FORTY-EIGHTH DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Thursday, April 13, 2023

The Senate met at 12:00 noon and was called to order by the President.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Boldon imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Pastor Chad Ellenburg.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators were present:

Abeler	Eichorn	Klein	McEwen	Rasmusson
Anderson	Farnsworth	Koran	Miller	Rest
Bahr	Fateh	Kreun	Mitchell	Seeberger
Boldon	Frentz	Kunesh	Mohamed	Utke
Carlson	Green	Kupec	Morrison	Weber
Champion	Gruenhagen	Lang	Murphy	Wesenberg
Coleman	Gustafson	Latz	Nelson	Westlin
Cwodzinski	Hauschild	Lieske	Oumou Verbeten	Westrom
Dahms	Hawj	Limmer	Pappas	Wiklund
Dibble	Hoffman	Lucero	Pha	Xiong
Dornink	Housley	Mann	Port	C
Draheim	Howe	Marty	Pratt	
Drazkowski	Jasinski	Mathews	Putnam	
Dziedzic	Johnson	Maye Quade	Rarick	

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Mr. President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following House Files, herewith transmitted: H.F. Nos. 1126, 1999, and 2073.

Patrick D. Murphy, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted April 12, 2023

FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time.

H.F. No. 1126: A bill for an act relating to higher education; providing for certain policy changes to postsecondary attainment goals, student financial aid, institutional licensure provisions, and institutional grant programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 135A.012; 136A.121, subdivisions 2, 18; 136A.1241, subdivision 5; 136A.1701, subdivision 11; 136A.62, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 136A.653, by adding a subdivision; 136A.833; 136A.91, subdivision 1; repealing Minnesota Rules, parts 4830.0400, subpart 1; 4880.2500.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration for comparison with S.F. No. 1011, now on General Orders.

H.F. No. 1999: A bill for an act relating to state government; appropriating money from outdoor heritage, clean water, parks and trails, and arts and cultural heritage funds; modifying prior appropriations; modifying provisions related to outdoor heritage fund and parks and trails fund; modifying Clean Water Legacy Act; requiring financial review of certain grant recipients; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 85.53, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 85.536, subdivisions 1, 2; 97A.056, subdivisions 2, 11, 22; 114D.20, subdivision 2; 114D.30, subdivisions 4, 6, 7; 114D.50, subdivision 4; 129D.17, by adding subdivisions; Laws 2020, chapter 104, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5, as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

H.F. No. 2073: A bill for an act relating to higher education; providing funding and policy related changes for the Office of Higher Education, Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the University of Minnesota, and the Mayo Clinic; creating and modifying certain scholarships and student aid programs; creating and modifying grant programs to higher education institutions; establishing the Inclusive Higher Education Technical Assistance Center; creating a direct admissions program; providing aid to postsecondary institutions for unemployment insurance; establishing higher education bonding policy; requiring financial review of nonprofit grant recipients; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 136A.101, subdivisions 5a, 7; 136A.121, subdivisions 6, 9, 13; 136A.1241, subdivision 5; 136A.125, subdivision 4; 136A.1312; 136A.1791, subdivision 3a; 136A.246, subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 8; 136F.04, subdivision 1; 136F.38, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 175.45, subdivision 1; 354B.23, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 135A; 136A; 268; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 136F.03; 136F.38, subdivision 2.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 207: A bill for an act relating to labor; providing safe workplaces for meat and poultry processing workers; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.654, subdivision 11; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 179.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 4, line 11, delete "must be tried promptly," and insert "shall proceed"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance.

Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time.

Senators Hawj, Fateh, and Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 3249: A bill for an act relating to transportation; exempting location requirements for deputy registrars and driver's license agents who offer bilingual services; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.33, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 171.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Hawj, Fateh, and Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 3250: A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring an open bidding process when deputy registrars and driver's license agents close locations; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 168.33, by adding a subdivision; 171.061, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Anderson, Koran, Drazkowski, and Bahr introduced--

S.F. No. 3251: A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing the position of director of grants management and oversight within the Department of Administration; requiring standards related to grantmaking and grants management practices; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 16B.97, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 16B.98, subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Duckworth, Pratt, Jasinski, Draheim, and Lieske introduced--

S.F. No. 3252: A bill for an act relating to transportation; appropriating money for an interchange project on marked Interstate Highway 35 in Scott County; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senator Kupec introduced--

S.F. No. 3253: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for capital improvements and extensions of the Heartland Trail; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senator Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 3254: A bill for an act relating to public safety; establishing a grant for a study and report on pretrial release practices; appropriating money.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senator Oumou Verbeten introduced--

S.F. No. 3255: A bill for an act relating to public safety; establishing a task force on the statewide response to substance abuse; requiring reports; appropriating money.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Senators Bahr, Draheim, Eichorn, Koran, and Drazkowski introduced--

S.F. No. 3256: A bill for an act relating to emergency management; requiring legislative approval to extend a declared emergency beyond five days; protecting citizen rights; requiring legislative enactment before certain executive orders and rules may have the force and effect of law; defining terms; repealing certain criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 12.03, subdivision 1e, by adding subdivisions; 12.21, subdivision 3; 12.31, subdivisions 2, 3; 12.32; 12.36; 12.61, subdivision 2; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 12.45.

Referred to the Committee on State and Local Government and Veterans.

Senators Hawj, Fateh, and Kunesh introduced--

S.F. No. 3257: A bill for an act relating to transportation; requiring the Department of Public Safety to add deputy registrars and driver's license agents to state agencies eligible to provide bilingual services and materials; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.441, by adding a subdivision.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Hawj and Hoffman introduced--

S.F. No. 3258: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for a barrier against an invasive carp species of fish on the Mississippi River; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Nelson, Boldon, and Jasinski introduced--

S.F. No. 3259: A bill for an act relating to transportation; appropriating money for an interchange at marked U.S. Highway 14 and County State-Aid Highway 44 in Olmsted County.

Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Senators Morrison, McEwen, Hawj, and Klein introduced--

S.F. No. 3260: A bill for an act relating to solid waste; establishing program for beverage container recycling refunds; providing civil and criminal penalties; requiring reports; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A.

Referred to the Committee on Environment, Climate, and Legacy.

Senator Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 3261: A bill for an act relating to higher education; requiring the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities to transfer its central office to the campus of a college or university governed by the board; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 136F.06, subdivision 3.

Referred to the Committee on Higher Education.

Senator Putnam introduced--

S.F. No. 3262: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for predesign of an East African cultural mall in the city of St. Cloud.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

Senators Hoffman, Koran, and Abeler introduced--

S.F. No. 3263: A bill for an act relating to health; establishing the William Shegstad Healthcare Advocates Act; providing civil penalties; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144.

Referred to the Committee on Human Services.

Senator Rarick introduced--

S.F. No. 3264: A bill for an act relating to capital investment; appropriating money for local road projects in Sturgeon Lake; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Capital Investment.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Senator Klein moved that the name of Senator Pha be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1138. The motion prevailed.

Senator Bahr moved that the name of Senator Hauschild be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 1197. The motion prevailed.

Senator Lucero moved that his name be stricken as a co-author to S.F. No. 1703. The motion prevailed.

Senator Bahr moved that the name of Senator Hauschild be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2184. The motion prevailed.

Senator Port moved that the name of Senator Housley be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2200. The motion prevailed.

Senator Seeberger moved that the name of Senator Pha be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2378. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Maye Quade be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2701. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Maye Quade be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2702. The motion prevailed.

Senator Morrison moved that the name of Senator Maye Quade be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2923. The motion prevailed.

Senator McEwen moved that the name of Senator Port be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2940. The motion prevailed.

Senator Bahr moved that the name of Senator Hauschild be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 3037. The motion prevailed.

Senator Hoffman introduced --

Senate Resolution No. 33: A Senate resolution honoring the memory of William M. (Bill) Shegstad.

Referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

RECESS

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Orders of Business of Reports of Committees and Second Reading of Senate Bills.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Murphy moved that the Committee Reports at the Desk be now adopted, with the exception of the reports on S.F. Nos. 1336, 1049, and 2319.

The question was taken on the adoption of the motion.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 40 and nays 18, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Fateh	Kunesh	Miller	Pha
Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mitchell	Port
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Mohamed	Putnam
Champion	Hauschild	Limmer	Morrison	Rest
Dibble	Hawj	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Draheim	Hoffman	Marty	Nelson	Westlin
Dziedzic	Klein	Maye Quade	Oumou Verbeten	Westrom
Farnsworth	Kreun	McEwen	Pappas	Xiong

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dziedzic, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson	Eichorn	Koran	Mathews	Weber
Bahr	Green	Lang	Rarick	Wesenberg
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lieske	Rasmusson	_
Drazkowski	Howe	Lucero	Utke	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Lang.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2909: A bill for an act relating to state government; amending certain judiciary, public safety, corrections, human rights, firearm, and 911 Emergency Communication System statutory policy provisions; providing for reports; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating money for judiciary, courts, civil legal services, Guardian ad Litem Board, Uniform Laws Commission, Board on Judicial

Standards, Board of Public Defense, human rights, sentencing guidelines, public safety, emergency management, criminal apprehension, fire marshal, firefighters, Office of Justice programs, Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, Private Detective Board, corrections, incarceration and release, probation, juveniles, and Ombudsperson for Corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.072, subdivision 1; 13.825, subdivision 3; 13.871, subdivisions 8, 14; 13A.02, subdivisions 1, 2; 144.6586, subdivision 2; 145.4712; 152.01, by adding a subdivision; 152.021, subdivisions 1, 2; 152.022, subdivisions 1, 2; 152.023, subdivision 2; 152.18, subdivision 1; 181.981, subdivision 1; 214.10, subdivision 10; 241.01, subdivision 3a; 241.021, subdivision 1d; 243.05, subdivision 1; 244.03; 244.05, subdivisions 1b, 2, 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 244.101, subdivision 1; 244.19, subdivisions 1, 5; 244.195, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding subdivisions; 244.20; 244.21; 297I.06, subdivision 1; 299A.38; 299A.41, subdivisions 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 299A.52; 299A.642, subdivision 15; 299A.73, by adding a subdivision; 299C.10, subdivision 1; 299C.106, subdivision 3; 299C.11, subdivision 3; 299C.111; 299C.17; 299C.53, subdivision 3; 299N.02, subdivision 3; 326.32, subdivision 10; 326.3381, subdivision 3; 357.021, subdivision 2; 363A.06, subdivision 1; 401.01; 401.02; 401.025, subdivision 1; 401.06; 401.09; 401.10; 401.11; 401.14, subdivision 3; 401.16; 403.02, subdivisions 7, 9a, 11b, 16a, 17, 17c, 18, 19, 19a, 20, 20a, 21, by adding subdivisions; 403.025; 403.03, subdivision 2; 403.05; 403.06; 403.07; 403.08; 403.09, subdivision 2; 403.10, subdivisions 2, 3; 403.11; 403.113; 403.15, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, by adding a subdivision; 609.05, by adding a subdivision; 609.106, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 609.14, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 609.2231, subdivision 4; 609.2233; 609.3455, subdivisions 2, 5; 609.35; 609.52, subdivision 3; 609.527, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 609.582, subdivisions 3, 4; 609.595, subdivisions 1a, 2; 609.749, subdivision 3; 609A.01; 609A.02, subdivision 3; 609A.03, subdivisions 5, 7a, 9; 611.23; 611A.03, subdivision 1; 611A.211, subdivision 1; 611A.31, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 611A.32; 626.15; 626.5531, subdivision 1; 626.843, by adding a subdivision; 626.8451, subdivision 1; 626.8469, subdivision 1; 626.8473, subdivision 3; 638.01; 641.15, subdivision 2; 641.155; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 11, article 1, section 15, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 243; 244; 299A; 299C; 401; 609; 609A; 626; 638; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 244.18; 244.19, subdivisions 6, 7, 8; 244.22; 244.24; 244.30; 299C.80, subdivision 7; 403.02, subdivision 13; 403.09, subdivision 3; 638.02; 638.03; 638.04; 638.05; 638.06; 638.07; 638.075; 638.08.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 24, delete "77,372,000" and insert "78,014,000"

Page 3, line 10, delete "reverts" and insert "cancels"

Page 3, line 11, delete "28,072,000" and insert "28,714,000"

Page 3, line 12, delete "\$29,899,000" and insert "\$30,345,000"

Page 5, line 8, delete everything after "appropriation" and insert "is available until June 30, 2027."

Page 5, delete lines 9 to 11

Page 8, line 18, delete everything after the period and insert "This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027."

Page 8, delete line 19

Page 10, line 6, delete "reverts" and insert "cancels"

Page 11, line 18, after the period, insert "The base appropriation for this account is \$12,182,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$12,082,000 in fiscal year 2027."

Page 15, line 1, delete "for deposit into" and insert "transferred to"

Page 23, after line 8, insert:

"(e) Firearm Storage Cost Reimbursement

\$250,000 each year is to implement Senate File No. 1117. If this provision or a substantially similar one is not enacted in the 2023 legislative session, this appropriation cancels to the general fund."

Page 25, line 28, delete "purpose" and insert "appropriation"

Page 26, lines 8, 11, 15, and 18, delete "purpose" and insert "appropriation"

Page 27, line 6, delete "\$1,000,000" and insert "\$750,000"

Page 27, delete lines 10 to 14

Page 27, line 15, delete "(i)" and insert "(h)"

Page 27, line 21, delete "(j)" and insert "(i)"

Page 27, line 27, delete "(k)" and insert "(j)"

Page 27, line 32, delete "(1)" and insert "(k)"

Page 28, line 5, delete "(m)" and insert "(l)"

Page 28, line 28, delete "activity" and insert "appropriation"

Page 29, lines 15, 19, and 27, delete "purpose" and insert "appropriation"

Page 32, lines 15 and 21, delete "purpose" and insert "appropriation"

Page 34, line 26, after the period, insert "Any balance in the account on June 30, 2028, cancels to the general fund."

Page 35, line 32, after the period, insert "Any balance in the account on June 30, 2028, cancels to the general fund."

Page 36, line 14, after "(c)" insert "Up to"

Page 36, after line 24, insert:

"Sec. 27. FINANCIAL REVIEW OF NONPROFIT GRANT RECIPIENTS.

- Subdivision 1. Financial information required; determination of ability to perform. Before an agency awards a competitive, legislatively-named, single source, or sole source grant to a nonprofit organization with money appropriated in this act, the agency must assess the risk that a grantee cannot or would not perform the required duties. In making this assessment, the agency must review the following information:
- (1) the grantee's history of performing duties similar to those required by the grant, whether the size of the grant requires the grantee to perform services at a significantly increased scale, and whether the size of the grant will require significant changes to the operation of the grantee's organization;
- (2) the applicant's Form 990 or Form 990-EZ filed with the Internal Revenue Service in each of the prior three years. If the applicant has not been in existence long enough or is not required to file Form 990 or Form 990-EZ, the applicant must demonstrate to the grantor's satisfaction that the applicant is exempt and must instead submit the applicant's most recent board-reviewed financial statements and documentation of internal controls;
- (3) evidence of registration and good standing with the secretary of state under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 317A, or other applicable law;
- (4) if the applicant's total annual revenue exceeds \$750,000, the applicant's most recent financial audit performed by an independent third party in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
- (5) certification, provided by the applicant, that none of its principals have been convicted of a financial crime.
- Subd. 2. Additional measures for some grantees. The agency may require additional information and must provide enhanced oversight for grants to nonprofit organizations that have not previously received state or federal grants for similar amounts or similar duties and so have not yet demonstrated the ability to perform the duties required under the grant on the scale required.
- Subd. 3. Assistance from administration. An agency without adequate resources or experience to perform obligations under this section may contract with the commissioner of administration to perform the agency's duties under this section.
- Subd. 4. Agency authority to not award grant. If an agency determines that there is an appreciable risk that a grantee receiving a competitive, single source, or sole source grant cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must notify the grantee and the commissioner of administration and give the grantee an opportunity to respond to the agency's concerns. If the grantee does not satisfy the agency's concerns within 45 days, the agency must not award the grant.
- Subd. 5. Legislatively-named grantees. If an agency determines that there is an appreciable risk that a grantee receiving a legislatively-named grant cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must notify the grantee, the commissioner of administration, and the chair and ranking minority members of Ways and Means Committee in the

house of representatives, the chairs and ranking minority members of the Finance Committee in the senate, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the house of representatives and the senate with primary jurisdiction over the bill in which the money for the grant was appropriated. The agency must give the grantee an opportunity to respond to the agency's concerns. If the grantee does not satisfy the agency's concerns within 45 days, the agency must delay award of the grant until adjournment of the next regular or special legislative session.

- Subd. 6. Subgrants. If a grantee will disburse the money received from the grant to other organizations to perform duties required under the grant agreement, the agency must be a party to agreements between the grantee and a subgrantee. Before entering agreements for subgrants, the agency must perform the financial review required under this section with respect to the subgrantees.
- Subd. 7. Effect. The requirements of this section are in addition to other requirements imposed by law, the commissioner of administration under Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.97 to 16B.98, or agency grant policy."
- Page 36, line 24, after the period, insert "Any balance in the account on June 30, 2028, cancels to the general fund."

Page 101, line 17, delete "2024" and insert "2025"

Page 101, delete lines 26 and 27 and insert:

"(c) Within 90 days of the Ramsey County District Court receiving the preliminary application, the reviewing judge shall determine whether, in the discretion of that judge, there is a reasonable probability that the application is entitled to relief under this section."

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 1336: A bill for an act relating to public safety; making various policy changes, including to veterans' license plates, dealer licenses and records, USDOT numbers, and driver's license applications; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 168.1235, subdivision 1; 168.1253, subdivision 3; 168.185; 168.27, subdivisions 11, 16; 168A.11, subdivision 3; 169A.60, subdivision 13; 171.06, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 171.0605, subdivision 3, 5; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 168.345, subdivision 1; 171.06, subdivision 3a.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, line 13, delete "8" and insert "12"

Page 12, after line 16, insert:

"Sec. 13. <u>DWI DRIVING PRIVILEGE REINSTATEMENT REVIEW; REPORT</u> REQUIRED.

Subdivision 1. Review. (a) The commissioner of public safety shall conduct a review of the statutes and the department's administrative rules and policies governing the process by which a

person's driving privileges are reinstated, in whole or in part, following a driving while impaired incident.

- (b) At a minimum, the review must focus on:
- (1) identifying requirements that needlessly impede a person's ability to reacquire driving privileges, such as requiring documents or other items from sufficiently far in the past that would prove unduly cumbersome or impossible for the average person to procure; and
- (2) analyzing the feasibility of a process and identifying criteria by which the commissioner may waive requirements for reinstatement in particular cases.
- Subd. 2. Report. By February 15, 2024, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety and transportation on the review conducted under subdivision 1, including any recommended changes to statute, rule, or policy identified by it."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, after "applications;" insert "requiring a report;"

And when so amended the bill do pass.

Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 1049: A bill for an act relating to public transit; creating a transit rider investment program; amending requirements governing transit rider behavior; authorizing Metropolitan Council to issue administrative citations for transit fare evasion; requiring Metropolitan Council to implement transit safety measures; requiring the Metropolitan Council to publish monthly ridership numbers and quarterly crime statistics; establishing a transit service intervention project; imposing civil penalties; making technical and clarifying changes; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 151.37, subdivision 12; 357.021, subdivisions 6, 7; 609.855, subdivisions 1, 3, 7, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 151.37, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Administration of opiate antagonists for drug overdose. (a) A licensed physician, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe drugs pursuant to section 148.235, or a licensed physician assistant may authorize the following individuals to administer opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1:

- (1) an emergency medical responder registered pursuant to section 144E.27;
- (2) a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d);
- (3) correctional employees of a state or local political subdivision;
- (4) staff of community-based health disease prevention or social service programs;
- (5) a volunteer firefighter; and
- (6) a licensed school nurse or certified public health nurse employed by, or under contract with, a school board under section 121A.21; and
 - (7) transit rider investment program personnel authorized under section 473.4075.
- (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, opiate antagonists may be administered by one of these individuals only if:
- (1) the licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice registered nurse has issued a standing order to, or entered into a protocol with, the individual; and
- (2) the individual has training in the recognition of signs of opiate overdose and the use of opiate antagonists as part of the emergency response to opiate overdose.
- (c) Nothing in this section prohibits the possession and administration of naloxone pursuant to section 604A.04.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 357.021, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Surcharges on criminal and traffic offenders. (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, the court shall impose and the court administrator shall collect a \$75 surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor offense, other than a violation of: (1) a law or ordinance relating to vehicle parking, for which there shall be is a \$12 surcharge; and (2) section 609.855, subdivision 1, 3, or 3a, for which there is a \$25 surcharge. When a defendant is convicted of more than one offense in a case, the surcharge shall be imposed only once in that case. In the Second Judicial District, the court shall impose, and the court administrator shall collect, an additional \$1 surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor offense, including a violation of a law or ordinance relating to vehicle parking, if the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes the \$1 surcharge. The surcharge shall be imposed whether or not the person is sentenced to imprisonment or the sentence is stayed. The surcharge shall not be imposed when a person is convicted of a petty misdemeanor for which no fine is imposed.
- (b) The court may reduce the amount or waive payment of the surcharge required under this subdivision on a showing of indigency or undue hardship upon the convicted person or the convicted person's immediate family. Additionally, the court may permit the defendant to perform community work service in lieu of a surcharge.

- (c) The court administrator or other entity collecting a surcharge shall forward it to the commissioner of management and budget.
- (d) If the convicted person is sentenced to imprisonment and has not paid the surcharge before the term of imprisonment begins, the chief executive officer of the correctional facility in which the convicted person is incarcerated shall collect the surcharge from any earnings the inmate accrues from work performed in the facility or while on conditional release. The chief executive officer shall forward the amount collected to the court administrator or other entity collecting the surcharge imposed by the court.
- (e) A person who enters a diversion program, continuance without prosecution, continuance for dismissal, or stay of adjudication for a violation of chapter 169 must pay the surcharge described in this subdivision. A surcharge imposed under this paragraph shall be imposed only once per case.
 - (f) The surcharge does not apply to administrative citations issued pursuant to section 169.999.
 - (g) The surcharge does not apply to administrative citations issued pursuant to section 473.4075.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to violations committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 357.021, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Disbursement of surcharges by commissioner of management and budget.** (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) to (d), the commissioner of management and budget shall disburse surcharges received under subdivision 6 as follows:
- (1) one percent shall be credited to the peace officer training account in the game and fish fund to provide peace officer training for employees of the Department of Natural Resources who are licensed under sections 626.84 to 626.863, and who possess peace officer authority for the purpose of enforcing game and fish laws; and
 - (2) 99 percent shall be credited to the general fund.
- (b) The commissioner of management and budget shall credit \$3 of each surcharge received under subdivision 6 to the general fund.
- (c) In addition to any amounts credited under paragraph (a), the commissioner of management and budget shall credit the following to the general fund: \$47 of each surcharge received under subdivision 6 and; the \$12 parking surcharge, to the general fund; and the \$25 surcharge for a violation of section 609.855, subdivision 1, 3, or 3a.
- (d) If the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes imposition of the additional \$1 surcharge provided for in subdivision 6, paragraph (a), the court administrator in the Second Judicial District shall transmit the surcharge to the commissioner of management and budget. The \$1 special surcharge is deposited in a Ramsey County surcharge account in the special revenue fund and amounts in the account are appropriated to the trial courts for the administration of the petty misdemeanor diversion program operated by the Second Judicial District Ramsey County Violations Bureau.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to violations committed on or after that date.

