.F. No. 4678: A bill for an act relating to housing; modifying an appropriation for the housing infrastructure program; providing for assistance to preserve naturally-occuring affordable housing; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.012, by adding a subdivision; Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 17.

Referred to the Committee on Housing and Homelessness Prevention.

Senator Farnsworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4679: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for renovation of the community center in the city of Gilbert; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Pratt introduced--

S.F. No. 4680: A bill for an act relating to public safety; appropriating money for anti-human trafficking training.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Pratt introduced--

S.F. No. 4681: A bill for an act relating to the Metropolitan Council; modifying governance of the Metropolitan Council; eliminating the Transportation Advisory Board; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.8841, subdivision 9; 473.123, as amended; 473.146, subdivisions 3, 4; repealing Laws 1994, chapter 628, article 1, section 8.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Pratt introduced--

S.F. No. 4682: A bill for an act relating to public safety; expanding the list of persons ineligible under the Minnesota Rehabilitation and Reinvestment Act; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 244.45; 244.46, subdivision 4.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Pratt introduced--

S.F. No. 4683: A bill for an act relating to public safety; criminalizing sexual extortion attempts; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.3458, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Housley introduced--

S.F. No. 4684: A bill for an act relating to real property; authorizing certain common interest communities to allocate common expenses equally per unit; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 515B.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Housley introduced--

S.F. No. 4685: A bill for an act relating to energy; appropriating money for energy improvements at a wildlife rehabilitation center.

Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

Senator McEwen introduced--

S.F. No. 4686: A bill for an act relating to energy; establishing a geothermal heat exchange system rebate program; establishing an account; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C.

Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

Senator McEwen introduced--

S.F. No. 4687: A bill for an act relating to energy; establishing a utility thermal energy network deployment work group; requiring a report.

Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

Senator Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 4688: A bill for an act relating to education finance; modifying the definition of adjusted general revenue; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 127A.51.

Referred to the Committee on Education Finance.

Senator Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 4689: A bill for an act relating to education finance; clarifying the aid payment schedule for state school nutrition programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 127A.45, subdivisions 12, 13, 14a.

Referred to the Committee on Education Finance.

Senator Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 4690: A bill for an act relating to early childhood education; clarifying the payment of developmental screening aid; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 121A.19.

Referred to the Committee on Education Finance.

Senator Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4691: A bill for an act relating to commerce; adopting amendments to the Uniform Commercial Code to accommodate emerging technologies; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 336.1-201; 336.1-204; 336.1-301; 336.1-306; 336.2-102; 336.2-106; 336.2-201; 336.2-202; 336.2-203; 336.2-205; 336.2-209; 336.2A-102; 336.2A-103; 336.2A-107; 336.2A-201; 336.2A-202; 336.2A-203; 336.2A-205; 336.2A-208; 336.3-104; 336.3-105; 336.3-401; 336.3-604; 336.4A-103; 336.4A-201; 336.4A-202; 336.4A-203; 336.4A-207; 336.4A-208; 336.4A-210; 336.4A-211; 336.4A-305; 336.5-104; 336.5-116; 336.7-102; 336.7-106; 336.8-102; 336.8-103; 336.8-106; 336.8-110; 336.8-303; 336.9-102; 336.9-104; 336.9-105; 336.9-203; 336.9-204; 336.9-207; 336.9-208; 336.9-209; 336.9-210; 336.9-301; 336.9-304; 336.9-305; 336.9-310; 336.9-312; 336.9-313; 336.9-314; 336.9-316; 336.9-317; 336.9-323; 336.9-324; 336.9-330; 336.9-331; 336.9-332; 336.9-334; 336.9-341; 336.9-404; 336.9-406; 336.9-408; 336.9-509; 336.9-513; 336.9-605; 336.9-608; 336.9-611; 336.9-613; 336.9-614; 336.9-615; 336.9-616; 336.9-619; 336.9-620; 336.9-621; 336.9-624; 336.9-628; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 336.9-601; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 336.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senators Lieske, Johnson, Mathews, Green, and Utke introduced-

S.F. No. 4692: A bill for an act relating to emergency management; repealing governor's power to declare emergency; establishing a legislative emergency declaration and extension process; repealing governor's authority to adopt orders and expedited rules that have the effect of law during an emergency; protecting citizen rights; making technical corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 12.03, subdivision 1e; 12.21, subdivisions 1, 3; 12.25, subdivision 3; 12.45; 12.61, subdivision 2; 14.03, subdivision 1; 34A.11, subdivision 6; 35.0661, subdivision 1; 41B.047, subdivision 1; 144.4197; 144E.266; 151.441, subdivisions 12, 13; 270C.34, subdivision 1; 295.50, subdivision 2b; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 12.36; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 12; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 4.035, subdivision