Sec. 4. [473.4065] TRANSIT RIDER ACTIVITY.

Subdivision 1. Code of conduct; establishment. (a) The council must adopt a rider code of conduct for transit passengers. The council must post a copy of the code of conduct in a prominent location at each light rail transit station, bus rapid transit station, and transit center.

- (b) The rider code of conduct must include prohibitions on:
- (1) operating a radio, television, tape player, electronic musical instrument, or other electronic device other than a watch, that amplifies music, unless the sound emanates only from earphones or headphones and except that vehicle operators may operate electronic equipment for official business;
- (2) consuming food or beverages, except when authorized by the operator or other authorized transit official; and
 - (3) carrying or being in control of an animal without the operator's consent.
- (c) The code of conduct must not prohibit sleeping in a manner that does not otherwise violate conduct requirements.
- Subd. 2. Code of conduct; violations. An authorized transit representative, as defined in section 609.855, subdivision 7, paragraph (g), may order a person to depart a transit vehicle or transit facility for a violation of the rider code of conduct established under subdivision 1 if the person continues to act in violation of the code of conduct after being warned once to stop.
- Subd. 3. Paid fare zones. The council must establish and clearly designate paid fare zones at each light rail transit station where the council utilizes self-service barrier-free fare collection.
- Subd. 4. Light rail transit facility monitoring. (a) The council must implement and maintain public safety monitoring and response activities at light rail transit facilities that include:
- (1) placement of security cameras and sufficient associated lighting that provide live coverage for (i) the entire area at each light rail transit station, and (ii) each light rail transit vehicle;
- (2) installation of a public address system at each light rail transit station that is capable of providing information and warnings to passengers; and
- (3) real-time active monitoring of passenger activity and potential violations throughout the light rail transit system.
- (b) The monitoring activities must include timely maintenance or replacement of malfunctioning cameras or public address systems.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 5. [473.4075] TRANSIT RIDER INVESTMENT PROGRAM.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms and the terms defined in section 609.855, subdivision 7, have the meanings given.
- (b) "Transit official" means an individual who is authorized as TRIP personnel, a community service officer, or a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
- (c) "TRIP personnel" means persons specifically authorized by the council for the TRIP program under this section, including but not limited to fare inspection and enforcement, who are not peace officers or community service officers.
 - (d) "TRIP" or "program" means the transit rider investment program established in this section.
- Subd. 2. **Program established.** (a) Subject to available funds, the council must implement a transit rider investment program that provides for TRIP personnel deployment, fare payment inspection, administrative citation issuance, rider education and assistance, and improvements to the transit experience.
 - (b) As part of program implementation, the council must:
- (1) adopt a resolution that establishes the program and establishes fine amounts in accordance with subdivision 8;
- (2) establish policies and procedures that govern authorizing and training TRIP personnel, TRIP personnel uniforms, issuing an administrative citation, and contesting an administrative citation;
 - (3) consult with stakeholders on the design of the program;
- (4) develop a TRIP personnel recruitment plan that includes informing and supporting potential applicants who are:
 - (i) representative of transit users; and
- (ii) from cultural, ethnic, and racial communities that are historically underrepresented in state or local public service;
 - (5) develop a TRIP personnel strategic deployment plan that:
 - (i) requires teams of at least two individuals; and
- (ii) targets deployment to times and locations with identified concentrations of activity that are subject to administrative citations, other citations, or arrest or that negatively impact the rider experience; and
- (6) provide for training to peace officers who provide law enforcement assistance under an agreement with the council on the program and issuance of administrative citations.

- Subd. 3. **TRIP manager.** The council must appoint a TRIP manager to manage the program. The TRIP manager must have managerial experience in social services, transit service, or law enforcement. The TRIP manager is a TRIP personnel staff member.
 - Subd. 4. TRIP personnel; duties; requirements. (a) The duties of the TRIP personnel include:
 - (1) monitoring and responding to passenger activity including:
- (i) educating passengers and specifying expectations related to the council's rider code of conduct; and
 - (ii) assisting passengers in obtaining social services, such as through information and referrals;
 - (2) acting as a liaison to social service agencies;
 - (3) providing information to passengers on using the transit system;
- (4) providing direct navigation assistance and accompaniment to passengers who have a disability, are elderly, or request enhanced personal aid;
 - (5) performing fare payment inspections;
 - (6) issuing administrative citations as provided in subdivision 6; and
 - (7) obtaining assistance from peace officers or community service officers as necessary.
- (b) An individual who is authorized as TRIP personnel must be an employee of the council and must wear the uniform as established by the council at all times when on duty.
- Subd. 5. TRIP personnel; training. Training for TRIP personnel must include the following topics:
 - (1) early warning techniques, crisis intervention, conflict de-escalation, and conflict resolution;
 - (2) identification of persons likely in need of social services;
- (3) locally available social service providers, including services for homelessness, mental health, and addiction;
 - (4) policies and procedures for administrative citations; and
- (5) administration of opiate antagonists in a manner that meets the requirements under section 151.37, subdivision 12.
- Subd. 6. Administrative citations; authority; issuance. (a) A transit official has the exclusive authority to issue an administrative citation to a person who commits a violation under section 609.855, subdivision 1 or 3.
- (b) An administrative citation must include notification that the person has the right to contest the citation, basic procedures for contesting the citation, and information on the timeline and consequences for failure to contest the citation or pay the fine.

- (c) The council must not mandate or suggest a quota for the issuance of administrative citations under this section.
- (d) Issuance and resolution of an administrative citation is a bar to prosecution under section 609.855, subdivision 1 or 3, or for any other violation arising from the same conduct.
- Subd. 7. Administrative citations; disposition. (a) A person who commits a violation under section 609.855, subdivision 1 or 3, and is issued an administrative citation under this section must, within 90 days of issuance, pay the fine as specified or contest the citation. A person who fails to either pay the fine or contest the citation within the specified period is considered to have waived the contested citation process and is subject to collections.
- (b) The council must provide a civil process for a person to contest the administrative citation before a neutral third party. The council may employ a council employee not associated with its transit operations to hear and rule on challenges to administrative citations or may contract with another unit of government or a private entity to provide the service.
- (c) The council may contract with credit bureaus, public and private collection agencies, the Department of Revenue, and other public or private entities providing collection services as necessary for the collection of fine debts under this section. As determined by the council, collection costs are added to the debts referred to a public or private collection entity for collection. Collection costs include the fees of the collection entity and may include, if separately provided, skip tracing fees, credit bureau reporting charges, and fees assessed by any public entity for obtaining information necessary for debt collection. If the collection entity collects an amount less than the total due, the payment is applied proportionally to collection costs and the underlying debt.
- Subd. 8. Administrative citations; penalties. (a) The amount of a fine under this section must be set at no less than \$35 and no more than \$100.
- (b) Subject to paragraph (a), the council may adopt a graduated structure that increases the fine amount for second and subsequent violations.
- (c) The council may adopt an alternative resolution procedure under which a person may resolve an administrative citation in lieu of paying a fine by complying with terms established by the council for community service, prepayment of future transit fares, or both. The alternative resolution procedure must be available only to a person who has committed a violation under section 609.855, subdivision 1 or 3, for the first time, unless the person demonstrates financial hardship under criteria established by the council.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective July 1, 2023, except that subdivisions 1 and 3 are effective the day following final enactment. This section applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 6. [473.4077] LEGISLATIVE REPORT; TRANSIT SAFETY AND RIDER EXPERIENCE.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the terms defined in section 473.4075 have the meanings given.

- Subd. 2. Legislative report. (a) Annually by February 15, the council must submit a report on transit safety and rider experience to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance.
 - (b) At a minimum, the report must:
- (1) provide an overview of transit safety issues and actions taken by the council to improve safety, including improvements made to equipment and infrastructure;
- (2) provide an overview of the rider code of conduct and measures required under section 473.4065;
- (3) provide an overview of the transit rider investment program under section 473.4075 and the program's structure and implementation;
- (4) provide an overview of the activities of transit rider investment program personnel, including specifically describing the activities of uniformed transit safety officials;
- (5) provide a description of all policies adopted pursuant to section 473.4075, the need for each policy, and a copy of each policy;
- (6) if the council adopted an alternative resolution procedure pursuant to section 473.4075, subdivision 5, provide:
 - (i) a description of that procedure;
 - (ii) the criteria used to determine financial hardship; and
- (iii) for each of the previous three calendar years, how frequently the procedure was used, the number of community service hours performed, and the total amount paid as prepayment of transit fares;
 - (7) for each of the previous three calendar years:
- (i) identify the number of fare compliance inspections that were completed including the total number and the number as a percentage of total rides;
- (ii) state the number of warnings and citations issued by the Metro Transit Police Department and transit agents, including a breakdown of which type of officer or official issued the citation, the statutory authority for issuing the warning or citation, the reason given for each warning or citation issued, and the total number of times each reason was given;
- (iii) state the number of administrative citations that were appealed pursuant to section 473.4075, the number of those citations that were dismissed on appeal, and a breakdown of the reasons for dismissal;
- (iv) include data and statistics on crime rates occurring on public transit vehicles and surrounding transit stops and stations;
 - (v) state the number of peace officers employed by the Metro Transit Police Department;

- $\underline{(vi) \, \text{state the average number of peace officers employed by the Metro Transit Police Department;}} \, and \,$
- (vii) state the number of uniformed transit safety officials and community service officers who served as transit agents;
- (8) analyze impacts of the transit rider investment program on fare compliance and customer experience for riders, including rates of fare violations; and
 - (9) make recommendations on the following:
 - (i) changes to the administrative citation program; and
 - (ii) methods to improve safety on public transit and at transit stops and stations.

EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.855, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Unlawfully obtaining services**; <u>petty</u> <u>misdemeanor</u>. (a) A person is guilty of a <u>petty</u> misdemeanor who intentionally obtains or attempts to obtain service for himself, herself, or another person from a provider of public transit or from a public conveyance by doing any of the following:

- (1) occupies or rides in any public transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or otherwise obtaining the consent of the transit provider including:
 - (i) the use of a reduced fare when a person is not eligible for the fare; or
- (ii) the use of a fare medium issued solely for the use of a particular individual by another individual;
- (2) presents a falsified, counterfeit, photocopied, or other deceptively manipulated fare medium as fare payment or proof of fare payment;
- (3) sells, provides, copies, reproduces, or creates any version of any fare medium without the consent of the transit provider; or
- (4) puts or attempts to put any of the following into any fare box, pass reader, ticket vending machine, or other fare collection equipment of a transit provider:
 - (i) papers, articles, instruments, or items other than fare media or currency; or
 - (ii) a fare medium that is not valid for the place or time at, or the manner in, which it is used.
- (b) Where self-service barrier-free fare collection is utilized by a public transit provider, it is a violation of this subdivision to intentionally fail to exhibit proof of fare payment upon the request of an authorized transit representative when entering, riding upon, or leaving a transit vehicle or when present in a designated paid fare zone located in a transit facility.

- (c) A person who violates this subdivision must pay a fine of no more than \$10.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to violations committed on or after that date.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.855, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Prohibited activities**; <u>petty</u> <u>misdemeanor</u>. (a) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who, while riding in a vehicle providing public transit service:
- (1) operates a radio, television, tape player, electronic musical instrument, or other electronic device, other than a watch, which amplifies music, unless the sound emanates only from earphones or headphones and except that vehicle operators may operate electronic equipment for official business;
 - (2) smokes or carries lighted smoking paraphernalia;
- (3) consumes food or beverages, except when authorized by the operator or other official of the transit system;
- (4) (a) A person who throws or deposits litter; or while riding in a vehicle providing public transit service is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.
 - (5) carries or is in control of an animal without the operator's consent.
- (b) A person is guilty of a violation of this subdivision only if the person continues to act in violation of this subdivision after being warned once by an authorized transit representative to stop the conduct.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to violations committed on or after that date.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.855, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Prohibited activities; misdemeanor.** (a) A person who performs any of the following while in a transit vehicle or at a transit facility is guilty of a misdemeanor:
 - (1) smokes, as defined in section 144.413, subdivision 4;
 - (2) urinates or defecates;
 - (3) consumes an alcoholic beverage, as defined in section 340A.101, subdivision 2;
- (4) damages a transit vehicle or transit facility in a manner that meets the requirements for criminal damage to property in the fourth degree under section 609.595, subdivision 3, and is otherwise not in violation of section 609.595, subdivision 1, 1a, or 2;
- (5) performs vandalism, defacement, and placement of graffiti as defined in section 617.90, subdivision 1; or
 - (6) engages in disorderly conduct as specified in section 609.72, subdivision 1, clause (3).

(b) A peace officer, as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), may order a person to depart a transit vehicle or transit facility for a violation under paragraph (a).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to violations committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.855, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply in this section.
- (b) "Public transit" or "transit" has the meaning given in section 174.22, subdivision 7.
- (c) "Public transit vehicle" or "transit vehicle" means any vehicle used for the purpose of providing public transit, whether or not the vehicle is owned or operated by a public entity.
- (d) "Public transit facilities" or "transit facilities" means any vehicles, equipment, property, structures, stations, improvements, plants, parking or other facilities, or rights that are owned, leased, held, or used for the purpose of providing public transit, whether or not the facility is owned or operated by a public entity.
- (e) "Fare medium" means a ticket, smart card, pass, coupon, token, transfer, or other medium sold or distributed by a public transit provider, or its authorized agents, for use in gaining entry to or use of the public transit facilities or vehicles of the provider.
- (f) "Proof of fare payment" means a fare medium valid for the place or time at, or the manner in, which it is used. If using a reduced-fare medium, proof of fare payment also includes proper identification demonstrating a person's eligibility for the reduced fare. If using a fare medium issued solely for the use of a particular individual, proof of fare payment also includes an identification document bearing a photographic likeness of the individual and demonstrating that the individual is the person to whom the fare medium is issued.
- (g) "Authorized transit representative" means the person authorized by the transit provider to operate the transit vehicle, a peace officer, a transit official under section 473.4075, subdivision 1, or any other person designated by the transit provider as an authorized transit provider representative under this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. MASS TRANSIT REPORTS; RIDERSHIP; CRIME.

- (a) The Metropolitan Council must post on the council's website a monthly report, including ridership statistics for each guideway and busway in revenue operation. In each report, the council must also include the ridership projections made at the time of the full funding grant agreement for each guideway and busway. The council must post each monthly report within 60 days after the end of that month. The council must ensure that a report is available on the council's website for a minimum of five years after the report is posted.
- (b) The council must post on the council's website a quarterly report, including crime statistics for crimes occurring on a light rail transit vehicle, bus, commuter rail car, or at any transit platform, stop, or facility. The report must break down the data by mode of transit and type of crime. The

council must ensure that a report is available on the council's website for a minimum of five years after the report is posted.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. TRANSIT SERVICE INTERVENTION PROJECT.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) "Council" means the Metropolitan Council established under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473.
 - (c) "Intervention project" means the transit service intervention project established in this section.
- Subd. 2. **Establishment.** A transit service intervention project is established to provide coordinated, high-visibility interventions on light rail transit lines that provide for enhanced social services outreach and engagement, code of conduct regulation, and law enforcement.
 - Subd. 3. **Project management.** The council must implement the intervention project.
- Subd. 4. **Participating organizations.** The council must seek the participation of the following entities to provide for coordination on the intervention project:
 - (1) the Department of Human Services;
 - (2) the Department of Public Safety;
 - (3) the Minnesota State Patrol;
 - (4) the Metropolitan Council;
 - (5) the Metro Transit Police Department;
 - (6) each county within which a light rail transit line operates;
 - (7) each city within which a light rail transit line operates;
 - (8) the Metropolitan Airports Commission;
 - (9) the National Alliance on Mental Illness Minnesota;
 - (10) the exclusive representative of transit vehicle operators; and
 - (11) other interested community-based social service organizations.
- Subd. 5. **Duties.** (a) In collaboration with the participating organizations under subdivision 4, the council must:

- (1) establish social services intervention teams that consist of social services personnel and personnel from nonprofit organizations having mental health services or support capacity to perform on-site social services engagement with:
 - (i) transit riders experiencing homelessness;
 - (ii) transit riders with substance use disorders or mental or behavioral health disorders; or
 - (iii) a combination of items (i) and (ii);
- (2) establish coordinated intervention teams that consist of personnel under clause (1), community service officers, and peace officers;
 - (3) implement interventions in two phases as follows:
- (i) by June 1, 2023, and for a period of three weeks, deploy the social services intervention teams on a mobile basis on light rail transit lines and facilities; and
- (ii) beginning at the conclusion of the period under item (i), and for a period of at least nine weeks, deploy the coordinated intervention teams on a mobile basis on light rail transit lines and facilities, utilizing both social services and law enforcement partners; and
- (4) evaluate impacts of the intervention teams related to social services outreach, code of conduct violations, and rider experience.
- (b) Social services engagement under paragraph (a) includes but is not limited to providing outreach, preliminary assessment and screening, information and resource sharing, referral or connections to service providers, assistance in arranging for services, and precrisis response.
- Subd. 6. Administration. Using existing resources, the council must provide staff assistance and administrative support for the project.
- Subd. 7. Reports. By the 15th of each month, the council must submit a status report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance. At a minimum, each report must include:
 - (1) a summary of activities under the intervention project;
 - (2) a fiscal review of expenditures; and
- (3) analysis of impacts and outcomes related to social services outreach, violations under Minnesota Statutes, sections 473.4065 and 609.855, and rider experience.
 - Subd. 8. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2024.
- EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington."

Amend the title accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Transportation.

Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Latz from the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 3187: A bill for an act relating to transportation; rail safety; providing for emergency incident preparedness for rail transport of oil and other hazardous substances; establishing railroad training requirements; expanding training requirements to emergency managers and incident response teams; requiring incident reports; amending data provisions; modifying assessment of railroads; transferring money; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.6905, by adding a subdivision; 115E.042, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 219.015, subdivision 2; 219.1651; 299A.55; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 219.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 9, line 16, delete "This"

Page 9, delete lines 17 and 18

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Transportation. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Klein from the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2319: A bill for an act relating to labor; establishing protections for transportation network company drivers; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 181C.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 8, delete ", packages or related services"

Page 1, line 12, delete "or delivery of packages"

Page 1, line 13, delete "and "prearranged package delivery" or "delivery""

Page 1, line 14, after "a" insert "TNC" and delete "or a package," and after "when" insert "the"

Page 1, line 15, delete "or package"

Page 1, line 16, delete "or"

Page 1, line 17, delete "package" and delete "or package"

Page 1, line 20, delete "or package deliveries"

Page 1, line 21, delete "or prearranged package delivery"

Page 1, line 22, delete "or" and after "driver" insert ", nor an entity that does not transport people"

- Page 2, line 2, delete ", packages, or related services"
- Page 2, delete section 2 and insert:
- "Sec. 2. [181C.02] OBLIGATIONS AND DUTIES; INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.
- (a) A TNC must maintain insurance on a driver's behalf that:
- (1) meets the requirements set forth in section 65B.472; and
- (2) covers those injuries to drivers set forth in paragraph (c), who have been drivers for at least three months, for injuries that are not already fully covered by auto insurance and occur while the driver is engaged in activities in paragraph (b).
- (b) Insurance policies required pursuant to paragraph (a), clause (2), must cover injuries that occurred:
- (1) while the driver was logged into the network and was available to receive transportation requests; or
- (2) while the driver was engaged in a prearranged ride or activities attendant to or as a result of the ride.
- (c) Policies issued pursuant to paragraph (a), clause (2), must cover a driver's injuries that presented clear physical manifestations within ten days of the qualifying incident. The covered injuries must include any exacerbations or reoccurrence of the original injuries. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, the limits of the policy, per person, per qualifying incident, must be at least:
 - (1) \$1,000,000 for medical costs and expenses;
 - (2) \$500,000 for disability; and
- (3) 75 percent of lost wages, as established by the driver's average wages for the preceding three months prior to the qualifying incident.
- (d) A driver is not responsible for any costs of the insurance policy required under paragraph (a).
- (e) All insurance policies under this section must name the driver as an insured and must be issued by a company or companies licensed by the Department of Commerce.
- (f) A driver may appeal a claim relating to an insurance policy under this section to the Office of Administrative Hearings using the contested case procedure under chapter 14."
 - Page 2, line 22, delete "\$2.55" and insert "\$1.95" and delete "65" and insert "59"
 - Page 2, lines 23, 27, 29, and 30 delete "or package"
 - Page 2, line 24, delete the second "or"

Page 2, line 25, delete "package sender"

Page 3, line 1, delete "or package"

Page 3, line 5, delete "or sender of"

Page 3, line 6, delete "packages" and delete "or package transport"

Page 3, line 13, delete "packages or"

Page 3, line 15, delete "or packages"

Page 4, line 7, delete "and the driver resource center"

Page 5, line 15, delete "or deliveries"

Page 5, line 19, delete "or package delivery"

Page 5, line 23, after the first comma, insert "or" and delete everything after the second "riders"

Page 6, line 18, delete "or package"

Page 6, line 27, delete "or" and insert a semicolon

Page 6, delete line 28

Page 7, delete section 14 and insert:

"Sec. 14. [181C.14] RELATIONSHIP OF THE PARTIES.

Notwithstanding any other provision in law regarding independent contractors or employee status, nothing in this chapter affects whether a TNC is an employer of a driver, nor whether a TNC driver is an employee of the TNC."

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Public Safety.

Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Senator Marty from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 3035: A bill for an act relating to economic development; establishing a budget for the Department of Employment and Economic Development; modifying various economic development, Explore Minnesota, and workforce development provisions; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 116J.5492, subdivisions 8, 10; 116J.55, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 116J.8748, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, by adding a subdivision; 116L.361, subdivision 7; 116L.362, subdivision 1; 116L.364, subdivision 3; 116L.56, subdivision 2; 116L.561, subdivision 5; 116L.562, subdivision 2; 116U.05; 116U.10; 116U.15; 116U.20; 116U.30; 116U.35; 469.40, subdivision 11; 469.47, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10,

article 2, section 24; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 116L; 116U.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

JOBS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, or June 30, 2025, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2024. "The second year" is fiscal year 2025. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2024 and 2025.
- (b) If an appropriation in this article is enacted more than once in the 2023 regular or special legislative session, the appropriation must be given effect only once.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2024 2025

Sec. 2. <u>DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND</u> ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>927,998,000</u> <u>\$</u>	336,068,000
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 Appropriations by Fund

 2024
 2025

 General
 872,942,000
 280,984,000

 Remediation
 700,000
 700,000

 Workforce
 Development
 54,356,000
 54,384,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Business and Communit	ty Development	697,699,000	124,279,000
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Appropriations by Fund

General 695,649,000 122,229,000

<u>Remediation</u> 700,000 700,000

Workforce

<u>Development</u> <u>1,350,000</u> <u>1,350,000</u>

- (a) \$2,287,000 each year is for the greater Minnesota business development public infrastructure grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.431. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027.
- (b) \$500,000 each year is for grants to small business development centers under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.68. Money made available under this paragraph may be used to match funds under the federal Small Business Development Center (SBDC) program under United States Code, title 15, section 648, to provide consulting and technical services or to build additional SBDC network capacity to serve entrepreneurs and small businesses.
- (c) \$5,500,000 each year is for Launch Minnesota. Of this amount: (1) \$1,500,000 each year is for innovation grants to eligible Minnesota entrepreneurs or start-up businesses to assist with operating needs; (2) \$500,000 each year is for administration of Launch Minnesota; (3) \$500,000 each year is for grantee activities at Launch Minnesota; and (4) \$3,000,000 each year is for a grant to MNSBIR, Inc., to support moving scientific excellence and technological innovation from the lab to the market for start-ups and small businesses by securing federal research and development funding. These are onetime appropriations.
- (d) \$35,296,000 the first year is for the Minnesota Expanding Opportunity Fund Program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8733. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2025.
- (e) \$150,000,000 the first year is for the Minnesota forward fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8752. Money awarded under this program is made retroactive to

- February 1, 2023, for applications and projects. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.
- (f) \$100,000,000 the first year is for the purpose of matching \$100,000,000 in existing federal funds made available in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, Public Law 117-328, for the purpose of constructing and operating a bioindustrial manufacturing pilot innovation facility, biorefinery, and commercial campus utilizing agricultural feedstocks. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.
- (g) \$250,000,000 the first year is for the purpose of matching \$250,000,000 in existing federal funds made available in the Chips and Science Act, Public Law 117-167, for the purpose of: (1) constructing, modernizing, or expanding commercial facilities on the front- and back-end fabrication of leading-edge, current-generation, and mature-node semiconductors; and (2) funding semiconductor materials and manufacturing equipment facilities, and for research and development facilities. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.
- (h) \$8,925,000 each year is for the small business assistance partnerships program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.682. All grant awards shall be for two consecutive years. Grants shall be awarded in the first year. The department may use up to five percent of the appropriation for administrative purposes. The base for this appropriation is \$1,425,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (i) \$2,500,000 each year is transferred from the general fund to the community energy transition account for grants under Minnesota

Statutes, section 116J.55. This is a onetime transfer.

- (j) \$350,000 each year is for administration of the community energy transition office.
- (k) \$1,772,000 each year is for contaminated site cleanup and development grants under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.551 to 116J.558. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027.
- (1) \$700,000 each year is from the remediation fund for contaminated site cleanup and development grants under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.551 to 116J.558. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027.
- (m) \$239,000 each year is for the Center for Rural Policy and Development. The base for this appropriation is \$139,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (n) \$25,000 each year is for the administration of state aid for the Destination Medical Center under Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.40 to 469.47.
- (o) \$875,000 each year is for the host community economic development program established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.548.
- (p) \$6,500,000 each year is for grants to local communities to increase the number of quality child care providers to support economic development. Fifty percent of grant money must go to communities located outside the seven-county metropolitan area as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2. The base for this appropriation is \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.

Grant recipients must obtain a 50 percent nonstate match to grant money in either cash or in-kind contribution, unless the commissioner waives the requirement. Grant

money available under this subdivision must be used to implement projects to reduce the child care shortage in the state, including but not limited to funding for child care business start-ups or expansion, training, facility modifications, direct subsidies or incentives to retain employees, or improvements required for licensing, and assistance with licensing and other regulatory requirements. In awarding grants, the commissioner must give priority to communities that have demonstrated a shortage of child care providers.

Within one year of receiving grant money, grant recipients must report to the commissioner on the outcomes of the grant program, including but not limited to the number of new providers, the number of additional child care provider jobs created, the number of additional child care openings, and the amount of cash and in-kind local money invested. Within one month of all grant recipients reporting on program outcomes, the commissioner must report the grant recipients' outcomes to the chairs and ranking members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over early learning and child care and economic development.

- (q) \$500,000 each year is for the Office of Child Care Community Partnerships. Of this amount:
- (1) \$450,000 each year is for administration of the Office of Child Care Community Partnerships; and
- (2) \$50,000 each year is for the Labor Market Information Office to conduct research and analysis related to the child care industry.
- (r) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the second year is for a grant to the Minnesota Initiative Foundations. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027. The base for this appropriation is \$1,000,000

- in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. The Minnesota Initiative Foundations must use grant money under this section to:
- (1) facilitate planning processes for rural communities resulting in a community solution action plan that guides decision making to sustain and increase the supply of quality child care in the region to support economic development;
- (2) engage the private sector to invest local resources to support the community solution action plan and ensure quality child care is a vital component of additional regional economic development planning processes;
- (3) provide locally based training and technical assistance to rural business owners individually or through a learning cohort. Access to financial and business development assistance must prepare child care businesses for quality engagement and improvement by stabilizing operations, leveraging funding from other sources, and fostering business acumen that allows child care businesses to plan for and afford the cost of providing quality child care; and
- (4) recruit child care programs to participate in quality rating and improvement measurement programs. The Minnesota Initiative Foundations must work with local partners to provide low-cost training, professional development opportunities, and continuing education curricula. The Minnesota Initiative Foundations must fund, through local partners, an enhanced level of coaching to rural child care providers to obtain a quality rating through measurement programs.
- (s) \$8,000,000 each year is for the Minnesota job creation fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8748. Of this amount, the commissioner of employment and economic development may use up to three percent for administrative expenses. This appropriation

- is available until June 30, 2027. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8748, money appropriated for the job creation fund may be used for redevelopment under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.575 and 116J.5761, at the discretion of the commissioner.
- (t) \$12,370,000 each year is for the Minnesota investment fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731. Of this amount, the commissioner of employment and economic development may use up to three percent for administration and monitoring of the program. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731, money appropriated to the commissioner for the Minnesota investment fund may be used for the redevelopment program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.575 and 116J.5761, at the discretion of the commissioner. Grants under this paragraph are not subject to the grant amount limitation under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731.
- (u) \$4,246,000 each year is for the redevelopment program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.575 and 116J.5761. The base for this appropriation is \$2,246,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027.
- (v) \$1,000,000 each year is for the Minnesota emerging entrepreneur loan program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116M.18. Money available under this paragraph is for transfer into the emerging entrepreneur program special revenue fund account created under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116M, and are available until expended. Of this amount, up to four percent is for administration and monitoring of the program.
- (w) \$325,000 each year is for the Minnesota Film and TV Board. The appropriation each year is available only upon receipt by the

- board of \$1 in matching contributions of money or in-kind contributions from nonstate sources for every \$3 provided by this appropriation, except that each year up to \$50,000 is available on July 1 even if the required matching contribution has not been received by that date.
- (x) \$12,000 each year is for a grant to the Upper Minnesota Film Office.
- (y) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the Minnesota Film and TV Board for the film production jobs program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116U.26. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027.
- (z) \$4,195,000 each year is for the Minnesota job skills partnership program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116L.01 to 116L.17. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2027.
- (aa) \$1,350,000 each year from the workforce development fund is for jobs training grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.41.
- (bb) \$30,000,000 each year is for the PROMISE grant program. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. Of this amount:
- (1) \$6,500,000 each year is for grants to the Minnesota Initiative Foundations to serve businesses in greater Minnesota; and
- (2) \$23,500,000 each year is for grants to the Neighborhood Development Center. Of this amount, the following amounts are designated for the following areas:
- (i) \$10,500,000 each year is for North Minneapolis' West Broadway, Camden, or other Northside neighborhoods;

- (ii) \$6,500,000 each year is for South Minneapolis' Lake Street, 38th and Chicago, and Riverside corridors; and
- (iii) \$6,500,000 each year is for St. Paul's University Avenue, Midway, Eastside, or other St. Paul neighborhoods.
- (cc) \$20,000,000 each year is for the PROMISE loan program. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. Of this amount:
- (1) \$4,000,000 each year is for grants to the Minnesota Initiative Foundations to serve businesses in greater Minnesota; and
- (2) \$16,000,000 each year is for grants to the Metropolitan Economic Development Association (MEDA). Of this amount, the following amounts are designated for the following areas:
- (i) \$8,000,000 each year is for North Minneapolis' West Broadway, Camden, or other Northside neighborhoods;
- (ii) \$4,000,000 each year is for South Minneapolis' Lake Street, 38th and Chicago, and Riverside corridors; and
- (iii) \$4,000,000 each year is for St. Paul's University Avenue, Midway, Eastside, or other St. Paul neighborhoods.
- (dd) \$250,000 each year is for the publication, dissemination, and use of labor market information under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.401.
- (ee) \$500,000 each year is for the airport infrastructure renewal grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.439. In awarding grants with this appropriation, the commissioner must prioritize eligible applicants that did not receive a grant pursuant to the appropriation in Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 7, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (q).

(ff) \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to the Bloomington Port Authority to provide funding for the Expo 2027 host organization. The Bloomington Port Authority must enter into an agreement with the host organization over the use of money, which may be used for activities, including but not limited to finalizing the community dossier and staffing the host organization and for infrastructure design and planning, financial modeling, development planning and coordination of both real estate and public private partnerships, and reimbursement of costs the Bloomington Port Authority incurred. The host organization and Bloomington Port Authority may be reimbursed for expenses 90 days prior to encumbrance. This appropriation is contingent on approval of the project by the Bureau International des Expositions. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first vear does not cancel but is available for the second year.

(gg) \$5,000,000 the first year is for grants to the Neighborhood Development Center. This is a onetime appropriation. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year. Of the amount appropriated each year, \$4,200,000 is for small business programs including training, lending, business services, and real estate programming; and \$800,000 is for technical assistance activities for partners located outside the seven-county metropolitan area, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2.

(hh) \$2,650,000 the first year is for transfer in the emerging developer fund account in the special revenue fund. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the emerging developer fund program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9926. This is a onetime appropriation.

- (ii) \$5,000,000 the first year is for the Canadian border counties economic relief program under article 5. Of this amount, up to \$2,100,000 is for a grant to the Lake of the Woods County for the forgivable loan program for remote recreational businesses. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026.
- (jj) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for a grant to African Economic Development Solutions. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026. Of this amount:
- (1) \$1,000,000 is for a loan fund that must address pervasive economic inequities by supporting business ventures of entrepreneurs in the African immigrant community; and
- (2) \$250,000 each year is for workforce development and technical assistance, including but not limited to business development, entrepreneur training, business technical assistance, loan packing, and community development services.
- (kk) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the Latino Economic Development Center. This is a onetime appropriation. Grant proceeds may be used to:
- (1) assist, support, finance, and launch micro-entrepreneurs by delivering training, workshops, and one-on-one consultations to businesses;
- (2) offer workshops on a variety of topics throughout the year, including finance, customer service, food-handler training, and food-safety certification; and
- (3) provide lending to business start-ups.
- (II) \$627,000 the first year is for a grant to Community and Economic Development Associates (CEDA) to provide funding for economic development technical assistance and economic development project grants to

small communities across rural Minnesota and for CEDA to design, implement, market, and administer specific types of basic community and economic development programs tailored to individual community needs. Technical assistance grants shall be based on need and given to communities that are otherwise unable to afford these services. Of the amount appropriated, up to \$270,000 may be used for economic development project implementation in conjunction with the technical assistance received. This is a onetime appropriation. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available the second year.

(mm) \$1,500,000 each year is for a grant to WomenVenture to support business expansion for women food entrepreneurs throughout Minnesota's food supply chain to help stabilize and strengthen their business operations, create distribution networks, offer technical assistance and support to beginning women food entrepreneurs, develop business plans, develop a workforce, research expansion strategies, and for other related activities. Eligible uses of the money include but are not limited to:

- (1) leasehold improvements;
- (2) additions, alterations, remodeling, or renovations to rented space;
- (3) inventory or supplies;
- (4) machinery or equipment purchases;
- (5) working capital; and
- (6) debt refinancing.

Money distributed to entrepreneurs may be loans, forgivable loans, and grants. Of this amount, up to five percent may be used for the Women Venture's technical assistance and administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30,

2026. By December 15, 2026, WomenVenture must submit a report to the chairs and ranking members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture and employment and economic development. The report must include a summary of the uses of the appropriation, including the amount of the appropriation used for administration. The report must also provide a breakdown of the amount of funding used for loans, forgivable loans, and grants; information about the terms of the loans issued; a discussion of how money from repaid loans will be used; the number of entrepreneurs assisted; and a breakdown of how many entrepreneurs received assistance in each county.

(nn) \$6,000,000 the first year is for grants to initiative foundations to capitalize their revolving loan funds, which address unmet financing needs of for-profit business expansions, startups. and ownership transitions; nonprofit organizations; developers of housing to support the construction, rehabilitation, and conversion of housing units. Of the amount appropriated, \$1,000,000 is for a grant to the Southwest Initiative Foundation; \$1,000,000 is for a grant to the West Central Initiative Foundation; \$1,000,000 is for a grant to the Southern Minnesota Initiative Foundation; \$1,000,000 is for a grant to the Northwest Minnesota Foundation; \$1,000,000 is for a grant to the Initiative Foundation; and \$1,000,000 is for a grant to the Northland Foundation. This is a onetime appropriation.

(00) \$1,000,000 the first year is for a grant to Enterprise Minnesota, Inc., to reach and deliver talent, leadership, employee retention, continuous improvement, strategy, quality management systems, revenue growth, and manufacturing peer-to-peer advisory services to small manufacturing companies employing 35 or fewer full-time equivalent employees. No later than February 1, 2025, and February

- 1, 2026, Enterprise Minnesota, Inc., must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over economic development that includes:
- (1) the grants awarded during the past 12 months;
- (2) the estimated financial impact of the grants awarded to each company receiving services under the program;
- (3) the actual financial impact of grants awarded during the past 24 months; and
- (4) the total amount of federal funds leveraged from the Manufacturing Extension Partnership at the United States Department of Commerce.
- (pp) \$375,000 each year is for a grant to PFund Foundation to provide grants to LGBTQ+-owned small businesses and entrepreneurs. Money distributed to entrepreneurs and small businesses must be in the form of grants. Of this amount, up to five percent may be used for PFund Foundation's technical assistance and administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026. To the extent practicable, money must be distributed by PFund Foundation as follows:
- (1) 33.3 percent to businesses owned by members of racial minority communities; and
- (2) 33.3 percent to businesses outside of the seven-county metropolitan area as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2.
- (qq) \$125,000 each year is for a grant to Quorum to provide business support, training, development, technical assistance, and related activities for LGBTQ+-owned small businesses that are recipients of a

PFund Foundation grant. Of this amount, up to five percent may be used for Quorum's technical assistance and administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026.

- (rr) \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to the Metropolitan Economic Development Association (MEDA) for statewide business development and assistance services to minority-owned businesses. This is a onetime appropriation. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available the second year. Of this amount:
- (1) \$3,000,000 is for a revolving loan fund to provide additional minority-owned businesses with access to capital; and
- (2) \$2,000,000 is for operating support activities related to business development and assistance services for minority business enterprises.
- By February 1, 2025, MEDA shall report to the commissioner and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over economic development policy and finance on the loans and operating support activities, including outcomes and expenditures, supported by the appropriation under this paragraph.
- (ss) \$2,500,000 each year is for a grant to a Minnesota-based automotive component manufacturer and distributor specializing in electric vehicles and sensor technology that manufactures all of their parts onshore to expand their manufacturing. The grant recipient under this paragraph shall submit reports on the uses of the money appropriated, the number of jobs created due to the appropriation, wage information, and the city and state in which the additional manufacturing activity was located to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over

economic development. An initial report shall be submitted by December 15, 2023, and a final report is due by December 15, 2025. This is a onetime appropriation.

(tt) \$1,846,500 the first year is for a grant to the Minneapolis Downtown Council for infrastructure and associated costs for the Taste of Minnesota event, including but not limited to buildout, permits, garbage services, staffing, security, equipment rentals, signage, and insurance. This is a onetime appropriation.

Subd. 3. Employment and Training Programs

120,465,000

111,927,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>2024</u> <u>2025</u>

<u>General</u> <u>105,370,000</u> <u>96,832,000</u>

Workforce

<u>Development</u> <u>15,095,000</u> <u>15,095,000</u>

- (a) \$500,000 each year is for rural career counseling coordinators in the workforce service areas and for the purposes specified under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.667.
- (b) \$5,000,000 each year is for competitive grants to organizations providing services to Minnesota's older workers. Grant awards must be used to support older individuals to re-enter the labor force through workforce recruitment and development, outreach, paid essential training and upskilling, on-the-job training through community assignments, and assistance for smaller organizations to increase capacity. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (c) \$24,904,000 the first year and \$24,904,000 the second year are for the targeted population workforce grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.43. The department may use up to five percent of this appropriation for administration, monitoring, and oversight of the program. Of this amount:

- (1) \$17,500,000 each year is for job and entrepreneurial skills training grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.43, subdivision 2;
- (2) \$1,700,000 each year is for diversity and inclusion training for small and midsize employers under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.43, subdivision 3; and
- (3) \$5,704,000 each year is for capacity building grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.43, subdivision 4.

The base for this appropriation is \$1,184,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.

- (d) \$750,000 each year is for the women and high-wage, high-demand, nontraditional jobs grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.99. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program.
- (e) \$15,000,000 each year is for the Drive for Five Initiative to conduct outreach and provide job skills training, career counseling, case management, and supportive services for careers in (1) technology, (2) labor, (3) the caring professions, (4) manufacturing, and (5) educational and professional services. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (f) Of the amounts appropriated in paragraph (e), the commissioner must make \$10,000,000 each year available through a competitive request for proposal process. The grant awards must be used to provide education and training in the five industries identified in paragraph (e). Education and training may include:
- (1) student tutoring and testing support services;
- (2) training and employment placement in high wage and high growth employment;

- (3) assistance in obtaining industry-specific certifications;
- (4) remedial training leading to enrollment;
- (5) real-time work experience in information;
- (6) career and educational counseling;
- (7) work experience and internships; and
- (8) supportive services.
- (g) Of the amount appropriated in paragraph (e), \$3,250,000 each year must be awarded through competitive grants made to trade associations or chambers of commerce for job placement services. Grant awards must be used to encourage workforce training efforts to ensure that efforts are aligned with employer demands and that graduates are connected with employers that are currently hiring. Trade associations or chambers must partner with employers with current or anticipated employment opportunities and nonprofit workforce training partners participating in this program. The trade associations or chambers must work closely with the industry sector training providers in the five industries identified in paragraph (e). Grant awards may be used for:
- (1) employer engagement strategies to align employment opportunities for individuals exiting workforce development training programs. These strategies may include business recruitment, job opening development, employee recruitment, and job matching. Trade associations must utilize the state's labor exchange system;
- (2) diversity, inclusion, and retention training of their members to increase the business' understanding of welcoming and retaining a diverse workforce; and
- (3) industry-specific training.

- (h) Of the amount appropriated in paragraph (e), \$1,750,000 each year is to hire, train, and deploy business services representatives in local workforce development throughout the state. Business services representatives must work with an assigned local workforce development area to address the hiring needs of Minnesota's businesses by connecting job seekers and program participants in the CareerForce system. Business services representatives serve in the classified service of the state and operate as part of the agency's Employment and Training Office. The commissioner shall develop and implement training materials and reporting and evaluation procedures for the activities of the business services representatives. The business services representative must:
- (1) serve as the primary contact for businesses in that area;
- (2) actively engage employers by assisting with matching employers to job seekers by referring candidates, convening job fairs, and assisting with job announcements; and
- (3) work with the local area board and its partners to identify candidates for openings in small and midsize companies in the local area.
- (i) \$2,546,000 each year from the general fund and \$4,604,000 each year from the workforce development fund are for the pathways to prosperity competitive grant program. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program.
- (j) \$500,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for current Minnesota affiliates of OIC of America, Inc. This appropriation shall be divided equally among the eligible centers.

- (k) \$1,000,000 each year is for competitive grants to organizations providing services to relieve economic disparities in the Southeast Asian community through workforce recruitment, development, job creation, assistance of smaller organizations to increase capacity, and outreach. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program.
- (1) \$1,000,000 each year is for a competitive grant program to provide grants to organizations that provide support services for individuals, such as job training, employment preparation, internships, job assistance to parents, financial literacy, academic and behavioral interventions for low-performing students, and vouth intervention. Grants made under this section must focus on low-income communities, young adults from families with a history of intergenerational poverty, and communities of color. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program.
- (m) \$5,230,000 each year from the general fund and \$3,348,000 each year from the workforce development fund are for the youth-at-work competitive grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.562. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the youth workforce development competitive grant program. All grant awards shall be for two consecutive years. Grants shall be awarded in the first year. The base for this appropriation is \$750,000 from the general fund and \$3,348,000 from the workforce development fund beginning in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (n) \$2,093,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for the Minnesota Youthbuild program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116L.361 to 116L.366. The base for this appropriation is

- \$1,000,000 from the workforce development fund in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (o) \$4,511,000 each year from the general fund and \$4,050,000 each year from the workforce development fund are for the Minnesota youth program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116L.56 and 116L.561. The base for this appropriation is \$0 from the general fund and \$4,050,000 from the workforce development fund in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (p) \$750,000 each year is for the Office of New Americans under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.4231.
- (q) \$1,000,000 each year is for a grant to the Minnesota Technology Association support the SciTech internship program, a program that supports science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM) internship opportunities for two- and four-year college students and graduate students in their fields of study. The internship opportunities must match students with paid internships within STEM disciplines at small, for-profit companies located in Minnesota having fewer than 250 employees worldwide. At least 325 students must be matched each year. No more than 15 percent of the hires may be graduate students. Selected hiring companies shall receive from the grant 50 percent of the wages paid to the intern, capped at \$3,000 per intern. The program toward increasing must work participation among women or underserved populations. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (r) \$750,000 each year is for grants to the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board's Teen Teamworks youth employment and training programs. This is a onetime appropriation and available until June 30, 2027. Any unencumbered balance remaining

at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

- (s) \$900,000 each year is for a grant to Avivo to provide low-income individuals with career education and job skills training that is fully integrated with chemical and mental health services. Of this amount, up to \$250,000 each year is for a grant to Avivo to provide resources and support services to survivors of sex trafficking and domestic abuse in the greater St. Cloud area as they search for employment. Program resources include but are not limited to costs for day care, transportation, housing, legal advice, documents procuring required employment, interview clothing, technology, and Internet access. The program shall also include public outreach and corporate training components to communicate to the public and potential employers about the specific struggles faced by survivors as they re-enter the workforce. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (t) \$1,000,000 each year is for the getting to work grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.545. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (u) \$375,000 each year is for a grant to the nonprofit 30,000 Feet to fund youth apprenticeship jobs, wraparound services, after-school programming, and summer learning loss prevention efforts targeted at African American youth. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (v) \$463,000 the first year is for a grant to the Boys and Girls Club of Central Minnesota. This is a onetime appropriation. Of this amount:
- (1) \$313,000 is to fund one year of free full-service programming for a new program in Waite Park that will employ part-time

youth development staff and provide community volunteer opportunities for people of all ages. Career exploration and life skills programming will be a significant dimension of programming at this new site; and

- (2) \$150,000 is for planning and design for a new multiuse facility for the Boys and Girls Club of Waite Park and other community partners, including the Waite Park Police Department and the Whitney Senior Center.
- (w) \$1,000,000 each year is for a grant to the Minnesota Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs to administer a statewide project of youth job skills and career development. This project, which may have career guidance components including health and life skills, must be designed to encourage, train, and assist youth in early access to education and job-seeking skills, work-based learning experience, including career pathways in STEM learning, career exploration and matching, and first job placement through local community partnerships and on-site job opportunities. This grant requires a 25 percent match from nonstate resources. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (x) \$1,050,000 the first year is for a grant to the Owatonna Area Chamber of Commerce Foundation for the Learn and Earn Initiative to help the Owatonna and Steele County region grow and retain a talented workforce. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2025. Of this amount:
- (1) \$950,000 is to develop an advanced manufacturing career pathway program for youth and adult learners with shared learning spaces, state-of-the-art equipment, and instructional support to grow and retain talent in Owatonna; and
- (2) \$100,000 is to create the Owatonna Opportunity scholarship model for the Learn

- and Earn Initiative for students and employers.
- (y) \$250,000 each year is for a grant to the White Bear Center for the Arts for establishing a paid internship program for high school students to learn professional development skills through an arts perspective. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (z) \$946,000 each year is for the Minnesota Family Resiliency Partnership under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.96. The commissioner, through the adult career pathways program, shall distribute the money to existing nonprofit and state displaced homemaker programs. The base for this appropriation is \$446,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (aa) \$1,500,000 each year is for a grant to the Center for Economic Inclusion for strategic, data-informed investments in job creation strategies that respond to the needs of underserved populations statewide. This may include pay-for-performance contracts with nonprofit organizations to provide outreach, training, and support services for dislocated and chronically underemployed people, and forgivable loans, revenue-based financing, and equity investments for entrepreneurs with barriers to growth. Of this amount, up to five percent may be used for the center's technical assistance and administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (bb) \$600,000 each year is for a grant to East Side Neighborhood Services. This is a onetime appropriation. Of this amount:
- (1) \$300,000 each year is for the senior community service employment program, which provides work readiness training to low-income adults 55 and older, to provide ongoing support and mentoring needs to the program participants and to support the

transition period from subsidized wages to unsubsidized wages; and

(2) \$300,000 each year is for the nursing assistant plus program to serve the increased need for growth of medical talent pipelines through expansion of the existing program and development of in-house training.

These amounts may also be used to enhance the organization's youth employment programming for youth and young adults, ages 14 to 24, to introduce them to work culture, develop essential work readiness skills, and make career plans through paid internship experiences and work readiness training.

- (cc) \$1,500,000 each year is for a grant to Ujamaa Place to assist primarily African American men with job training, employment preparation, internships, education, vocational housing, and organizational capacity building. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (dd) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to Comunidades Organizando el Poder y la Acción Latina (COPAL) for worker center programming that supports primarily low-income, migrant, and Latinx workers with career planning, workforce training and education, workers' rights advocacy, health resources and navigation, and wealth creation resources. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (ee) \$3,000,000 each year is for a grant to Propel Nonprofits to provide capacity-building grants and related technical assistance to small, culturally specific organizations that primarily serve historically underserved cultural communities. Propel Nonprofits may only award grants to nonprofit organizations that have an annual organizational budget of less than \$1,000,000. These grants may be used for:

- (1) organizational infrastructure improvements, including developing database management systems and financial systems, or other administrative needs that increase the organization's ability to access new funding sources;
- (2) organizational workforce development, including hiring culturally competent staff, training and skills development, and other methods of increasing staff capacity; or
- (3) creating or expanding partnerships with existing organizations that have specialized expertise in order to increase capacity of the grantee organization to improve services to the community.
- Of this amount, up to five percent may be used by Propel Nonprofits for administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (ff) \$1,000,000 each year is for a grant to Goodwill Easter Seals Minnesota and its partners. The grant must be used to continue the FATHER Project in Rochester, St. Cloud, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and the surrounding areas to assist fathers in overcoming barriers that prevent fathers from supporting their children economically and emotionally, including with community re-entry following confinement. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (gg) \$250,000 the first year is for a grant to the ProStart and Hospitality Tourism Management Program for a well-established, proven, and successful education program that helps young people advance careers in the hospitality industry and addresses critical long-term workforce shortages in that industry.
- (hh) \$1,400,000 the first year and \$450,000 the second year are for grants to Minnesota Diversified Industries to provide inclusive employment opportunities and services for people with disabilities. This is a onetime appropriation.

- (ii) \$1,000,000 the first year is for a grant to Minnesota Diversified Industries to assist individuals with disabilities through the unified work model by offering virtual and in-person career skills classes augmented with virtual reality tools. Minnesota Diversified Industries shall submit a report on the number and demographics of individuals served, hours of career skills programming delivered, outreach employers, and recommendations for future career skills delivery methods to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over labor and workforce development policy and finance by January 15, 2026. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2025.
- (jj) \$1,175,000 each year is for a grant to Summit Academy OIC to expand employment placement, GED preparation and administration, and STEM programming in the Twin Cities, Saint Cloud, and Bemidji. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (kk) \$500,000 each year is a grant to Minnesota Independence Community College to provide employment preparation, job placement, job retention, and service coordination services to adults with autism and learning differences. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (II) \$350,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second year are for a grant to the University of Minnesota Tourism Center for the creation and operation of an online hospitality training program in partnership with Explore Minnesota Tourism. This training program must be made available at no cost to Minnesota residents in an effort to address critical workforce shortages in the hospitality and tourism industries and assist in career development. The base for this appropriation is \$25,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter for ongoing system maintenance, management, and content updates.

- (mm) \$3,000,000 the first year is for competitive grants to support competitive robotics teams and prepare youth for careers in STEM fields. Of this amount, \$2,000,000 is for creating internships for high school students to work at private companies in STEM fields, including the payment of student stipends.
- (nn) \$1,500,000 the first year is for a grant to the nonprofit Sanneh Foundation to fund out-of-school summer programs focused on mentoring and behavioral, social, and emotional learning interventions and enrichment activities directed toward low-income students of color. This is a onetime appropriation and available until June 30, 2026.
- (00) \$1,000,000 each year is for a grant to the Hmong American Partnership to expand job training and placement programs primarily serving the Southeast Asian community. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (pp) \$1,000,000 each year is for a grant to Comunidades Latinas Unidas En Servicio (CLUES) to address employment, economic, and technology access disparities for low-income unemployed or underemployed individuals. Grant money must support short-term certifications and transferable skills in high-demand fields, workforce readiness, customized financial capability, and employment supports. At least 50 percent of this amount must be used for programming targeted at greater Minnesota. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (qq) \$300,000 each year is for a grant to All Square. The grant must be used to support the operations of All Square's Fellowship and Prison to Law Pipeline programs which operate in Minneapolis, St. Paul, and surrounding correctional facilities to assist incarcerated and formerly incarcerated Minnesotans in overcoming employment

barriers that prevent economic and emotional freedom. This is a onetime appropriation.

- (rr) \$1,000,000 each year is for a grant to the Redemption Project to provide employment services to adults leaving incarceration, including recruiting, educating, training, and retaining employment mentors and partners. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (ss) \$3,000,000 each year is for a grant to Community Action Partnership of Hennepin County. This is a onetime appropriation. Of this amount:
- (1) \$1,500,000 each year is for grants to 21 Days of Peace for social equity building and community engagement activities; and
- (2) \$1,500,000 each year is for grants to A Mother's Love for community outreach, empowerment training, and employment and career exploration services.
- (tt) \$750,000 each year is for a grant to Mind the G.A.P.P. (Gaining Assistance to Prosperity Program) to improve the quality of life of unemployed and underemployed individuals by improving their employment outcomes and developing individual earnings potential. This is a onetime appropriation. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
- (uu) \$550,000 each year is for a grant to the International Institute of Minnesota. Grant money must be used for workforce training for New Americans in industries in need of a trained workforce. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (vv) \$400,000 each year is to Hired to expand their career pathway job training and placement program that connects lower-skilled job seekers to entry-level and gateway jobs in high-growth sectors. This is a onetime appropriation.

(ww) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the American Indian Opportunities and Industrialization Center for workforce development programming, including reducing academic disparities for American Indian students and adults. This is a onetime appropriation.

(xx) \$275,000 each year is to Southeast Minnesota Workforce Development Area #8/Workforce Development, Inc. to provide career planning, career pathway training and education, wraparound support services, and job skills advancement in high-demand careers to individuals with barriers to employment in Steele County, helping families build secure pathways out of poverty while also addressing worker shortages in the Owatonna and Steele County area. Funding must also support Employer Outreach Services to include providing solutions to workforce challenges and direct connections to workforce programming. Grants may be used for program expenses, including but not limited to hiring instructors and navigators; space rental; and supportive services to help participants attend classes, including assistance with course fees, child care, transportation, and safe and stable housing. In addition, up to five percent of grant money may be used for Workforce Development, Inc.'s administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.

(yy) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the Black Women's Wealth Alliance to provide economically eligible individuals with job skills training, career counseling, and job placement assistance. This is a onetime appropriation.

(zz) \$250,000 each year is for a grant to Abijahs on the Backside to provide equine experiential mental health therapy to first responders suffering from job-related trauma and post-traumatic stress disorder. For purposes of this paragraph, a "first responder"

is a peace officer as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c); a full-time firefighter as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 299N.03, subdivision 5; or a volunteer firefighter as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 299N.03, subdivision 7.

Abijahs on the Backside must report to the commissioner of employment and economic development and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with iurisdiction employment and economic development policy and finance on the equine experiential mental health therapy provided to first responders under this paragraph. The report must include an overview of the program's budget, a detailed explanation of program expenditures, the number of first responders served by the program, and a list and explanation of the services provided to and benefits received by program participants. An initial report is due by January 15, 2024, and a final report is due by January 15, 2026. This is a onetime appropriation.

(aaa) \$200,000 each year is for a grant to Project Restore Minnesota for the Social Kitchen project, a pathway program for careers in the culinary arts. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.

(bbb) \$100,000 each year is for grants to the Minnesota Grocers Association Foundation for Carts to Careers, a statewide initiative to promote careers, conduct outreach, provide job skills training, and award scholarships for students pursuing careers in the food industry. This is a onetime appropriation.

(ccc) \$1,200,000 each year is for a grant to Twin Cities R!SE. Of this amount, \$700,000 each year is for performance grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8747, to Twin Cities R!SE to provide training to individuals facing barriers to employment;

and \$500,000 each year is to increase the capacity of the Empowerment Institute through employer partnerships across Minnesota and expansion of the youth personal empowerment curriculum. This is a onetime appropriation and available until June 30, 2026.

(ddd) \$750,000 each year is for a grant to Bridges to Healthcare to provide career education, wraparound support services, and job skills training in high-demand health care fields to low-income parents, nonnative speakers of English, and other hard-to-train individuals, helping families build secure pathways out of poverty while also addressing worker shortages in one of Minnesota's most innovative industries. Grants may be used for program expenses, including but not limited to hiring instructors and navigators; space rental; and supportive services to help participants attend classes, including assistance with course fees, child care, transportation, and safe and stable housing. In addition, up to five percent of grant money may be used for Bridges to Healthcare's administrative costs. This is a onetime appropriation.

(eee) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to Big Brothers Big Sisters of the Greater Twin Cities to provide disadvantaged youth ages 12 to 21 with job-seeking skills, connections to job training and education opportunities, and mentorship while exploring careers. The grant shall serve youth in the Big Brothers Big Sisters chapters in the Twin Cities, central Minnesota, and southern Minnesota. This is a onetime appropriation.

(fff) \$1,500,000 each year is for a grant to Youthprise to provide economic development services designed to enhance long-term economic self-sufficiency in communities with concentrated African populations statewide. Of these amounts, 50 percent is for subgrants to Ka Joog and 50 percent is for competitive subgrants to community

organizations. This is a onetime appropriation.

(ggg) \$350,000 each year is for a grant to the YWCA Minneapolis to provide training to eligible individuals, including job skills training, career counseling, and job placement assistance necessary to secure a child development associate credential and to have a career path in early education. This is a onetime appropriation.

(hhh) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to Emerge Community Development to support and reinforce critical workforce at the Emerge Career and Technical Center, Cedar Riverside Opportunity Center, and Emerge Second Chance programs in the city of Minneapolis. This is a onetime appropriation.

(iii) \$425,000 each year is for a grant to Better Futures Minnesota to provide job skills training to individuals who have been released from incarceration for a felony-level offense and are no more than 12 months from the date of release. This is a onetime appropriation.

Better Futures Minnesota shall annually report to the commissioner on how the money was spent and what results were achieved. The report must include, at a minimum, information and data about the number of participants; participant homelessness, employment, recidivism, and child support compliance; and job skills training provided to program participants.

(jjj) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to Pillsbury United Communities to provide job training and workforce development services for underserved communities. This is a onetime appropriation.

(kkk) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to Project for Pride in Living for job training and workforce development services for underserved communities. This is a onetime appropriation.

(Ill) \$300,000 each year is for a grant to YMCA of the North to provide career exploration, job training, and workforce development services for underserved youth and young adults. This is a onetime appropriation.

(mmm) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to Al Maa'uun for a strategic intervention program designed to target and connect program participants to meaningful, sustainable living wage employment. This is a onetime appropriation.

(nnn) \$500,000 each year is for a grant to CAIRO to provide workforce development services in health care, technology, and transportation (CDL) industries. This is a onetime appropriation.

(000) \$500,000 each year is for competitive grants to organizations providing services to relieve economic disparities in the African immigrant community through workforce recruitment, development, job creation, assistance of smaller organizations to increase capacity, and outreach. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program. This is a onetime appropriation.

(ppp) \$270,000 each year is for a grant to Stairstep to help community members understand possibilities for improving employment opportunities. This is a onetime appropriation.

(qqq) \$400,000 each year is for a grant to Building Strong Communities, Inc, for a statewide apprenticeship readiness program to prepare women, BIPOC community members, and veterans to enter the building and construction trades. This is a onetime appropriation.

(rrr) \$150,000 each year is for prevailing wage staff under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.871, subdivision 2.

- (sss) \$250,000 each year is for the purpose of awarding a grant to Minnesota Community of African People with Disabilities (MNCAPD), Roots Connect, and Fortune Relief and Youth Empowerment Organization (FRAYEO). This is a onetime appropriation. MNCAPD, Roots Connect, and FRAYEO must use grant proceeds to provide funding for workforce development activities for at-risk youth from low-income families and unengaged young adults experiencing disabilities, including:
- (1) job readiness training for at-risk youth, including resume building, interview skills, and job search strategies;
- (2) on-the-job training opportunities with local businesses;
- (3) support services such as transportation assistance and child care to help youth attend job training programs; and
- (4) mentorship and networking opportunities to connect youth with professionals in the youth's desired fields.
- (ttt) \$500,000 the first year is to the Legislative Coordinating Commission for the Take Force on Youth Interventions. This is a onetime appropriation.

Subd. 4. General Support Services

18,031,000

8,059,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>2024</u> <u>2025</u>

General Fund 17,950,000 7,950,000

Workforce

Development 81,000 109,000

(a) \$1,269,000 each year is for transfer to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for operating the Olmstead Compliance Office.

(b) \$10,000,000 the first year is for the workforce digital transformation projects. This appropriation is onetime and is available until June 30, 2027.

Subd. 5. Minnesota Trade Office

2,242,000 2,242,000

- (a) \$300,000 each year is for the STEP grants in Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.979. The base for this appropriation is \$300,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (b) \$180,000 each year is for the Invest Minnesota marketing initiative in Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9781.
- (c) \$270,000 each year is for the Minnesota Trade Offices under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.978.

Subd. 6. Vocational Rehabilitation

49,136,000 49,136,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>2024</u> <u>2025</u>

General 41,306,000 41,306,000

Workforce

Development 7,830,000 7,830,000

- (a) \$14,300,000 each year is for the state's vocational rehabilitation program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268A.
- (b) \$11,495,000 each year from the general fund and \$6,830,000 each year from the workforce development fund are for extended employment services for persons with severe disabilities under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.15. Of the amounts appropriated from the general fund, \$4,500,000 each year is for maintaining prior rate increases to providers of extended employment services for persons with severe disabilities under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.15.
- (c) \$6,500,000 each year is for grants to programs that provide employment support services to persons with mental illness under Minnesota Statutes, sections 268A.13 and 268A.14. The base for this appropriation is

10,425,000

\$1,945,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.

- (d) \$9,011,000 each year is for grants to centers for independent living under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.11. The base for this appropriation is \$3,011,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
- (e) \$1,000,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.16, for employment services for persons, including transition-age youth, who are deaf, deafblind, or hard-of-hearing. If the amount in the first year is insufficient, the amount in the second year is available in the first year.

Subd. 7. Services for the Blind

(a) \$500,000 each year is for senior citizens who are becoming blind. At least one-half of the money for this purpose must be used to

\$

provide training services for seniors who are becoming blind. Training services must provide independent living skills to seniors who are becoming blind to allow them to continue to live independently in their homes.

(b) \$2,000,000 each year is for the employer reasonable accommodation fund. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 3. EXPLORE MINNESOTA

(a) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year must be matched from nonstate sources to develop maximum private sector involvement in tourism. Each \$1 of state incentive must be matched with \$6 of private sector money. "Matched" means revenue to the state or documented cash expenditures directly expended to support Explore Minnesota Tourism under Minnesota Statutes, section 116U.05. The incentive in fiscal year 2024 is based on fiscal year 2023 private sector contributions. The incentive in fiscal year 2025 is based on fiscal year

15,269,000 30,657,000 \$

10,425,000

- 2024 private sector contributions. This incentive is ongoing.
- (b) \$11,500,000 the first year is for the development of Explore Minnesota for Business under Minnesota Statutes, section 116U.07, to market the overall livability and economic opportunities of Minnesota. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (c) \$2,254,000 is added to the base beginning in fiscal year 2026 to build additional administrative capacity to provide support in the areas of brand strategy, communications, and industry relations.
- (d) \$250,000 in fiscal year 2024 is appropriated from the general fund to Explore Minnesota Tourism for a grant to the Grand Portage Band to focus tourism to Grand Portage. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (e) Up to \$500,000 in the first year is for marketing and promotion of cultural venues and events that are located within census tracts, based on the most recent data published by the United States Census Bureau, where:
- (1) 40 percent or more of the population is nonwhite;
- (2) 35 percent or more of the households have an income at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level; or
- (3) 40 percent or more of the population over the age of five have limited English proficiency.

This is a onetime appropriation.

(f) Money for marketing grants is available either year of the biennium. Unexpended grant money from the first year is available in the second year.

Sec. 4. GRANT REQUIREMENTS.

Before an agency or granting organization awards a grant or subgrant with money appropriated in this act, the agency or granting organization must comply with any grant requirements imposed by law; Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.97 to 16B.98; or any agency grant policy.

ARTICLE 2

LABOR APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, or June 30, 2025, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2024. "The second year" is fiscal year 2025. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2024 and 2025.
- (b) If an appropriation in this article is enacted more than once in the 2023 regular or special legislative session, the appropriation must be given effect only once.

APPROPRIATIONS

Available for the Year

Ending June 30

2024

2025

Sec. 2. <u>DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND</u> INDUSTRY

Subdivision 1. Total App	<u>propriation</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>46,461,000</u> <u>\$</u>	43,404,000
Appropr	riations by Fund			
	2024	<u>2025</u>		
General	6,811,000	5,127,000		
Workers'				
Compensation	29,739,000	31,512,000		
Workforce				
Development	<u>9,911,000</u>	6,765,000		
The amounts that may purpose are specified subdivisions.		_		
Subd. 2. General Suppo	<u>rt</u>		8,765,000	9,106,000
This appropriation is frequency compensation fund.	from the workers	<u>'</u>		
Subd. 3. Labor Standar	<u>ds</u>		6,872,000	6,508,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>General</u> <u>5,309,000</u> <u>4,873,000</u>

Workforce

<u>Development</u> <u>1,563,000</u> <u>1,635,000</u>

- (a) \$2,046,000 each year is for wage theft prevention.
- (b) \$1,563,000 the first year and \$1,635,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for prevailing wage enforcement.
- (c) \$268,000 the first year and \$276,000 the second year are for outreach and enforcement efforts related to changes to the nursing mothers, lactating employees, and pregnancy accommodations law.
- (d) \$184,000 the first year and \$142,000 the second year are to strengthen workplace protections for agricultural and food processing workers.
- (e) \$661,000 the first year and \$357,000 the second year are to perform work for the Nursing Home Workforce Standards Board. The base for this appropriation is \$404,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$357,000 in fiscal year 2027.
- (f) \$225,000 the first year and \$169,000 the second year are for the purposes of article 11.
- (g) \$245,000 the first year and \$138,000 the second year are to the Attorney General's Office for the purposes of safe workplaces for meat and poultry workers.
- (h) \$59,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second year are for transfer to the commissioner of the Department of Revenue to implement and administer the change to the state income tax subtraction for damages for sexual harassment or abuse.