2; 12.31, subdivisions 1, 3; 12.32; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 12.31, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Jasinski introduced--

S.F. No. 4693: A bill for an act relating to transportation; canceling previous appropriations; appropriating money for road projects.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Mathews introduced--

S.F. No. 4694: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for an interchange project in the city of Becker; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Gruenhagen introduced--

S.F. No. 4695: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for campus improvements at Ridgewater College; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Seeberger introduced--

S.F. No. 4696: A bill for an act relating to consumer protection; creating the Prohibiting Social Media Manipulation Act; regulating social media platforms; providing a private right of action and attorney general enforcement; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325O.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Seeberger introduced--

S.F. No. 4697: A bill for an act relating to health; modifying ambulance staffing requirements and emergency medical responder registration; extending authority to reinstate ambulance service personnel certifications; modifying requirements for approval and reapproval of education programs; modifying an appropriation; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 144E.001, subdivision 3a; 144E.101, by adding a subdivision; 144E.27, subdivisions 3, 5, 6; 144E.28, subdivisions 3, 8; 144E.285, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, by adding subdivisions; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 144E.101, subdivisions 6, 7; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144E.27, subdivisions 1, 1a.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Wesenberg and Farnsworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4698: A bill for an act relating to state lands; authorizing private sale of certain tax-forfeited lands in Aitkin and Crow Wing Counties.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senator Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4699: A bill for an act relating to health; correcting an appropriation to the commissioner of health; amending Laws 2023, chapter 70, article 20, section 3, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 4700: A bill for an act relating to lobbyist registration; exempting certain activities from the definition of "lobbyist"; requiring the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board to conduct a study; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 10A.01, subdivision 21.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senator Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 4701: A bill for an act relating to taxation; property; consolidating property tax classifications; modifying classification rates; modifying the definition of referendum market value; eliminating the state general levy on seasonal residential recreational property; eliminating the blind and disabled property tax classification and replacing it with a refund; repealing the aggregate resource preservation property tax law; making conforming technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 123A.455, subdivision 1; 126C.01, subdivision 3; 216E.12, subdivision 4; 271.21, subdivision 2; 273.11, subdivision 13; 273.1115, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 273.1231, subdivision 4; 273.124, subdivisions 1, 3a, 17; 273.13, subdivisions 22, 23, 31; 273.165, subdivision 2; 273.42, subdivision 2; 275.025, subdivisions 1, 4; 276A.01, subdivision 4; 278.03, subdivision 1; 278.05, subdivision 5; 279.01, subdivisions 1, 3; 279.37, subdivision 1; 290A.04, by adding a subdivision; 473F.02, subdivision 4; 507.235, subdivision 1; 580.23, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 273.11, subdivision 12; 273.13, subdivisions 24, 25, 35; 290.0694, subdivision 1; 290A.03, subdivisions 6, 13; 290A.04, subdivision 2h; 428A.01, subdivision 7; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 273.1315, subdivision 1; 273.1319; 275.025, subdivision 3; 279.01, subdivision 4; 327C.015, subdivision 2; 327C.16; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 273.1315, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4702: A bill for an act relating to education; banning bird hatching in schools; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 123B.02, by adding a subdivision; 124E.03, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4703: A bill for an act relating to education; banning bird hatching in schools; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 123B.02, by adding a subdivision; 124E.03, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Port, Boldon, and Mitchell introduced--

S.F. No. 4704: A bill for an act relating to housing; implementing recommendations of the Workgroup on Expediting Rental Assistance for improving application approval times for the family homelessness prevention and assistance program, the emergency assistance program, and emergency general assistance; requiring reports; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 462A.

Referred to the Committee on Housing and Homelessness Prevention.

Senators Maye Quade and Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 4705: A bill for an act relating to education; requiring a gender inclusion policy; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 128C.02, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 121A.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Frentz and Rasmusson introduced--

S.F. No. 4706: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for the Reinvest in Minnesota (RIM) reserve program; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Boldon introduced--

S.F. No. 4707: A bill for an act relating to human services; appropriating money for a grant to Before Racism to develop best practices to prevent racial bias in young children.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators McEwen, Mohamed, and Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4708: A bill for an act relating to Metropolitan Airports Commission; requiring health and welfare benefits; imposing penalties; creating a civil action; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Seeberger and Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 4709: A bill for an act relating to wages; modifying wage deductions for credit card charges; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.24, by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Rules, part 5200.0080, subpart 7.

Referred to the Committee on Labor.

Senators Abeler and Kreun introduced--

S.F. No. 4710: A bill for an act relating to child support; modifying circumstances under which the public authority must direct support to an obligee; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 518A.46, subdivision 7.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Morrison introduced--

S.F. No. 4711: A bill for an act relating to solid waste; establishing stewardship program for batteries; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 115A.1310, subdivision 12c; 325E.125, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 115A.9155; 115A.9157, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; 325E.125, subdivisions 3, 4, 5.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senators Frentz, Hauschild, Dibble, Jasinski, and Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 4712: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for capital improvements for greater Minnesota transit systems; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Champion introduced--

S.F. No. 4713: A bill for an act relating to economic development; appropriating money for the Minnesota Black Chamber of Commerce.

Referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development.

Senator Champion introduced--

S.F. No. 4714: A bill for an act relating to public safety; excluding reckless driving resulting in great bodily harm or death from the list of offenses eligible for automatic expungement; reducing the waiting period before a person can petition for expungement from five years to four in certain cases involving a stay of imposition; clarifying that certain offering forged check offenses are eligible for expungement; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 609A.015, subdivision 3; 609A.02, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senators Abeler, Coleman, and Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4715: A bill for an act relating to taxation; individual income; expanding the dependent care credit; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.0131, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 290.067.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Weber introduced--

S.F. No. 4716: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; modifying a previous appropriation for capital improvements to the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System; amending Laws 2023, chapter 71, article 1, section 15, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Jasinski and Dibble introduced--

S.F. No. 4717: A bill for an act relating to transportation; allowing the use of dedicated transportation revenues for local government debt service; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 162.145, subdivision 5; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 162.146, by adding a subdivision; 174.49, subdivision 6.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Anderson and Carlson introduced--

S.F. No. 4718: A bill for an act relating to local government; providing for regulation of battery-charged security fences; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 471.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Dibble, Rest, and Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4719: A bill for an act relating to transportation; establishing Blue Line light rail transit extension antidisplacement community prosperity program; requiring a report; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Rarick introduced--

S.F. No. 4720: A bill for an act relating to public safety; regulating the manufacture, sale, and use of fireworks; dedicating a portion of revenues from the sale of certain fireworks for public safety purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 624.20, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 297A.94.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4721: A bill for an act relating to public safety; requiring yearly reporting of trafficking data; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299A.785, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4722: A bill for an act relating to retirement; PERA police and fire plan; increasing the survivor benefit for members who die in the line of duty; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 353.657, subdivisions 2, 3a.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Duckworth introduced--

S.F. No. 4723: A bill for an act relating to public safety; amending the definition of prior qualified human trafficking-related offense to include violations of certain state laws committed in the person's lifetime and violations of similar laws in other states; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.321, subdivision 14.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Rest introduced--

S.F. No. 4724: A bill for an act relating to taxation; property; modifying requirements for class 4d(1) low-income rental housing; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 273.128, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Rest introduced--

S.F. No. 4725: A bill for an act relating to taxation; providing that the commissioner of revenue is bound by Tax Court opinions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 270C.07, subdivision 1; 270C.33, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4726: A bill for an act relating to human services; establishing Direct Care and Treatment as an agency; modifying date for transfer of authority and responsibility from the commissioner of human services to the Direct Care and Treatment executive board; establishing Direct Care and Treatment executive board membership qualifications, procedures, powers, and duties; authorizing rulemaking; establishing role of Direct Care and Treatment chief executive

officer; establishing chief executive officer powers and duties; establishing Direct Care and Treatment accounts; modifying terms of the social welfare fund; modifying certain effective dates; providing for initial appointment of Direct Care and Treatment executive board and chief executive officer; exempting Direct Care and Treatment buildings and structures from commissioner of administration repair duties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.46, subdivisions 1, 10; 16B.24, subdivisions 2, 3a; 16B.297, subdivision 1; 145.61, subdivision 5; 246.018, subdivision 3; 246.13, subdivision 2; 256.88; 256.89; 256.90; 256.91; 256.92; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 10.65, subdivision 2; 13.46, subdivision 2; 15.01; 15.06, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivisions 1, 1a; 246C.01; 246C.02; 246C.04; 246C.05; Laws 2023, chapter 61, article 8, sections 1; 2; 3; 8; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 246C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 246.01; 246.12; 246.234; 246.36; 246.41; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 246C.03.

Referred to the Committee on Human Services.