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(i) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for transfer to the attorney general to enforce construction workers wage protections.

Subd. 4. Workers' Compensation

15,190,000

15,725,000

This appropriation is from the workers' compensation fund.

Subd. 5. Workplace Safety

7,043,000

6,681,000

Appropriations by Fund

General 1,259,000

-0-

Workers'

Compensation 5,784,000

6,681,000

- (a) \$477,000 the first year and \$1,128,000 the second year are from the workers' compensation fund for education and outreach, staffing, and technology development of the ergonomics program under Minnesota Statutes, section 182.677. The base appropriation is \$1,487,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$1,196,000 in fiscal year 2027.
- (b) \$1,259,000 the first year for the ergonomics safety grant program. This amount is available until June 30, 2026. This is a onetime appropriation.

Subd. 6. Workforce Development Initiatives

2,659,000

2,371,000

- (a) This appropriation is from the workforce development fund.
- (b) \$300,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for the pipeline program.
- (c) \$200,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for identification of competency standards under Minnesota Statutes, section 175.45.
- (d) \$1,500,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for youth skills training grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 175.46.

- (e) \$359,000 the first year and \$371,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for administration of the youth skills training grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 175.46.
- (f) \$300,000 the first year is for transfer to the commissioner of the Department of Education for a grant to Independent School District No. 294, Houston, for the Minnesota Virtual Academy's career pathways program with Operating Engineers Local 49. The program may include up to five semesters of courses and must lead to eligibility into the Operating Engineers Local 49 apprenticeship program.
- (1) The grant may be used to encourage and support student participation in the career pathways program through additional academic, counseling, and other support services provided by the student's enrolling school district. The Minnesota Virtual Academy may contract with a student's enrolling school district to provide these services.
- (2) The career pathways program must provide outreach to and encourage participation in its programming by students of color, Indigenous students, students from families with low income, students located throughout Minnesota, and underserved students. This appropriation does not cancel and is available until June 30, 2025.
- (3) On January 15 of each year following the receipt of a grant, Independent School District No. 294, Houston, must submit a written report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over education and workforce development. A grant award and report must be in accordance with the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 127A.20. The report must describe students' experiences with the program. The report must document the

program's spending and the number of students participating in the program and entering into the apprenticeship program. The report must include geographic and demographic information on the program participants, make recommendations to improve the support of career pathways programs statewide, and make recommendations to improve student participation in career pathways programs.

Subd. 7. Combative Sports

<u>243,000</u> <u>254,000</u>

Subd. 8. Apprenticeship

5,689,000 2,759,000

- (a) This appropriation is from the workforce development fund.
- (b) \$1,330,000 the first year and \$1,392,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for the apprenticeship program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 178.
- (c) \$1,134,000 the first year and \$1,142,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for labor education and advancement program grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 178.11.
- (d) \$3,000,000 in the first year is from the workforce development fund for grants to registered apprenticeship programs for clean economy occupations. Of this amount, up to five percent is for administration and monitoring of the program. This appropriation is onetime and is available until June 30, 2026. Grant funds may be used to:
- (1) purchase equipment or training materials in clean technologies;
- (2) fund instructor professional development in clean technologies;
- (3) design and refine curriculum in clean technologies; and

(4) train apprentices and upskill incumbent workers in clean technologies.

(e) \$225,000 the first year and \$225,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for grants to Building Strong Communities for the Helmets to Hardhats Minnesota initiative. Grant money must be used to recruit, retain, assist, and support National Guard, reserve, and active duty military members' and veterans' participation in apprenticeship programs registered with the Department of Labor and Industry and connect service members and veterans with career training and employment in the building and construction industry. The recruitment, selection, employment, and training must be without discrimination due to race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, physical or mental disability, receipt of public assistance, or age.

Sec. 3. WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT OF APPEALS

<u>\$</u> <u>2,583,000</u> <u>\$</u>

2,563,000

This appropriation is from the workers' compensation fund.

Sec. 4. BUREAU OF MEDIATION SERVICES \$ 2,957,000 \$ 3,039,000

- (a) \$68,000 each year is for grants to area labor management committees. Grants may be awarded for a 12-month period beginning July 1 each year. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.
- (b) \$47,000 each year is for rulemaking, staffing, and other costs associated with peace officer grievance procedures.

ARTICLE 3

EXPLORE MINNESOTA

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116U.05, is amended to read:

116U.05 EXPLORE MINNESOTA TOURISM.

Explore Minnesota Tourism is ereated as an office in the executive branch with a director appointed by the governor. The director is under the supervision of the commissioner of employment and economic development and oversees Explore Minnesota Tourism and Explore Minnesota for <u>Business divisions</u>. The director serves in the unclassified service and must be qualified by experience and training in <u>travel and tourism</u> related fields.

Sec. 2. [116U.06] EXPLORE MINNESOTA TOURISM.

Explore Minnesota Tourism is a division of Explore Minnesota and exists to support Minnesota's economy through promotion and facilitation of travel to and within the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 3. [116U.07] EXPLORE MINNESOTA FOR BUSINESS.

Explore Minnesota for Business is a division of Explore Minnesota. Its mission is to promote overall livability and workforce and economic opportunity in Minnesota. Explore Minnesota for Business works in conjunction with the department of employment and economic development to establish and meet statewide goals in these areas.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116U.10, is amended to read:

116U.10 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** As used in For the purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

- Subd. 2. **Director.** "Director" means the executive director of Explore Minnesota Tourism.
- Subd. 3. Office. "Office" means Explore Minnesota Tourism.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116U.15, is amended to read:

116U.15 MISSION.

- (a) The mission of Explore Minnesota Tourism is to promote and facilitate increased travel to and within the state of Minnesota, promote overall livability, and promote workforce and economic opportunity in Minnesota. To further the mission of Explore Minnesota, the office is advised by councils focused on tourism and talent attraction and business marketing. Its goals are to:
- (1) expand public and private partnerships through increased interagency efforts and increased tourism and business industry participation;
 - (2) increase productivity through enhanced flexibility and options; and

- (3) use innovative fiscal and human resource practices to manage the state's resources and operate the office as efficiently as possible.
- (b) The director shall report to the legislature on the performance of the office's operations and the accomplishment of its goals in the office's biennial budget according to section 16A.10, subdivision 1.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116U.20, is amended to read:

116U.20 ORGANIZATION.

The director shall:

- (1) employ assistants and other officers, employees, and agents that the director considers necessary to discharge the functions of the office; and
- (2) define the duties of the officers, employees, and agents, and delegate to them any of the director's powers, duties, and responsibilities, subject to the director's control and under conditions prescribed by the director-;
 - (3) oversee the overall strategy and budgets of the Tourism and Business divisions; and
 - (4) chair or cochair and oversee the Tourism and Business councils.

Sec. 7. [116U.24] EXPLORE MINNESOTA COUNCILS.

- (a) The director shall be advised by the Explore Minnesota Tourism Council and Explore Minnesota for Business Council, each consisting of voting members appointed by the governor for four-year terms. The director of Explore Minnesota serves as the chair or cochair of each council. The director may assign employees of the office to participate in oversight of council operations.
- (b) Each council shall act to serve the broader interests of the council's divisions by promoting activities and programs of the office that support, maintain, and expand the state's domestic and international travel and trade markets, thereby generating increased visitor expenditures, revenue, and employment.
- (c) Filling of membership vacancies is as provided in section 15.059. The terms of one-half of the members shall be coterminous with the governor, and the terms of the remaining one-half of the members shall end on the first Monday in January one year after the terms of the other members. Members may serve until their successors are appointed and qualify. Members are not compensated. A member may be reappointed.
- (d) The council shall meet at least four times per year and at other times determined by each council.
- (e) If compliance with section 13D.02 is impractical, the Explore Minnesota councils may conduct a meeting of their members by telephone or other electronic means so long as the following conditions are met:

- (1) all members of each council participating in the meeting, wherever their physical location, can hear one another and can hear all discussion and testimony;
- (2) members of the public present at the regular meeting location of the council can hear clearly all discussion and testimony and all votes of members of each council and, if needed, receive those services required by sections 15.44 and 15.441;
- (3) at least one member of each council is physically present at the regular meeting location; and
- (4) all votes are conducted by roll call, so each member's vote on each issue can be identified and recorded.
- (f) Each member of each council participating in a meeting by telephone or other electronic means is considered present at the meeting for purposes of determining a quorum and participating in all proceedings.
- (g) If telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a meeting, each council, to the extent practicable, shall allow a person to monitor the meeting electronically from a remote location. Each council may require the person making such a connection to pay for documented marginal costs that each council incurs as a result of the additional connection.
- (h) If telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the council shall provide notice of the regular meeting location, of the fact that some members may participate by telephone or other electronic means, and whether a cost will be incurred under paragraph (f). The timing and method of providing notice is governed by section 13D.04.

Sec. 8. [116U.242] EXPLORE MINNESOTA FOR BUSINESS COUNCIL.

- (a) The director shall be advised by the Explore Minnesota for Business Council consisting of up to 14 voting members appointed by the governor for four-year terms, including:
- (1) the director of Explore Minnesota and the commissioner of employment and economic development, who serve as cochairs;
- (2) three representatives in marketing, human resources, or executive leadership from Minnesota-based companies with more than 100 employees representing Minnesota's key industries, including health care, technology, food and agriculture, manufacturing, retail, energy, and support services;
- (3) two representatives from statewide or regional marketing or business association leadership, the Iron Range, and nonprofits focused on economic development or human resource management;
- (4) one representative from a Minnesota college or university staff, faculty, leadership, student leadership, or alumni association;
- (5) one member representing Minnesota's start-up and entrepreneurial industry who has started at least one Minnesota-based business in the last five years and has at least 20 employees;

- (6) two representatives from the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council and Minnesota Tribal leadership, including casino management;
- (7) two representatives from Minnesota's Ethnic Chambers of Commerce Leadership and the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce; and
- (8) one at-large representative in the field of general marketing, talent attraction, or economic development.
- (b) The council shall act to serve the broader interest of promoting overall livability and workforce and economic opportunity in Minnesota. Members shall advise Explore Minnesota for Business' marketing efforts by emphasizing and prioritizing diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility and providing professional marketing insights.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116U.30, is amended to read:

116U.30 DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.

- (a) The director shall:
- (1) publish, disseminate, and distribute informational and promotional materials;
- (2) promote and encourage the coordination of Minnesota <u>travel</u>, <u>tourism</u>, <u>overall livability</u>, <u>and workforce and economic opportunity</u> promotion efforts with other state agencies and develop multiagency marketing strategies when appropriate;
- (3) promote and encourage the expansion and development of international tourism, trade, and Minnesota livability marketing;
- (4) advertise and disseminate information about Minnesota travel, tourism, and workforce and economic development opportunities;
- (5) aid various local communities to improve their <u>travel</u>, tourism, <u>and overall livability</u> marketing programs;
- (6) coordinate and implement a comprehensive state <u>travel</u>, tourism, <u>workforce</u> and economic <u>development</u>, and <u>overall livability</u> marketing <u>program programs</u> that <u>takes take</u> into consideration public and private businesses and attractions;
- (7) contract, in accordance with section 16C.08, for professional services if the work or services cannot be satisfactorily performed by employees of the agency or by any other state agency;
- (8) provide local, regional, and statewide tourism organizations with information, technical assistance, training, and advice on using state tourism and livability information and programs; and
- (9) generally gather, compile, and make available statistical information relating to Minnesota travel, tourism, workforce and economic development, overall livability, and related areas in this state, with. The director has the authority to call upon other state agencies for statistical data and results obtained by them and to arrange and compile that statistical information.

- (b) The director may:
- (1) apply for, receive, and spend money for <u>travel</u>, <u>tourism</u>, <u>workforce</u> and <u>economic development</u>, <u>and overall livability</u> development and marketing from other agencies <u>and tourism</u>, organizations, <u>and businesses</u>;
- (2) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids for tourism development and marketing from the federal government and other sources;
- (3) enter into joint powers or cooperative agreements with agencies of the federal government, local governmental units, regional development commissions, other state agencies, the University of Minnesota and other educational institutions, other states, Canadian provinces, <u>and local</u>, statewide, and regional tourism organizations as necessary to perform the director's duties;
- (4) enter into interagency agreements and agree to share net revenues with the contributing agencies;
 - (5) make grants;
- (6) conduct market research and analysis to improve marketing techniques in the area of <u>travel</u>, tourism, workforce and economic development, and overall livability;
- (7) monitor and study trends in the tourism industry related industries and provide resources and training to address change;
- (8) annually convene conferences of Minnesota tourism providers for the purposes of exchanging information on tourism development, coordinating marketing activities, and formulating tourism overall livability, and workforce and economic opportunity promotion development strategies; and
- (9) enter into tourism promotion contracts or other agreements with private persons and public entities, including agreements to establish and maintain offices and other types of representation in foreign countries, to promote international travel and to implement this chapter.
- (c) Contracts for goods and nonprofessional technical services made under paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (9), are not subject to the provisions of sections 16C.03, subdivision 3, and 16C.06 concerning competitive bidding and section 16C.055 concerning barter arrangements. Unless otherwise determined by the commissioner of administration, all other provisions of chapter 16C apply to this section, including section 16C.08, relating to professional and technical services. Contracts may be negotiated and are not subject to the provisions of chapter 16C relating to competitive bidding.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116U.35, is amended to read:

116U.35 PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES.

To promote <u>travel</u>, tourism, <u>workforce</u> and economic development, and overall <u>livability</u> of the state, the director may expend money appropriated by the legislature for these purposes in the same manner as private persons, firms, corporations, and associations make expenditures for these purposes. Policies on promotional expenses must be approved by <u>the Explore Minnesota Tourism Council and</u> the commissioner of administration. A policy for expenditures on food, lodging, and travel must

be approved by the commissioner of management and budget. No money may be expended for the appearance in radio or television broadcasts by an elected public official.

ARTICLE 4

PROVIDING RESOURCES AND OPPORTUNITY AND MAXIMIZING INVESTMENT IN STRIVING ENTREPRENEURS

Section 1. TITLE.

This act shall be known as the "Providing Resources and Opportunity and Maximizing Investments in Striving Entrepreneurs (PROMISE) Act."

Sec. 2. PROMISE GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

- (b) "Business" means both for-profit businesses and nonprofit organizations that earn revenue in ways similar to businesses.
 - (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- (d) "Partner organization" or "partner" means the Minnesota Initiative Foundations and nonprofit corporations receiving grants to provide grants to businesses under this section.
 - (e) "Program" means the PROMISE grant program under this section.
- Subd. 2. Establishment. The commissioner shall establish the PROMISE grant program to make grants to partner organizations to make grants to businesses in communities that have been adversely affected by structural racial discrimination, civil unrest, lack of access to capital, loss of population or an aging population, or lack of regional economic diversification.
- Subd. 3. Grants to partner organizations. (a) The commissioner shall make grants to partner organizations to provide grants to businesses under subdivision 4 using criteria, forms, applications, and reporting requirements developed by the commissioner.
- (b) Up to five percent of a grant under this subdivision may be used by the partner organization for administration and monitoring of the program, and up to three percent of a grant may be used by the partner organization for technical assistance to grantees.
- (c) Any money not spent by partner organizations by June 30, 2027, must be returned to the commissioner and canceled back to the general fund.
- Subd. 4. Grants to businesses. (a) Partners shall make grants to businesses using criteria, forms, applications, and reporting requirements developed by the commissioner.
 - (b) To be eligible for a grant under this subdivision, a business must:
 - (1) have primary business operations located in the state of Minnesota;

- (2) be located in a community that has been adversely affected by structural racial discrimination, civil unrest, lack of access to capital, a loss of population or an aging population, or a lack of regional economic diversification; and
 - (3) have a gross annual revenue of \$350,000 or less based on 2021 taxes.
- (c) Preference shall be given to businesses that did not receive previous assistance from the state under:
 - (1) the governor's Executive Order No. 20-15;
 - (2) Laws 2020, First Special Session chapter 1, section 4;
 - (3) Laws 2020, Seventh Special Session chapter 2, article 4 or 5; or
 - (4) Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, article 2, section 22.
 - (d) Preference may be given to businesses that are able to demonstrate financial hardship.
 - (e) Grants under this subdivision must not exceed \$50,000 per grant.
 - (f) No business may receive more than one grant under this section.
- (g) Grant money may be used for land acquisition or for working capital to support payroll expenses, rent or mortgage payments, utility bills, and other similar expenses that occur in the regular course of business.
- (h) Any grant money used for land acquisition must be repaid to the state if the land acquired is sold within ten years of the grant award.
- Subd. 5. **Grant requirements.** All grants to businesses under this section are subject to the grant-making requirements in sections 16B.97, 16B.98, and 16B.991.
- Subd. 6. Reports. (a) By January 31, 2026, partner organizations participating in the program must provide a report to the commissioner that includes descriptions of the businesses supported by the program, the amounts granted, and an explanation of administrative expenses.
- (b) By February 15, 2026, the commissioner must report to the legislative committees in the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over economic development about grants made under this section based on the information received under paragraph (a).
 - Subd. 7. Expiration. This section expires December 31, 2027.

Sec. 3. PROMISE LOAN PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
 - (b) "Borrower" means an eligible recipient receiving a loan guaranteed under this section.
 - (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.

- (d) "Eligible project" means the development, redevelopment, demolition, site preparation, predesign, design, engineering, repair, land acquisition, relocation, or renovation of real property or capital improvements. Eligible project includes but is not limited to construction of buildings, infrastructure, related site amenities, landscaping, and street-scaping.
 - (e) "Eligible recipient" means a:
 - (1) business;
 - (2) nonprofit organization; or
- (3) developer that is seeking funding to complete an eligible project. Eligible recipient does not include a partner organization or a local unit of government.
- (f) "Partner organization" or "Partner" means the Minnesota Initiative Foundations and nonprofit corporations receiving grants to provide loans under this section.
 - (g) "Program" means the PROMISE loan program under this section.
- (h) "Redevelopment" means the acquisition of real property; site preparation; predesign, design, engineering, repair, or renovation of facilities façade improvements, and construction of buildings, infrastructure, and related site amenities; landscaping; street-scaping; land-banking for future development or redevelopment; or financing any of these activities taken on by a private party pursuant to an agreement with the city. Redevelopment does not include project costs eligible for compensation or assistance available through insurance policies or from other organizations or government agencies.
- (i) "Relocation" means financial support for businesses that would like to relocate to another location within the same city, county, or region in Minnesota.
- Subd. 2. Establishment. The commissioner shall establish the PROMISE loan program to make grants to partner organizations to make loans to businesses in communities that have been adversely affected by structural racial discrimination, civil unrest, lack of access to capital, a loss of population or an aging population, or a lack of regional economic diversification.
- Subd. 3. Grants to partner organizations. (a) The commissioner shall make grants to partner organizations to provide loans to businesses as specified under this section.
- (b) Up to five percent of a grant under this subdivision may be used by the partner organization for administration and monitoring of the program, and up to three percent of a grant may be used by the partner organization for technical assistance to borrowers.
- (c) Any money not spent by partner organizations by June 30, 2027, must be returned to the commissioner and canceled back to the general fund.
- Subd. 4. Loans to eligible recipients. (a) A partner organization may make loans to eligible recipients for eligible projects. A loan to an eligible recipient for an eligible project must:
 - (1) be for no more than \$1,000,000;

- (2) be for a term of no more than ten years; and
- (3) must be a three percent interest loan.
- (b) Loans must not be used for working capital or inventory; consolidating, repaying, or refinancing debt; or speculation or investment in rental real estate.
- Subd. 5. Loans to businesses. (a) To be eligible for a loan under this subdivision, a business must:
 - (1) have primary business operations located in the state of Minnesota;
 - (2) have gross annual revenue of less than \$1,000,000 based on 2021 taxes; and
- (3) be located in a community that has been adversely affected by structural racial discrimination, civil unrest, lack of access to capital, a loss of population or an aging population, or a lack of regional economic diversification.
- Subd. 6. Revolving loan fund. Partner organizations that receive grants from the commissioner under the program must establish a commissioner-certified revolving loan fund for the purpose of making eligible loans.
- Subd. 7. **Preference.** (a) Priority shall be given to those businesses that have not received a grant under a Main Street COVID-19 relief grant program or a loan from the Main Street Economic Revitalization Loan Program.
- (b) Priority may also be given to projects that involve developers who are Black, Indigenous, or People of Color; veterans; or women.
- Subd. 8. Oversight. Grants and any loans to borrowers under this section are subject to the grant-making requirements in sections 16B.97, 16B.98, and 16B.991.
- Subd. 9. **Reports.** (a) By January 31, 2026, partner organizations participating in the program must provide a report to the commissioner that includes descriptions of the businesses supported by the program, the amounts loaned, and an explanation of administrative expenses.
- (b) By February 15, 2026, the commissioner must report to the legislative committees in the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over economic development about loans made under this section based on the information received under paragraph (a).
 - Subd. 10. Expiration. This section expires December 31, 2027.

ARTICLE 5

DEED POLICY

Section 1. [116J.418] OFFICE OF CHILD CARE COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIPS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

- (b) "Child care" means the care of children while parents or guardians are at work or absent for another reason.
 - (c) "Local unit of government" has the meaning given in section 116G.03, subdivision 3.
- (d) "Office" means the Office of Child Care Community Partnerships established in subdivision 2, paragraph (a).
- Subd. 2. Office established; purpose. (a) An Office of Child Care Community Partnerships is established within the Department of Employment and Economic Development. The department may employ a director and staff necessary to carry out the office's duties under subdivision 4.
 - (b) The purpose of the office is to support child care businesses within the state in order to:
 - (1) increase the quantity of quality child care available; and
 - (2) improve accessibility to child care for underserved communities and populations.
- Subd. 3. Organization. The office shall consist of a director of the Office of Child Care Community Partnerships, as well as any staff necessary to carry out the office's duties under subdivision 4.
 - Subd. 4. **Duties.** The office shall have the power and duty to:
- (1) coordinate with state, regional, local, and private entities to promote investment in increasing the quantity of quality child care in Minnesota;
- (2) coordinate with other agencies including but not limited to Minnesota Management and Budget, the Department of Human Services, and the Department of Education to develop, recommend, and implement solutions to increase the quantity of quality child care openings;
- (3) administer the child care economic development grant program and other appropriations to the department for this purpose;
 - (4) monitor the child care business development efforts of other states and countries;
 - (5) provide support to the governor's Children's Cabinet;
 - (6) provide an annual report, as required by subdivision 5; and
 - (7) perform any other activities consistent with the office's purpose.
- Subd. 5. Reporting. (a) Beginning January 15, 2024, and each year thereafter, the Office of Child Care Community Partnerships shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over child care policy and finance on the office's activities during the previous year.
 - (b) The report shall contain, at a minimum:
 - (1) an analysis of the current access to child care within the state;
 - (2) an analysis of the current shortage of child care workers within the state;

- (3) a summary of the office's activities;
- (4) any proposed legislative and policy initiatives; and
- (5) any other information requested by the legislative committees with jurisdiction over child care, or that the office deems necessary.
 - (c) The report may be submitted electronically and is subject to section 3.195, subdivision 1.