Senator Dibble introduced--

S.F. No. 4727: A bill for an act relating to telecommunications; imposing a moratorium to complete a study on the health, environmental, and economic effects of 5G technology; requiring a report.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Dibble introduced--

S.F. No. 4728: A bill for an act relating to telecommunications; allowing local units of government to impose a time-limited moratorium on approval of applications for right-of-way and small wireless facility permits; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 237.163, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Carlson introduced--

S.F. No. 4729: A bill for an act relating to elections; modifying the authority of the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board to impose a civil penalty and late fees; expanding the definition of electioneering communication to include communications disseminated digitally online or by electronic means to a recipient's telephone or other personal device; modifying the definition of major political party; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.27, subdivision 17; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 10A.20, subdivision 12; 10A.201, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 9; 200.02, subdivision 7; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 10A.201, subdivision 11.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senators Oumou Verbeten and Murphy introduced-

S.F. No. 4730: A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing an annual observance for Philando Castile Restoration and Unity Days; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 10.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Pappas introduced--

S.F. No. 4731: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a center for racial healing; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4732: A bill for an act relating to public safety; excluding peace officers from discipline for inclusion on Brady-Giglio lists; establishing a task force to examine Brady-Giglio lists; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 626.89, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senators Hoffman and Mann introduced--

S.F. No. 4733: A bill for an act relating to human services; modifying waiver reimagine phase II; amending Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 7, article 13, section 73.

Referred to the Committee on Human Services.

Senators Oumou Verbeten and Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 4734: A bill for an act relating to cannabis; authorizing patients enrolled in the registry program to cultivate up to 16 cannabis plants without a license; authorizing patients enrolled in the registry program to obtain cannabis flower from registered designated caregivers; authorizing registered designated caregivers to cultivate cannabis plants on behalf of patients enrolled in the registry program; making technical and conforming changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 342.01, subdivisions 52, 54; 342.09, subdivision 2; 342.52, subdivision 9; 342.57, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Oumou Verbeten and Fateh introduced--

S.F. No. 4735: A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating private student loan servicers; providing for civil penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 58B.06, subdivisions 4, 5; 58B.07, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 9, by adding subdivisions; 58B.09, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 58B.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 4736: A bill for an act relating to civil law; amending an effective date related to eviction records; amending Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 19, section 120.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 4737: A bill for an act relating to elections; modifying certain Safe At Home provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 5B.02; 5B.03, subdivision 3; 5B.04; 5B.05; 13.045, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Oumou Verbeten and Gustafson introduced--

S.F. No. 4738: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; appropriating money for a grant to the Good Acre for the Local Emergency Assistance Farmer Fund program to assist emerging farmers.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 4739: A bill for an act relating to cannabis; prohibiting licensing sanctions for certain patients in the registry program; prohibiting schools and landlords from refusing to serve patients enrolled in the registry program because cannabis is a controlled substance under federal law; requiring employers, schools, and landlords to provide certain notice when treating a person differently based on the person's status as a patient enrolled in the registry program; prohibiting retaliation against patients enrolled in the registry program; increasing civil statutory damages available to certain patients enrolled in the registry program; providing for injunctive relief; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 342.56, subdivision 2; 342.57, subdivisions 2, 3, 7, by adding subdivisions.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Klein introduced--

S.F. No. 4740: A bill for an act relating to energy; appropriating money for certain energy efficiency projects in Dakota County.

Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

Senators Pappas, Hawj, and Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 4741: A bill for an act relating to local government; providing that the state shall indemnify Ramsey County and Ramsey County Regional Railroad Authority for excess liability resulting from rail-related incidents occurring at Union Depot in the city of St. Paul; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 383A.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator McEwen introduced--

S.F. No. 4742: A bill for an act relating to labor; requiring safety standards for broadband industry installers; implementing the Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment Program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 116J.395, subdivision 6; 216B.17, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 181.

Referred to the Committee on Labor.

Senators McEwen and Mitchell introduced--

S.F. No. 4743: A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating disclosures and consumer protections related to virtual-currency kiosks; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 53B.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator McEwen introduced--

S.F. No. 4744: A bill for an act relating to education policy; requiring social studies academic standards to include contributions of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people and people with disabilities; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.021, subdivision 4.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators McEwen and Utke introduced--

S.F. No. 4745: A bill for an act relating to labor and industry; making technical and policy changes to certain workers' compensation hearing provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 176.011, subdivisions 1a, 2; 176.104, subdivision 1; 176.106, subdivision 4; 176.129, subdivision 10; 176.1292, subdivisions 2, 9; 176.155, subdivision 2; 176.231, subdivision 9a; 176.238, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6; 176.239, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10; 176.253, subdivision 2; 176.2611, subdivision 7; 176.271, subdivision 1; 176.275, subdivision 1; 176.285, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b; 176.305, subdivision 1; 176.321, subdivision 3; 176.322; 176.341, subdivision 6; 176.361, subdivisions 1, 4; 176.421, subdivision 7; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 176.081, subdivision 1; 176.101, subdivision 2a; 176.155, subdivision 1; 176.239, subdivisions 6, 7.

Referred to the Committee on Labor.

Senator Cwodzinski introduced--

S.F. No. 4746: A bill for an act relating to state government; repealing a reporting requirement; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 127A.095, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 4747: A bill for an act relating to child protection; modifying child welfare responses for educational neglect; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 260E.17, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Boldon introduced--

S.F. No. 4748: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for accessible housing units owned by Accessible Space, Inc., in the city of Rochester.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Maye Quade introduced--

S.F. No. 4749: A bill for an act relating to education; requesting the Minnesota School Boards Association to develop a model policy for cell phones in schools; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 121A.