Sec. 2. [116J.4231] OFFICE OF NEW AMERICANS.

- Subdivision 1. Office established; purpose. (a) The Office of New Americans is established within the Department of Employment and Economic Development. The governor must appoint an assistant commissioner who serves in the unclassified service. The assistant commissioner must hire a program manager, an office assistant, and any staff necessary to carry out the office's duties under subdivision 2.
- (b) The purpose of the office is to foster immigrant and refugee inclusion through an intentional process to improve economic mobility, enhance civic participation, and improve receiving communities' openness to immigrants and refugees by incorporating the needs and aspirations of immigrants and refugees, their families, and their communities for the benefit of all by fulfilling the duties outlined in subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. **Duties.** The Office of New Americans has the following duties:

- (1) create and implement a statewide strategy and programming to foster and promote immigrant and refugee inclusion in Minnesota so as to improve economic mobility, enhance civic participation, and improve receiving communities' openness to immigrants and refugees;
- (2) address the state's workforce needs by connecting employers and job seekers within the immigrant and refugee community;
- (3) identify and support implementation of programs and strategies to reduce employment barriers for immigrants and refugees, including the creation of alternative employment pathways;
- (4) support programs and activities designed to ensure equitable access to the workforce for immigrants and refugees, including those who are disabled;
- (5) support equitable opportunities for immigrants and refugees to access state government services and grants, including collaborating with Minnesota's ethnic councils as created by section 15.0145;
- (6) work with state agencies, Minnesota's ethnic councils, and community and foundation partners to undertake studies and research and analyze economic and demographic trends to better understand and serve the state's immigrant and refugee communities;
- (7) coordinate and establish best practices for language access initiatives to all state agencies after soliciting input from Minnesota's ethnic councils;
 - (8) convene stakeholders to further the objectives identified in subdivision 1;

- (9) make policy recommendations to the governor on issues impacting immigrants and refugees in consultation with Minnesota's ethnic councils;
- (10) engage all stakeholders to further the objectives identified in subdivision 1 within the context of workforce access and workforce readiness, including in the areas of employment, housing, legal services, health care, and education and communicate the importance of immigrant and refugee inclusion in the success of immigrants, refugees, their children, and the communities in which they settle;
- (11) engage with and support existing municipal and county offices that promote and foster immigrant and refugee inclusion and encourage the development of new municipal and county offices dedicated to immigrant and refugee inclusion;
- (12) serve as the point of contact for immigrants and refugees accessing resources both within the department and with boards charged with oversight of a profession;
 - (13) promulgate rules necessary to implement and effectuate this section;
 - (14) provide an annual report, as required by subdivision 3; and
 - (15) perform any other activities consistent with the office's purpose.
- Subd. 3. **Reporting.** (a) Beginning January 15, 2025, and each year thereafter, the Office of New Americans shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the office's activities during the previous year.
 - (b) The report shall contain, at a minimum:
 - (1) a summary of the office's activities;
- (2) suggested policies, incentives, and legislation designed to accelerate the achievement of the duties under subdivision 2;
 - (3) any proposed legislative and policy initiatives;
 - (4) the amount and types of grants awarded under subdivision 6; and
- (5) any other information deemed necessary and requested by the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the office.
 - (c) The report may be submitted electronically and is subject to section 3.195, subdivision 1.
- Subd. 4. Interdepartmental Coordinating Council on Immigrant and Refugee Affairs. (a) An Interdepartmental Coordinating Council on Immigrant and Refugee Affairs is established to advise the Office of New Americans.
- (b) The purpose of the council is to identify and establish ways in which state departments, agencies, and Minnesota's ethnic councils can work together to deliver state programs and services effectively and efficiently to Minnesota's immigrant and refugee populations. The council shall

implement policies, procedures, and programs requested by the governor through the state departments and offices.

- (c) The council shall be chaired by the assistant commissioner of the Office of New Americans and shall include the commissioners, department directors, or designees from the following:
 - (1) the governor's office;
 - (2) the Department of Administration;
 - (3) the Department of Employment and Economic Development;
 - (4) the Department of Human Services;
 - (5) the Department of Human Services Refugee Resettlement Programs Office;
 - (6) the Department of Labor and Industry;
 - (7) the Department of Health;
 - (8) the Department of Education;
 - (9) the Office of Higher Education;
 - (10) the Department of Public Safety;
 - (11) the Department of Corrections;
 - (12) the Council on Asian Pacific Minnesotans;
 - (13) the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage; and
 - (14) the Minnesota Council on Latino Affairs.
- (d) Each department or office specified in paragraph (c) shall designate one staff member as an immigrant and refugee services liaison. The liaison's responsibilities shall include:
- (1) preparation and dissemination of information and services available to immigrants and refugees; and
- (2) interfacing with the Office of New Americans on issues that impact immigrants and refugees and their communities.
- Subd. 5. No right of action. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the state; its departments, agencies, or entities; its officers, employees, or agents; or any other person.
- Subd. 6. Grants. The Office of New Americans may apply for grants for interested state agencies, community partners, and stakeholders under this section to carry out the duties under subdivision 2.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.5492, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Meetings.** The advisory committee must meet monthly until the energy transition plan is submitted quarterly and submit an updated energy transition plan annually to the governor and the legislature. Once submitted, the committee shall develop a regular meeting schedule as needed. The chair may call additional meetings as necessary.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.5492, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Expiration.** This section expires the day after the Minnesota energy transition plan required under section 116J.5493 is submitted to the legislature and the governor on June 30, 2027.

Sec. 5. [116J.682] SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given.

- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- (c) "Partner organizations" or "partners" means:
- (1) nonprofit organizations or public entities, including higher education institutions, engaged in business development or economic development;
 - (2) community development financial institutions; or
 - (3) community development corporations.
- (d) "Small business" has the meaning given in section 3 of the Small Business Act, United States Code, title 15, section 632.
- (e) "Underserved populations and geographies" means individuals who are Black, Indigenous, people of color, veterans, people with disabilities, and low-income individuals and includes people from rural Minnesota.
- Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish the small business assistance partnerships program to make grants to local and regional community-based organizations to provide small business development and technical assistance services to entrepreneurs and small business owners.
- Subd. 3. Small business assistance partnerships grants. (a) The commissioner shall make small business assistance partnerships grants to local and regional community-based organizations to provide small business development and technical assistance services to entrepreneurs and small business owners. The commissioner must prioritize applications that provide services to underserved populations and geographies.
- (b) Grantees shall use the grant funds to provide high-quality, free or low-cost professional business development and technical assistance services that support the start-up, growth, and success of Minnesota's entrepreneurs and small business owners.

Subd. 4. **Report.** By January 31 of each year, partner organizations participating in the program must provide a report to the commissioner on the outcomes of the program, including but not limited to the number of entrepreneurs and small businesses served, number of hours of business assistance services provided, number of new businesses started, number of full-time equivalent jobs created and retained, and demographic and geographic details of the individuals being served.

Sec. 6. [116J.8733] MINNESOTA EXPANDING OPPORTUNITY FUND PROGRAM.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Establishment.</u> The Minnesota Expanding Opportunity Fund Program is established to capitalize Minnesota nonprofit corporations to increase lending activities with Minnesota small businesses.
- Subd. 2. Long-term loans. The department may make long-term loans of ten to 12 years at 0.5 percent or lower interest rates to nonprofit corporations to enable nonprofit corporations to make more loans to Minnesota small businesses. The department may use the interest received to offset the cost of administering small business lending programs.
- Subd. 3. Loan eligibility; nonprofit corporation. (a) The eligible nonprofit corporation must not meet the definition of recipient under section 116J.993, subdivision 6.
- (b) The commissioner may enter into loan agreements with Minnesota nonprofit corporations that apply to participate in the Minnesota Expanding Opportunity Fund Program. The commissioner shall evaluate applications from applicant nonprofit corporations. In evaluating applications, the department must consider, among other things, whether the nonprofit corporation:
- (1) meets the statutory definition of a community development financial institution as defined in section 103 of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994, United States Code, title 12, section 4702;
- (2) has a board of directors or loan or credit committee that includes citizens experienced in small business services and community development;
 - (3) has the technical skills to analyze small business loan requests;
- (4) is familiar with other available public and private funding sources and economic development programs;
 - (5) is enrolled in one or more eligible federally funded state programs; and
 - (6) has the administrative capacity to manage a loan portfolio.
- Subd. 4. **Revolving loan fund.** (a) The commissioner shall establish a revolving loan fund to make loans to nonprofit corporations for the purpose of increasing nonprofit corporation capital and lending activities with Minnesota small businesses.
- (b) Nonprofit corporations that receive loans from the commissioner under the program must establish appropriate accounting practices for the purpose of tracking eligible loans.
- Subd. 5. Loan portfolio administration. (a) The interest rate charged by a nonprofit corporation for a loan under this subdivision must not exceed the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus two percent.

A nonprofit corporation participating in the Minnesota Expanding Opportunity Fund Program may charge a loan closing fee equal to or less than two percent of the loan value.

- (b) The nonprofit corporation may retain all earnings from fees and interest from loans to small businesses.
- Subd. 6. Cooperation. A nonprofit corporation that receives a program loan shall cooperate with other organizations, including but not limited to community development corporations, community action agencies, and the Minnesota small business development centers.
- Subd. 7. Reporting requirements. (a) A nonprofit corporation that receives a program loan must submit an annual report to the commissioner by February 15 of each year that includes:
 - (1) the number of businesses to which a loan was made;
 - (2) a description of businesses supported by the program;
 - (3) demographic information, as specified by the commissioner, regarding each borrower;
 - (4) an account of loans made during the calendar year;
 - (5) the program's impact on job creation and retention;
 - (6) the source and amount of money collected and distributed by the program;
 - (7) the program's assets and liabilities; and
 - (8) an explanation of administrative expenses.
- (b) A nonprofit corporation that receives a program loan must provide for an independent annual audit to be performed in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and auditing standards and submit a copy of each annual audit report to the commissioner.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.8748, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Minnesota job creation fund business designation; requirements.** (a) To receive designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business, a business must satisfy all of the following conditions:
- (1) the business is or will be engaged in, within Minnesota, one of the following as its primary business activity:
 - (i) manufacturing;
 - (ii) warehousing;
 - (iii) distribution;
 - (iv) information technology;
 - (v) finance;

- (vi) insurance; or
- (vii) professional or technical services;
- (2) the business must not be primarily engaged in lobbying; gambling; entertainment; professional sports; political consulting; leisure; hospitality; or professional services provided by attorneys, accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health care consultants, or primarily engaged in making retail sales to purchasers who are physically present at the business's location;
- (3) the business must enter into a binding construction and job creation business subsidy agreement with the commissioner to expend directly, or ensure expenditure by or in partnership with a third party constructing or managing the project, at least \$500,000 in capital investment in a capital investment project that includes a new, expanded, or remodeled facility within one year following designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business or \$250,000 if the project is located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, or if 51 percent of the business is cumulatively owned by minorities, veterans, women, or persons with a disability; and:
- (i) create at least ten new full-time employee positions within two years of the benefit date following the designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business or five new full-time employee positions within two years of the benefit date if the project is located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, or if 51 percent of the business is cumulatively owned by minorities, veterans, women, or persons with a disability; or
- (ii) expend at least \$25,000,000, which may include the installation and purchase of machinery and equipment, in capital investment and retain at least \$\frac{200}{100}\$ employees for projects located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and 75 or expend at least \$10,000,000, which may include the installation and purchase of machinery and equipment, in capital investment and retain at least \$50\$ employees for projects located outside the metropolitan area;
- (4) positions or employees moved or relocated from another Minnesota location of the Minnesota job creation fund business must not be included in any calculation or determination of job creation or new positions under this paragraph; and
- (5) a Minnesota job creation fund business must not terminate, lay off, or reduce the working hours of an employee for the purpose of hiring an individual to satisfy job creation goals under this subdivision.
- (b) Prior to approving the proposed designation of a business under this subdivision, the commissioner shall consider the following:
 - (1) the economic outlook of the industry in which the business engages;
 - (2) the projected sales of the business that will be generated from outside the state of Minnesota;
- (3) how the business will build on existing regional, national, and international strengths to diversify the state's economy;
 - (4) whether the business activity would occur without financial assistance;

- (5) whether the business is unable to expand at an existing Minnesota operation due to facility or land limitations;
 - (6) whether the business has viable location options outside Minnesota;
 - (7) the effect of financial assistance on industry competitors in Minnesota;
 - (8) financial contributions to the project made by local governments; and
 - (9) any other criteria the commissioner deems necessary.
- (c) Upon receiving notification of local approval under subdivision 2, the commissioner shall review the determination by the local government and consider the conditions listed in paragraphs (a) and (b) to determine whether it is in the best interests of the state and local area to designate a business as a Minnesota job creation fund business.
- (d) If the commissioner designates a business as a Minnesota job creation fund business, the business subsidy agreement shall include the performance outcome commitments and the expected financial value of any Minnesota job creation fund benefits.
- (e) The commissioner may amend an agreement once, upon request of a local government on behalf of a business, only if the performance is expected to exceed thresholds stated in the original agreement.
- (f) A business may apply to be designated as a Minnesota job creation fund business at the same location more than once only if all goals under a previous Minnesota job creation fund agreement have been met and the agreement is completed.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.8748, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Certification; benefits.** (a) The commissioner may certify a Minnesota job creation fund business as eligible to receive a specific value of benefit under paragraphs (b) and (c) when the business has achieved its job creation and capital investment goals noted in its agreement under subdivision 3.
- (b) A qualified Minnesota job creation fund business may be certified eligible for the benefits in this paragraph for up to five years for projects located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and seven years for projects located outside the metropolitan area, as determined by the commissioner when considering the best interests of the state and local area. Notwithstanding section 16B.98, subdivision 5, paragraph (a), clause (3), or 16B.98, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), grant agreements for projects located outside the metropolitan area may be for up to seven years in length. The eligibility for the following benefits begins the date the commissioner certifies the business as a qualified Minnesota job creation fund business under this subdivision:
- (1) up to five percent rebate for projects located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and 7.5 percent for projects located outside the metropolitan area, on capital investment on qualifying purchases as provided in subdivision 5 with the total rebate for a project not to exceed \$500,000;

- (2) an award of up to \$500,000 based on full-time job creation and wages paid as provided in subdivision 6 with the total award not to exceed \$500,000:
- (3) up to \$1,000,000 in capital investment rebates and \$1,000,000 in job creation awards are allowable for projects that have at least \$25,000,000 in capital investment and 200 100 new employees in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and 75 50 new employees for projects located outside the metropolitan area;
- (4) up to \$1,000,000 in capital investment rebates and up to \$1,000,000 in job creation awards are allowable for projects that have at least \$25,000,000 in capital investment, which may include the installation and purchase of machinery and equipment, and 200 100 retained employees for projects located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and 75 or at least \$10,000,000 in capital investment, which may include the installation and purchase of machinery and equipment, and 50 retained employees for projects located outside the metropolitan area; and
- (5) for clauses (3) and (4) only, the capital investment expenditure requirements may include the installation and purchases of machinery and equipment. These expenditures are not eligible for the capital investment rebate provided under subdivision 5.
- (c) The job creation award may be provided in multiple years as long as the qualified Minnesota job creation fund business continues to meet the job creation goals provided for in its agreement under subdivision 3 and the total award does not exceed \$500,000 except as provided under paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4). Under paragraph (b) clause (4), a job creation award of \$2,000 per retained job may be provided one time if the qualified Minnesota job creation fund business meets the minimum capital investment and retained employee requirement as provided in paragraph (b), clause (4), for at least two years.
- (d) No rebates or award may be provided until the Minnesota job creation fund business or a third party constructing or managing the project has at least \$500,000 in capital investment in the project and at least ten full-time jobs have been created and maintained for at least one year or the retained employees, as provided in paragraph (b), clause (4), remain for at least one year. The agreement may require additional performance outcomes that need to be achieved before rebates and awards are provided. If fewer retained jobs are maintained, but still above the minimum under this subdivision, the capital investment award shall be reduced on a proportionate basis.
- (e) The forms needed to be submitted to document performance by the Minnesota job creation fund business must be in the form and be made under the procedures specified by the commissioner. The forms shall include documentation and certification by the business that it is in compliance with the business subsidy agreement, sections 116J.871 and 116L.66, and other provisions as specified by the commissioner.
- (f) Minnesota job creation fund businesses must pay each new full-time employee added pursuant to the agreement total compensation, including benefits not mandated by law, that on an annualized basis is equal to at least 110 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of four.
- (g) A Minnesota job creation fund business must demonstrate reasonable progress on capital investment expenditures within six months following designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business to ensure that the capital investment goal in the agreement under subdivision 1 will be met. Businesses not making reasonable progress will not be eligible for benefits under the submitted

application and will need to work with the local government unit to resubmit a new application and request to be a Minnesota job creation fund business. Notwithstanding the goals noted in its agreement under subdivision 1, this action shall not be considered a default of the business subsidy agreement.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.8748, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Job creation award.** (a) A qualified Minnesota job creation fund business is eligible for an annual award for each new job created and maintained <u>under subdivision 4</u>, <u>paragraph (b)</u>, <u>clauses (2) and (3)</u>, by the business using the following schedule: \$1,000 for each job position paying annual wages at least \$26,000 but less than \$35,000; \$2,000 for each job position paying at least \$45,000 but less than \$45,000; and \$3,000 for each job position paying at least \$45,000 but less than \$55,000; and \$4,000 for each job position paying at least \$55,000; and as noted in the goals under the agreement provided under subdivision 1. These awards are increased by \$1,000 if the business is located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, or if 51 percent of the business is cumulatively owned by minorities, veterans, women, or persons with a disability.
- (b) A qualified Minnesota job creation fund business is eligible for a onetime \$2,000 award for each job retained and maintained under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), clause (4), provided that each retained job pays total compensation, including benefits not mandated by law, that on an annualized basis is equal to at least 150 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of four.
- $\frac{b}{c}$ The job creation award schedule must be adjusted annually using the percentage increase in the federal poverty level for a family of four.
- (e) (d) Minnesota job creation fund businesses seeking an award credit provided under subdivision 4 must submit forms and applications to the Department of Employment and Economic Development as prescribed by the commissioner.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.8748, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. **Transfer.** The commissioner may transfer up to \$2,000,000 of a fiscal year appropriation between the Minnesota job creation fund program and the redevelopment grant program to meet business demand.

Sec. 11. [116J.8751] LAUNCH MINNESOTA.

- Subdivision 1. Establishment. Launch Minnesota is established within the Business and Community Development Division of the Department of Employment and Economic Development to encourage and support the development of new private sector technologies and support the science and technology policies under section 3.222. Launch Minnesota must provide entrepreneurs and emerging technology-based companies business development assistance and financial assistance to spur growth.
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.
 - (b) "Advisory board" means the board established under subdivision 10.

- (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- (d) "Department" means the Department of Employment and Economic Development.
- (e) "Entrepreneur" means a Minnesota resident who is involved in establishing a business entity and secures resources directed to its growth while bearing the risk of loss.
- (f) "Greater Minnesota" means the area of Minnesota located outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.
- (g) "Innovative technology and business" means a new novel business model or product; a derivative product incorporating new elements into an existing product; a new use for a product; or a new process or method for the manufacture, use, or assessment of any product or activity, patentability, or scalability. Innovative technology or business model does not include locally based retail, lifestyle, or business services. The business must not be primarily engaged in real estate development, insurance, banking, lending, lobbying, political consulting, information technology consulting, wholesale or retail trade, leisure, hospitality, transportation, construction, ethanol production from corn, or professional services provided by attorneys, accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health care consultants.
 - (h) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning given in section 136A.28, subdivision 6.
- (i) "Minority group member" means a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident who is Asian, Pacific Islander, Black, Hispanic, or Native American.
 - (j) "Research and development" means any activity that is:
- (1) a systematic, intensive study directed toward greater knowledge or understanding of the subject studies;
- (2) a systematic study directed specifically toward applying new knowledge to meet a recognized need; or
- (3) a systematic application of knowledge toward the production of useful materials, devices, systems and methods, including design, development and improvement of prototypes and new processes to meet specific requirements.
- (k) "Start-up" means a business entity that has been in operation for less than ten years, has operations in Minnesota, and is in the development stage defined as devoting substantially all of its efforts to establishing a new business and either of the following conditions exists:
 - (1) planned principal operations have not commenced; or
- (2) planned principal operations have commenced, but have raised at least \$1,000,000 in equity financing.
- (l) "Technology-related assistance" means the application and utilization of technological-information and technologies to assist in the development and production of new technology-related products or services or to increase the productivity or otherwise enhance the production or delivery of existing products or services.