Referred to the Committee on Education Policy.

Senators Marty, Mann, Boldon, and Mohamed introduced--

S.F. No. 4750: A bill for an act relating to taxation; corporate franchise; requiring the Department of Revenue to make available certain corporate franchise tax information; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 270B.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Seeberger introduced--

S.F. No. 4751: A bill for an act relating to retirement; Public Employees Retirement Association; general employees retirement plan; local government correctional service retirement plan; modifying the limitation on disability benefit payments by eliminating an offset for income received from workers' compensation; eliminating a reporting requirement related to income received from workers' compensation; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 353.33, subdivisions 7, 7a; 353E.06, subdivision 6; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 353.335, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 353.33, subdivision 5; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 353.335, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Hauschild, Gustafson, Hoffman, and Kupec introduced--

S.F. No. 4752: A bill for an act relating to taxation; individual income; establishing a refundable credit for certain home care providers; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0911, subdivision 15; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Carlson introduced--

S.F. No. 4753: A bill for an act relating to the military; modifying the definition of criminal justice agencies; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.02, subdivision 3a.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Hauschild introduced--

S.F. No. 4754: A bill for an act relating to transportation; designating a portion of marked U.S. Highway 169 between Marble and Mountain Iron as "Senator David J. Tomassoni Memorial Cross Range Expressway"; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 161.14, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Hauschild introduced--

S.F. No. 4755: A bill for an act relating to higher education; appropriating money for transfer to the Cook County Higher Education Board.

Referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Senator Hauschild introduced--

S.F. No. 4756: A bill for an act relating to transportation; specifying the warning lights that volunteer first responders are authorized to use in their personal vehicles when responding to a call; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 169.58, subdivisions 2, 3; 169.64, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Hauschild introduced--

S.F. No. 4757: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for replacement of the Kawishiwi Bridge in Lake County; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Pappas introduced--

S.F. No. 4758: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a grant to the Asian American Business Resiliency Network.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Westlin introduced--

S.F. No. 4759: A bill for an act relating to retirement; revising requirements for supplemental retirement plans; allowing employer matching contributions on account of an employee's qualified student loan payments under Secure 2.0; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 356.24, subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 356.24, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Mitchell and Xiong introduced--

S.F. No. 4760: A bill for an act relating to energy; providing for and governing pilot thermal energy network projects; authorizing administrative rulemaking; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 216B.02, subdivision 6; 216B.2427, subdivision 1, by adding subdivisions; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216B.243, subdivision 8.

Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

Senator Mitchell introduced--

S.F. No. 4761: A bill for an act relating to child protection; creating a Child Protection Advisory Council; requiring reports; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 260E.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Kupec introduced--

S.F. No. 4762: A bill for an act relating to economic development; appropriating money for a grant to the Immigrant Development Center.

Referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development.

Senator Hauschild introduced--

S.F. No. 4763: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for the Gitchi Gami State Trail; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Lucero and Draheim introduced--

S.F. No. 4764: A bill for an act relating to taxation; sales and use; providing a refundable exemption for construction materials used for residential housing; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 297A.71, by adding a subdivision; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2.

Referred to the Committee on Taxes.

Senator Pappas introduced--

S.F. No. 4765: A bill for an act relating to retirement; Minnesota Secure Choice retirement program; permitting home and community-based services employees to participate in the program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 187.03, by adding a subdivision; 187.05, subdivision 7.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Lucero, Bahr, and Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4766: A bill for an act relating to state government; appropriating money to the secretary of state for the purpose of reimbursing local units of government for costs associated with implementation of the new state flag and state seal.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4767: A bill for an act relating to state government; modifying the design of the state seal; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 1.135, subdivision 3a.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Drazkowski and Lucero introduced--

S.F. No. 4768: A bill for an act relating to state government; modifying the design of the state seal; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 1.135, subdivision 3a.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Wesenberg, Lieske, and Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4769: A bill for an act relating to state government; proposing a state constitutional amendment related to adoption of the official state flag; proposing a state constitutional amendment related to adoption of the official state seal; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 1.135, subdivisions 1, 3, 5; 1.141, subdivisions 3, 4, 6; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 2, sections 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 133, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Drazkowski, Lucero, and Bahr introduced--

S.F. No. 4770: A bill for an act relating to state government; requiring the secretary of state to place questions on the 2024 state general election ballot related to approval of the state flag and state seal designs adopted by the State Emblems Redesign Commission; establishing a State Symbol Design Commission, if a ballot question placed on the 2024 state general election is not adopted; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 1.135, subdivisions 3a, 6; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 2, sections 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 133, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Westrom, Lieske, Wesenberg, and Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4771: A bill for an act relating to state government; requiring the secretary of state to place questions on the 2024 state general election ballot related to approval of the state flag and state seal designs adopted by the State Emblems Redesign Commission; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 1.135, subdivisions 3a, 6; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 2, sections 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 133, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senator Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4772: A bill for an act relating to transportation; repealing a retail delivery tax; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 174.49, subdivision 2; 270C.15; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 168E.01; 168E.03; 168E.05; 168E.07; 168E.09.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Drazkowski, Koran, and Bahr introduced--

S.F. No. 4773: A bill for an act relating to motor fuels; authorizing bulk sales of nonoxygenated gasoline; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 239.791, subdivision 12.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4774: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; appropriating money for soil health grants that enable farmers in the Karst region to reduce nitrogen fertilizer use.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4775: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; expanding eligible uses of the agricultural growth, research, and innovation program appropriation to include precision agriculture projects in the Karst region; amending Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 2, subdivision 4.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 4776: A bill for an act relating to legacy; appropriating money for soil health grants that protect Karst region groundwater from degradation.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senator Wiklund introduced--

S.F. No. 4777: A bill for an act relating to MNsure; changing certain reporting requirements; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 62V.05, subdivision 12; 62V.08; 62V.11, subdivision 4.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senators Wiklund, Mann, and Boldon introduced--

S.F. No. 4778: A bill for an act relating to health; establishing the MinnesotaCare public option; expanding eligibility for MinnesotaCare; establishing a premium scale for public option enrollees; providing state-funded cost-sharing reductions; establishing a contingent health insurance premium tax credit; requiring the commissioner of commerce to seek a section 1332 waiver; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 62V.02, by adding subdivisions; 62V.03, subdivisions 1, 3; 62V.05, subdivisions 3, 6, 11, by adding a subdivision; 62V.051; 62V.06, subdivision 4; 256L.01, by adding subdivisions; 256L.04, subdivisions 1c, 7a, by adding a subdivision; 256L.07, subdivision 1; 256L.12, subdivision 7; 290.0122, subdivision 6; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 62V.13, subdivision 3; 256L.03, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62V; 256L.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Marty introduced--

S.F. No. 4779: A bill for an act relating to human services; appropriating money for families experiencing homelessness in Ramsey County.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services.

Senator Fateh introduced--

S.F. No. 4780: A bill for an act relating to labor; regulating transportation network companies; providing a civil cause of action; imposing criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 65B.472; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181C.

Referred to the Committee on Labor.

Senator Maye Quade introduced--

S.F. No. 4781: A bill for an act relating to human rights; modifying processes for determining reasonable accommodations for public accommodation and public services; modifying criteria for determining undue hardship for public accommodation and public services; providing for disparate impact discrimination claims for public accommodation and public services; updating terms; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 363A.03, subdivisions 12, 31, 33, 36; 363A.08, subdivision 6; 363A.28, subdivision 10; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 363A.11, subdivision 1; 363A.12, subdivision 1.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Port introduced--

S.F. No. 4782: A bill for an act relating to state government; modifying cannabis provisions; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 3.9224; 151.72, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5a, 5b, 6, 7; 256B.0625, subdivision 13d; 290.0132, subdivision 29; 290.0134, subdivision 19; 295.81, subdivisions 1, 4; 297A.70, subdivision 2; 342.01, subdivisions 3, 4, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 48, 64, 65, 66, by adding a subdivision; 342.02, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 6; 342.07, subdivision 3; 342.09, subdivisions 1, 3; 342.10; 342.11; 342.12; 342.13; 342.14; 342.15, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 342.17; 342.18, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 342.19, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5; 342.22; 342.24, subdivisions 1, 2; 342.28, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 342.29, subdivisions 1, 4; 342.30, subdivision 4; 342.31, subdivision 4; 342.32, subdivision 4; 342.35, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 342.37, subdivision 1; 342.40, subdivision 7; 342.41, subdivisions 1, 3; 342.44, subdivision 1; 342.51; 342.515; 342.52, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 11; 342.53; 342.54; 342.55, subdivisions 1, 2; 342.56, subdivisions 1, 2; 342.57, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7; 342.58; 342.60; 342.61, subdivisions 4, 5; 342.63, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6; Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 1, sections 2; 51; 52; 53; 54; 55; 56; 57; 58; 59; 61; article 6, section 73; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 342; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 342.01, subdivisions 28, 52, 53, 54, 55; 342.18, subdivision 1; 342.27, subdivision 13; 342.29, subdivision 9; 342.47; 342.48; 342.49; 342.50; 342.52, subdivision 8; Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 7, sections 4; 6.

Referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection.

Senator Carlson introduced--

S.F. No. 4783: A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring transportation commissioner to adopt revisions to traffic engineering studies and investigations for setting speed limits.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Frentz, Mitchell, and Xiong introduced--

S.F. No. 4784: A bill for an act relating to energy; establishing the Minnesota Energy Infrastructure Permitting Act; modifying provisions governing certificates of need; making conforming and technical changes; authorizing administrative rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 216A.037, subdivision 1; 216B.2421, subdivision 2; 216B.243, subdivisions 3, 3a, 4, 9; 216E.08, subdivision 2; 216E.11; 216E.13; 216E.14; 216E.15; 216E.16; 216E.18, subdivision 2a; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 216B.243, subdivision 8; 216E.06; 216E.07; 216E.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216I; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 216E.001; 216E.01, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10; 216E.02; 216E.03, subdivisions 2, 3a, 3b, 4, 9; 216E.04, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; 216E.05, subdivisions 1, 3; 216E.08, subdivisions 1, 4; 216E.18, subdivisions 1, 2; 216F.01; 216F.011; 216F.012; 216F.015; 216F.02; 216F.03; 216F.05; 216F.06; 216F.07; 216F.08; 216F.081; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 216E.01, subdivisions 3a, 6, 9a; 216E.03, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11; 216E.04, subdivision 2; 216E.05, subdivision 2; 216F.04; Minnesota Rules, parts 7850.1000; 7850.1100; 7850.1200; 7850.1300; 7850.1400; 7850.1500; 7850.1600; 7850.1700; 7850.1800; 7850.1900; 7850.2000; 7850.2100; 7850.2200; 7850.2300; 7850.2400; 7850.2500; 7850.2600; 7850.2700; 7850.2800; 7850.2900; 7850.3000; 7850.3100; 7850.3200; 7850.3300;

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7850.3400; 7850.3500; 7850.3600; 7850.3700; 7850.3800; 7850.3900; 7850.4000; 7850.4100; 7850.4200; 7850.4500; 7850.4600; 7850.4700; 7850.4800; 7850.4900; 7850.5000; 7850.5100; 7850.5200; 7850.5300; 7850.5400; 7850.5500; 7850.5600; 7854.0100; 7854.0200; 7854.0300; 7854.0400; 7854.0500; 7854.0600; 7854.0700; 7854.0800; 7854.0900; 7854.1000; 7854.1100; 7854.1200; 7854.1300; 7854.1400; 7854.1500.
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Referred to the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate.

Senators Port, Oumou Verbeten, Maye Quade, Mitchell, and Boldon introduced--

S.F. No. 4785: A bill for an act relating to the legislature; proposing an amendment to the Minnesota Constitution, article IV, sections 3, 5, and 12; by adding an article XV; establishing an Independent Redistricting Commission; establishing a Redistricting Commission Applicant Review Panel; establishing principles to be used in adopting legislative and congressional districts; prohibiting members of the legislature from being employed or engaged for compensation as a lobbyist for a period of one year following the end of their legislative service; amending requirements related to the convening and conduct of regular legislative sessions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 2.031, by adding a subdivision; 2.731; 10A.01, subdivision 35; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 2; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 2.91.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senators Seeberger, Dahms, Putnam, and Gustafson introduced--

S.F. No. 4786: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; transferring money to the University of Minnesota for the Forever Green Initiative.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Broadband, and Rural Development.

Senator Rest introduced--

S.F. No. 4787: A bill for an act relating to court records; requiring prosecuting authorities to seek protective order for certain evidence clearly offensive to common sensibilities; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 634.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Hawj introduced--

S.F. No. 4788: A bill for an act relating to local government; repealing franchise fee rate limitations for the city of St. Paul; repealing Laws 1979, chapter 189, sections 1; 2, as amended; 3.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Senator Champion moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 716. The motion prevailed.

Senator Utke moved that his name be stricken as chief author and the name of Senator Fateh be added as chief author to S.F. No. 792. The motion prevailed.

Senator Port moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1045. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Lieske be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1445. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kunesh moved that the name of Senator Marty be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1718. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kunesh moved that the name of Senator Marty be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1915. The motion prevailed.

Senator Champion moved that the name of Senator Mitchell be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2123. The motion prevailed.

Senator Drazkowski moved that the name of Senator Westrom be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3006. The motion prevailed.

Senator Champion moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3186. The motion prevailed.

Senator Murphy moved that her name be stricken as chief author, shown as a co-author, and the name of Senator Maye Quade be added as chief author to S.F. No. 3204. The motion prevailed.

Senator Pratt moved that the name of Senator Port be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3223. The motion prevailed.