- (m) "Trade association" means a nonprofit membership organization organized to promote businesses and business conditions and having an election under Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6).
 - (n) "Veteran" has the meaning given in section 197.447.
 - Subd. 3. **Duties.** The commissioner, by and through Launch Minnesota, shall:
- (1) support innovation and initiatives designed to accelerate the growth of innovative technology and business start-ups in Minnesota;
- (2) in partnership with other organizations, offer classes and instructional sessions on how to start an innovative technology and business start-up;
- (3) promote activities for entrepreneurs and investors regarding the state's growing innovation economy;
 - (4) hold events and meetings that gather key stakeholders in the state's innovation sector;
- (5) conduct outreach and education on innovation activities and related financial programs available from the department and other organizations, particularly for underserved communities;
- (6) interact and collaborate with statewide partners including but not limited to businesses, nonprofits, trade associations, and higher education institutions;
- (7) administer an advisory board to assist with direction, grant application review, program evaluation, report development, and partnerships;
- (8) accept grant applications under subdivisions 5, 6, and 7 and work with the advisory board to review and prioritize the applications and provide recommendations to the commissioner; and
 - (9) perform other duties at the commissioner's discretion.
 - Subd. 4. **Administration.** (a) The executive director shall:
- (1) assist the commissioner and the advisory board in performing the duties of Launch Minnesota; and
- (2) comply with all state and federal program requirements, and all state and federal securities and tax laws and regulations.
- (b) Launch Minnesota may occupy and lease physical space in a private coworking facility that includes office space for staff and space for community engagement for training entrepreneurs. The physical space leased under this paragraph is exempt from the requirements in section 16B.24, subdivision 6.
- (c) At least three times per month, Launch Minnesota staff shall communicate with organizations in greater Minnesota that have received a grant under subdivision 7. To the extent possible, Launch Minnesota shall form partnerships with organizations located throughout the state.

- (d) Launch Minnesota must accept grant applications under this section and provide funding recommendations to the commissioner and the commissioner shall distribute grants based in part on the recommendations.
- <u>Subd. 5. Application process.</u> (a) The commissioner shall establish the application form and procedures for grants.
- (b) Upon receiving recommendations from Launch Minnesota, the commissioner is responsible for evaluating all applications using evaluation criteria which shall be developed by Launch Minnesota in consultation with the advisory board.
 - (c) For grants under subdivision 6, priority shall be given if the applicant is:
 - (1) a business or entrepreneur located in greater Minnesota; or
- (2) a business owner, individual with a disability, or entrepreneur who is a woman, veteran, or minority group member.
 - (d) For grants under subdivision 7, priority shall be given if the applicant is planning to serve:
 - (1) businesses or entrepreneurs located in greater Minnesota; or
- (2) business owners, individuals with disabilities, or entrepreneurs who are women, veterans, or minority group members.
- (e) The department staff, and not Launch Minnesota staff, are responsible for awarding funding, disbursing funds, and monitoring grantee performance for all grants awarded under this section.
- (f) Grantees must provide matching funds by equal expenditures and grant payments must be provided on a reimbursement basis after review of submitted receipts by the department.
- (g) Grant applications must be accepted on a regular periodic basis by Launch Minnesota and must be reviewed by Launch Minnesota and the advisory board before being submitted to the commissioner with their recommendations.
- Subd. 6. Innovation grants. (a) The commissioner shall distribute innovation grants under this subdivision.
- (b) The commissioner shall provide a grant of up to \$35,000 to an eligible business or entrepreneur for research and development expenses, direct business expenses, and the purchase of technical assistance or services from public higher education institutions and nonprofit entities. Research and development expenditures may include but are not limited to proof of concept activities, intellectual property protection, prototype designs and production, and commercial feasibility. Expenditures funded under this subdivision are not eligible for the research and development tax credit under section 290.068. Direct business expenses may include rent, equipment purchases, and supplier invoices. Taxes imposed by federal, state, or local government entities may not be reimbursed under this paragraph. Technical assistance or services must be purchased to assist in the development or commercialization of a product or service to be eligible. Each business or entrepreneur may receive only one grant per biennium under this paragraph.

- (c) The commissioner shall provide a grant of up to \$35,000 in Phase 1 or \$50,000 in Phase 2 to an eligible business or entrepreneur that, as a registered client of the Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program, has been awarded a first time Phase 1 or Phase 2 award pursuant to the SBIR or Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) programs after July 1, 2019. Each business or entrepreneur may receive only one grant per biennium under this paragraph. Grants under this paragraph are not subject to the requirements of subdivision 2, paragraph (k).
- Subd. 7. Entrepreneur education grants. (a) The commissioner shall make entrepreneur education grants to institutions of higher education and other organizations to provide educational programming to entrepreneurs and provide outreach to and collaboration with businesses, federal and state agencies, institutions of higher education, trade associations, and other organizations working to advance innovative technology businesses throughout Minnesota.
- (b) Applications for entrepreneur education grants under this subdivision must be submitted to the commissioner and evaluated by department staff other than Launch Minnesota. The evaluation criteria must be developed by Launch Minnesota, in consultation with the advisory board, and the commissioner, and priority must be given to an applicant who demonstrates activity assisting business owners or entrepreneurs residing in greater Minnesota or who are women, veterans, or minority group members.
- (c) Department staff other than Launch Minnesota staff are responsible for awarding funding, disbursing funds, and monitoring grantee performance under this subdivision.
 - (d) Grantees may use the grant funds to deliver the following services:
- (1) development and delivery to innovative technology businesses of industry specific or innovative product or process specific counseling on issues of business formation, market structure, market research and strategies, securing first mover advantage or overcoming barriers to entry, protecting intellectual property, and securing debt or equity capital. This counseling is to be delivered in a classroom setting or using distance media presentations;
- (2) outreach and education to businesses and organizations on the small business investment tax credit program under section 116J.8737, the MNvest crowd-funding program under section 80A.461, and other state programs that support innovative technology business creation especially in underserved communities;
- (3) collaboration with institutions of higher education, local organizations, federal and state agencies, the Small Business Development Center, and the Small Business Assistance Office to create and offer educational programming and ongoing counseling in greater Minnesota that is consistent with those services offered in the metropolitan area; and
- (4) events and meetings with other innovation-related organizations to inform entrepreneurs and potential investors about Minnesota's growing innovation economy.
- Subd. 8. Report. (a) Launch Minnesota shall annually report by December 31 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and senate having jurisdiction over economic development policy and finance. Each report shall include information on the work completed, including awards made by the department under this section and progress toward transferring the activities of Launch Minnesota to an entity outside of state government.

- (b) By December 31, 2024, Launch Minnesota shall provide a comprehensive transition plan to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and senate having jurisdiction over economic development policy and finance. The transition plan shall include: (1) a detailed strategy for the transfer of Launch Minnesota activities to an entity outside of state government; (2) the projected date of the transfer; and (3) the role of the state, if any, in ongoing activities of Launch Minnesota or its successor entity.
- Subd. 9. Advisory board. (a) The commissioner shall establish an advisory board to advise the executive director regarding the activities of Launch Minnesota, make the recommendations described in this section, and develop and initiate a strategic plan for transferring some activities of Launch Minnesota to a new or existing public-private partnership or nonprofit organization outside of state government.
- (b) The advisory board shall consist of ten members and is governed by section 15.059. A minimum of seven members must be from the private sector representing business and at least two members but no more than three members must be from government and higher education. At least three of the members of the advisory board shall be from greater Minnesota and at least three members shall be minority group members. Appointees shall represent a range of interests, including entrepreneurs, large businesses, industry organizations, investors, and both public and private small business service providers.
- (c) The advisory board shall select a chair from its private sector members. The executive director shall provide administrative support to the committee.
- (d) The commissioner, or a designee, shall serve as an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the advisory board.

Sec. 12. [116J.8752] MINNESOTA FORWARD FUND.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given.

- (b) "Agreement" or "business subsidy agreement" means a business subsidy agreement under section 116J.994 that must include but is not limited to specification of the duration of the agreement, job goals and a timeline for achieving those goals over the duration of the agreement, construction and other investment goals and a timeline for achieving those goals over the duration of the agreement, and the value of benefits the firm may receive following achievement of capital investment and employment goals. The municipality, local unit of government, or business must report to the commissioner on the business performance using the forms developed by the commissioner.
- (c) "Business" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, or other business entity.
- (d) "Capital investment" means money that is expended for the purpose of building or improving real fixed property where employees are or will be employed, equipment and machinery in the building, and operating expenses related to the building.
 - (e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.

- (f) "Fund" means the Minnesota forward fund.
- Subd. 2. Minnesota forward fund account. The Minnesota forward fund account is created as a separate account in the treasury. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of employment and economic development for the purposes of this section. All money earned by the account, loan repayments of principal, and interest must be credited to the account. The commissioner shall operate the account as a revolving account.
- Subd. 3. Purpose. The Minnesota forward fund is created to increase the state's competitiveness by providing the state the authority and flexibility to facilitate private investment. The fund serves as a closing fund to allow the authority and flexibility to negotiate incentives to better compete with other states for business retention, expansion and attraction of projects in existing and new industries, develop properties for business use, and leverage to meet matching requirements of federal funding for resiliency in economic security and economic enhancement opportunities that provide the public high-quality employment opportunities. The commissioner shall use money appropriated to the fund to:
- (1) create and retain permanent private-sector jobs in order to create above-average economic growth consistent with environmental protection;
 - (2) stimulate or leverage private investment to ensure economic renewal and competitiveness;
- (3) increase the local tax base, based on demonstrated measurable outcomes, to guarantee a diversified industry mix;
- (4) improve the quality of existing jobs, based on increases in wages or improvements in the job duties, training, or education associated with those jobs;
- (5) improve employment and economic opportunity for citizens in the region to create a reasonable standard of living, consistent with federal and state guidelines on low- to moderate-income persons;
 - (6) stimulate productivity growth through improved manufacturing or new technologies; and
- (7) match or leverage private or public funding to increase investment and opportunity in the state.
- Subd. 4. Use of fund. The commissioner may use money in the fund to make grants, loans and forgivable loans, to businesses that are making large private capital investments in existing and new industries. The commissioner may also use money in the fund to make grants to communities and higher education institutions to support such capital investments and related activities to support the industries. Money may be used to address capital needs of businesses for machinery and equipment purchases; building construction and remodeling; land development; water and sewer lines, roads, rail lines, and natural gas and electric infrastructure; working capital; and workforce training. Money may also be used for matching federal grants for research and development projects and industry workforce training grants for existing and new industries that require state and local match. Money in the fund may also be used for administration and monitoring of the program and to pay for the costs of carrying out the commissioner's due diligence duties under this section.

- Subd. 5. **Grant limits.** (a) Individual business expansion projects are limited to no more than \$20,000,000 in grants or loans combined. The commissioner shall not be precluded from using other funding sources from the Department of Employment and Economic Development to facilitate a project. Total funding per business under this section shall not exceed \$20,000,000, of which no more than \$10,000,000 may be grants and \$10,000,000 may be loans.
- (b) The commissioner may use money in the fund to make grants to a municipality or local unit of government for public and private infrastructure needed to support an eligible project under this section. Grant money may be used by the municipality or local unit of government to predesign, design, construct, and equip roads and rail lines; acquire and prepare land for development; and, in cooperation with municipal utilities, to predesign, design, construct, and equip natural gas pipelines, electric infrastructure, water supply systems, and wastewater collection and treatment systems. The maximum grant award per local unit of government under this section is \$10,000,000.
- (c) The commissioner may use money in the fund to make grants to institutions of higher education for developing and deploying training programs and to increase the capacity of the institution to serve industrial requirements for research and development that coincide with current and future requirements of projects eligible under this section. Grant money may be used to construct and equip facilities that serve the purpose of the industry. The maximum grant award per institution of higher education under this section is \$5,000,000 and may not represent more than 33 percent of the total project funding from other sources.
 - (d) Grants under this subdivision are available until expended.
- Subd. 6. Administration. (a) Eligible applicants for the state-funded portion of the fund also include development authorities as defined in section 116J.552, subdivision 4, provided that the governing body of the municipality approves, by resolution, the application of the development authority. Institutions of higher education also constitute eligible applicants for the purpose of developing and deploying workforce training programs and for developing and deploying research and development partnerships for projects eligible under this section.
- (b) The business, municipality, or local unit of government must request and submit an application to the commissioner. Applications must be in the form and procedure specified by the commissioner.
- (c) The commissioner must conduct due diligence, including contracting with professionals as needed to assist in the due diligence.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, grant and loan agreements through the Minnesota forward fund may exceed five years but not more than ten years.
- Subd. 7. Requirements prior to committing funds. Prior to the commissioner making a commitment for grant or loan under this section, the Legislative Advisory Commission and governor must jointly provide written authorization. The commissioner shall provide a written report to the Legislative Advisory Commission and governor, including but not limited to the purpose of the award, the project overview, financial details, and the performance requirements required 14 days prior to any meeting or decision.
- Subd. 8. Eligible projects. (a) The governor and the Legislative Advisory Commission must evaluate applications under this section on the existence of one or more of the following conditions:

- (1) creation of new jobs, retention of existing jobs, or improvements in the quality of existing jobs as measured by the wages, skills, or education associated with those jobs;
- (2) whether the project can demonstrate that investment of public dollars induces private and other public funds as follows;
- (i) businesses in the seven-county metropolitan area must invest more than \$40,000,000 in capital expenditures and create at least 70 jobs or retain at least 150 jobs;
- (ii) businesses outside of the seven-county metropolitan area must invest more than \$25,000,000 in capital expenditures and create at least 40 new jobs or retain at least 75 jobs; and
- (iii) cash wages of each new employee must exceed 120 percent of federal poverty guidelines for a family of four, adjusted annually;
- (3) whether the project can demonstrate an excessive public infrastructure or improvement cost beyond the means of the affected community and private participants in the project;
- (4) whether assistance is necessary to retain existing business or whether assistance is necessary to attract out-of-state business;
- (5) the project promotes or advances an industry in which the federal government is making large investments to strengthen domestic production and supply chains that are resilient for economic security and economic enhancement opportunities;
 - (6) the project promotes or advances the green economy as defined in section 116J.437;
- (7) the project requires state resources beyond the capability of existing programs at the department and by its significance, requires the governor and legislature's involvement; and
- (8) written support from the municipality or local unit of government in which the project will be located.
- (b) The governor and the Legislative Advisory Commission shall submit applications recommended for funding to the commissioner.
- Subd. 9. Requirements for fund disbursements. Disbursements of loan funds pursuant to a commitment may not be made until:
- (1) commitments for the remainder of a project's funding are made that are satisfactory to the commissioner and disbursements made from the other commitments are sufficient to protect the interests of the state in its grant or loan;
 - (2) performance requirements are met, if any;
- (3) the municipality or local unit of government in which the project will be located has passed a resolution of support for the project and submitted this resolution of support to the department; and

- (4) all of a project's funding is satisfactory to the commissioner and disbursements made from other commitments are sufficient to protect the interests of the state.
- Subd. 10. **Reporting.** The commissioner shall provide the Legislative Advisory Commission and the ranking members of the committees with jurisdiction over economic development with an annual report on all projects that have been approved by February 15 of each year until this section is repealed or the funding has been exhausted.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116L.361, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Very Low income. "Very Low income" means incomes that are at or less than 50 80 percent of the area median income, adjusted for family size, as estimated by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116L.362, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) The commissioner shall make grants to eligible organizations for programs to provide education and training services to targeted youth. The purpose of these programs is to provide specialized training and work experience for targeted youth who have not been served effectively by the current educational system. The programs are to include a work experience component with work projects that result in the rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of (1) residential units for the homeless; (2) improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units and other green jobs purposes; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4) education, social service, or health facilities which are owned by a public agency or a private nonprofit organization.
- (b) Eligible facilities must principally provide services to homeless or very low income individuals and families, and include the following:
 - (1) Head Start or day care centers, including playhouses or similar incidental structures;
 - (2) homeless, battered women, or other shelters;
 - (3) transitional housing and tiny houses;
 - (4) youth or senior citizen centers;
 - (5) community health centers; and
 - (6) community garden facilities.

Two or more eligible organizations may jointly apply for a grant. The commissioner shall administer the grant program.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116L.364, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Work experience component.** A work experience component must be included in each program. The work experience component must provide vocational skills training in an industry where there is a viable expectation of job opportunities. A training subsidy, living allowance, or stipend, not to exceed an amount equal to 100 percent of the poverty line for a family of two as

defined in United States Code, title 42, section 673, paragraph (2) the final rules and regulations of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, may be provided to program participants. The wage or stipend must be provided to participants who are recipients of public assistance in a manner or amount which will not reduce public assistance benefits. The work experience component must be designed so that work projects result in (1) the expansion or improvement of residential units for homeless persons and very low income families; (2) improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4) rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of eligible education, social service, or health facilities that principally serve homeless or very low income individuals and families. Any work project must include direct supervision by individuals skilled in each specific vocation. Program participants may earn credits toward the completion of their secondary education from their participation in the work experience component.

Sec. 16. [116L.43] TARGETED POPULATIONS WORKFORCE GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

- (b) "Entry level jobs" means part-time or full-time jobs that an individual can perform without any prior education or experience.
- (c) "High wage" means the income needed for a family to cover minimum necessary expenses in a given area, including food, child care, health care, housing, and transportation.
- (d) "Industry specific certification" means a credential an individual can earn to show proficiency in a particular area or skill.
- (e) "Remedial training" means additional training provided to staff following the identification of a need intended to increase proficiency in performing job tasks.
 - (f) "Small business" has the same meaning as section 645.445.
- (g) "Workforce development community-based organization" means a nonprofit organization with under \$1,000,000 in annual revenue that performs workforce development activities.
- Subd. 2. **Job and entrepreneurial skills training grants.** (a) The commissioner shall establish a job and entrepreneurial skills training grant program that must provide competitive funding to organizations to provide skills training that leads to employment or business development in high-growth industries.
 - (b) Grants must be used to provide skills training including:
 - (1) student tutoring and testing support services;
 - (2) training and employment placement in high-wage and high-growth employment;
 - (3) assistance in obtaining industry specific certifications;
 - (4) remedial training leading to enrollment;

- (5) real-time work experience or on-the-job training;
- (6) career and educational counseling;
- (7) work experience and internships;
- (8) supportive services;
- (9) tuition reimbursement for new entrants into public sector careers;
- (10) career mentorship;
- (11) postprogram case management services;
- (12) job placement services; and
- (13) the cost of corporate board of director training for people of color.
- (c) The commissioner must award grants to community-based organizations meeting the following criteria:
 - (1) the organization's primary operations are located in communities of color;
 - (2) 80 percent of the organization's participants reflect the demographics of the community; and
 - (3) the organization's community has a high unemployment rate or poverty rate.
- (d) Grant awards must not exceed \$750,0000 per year per organization and all funding awards must be made for the duration of a biennium. An organization may partner with another organization to utilize grant awards, provided that the organizations must not be funded to deliver the same services. Grants awarded under this subdivision are not subject to section 116L.98.
- Subd. 3. Diversity and inclusion training for small employers. (a) The commissioner shall establish a diversity and inclusion training grant program which shall provide competitive grants to businesses that commit to actively engage, hire, and retain people of color for both entry level and high-wage opportunities.
- (b) Grant awards must not exceed \$300,000 per year per business. A business may only receive one grant for diversity and inclusion training per biennium.
- (c) Grant funds must be used to train small businesses in outreach, recruitment, and retention of entry-level, mid-level, and senior-level management and a board of directors. Grant recipients are required to submit a plan for use of the funds and an implementation plan after training is completed.
 - (d) Grants awarded under this subdivision are not subject to section 116L.98.
- Subd. 4. Capacity building. (a) The commissioner shall establish a capacity building grant program to provide training services and funding to small workforce development community-based organizations.

- (b) Eligible organizations include nonprofit organizations that have:
- (1) primary offices located in low-income communities;
- (2) an annual client service base of over 80 percent of people of color; and
- (3) an annual budget of less than \$1,000,000.
- (c) Eligible uses of grant awards include covering the cost of workforce program delivery staff, program infrastructure costs, and workforce training related service model development.
- (d) Grant awards must not exceed \$50,000 per organization and are limited to one grant per organization.
 - (e) Grants awarded under this subdivision are not subject to section 116L.98.
- (f) By January 15, 2025, and each January 15 thereafter, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over workforce development that details the use of grant awards. If data is available, the report must contain data that is disaggregated by race, cultural groups, family income, age, geographical location, migrant or foreign immigrant status, primary language, whether the participant is an English learner under section 124D.59, disability, and status of homelessness.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116L.56, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Eligible applicant.** "Eligible applicant" means an individual who is between the ages of 14 and 21 24 and economically disadvantaged.

An at-risk youth who is classified as a family of one is deemed economically disadvantaged. For purposes of eligibility determination the following individuals are considered at risk:

- (1) a pregnant or parenting youth;
- (2) a youth with limited English proficiency;
- (3) a potential or actual school dropout;
- (4) a youth in an offender or diversion program;
- (5) a public assistance recipient or a recipient of group home services;
- (6) a youth with disabilities including learning disabilities;
- (7) a child of drug or alcohol abusers or a youth with substance use disorder;
- (8) a homeless or runaway youth;
- (9) a youth with basic skills deficiency;
- (10) a youth with an educational attainment of one or more levels below grade level appropriate to age; or

- (11) a foster child.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116L.561, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Allocation formula.** Seventy percent of Minnesota youth program funds must be allocated based on the county's share of economically disadvantaged youth. The remaining 30 percent must be allocated based on the county's share of population ages 14 to 21 24.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116L.562, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section:
- (1) "eligible organization" or "eligible applicant" means a local government unit, nonprofit organization, community action agency, or a public school district;
 - (2) "at-risk youth" means youth classified as at-risk under section 116L.56, subdivision 2; and
- (3) "economically disadvantaged" means youth who are economically disadvantaged as defined in United States Code, title 29, section 1503 the rules and regulations of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.40, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Public infrastructure project.** (a) "Public infrastructure project" means a project financed in part or in whole with public money in order to support the medical business entity's development plans, as identified in the DMCC development plan. A public infrastructure project may:
 - (1) acquire real property and other assets associated with the real property;
 - (2) demolish, repair, or rehabilitate buildings;
- (3) remediate land and buildings as required to prepare the property for acquisition or development;
- (4) install, construct, or reconstruct elements of public infrastructure required to support the overall development of the destination medical center development district including, but not limited to, streets, roadways, utilities systems and related facilities, utility relocations and replacements, network and communication systems, streetscape improvements, drainage systems, sewer and water systems, subgrade structures and associated improvements, landscaping, facade construction and restoration, construction costs permitted in section 469.47, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), clauses (1), (2), and (4), wayfinding and signage, community engagement, and other components of community infrastructure;
- (5) acquire, construct or reconstruct, and equip parking facilities and other facilities to encourage intermodal transportation and public transit;
- (6) install, construct or reconstruct, furnish, and equip parks, cultural, and recreational facilities, facilities to promote tourism and hospitality, conferencing and conventions, and broadcast and related multimedia infrastructure;

- (7) make related site improvements including, without limitation, excavation, earth retention, soil stabilization and correction, and site improvements to support the destination medical center development district;
 - (8) prepare land for private development and to sell or lease land;
 - (9) provide costs of relocation benefits to occupants of acquired properties; and
- (10) construct and equip all or a portion of one or more suitable structures on land owned by the city for sale or lease to private development; provided, however, that the portion of any structure directly financed by the city as a public infrastructure project must not be sold or leased to a medical business entity.
 - (b) A public infrastructure project is not a business subsidy under section 116J.993.
- (c) Public infrastructure project includes the planning, preparation, and modification of the development plan under section 469.43. The cost of that planning, preparation, and any modification is a capital cost of the public infrastructure project.
 - Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.47, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- (c) "Construction projects" means:
- (1) for expenditures by a medical business entity, construction of buildings in the city for which the building permit was issued after June 30, 2013; and
- (2) for any other expenditures, construction of privately owned buildings and other improvements that are undertaken pursuant to or as part of the development plan and are located within a medical center development district.
- (d) "Expenditures" means expenditures made by a medical business entity or by an individual or private entity on construction projects for the capital cost of the project including, but not limited to:
 - (1) design and predesign, including architectural, engineering, and similar services;
 - (2) legal, regulatory, and other compliance costs of the project;
 - (3) land acquisition, demolition of existing improvements, and other site preparation costs;
 - (4) construction costs, including all materials and supplies of the project; and
 - (5) equipment and furnishings that are attached to or become part of the real property.