Senator Dornink moved that the name of Senator Putnam be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3329. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman moved that the names of Senators Rarick and Farnsworth be added as co-authors to S.F. No. 3364. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that the name of Senator Rest be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3368. The motion prevailed.

Senator Dibble moved that the name of Senator Westrom be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3438. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that the name of Senator Pha be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3445. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that the name of Senator Pha be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3446. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3450. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mohamed moved that the name of Senator Fateh be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3486. The motion prevailed.

Senator Maye Quade moved that the name of Senator Gustafson be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3503. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that the name of Senator Pha be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3528. The motion prevailed.

Senator Marty moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3542. The motion prevailed.

Senator Abeler moved that the name of Senator Mann be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3634. The motion prevailed.

Senator Oumou Verbeten moved that the name of Senator Bahr be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3670. The motion prevailed.

Senator Marty moved that the name of Senator Mann be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3680. The motion prevailed.

Senator Pappas moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3694. The motion prevailed.

Senator Lieske moved that the name of Senator Hoffman be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3703. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kunesh moved that the name of Senator Cwodzinski be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3746. The motion prevailed.

Senator Limmer moved that the name of Senator Gruenhagen be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3848. The motion prevailed.

Senator Jasinski moved that his name be stricken as a co-author to S.F. No. 3886. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hauschild moved that the name of Senator Rest be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3886. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kunesh moved that the name of Senator Cwodzinski be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3946. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mann moved that the name of Senator Duckworth be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3972. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that her name be stricken as chief author, shown as a co-author, and the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as chief author to S.F. No. 3999. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mann moved that the name of Senator Utke be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4013. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mann moved that the names of Senators Boldon and Abeler be added as co-authors to S.F. No. 4024. The motion prevailed.

Senator Pappas moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4046. The motion prevailed.

Senator Pappas moved that the name of Senator Oumou Verbeten be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4048. The motion prevailed.

Senator Dibble moved that the names of Senators Pappas and Draheim be added as co-authors to S.F. No. 4053. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4054. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Lieske be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4076. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4109. The motion prevailed.

Senator Rest moved that the name of Senator Dibble be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4115. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4130. The motion prevailed.

Senator Putnam moved that the name of Senator Duckworth be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4226. The motion prevailed.

Senator Oumou Verbeten moved that the name of Senator Latz be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4269. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kupec moved that the name of Senator Farnsworth be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4305. The motion prevailed.

Senator Housley moved that her name be stricken as a co-author to S.F. No. 4312. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman moved that the name of Senator Gustafson be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4331. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mann moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4392. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman moved that the name of Senator Maye Quade be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4398. The motion prevailed.

Senator Putnam moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4402. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Mitchell be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4417. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hauschild moved that the name of Senator Putnam be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4422. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hauschild moved that the name of Senator Mitchell be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4446. The motion prevailed.

Senator Coleman moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4454. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mann moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4462. The motion prevailed.

Senator Bahr moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4464. The motion prevailed.

Senator Oumou Verbeten moved that the name of Senator Bahr be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4476. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kunesh moved that the name of Senator Hauschild be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4480. The motion prevailed.

Senator Maye Quade moved that the name of Senator McEwen be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4495. The motion prevailed.

Senator Klein moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4511. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hauschild moved that the name of Senator Eichorn be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4523. The motion prevailed.

Senator Fatch moved that the name of Senator Abeler be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4525. The motion prevailed.

Senator Kunesh moved that the name of Senator Coleman be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4545. The motion prevailed.

Senator Mann moved that the name of Senator Boldon be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 4596. The motion prevailed.

Senator Pha moved that S.F. No. 3980 be withdrawn from the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans and re-referred to the Committee on Housing and Homelessness Prevention. The motion prevailed.

Senator Boldon moved that S.F. No. 4170 be withdrawn from the Committee on Human Services and re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services. The motion prevailed.

Senator Gustafson moved that S.F. No. 4186 be withdrawn from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety and re-referred to the Committee on Taxes. The motion prevailed.

Senator Abeler moved that S.F. No. 4276 be withdrawn from the Committee on Health and Human Services and re-referred to the Committee on Human Services. The motion prevailed.

Senator Seeberger moved that S.F. No. 4300 be withdrawn from the Committee on Taxes and re-referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection. The motion prevailed.

Senator Seeberger introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 78: A Senate resolution recognizing Multiple Sclerosis Awareness Week.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senators Murphy, Johnson, and Champion introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 79: A Senate resolution congratulating Steve Senyk on his retirement after more than 41 years of service to the Senate and the State of Minnesota.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senators Dziedzic, Hoffman, Housley, Lang, Miller, and Port were excused from the Session of today.

ADJOURNMENT

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 11:00 a.m., Monday, March 11, 2024. The motion prevailed.

Thomas S. Bottern, Secretary of the Senate