Expenditures excludes supplies and other items with a useful life of less than a year that are not used or consumed in constructing improvements to real property or are otherwise chargeable to capital costs.

- (e) "Qualified expenditures for the year" means the total certified expenditures since June 30, 2013, through the end of the preceding year, minus \$200,000,000.
- (f) "Transit costs" means the portions of a public infrastructure project that are for public transit intended primarily to serve the district, such as including but not limited to buses and other means of transit, transit stations, equipment, rights-of-way, and similar costs, and costs permitted under section 469.40, subdivision 11. This paragraph includes transit costs incurred on or after March 16, 2020.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.47, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **State transit aid.** (a) The city qualifies for state transit aid under this section if the county contributes the required local matching contribution under subdivision 6 or the city or county has agreed to make an equivalent contribution out of other funds for the year.
- (b) If the city qualifies for aid under paragraph (a), the commissioner must pay the city the state transit aid in the amount calculated under this paragraph. The amount of the state transit aid for a year equals the qualified expenditures for the year, as certified by the commissioner, multiplied by 0.75 percent, reduced by subject to the amount of the required local contribution under subdivision 6. City or county contributions that are in excess of this ratio carry forward and are credited toward subsequent years. The maximum amount of state transit aid payable in any year is limited to no more than \$7,500,000. If the commissioner determines that the city or county has not made the full required matching local contribution for the year, the commissioner must pay state transit aid only in proportion to the amount of for the matching contribution made for the year and any unpaid amount is a carryover aid. The carryover aid must be paid in the first year after the required matching contribution for that prior year is made and in which the aid entitlement for the current year is less than the maximum annual limit, but only to the extent the carryover, when added to the current year aid, is less than the maximum annual limit.
- (c) The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, and representatives of the city and the corporation, must establish a total limit on the amount of state aid payable under this subdivision that will be adequate to finance, in combination with the local contribution, \$116,000,000 of transit costs.
- (d) The city must use state transit aid it receives under this subdivision for transit costs. The city must maintain appropriate records to document the use of the funds under this requirement.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.47, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Transit aid; local matching contribution.** (a) The required local matching contribution for state transit aid equals the lesser of:
 - (1) 40 percent of the state transit aid subject to the \$7,500,000 limit under subdivision 5; or

(2) the amount that would be raised by a 0.15 percent sales tax imposed by the county in the preceding year.

The county may impose the sales tax or the wheelage tax under section 469.46 to meet this obligation.

(b) If the county elects not to impose any of the taxes authorized under section 469.46, the county, or city, or both, may agree to make the local contribution out of other available funds, other than state aid payable under this section. The commissioner of revenue must estimate the required amount and certify it to the commissioner, city, and county.

Sec. 24. MINNESOTA EMPLOYER REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION FUND.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>**Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.</u>
- (b) "Applicant" means any person, whether employed or unemployed, seeking or entering into any arrangement for employment or change of employment with an eligible employer.
 - (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- (d) "Eligible employer" means an employer domiciled within the legal boundaries of Minnesota and having its principal place of business as identified in its certificate of incorporation in the state of Minnesota who:
- (1) employs not more than 500 employees on any business day during the preceding calendar year; and
 - (2) generates \$5,000,000 or less in gross annual revenue.
 - (e) "Employee" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 363A.03, subdivision 15.
- (f) "Individual with a disability" has the meaning given to "qualified disabled person" in Minnesota Statutes, section 363A.03, subdivision 36.
- (g) "Reasonable accommodation" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 363A.08, subdivision 6.
- Subd. 2. Reimbursement grant program established. The commissioner shall establish a reasonable accommodation reimbursement grant program that reimburses eligible employers for the cost of expenses incurred in providing reasonable accommodations for individuals with a disability who are either applicants or employees of the eligible employer.
- Subd. 3. Application. (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures for soliciting and reviewing applications for reimbursement under this section.
- (b) The program shall award reimbursements to eligible employers to the extent that funds are available in the account established under subdivision 5 for this purpose.

- (c) Applications shall be processed on a first-received, first-processed basis within each fiscal year until funding is exhausted. Applications received after funding has been exhausted in a fiscal year are not eligible for reimbursement.
- (d) Documentation for reimbursement shall be provided by eligible employers in a form approved by the commissioner.
- Subd. 4. **Reimbursement awards.** The maximum total reimbursement per eligible employer in a fiscal year is \$30,000 and:
- (1) submissions for onetime reasonable accommodation expenses must be no less than \$250 and no more than \$15,000 per individual with a disability; and
- (2) submissions for ongoing reasonable accommodation expenses have no minimum or maximum requirements.
- Subd. 5. Employer reasonable accommodation fund account established. The employer reasonable accommodation fund account is created as an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of reimbursing eligible employers under this section.
- Subd. 6. **Technical assistance and consultation.** The commissioner may provide technical assistance regarding requests for reasonable accommodations.
- Subd. 7. Administration and marketing costs. The commissioner may use up to 20 percent of the biennial appropriation for administration and marketing of this section.
- Subd. 8. Notification. By September 1, 2023, or within 60 days following final enactment, whichever is later, and each year thereafter by June 30, the commissioner shall make publicly available information regarding the availability of funds for reasonable accommodation reimbursement and the procedure for requesting reimbursement under this section.
- Subd. 9. Reports to the legislature. By January 15, 2024, and each January 15 thereafter until expiration, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and the senate committees with jurisdiction over workforce development that details the use of grant funds. This report must include data on the number of employer reimbursements the program made in the preceding calendar year. The report must include:
 - (1) the number and type of accommodations requested;
 - (2) the cost of accommodations requested;
 - (3) the employers from which the requests were made;
 - (4) the number and type of accommodations that were denied and why;
 - (5) any remaining balance left in the account; and
- (6) if the account was depleted, the date on which funds were exhausted and the number, type, and cost of accommodations that were not reimbursed to employers.

Subd. 10. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2025, or when money appropriated for its purpose expires, whichever is later.

ARTICLE 6

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT POLICY

Section 1. [116J.545] GETTING TO WORK GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Creation. The commissioner of employment and economic development shall make grants to nonprofit organizations to establish and operate programs under this section that provide, repair, or maintain motor vehicles to assist eligible individuals to obtain or maintain employment. All grants shall be for two years.

- Subd. 2. **Qualified grantee.** A grantee must:
- (1) qualify under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (2) at the time of application, offer or have the demonstrated capacity to offer a motor vehicle program that provides the services required under subdivision 3.
- Subd. 3. Program requirements. (a) A program must offer one or more of the following services:
 - (1) provision of new or used motor vehicles by gift, sale, or lease;
 - (2) motor vehicle repair and maintenance services; or
 - (3) motor vehicle loans.
- (b) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (a), a program must offer one or more of the following services:
 - (1) financial literacy education;
 - (2) education on budgeting for vehicle ownership;
 - (3) car maintenance and repair instruction;
 - (4) credit counseling; or
 - (5) job training related to motor vehicle maintenance and repair.
- Subd. 4. Application. Applications for a grant must be on a form provided by the commissioner and on a schedule set by the commissioner. Applications must, in addition to any other information required by the commissioner, include the following:
 - (1) a detailed description of all services to be offered;
 - (2) the area to be served;

- (3) the estimated number of program participants to be served by the grant; and
- (4) a plan for leveraging resources from partners that may include but are not limited to:
- (i) automobile dealers;
- (ii) automobile parts dealers;
- (iii) independent local mechanics and automobile repair facilities;
- (iv) banks and credit unions;
- (v) employers;
- (vi) employment and training agencies;
- (vii) insurance companies and agents;
- (viii) local workforce centers; and
- (ix) educational institutions, including vocational institutions and jobs or skills training programs.
- Subd. 5. Participant eligibility. (a) To be eligible to receive program services, a person must:
- (1) have a household income at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level;
- (2) be at least 18 years of age;
- (3) have a valid driver's license;
- (4) provide the grantee with proof of motor vehicle insurance; and
- (5) demonstrate to the grantee that a motor vehicle is required by the person to obtain or maintain employment.
- (b) This subdivision does not preclude a grantee from imposing additional requirements, not inconsistent with paragraph (a), for the receipt of program services.
- Subd. 6. Report to legislature. By February 15, 2025, and each January 15 in an odd-numbered year thereafter, the commissioner shall submit a report to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over workforce and economic development on program outcomes. At a minimum, the report must include:
 - (1) the total number of program participants;
 - (2) the number of program participants who received each of the following:
 - (i) provision of a motor vehicle;
 - (ii) motor vehicle repair services; and
 - (iii) motor vehicle loans;

- (3) the number of program participants who report that they or their children were able to increase their participation in community activities such as after school programs, other youth programs, church or civic groups, or library services as a result of participation in the program; and
- (4) an analysis of the impact of the getting to work grant program on the employment rate and wages of program participants.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.55, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, "eligible community" means a county, municipality, or tribal government located in Minnesota in which an electric generating plant owned by a public utility, as defined in section 216B.02, that is powered by coal, nuclear energy, or natural gas:
- (1) is currently operating and (i) is scheduled to cease operations of, (ii) whose cessation of operations has been proposed in an integrated resource plan filed with the commission under section 216B.2422, or (iii) whose current operating license expires within 15 years of the effective date of this section; or
- (2) ceased operations or was removed from the local property tax base no earlier than five years before the date an application is made for a grant under this section.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.55, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Grant awards; limitations.** (a) The commissioner must award grants under this section to eligible communities through a competitive grant process.
- (b) (a) A grant awarded to an eligible community under this section must not exceed \$500,000 \$1,000,000 in any calendar year. The commissioner may accept grant applications on an ongoing or rolling basis.
- (e) (b) Grants funded with revenues from the renewable development account established in section 116C.779 must be awarded to an eligible community located within the retail electric service territory of the public utility that is subject to section 116C.779 or to an eligible community in which an electric generating plant owned by that public utility is located.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.55, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Eligible expenditures.** (a) Money in the account established in subdivision 3 must be used only to:
 - (1) award grants to eligible communities under this section; and
- (2) reimburse the department's reasonable costs to administer this section, up to a maximum of five percent of the appropriation made to the commissioner under this section. The commissioner may transfer part of the allowable administrative portion of this appropriation to the Environmental Quality Board to assist communities with regulatory coordination and dedicated technical assistance on conversion for these communities.

- (b) An eligible community awarded a grant under this section may use the grant to plan for or address the economic and social impacts on the eligible community of the electric generating plant's cessation of operations, including but not limited to <u>land use studies</u>, economic <u>planning</u>, researching, planning, and implementing activities, capital costs of public infrastructure necessary for economic development, and impact studies and other planning activities enabling communities to become shovel-ready and support the transition from power plants to other economic activities to minimize the negative impacts of power plant closures on tax revenues and jobs designed to:
- (1) assist workers at the plant find new employment, including worker retraining and developing small business start-up skills;
 - (2) increase the eligible community's property tax base; and
- (3) develop alternative economic development strategies to attract new employers to the eligible community.

Sec. 5. [116J.9926] EMERGING DEVELOPER FUND PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
 - (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development.
- (c) "Eligible project" means a project that is based in Minnesota and meets one or more of the following criteria:
 - (1) it will stimulate community stabilization or revitalization;
- (2) it will be located within a census tract identified as a disadvantaged community or low-income community;
 - (3) it will directly benefit residents of a low-income household;
- (4) it will increase the supply and improve the condition of affordable housing and homeownership;
- (5) it will support the growth needs of new and existing community-based enterprises that promote economic stability or improve the supply or quality of job opportunities; or
- (6) it will promote wealth creation, including by being a project in a neighborhood traditionally not served by real estate developers.
 - (d) "Emerging developer" means a developer who:
 - (1) has limited access to loans from traditional financial institutions; or
- (2) is a new or smaller developer who has engaged in educational training in real estate development; and
 - (3) is either a:

- (i) minority as defined by section 116M.14, subdivision 6;
- (ii) woman;
- (iii) person with a disability, as defined under section 116M.14, subdivision 9; or
- (iv) low-income person.
- (e) "Low-income person" means a person who:
- (i) has a household income at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines; or
- (ii) has a family income that does not exceed 60 percent of the area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
 - (f) "Program" means the emerging developer fund program created under this section.
- Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish an emerging developer fund program to make loans to emerging developers for eligible projects to transform neighborhoods statewide and promote economic development and the creation and retention of jobs in Minnesota. The program shall also reduce racial and socioeconomic disparities by growing the financial capacity of emerging developers.
- Subd. 3. Loan program. (a) Through the program, the commissioner shall offer emerging developers predevelopment, construction, and bridge loans for eligible projects.
- (b) Predevelopment loans shall be for no more than \$50,000. All other types of loans shall be for no more than \$500,000.
- (c) Loans shall be for a term set by the commissioner of no less than six months and no more than five years, depending on the use of loan proceeds.
- (d) Loans shall be for zero interest or a low interest rate, as determined by the commissioner based on the individual project risk and type of loan sought.
- (e) Loans shall have flexible collateral requirements, but may require a personal guaranty from the emerging developer and may be largely unsecured when the appraised value of the real estate is low.
- (f) Loans shall have no prepayment penalties and are expected to be repaid from permanent financing or a conventional loan, once that is secured.
- (g) Loans shall have the ability to bridge many types of receivables, such as tax credits, grants, developer fees, and other forms of long-term financing.
- (h) At the commissioner's discretion, an emerging developer may be required to work with an experienced developer or professional services consultant who can offer expertise and advice throughout the development of the project.

- (i) All loan repayments shall be paid into the emerging developer fund account created in this section to fund additional loans.
- Subd. 4. Eligible expenses. (a) The following shall be eligible expenses for a predevelopment loan under the program:
 - (1) earnest money or purchase deposit;
 - (2) building inspection fees and environmental reviews;
 - (3) appraisal and surveying;
 - (4) design and tax credit application fees;
 - (5) title and recording fees;
 - (6) site preparation, demolition, and stabilization;
 - (7) interim maintenance and project overhead;
 - (8) property taxes and insurance;
 - (9) construction bonds or letters of credit;
 - (10) market and feasibility studies; and
 - (11) professional fees.
 - (b) The following shall be eligible expenses for a construction or bridge loan under the program:
 - (1) land or building acquisition;
 - (2) construction-related expenses;
 - (3) developer and contractor fees;
 - (4) site preparation and demolition;
 - (5) financing fees, including title and recording;
 - (6) professional fees;
 - (7) carrying costs;
 - (8) construction period interest;
 - (9) project reserves; and
 - (10) leasehold improvements and equipment purchase.

- Subd. 5. Emerging developer fund account. An emerging developer fund account is created in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for loans under this section.
- Subd. 6. Reports to the legislature. By February 15 of each year, beginning in 2025, the commissioner shall submit a report to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over economic development on loans made under the program.
 - Sec. 6. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, article 2, section 24, is amended to read:

Sec. 24. FORGIVABLE LOAN PROGRAM FOR REMOTE RECREATIONAL BUSINESSES.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** Lake of the Woods County shall establish a loan program to make forgivable loans to eligible remote recreational businesses that experienced a loss in revenue that is greater than 30 percent during the period between March 15, 2020 2021, and March 15, 2021 2022, as compared with the previous year March 15, 2019, and March 15, 2020.

- Subd. 2. **Definition.** For the purposes of this section, "remote recreational business" means a business in the contiguous United States that is:
- (1) a small business concern as defined under section 3 of the Small Business Act, United States Code, title 15, section 632, operating in the recreational industry;
 - (2) located within 75 miles of the United States and Canadian border; and
 - (3) only accessible by land via Canada.
 - Subd. 3. Eligibility. To be eligible for a forgivable loan, a remote recreational business must:
 - (1) have been in operation on March 15, 2020 2021;
- (2) show that the closure and ongoing COVID-19-related requirements of the United States and Canadian border restricted the ability of American customers to access the location of the remote recreational business; and
 - (3) not have received a grant under the Main Street COVID-19 relief grant program.
- Subd. 4. **Application.** (a) Lake of the Woods County shall develop forms and procedures for soliciting and reviewing applications for loans under this section.
- (b) Loans shall be made before April 1, 2022 December 30, 2023. Any funds not spent by April 1 December 30, 2022 2024, must be returned to the state general fund.
- (c) If there are insufficient funds to pay all claims in full, the county shall distribute funds on a prorated basis.
- Subd. 5. **Maximum loan amount.** The maximum loan amount shall be equal to 75 percent of the remote recreational business's gross annual receipts for fiscal year 2020 2021, not to exceed \$500,000 per eligible remote recreational business.

- Subd. 6. **Forgiveness.** Loans are forgiven for a remote recreational business if the business remains in operation for at least one year after the date of the loan. Lake of the Woods County shall forgive 100 percent of the value of a loan received less the amount the borrower received from:
- (1) any other loan forgiveness program, including any program established under the CARES Act, Public Law 116-136; and
- (2) an advance received under section 1110 of the CARES Act, United States Code, title 15, section 9009.
- Subd. 7. **Report to legislature.** By January 15, 2023 April 30, 2024, Lake of the Woods County shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over economic development policy and finance on the loans provided to remote recreational businesses under this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. CANADIAN BORDER COUNTIES ECONOMIC RELIEF PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. Relief program established. The Northland Foundation must develop and implement a Canadian border counties economic relief program to assist businesses adversely affected by the 2021 closure of the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness or the closures of the Canadian border since 2020.
- Subd. 2. Available relief. (a) The economic relief program established under this section may include grants provided in this section to the extent that funds are available. Before awarding a grant to the Northland Foundation for the relief program under this section:
 - (1) the Northland Foundation must develop criteria, procedures, and requirements for:
 - (i) determining eligibility for assistance;
 - (ii) evaluating applications for assistance;
 - (iii) awarding assistance; and
 - (iv) administering the grant program authorized under this section;
- (2) the Northland Foundation must submit its criteria, procedures, and requirements developed under clause (1) to the commissioner of employment and economic development for review; and
- (3) the commissioner must approve the criteria, procedures, and requirements submitted under clause (2).
 - (b) The maximum grant to a business under this section is \$50,000 per business.
- Subd. 3. Qualification requirements. To qualify for assistance under this section, a business must:
 - (1) be located within a county that shares a border with Canada;
 - (2) document a reduction of at least ten percent in gross receipts in 2021 compared to 2019; and

- (3) provide a written explanation for how the 2021 closure of the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness or the closures of the Canadian border since 2020 resulted in the reduction in gross receipts documented under clause (2).
- <u>Subd. 4.</u> <u>Monitoring.</u> (a) The Northland Foundation must establish performance measures, including but not limited to the following components:
 - (1) the number of grants awarded and award amounts for each grant;
- (2) the number of jobs created or retained as a result of the assistance, including information on the wages and benefit levels, the status of the jobs as full time or part time, and the status of the jobs as temporary or permanent;
- (3) the amount of business activity and changes in gross revenues of the grant recipient as a result of the assistance; and
 - (4) the new tax revenue generated as a result of the assistance.
- (b) The commissioner of employment and economic development must monitor the Northland Foundation's compliance with this section and the performance measures developed under paragraph (a).
- (c) The Northland Foundation must comply with all requests made by the commissioner under this section.
- Subd. 5. Business subsidy requirements. Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.993 to 116J.995, do not apply to assistance under this section. Businesses in receipt of assistance under this section must provide for job creation and retention goals, and wage and benefit goals.
- Subd. 6. Administrative costs. The commissioner of employment and economic development may use up to one percent of the appropriation made for this section for administrative expenses of the department.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and expires June 30, 2024.

ARTICLE 7

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD PROCESSING WORKERS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For the purpose of this section, "employer" means an employer in the meatpacking or poultry processing industry.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179.86, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Information provided to employee by employer.** (a) At the start of employment, an employer must provide an explanation in an employee's native language of the employee's rights and duties as an employee either both person to person or and through written materials that, at a minimum, include:

- (1) a complete description of the salary and benefits plans as they relate to the employee;
- (2) a job description for the employee's position;
- (3) a description of leave policies;
- (4) a description of the work hours and work hours policy; and
- (5) a description of the occupational hazards known to exist for the position-; and
- (6) when workers' compensation insurance coverage is required by chapter 176, the name of the employer's workers' compensation insurance carrier, the carrier's phone number, and the insurance policy number.
- (b) The explanation must also include information on the following employee rights as protected by state or federal law and a description of where additional information about those rights may be obtained:
- (1) the right to organize and bargain collectively and refrain from organizing and bargaining collectively;
 - (2) the right to a safe workplace; and
 - (3) the right to be free from discrimination-; and
 - (4) the right to workers' compensation insurance coverage.
- (c) The Department of Labor and Industry shall provide a standard explanation form for use at the employer's option for providing the information required in this subdivision. The form shall be available in English and Spanish and additional languages upon request.
- (d) The requirements under this subdivision are in addition to the requirements under section 181.032.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179.86, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. Civil action. An employee injured by a violation of this section has a cause of action for damages for the greater of \$1,000 per violation or twice the employee's actual damages, plus costs and reasonable attorney fees. A damage award shall be the greater of \$1,400 or three times actual damages for an employee injured by an intentional violation of this section. Damages awarded under this subdivision shall be reduced by the amount of any fine paid to the employee under subdivision 6.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179.86, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6. Fine. The commissioner of labor and industry shall fine an employer not less than \$400 or more than \$1,000 for each violation of subdivision 3. The fine shall be payable to the employee aggrieved, except the amount payable to the employee shall be reduced by any damages awarded under subdivision 5.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Prompt payment required.** (a) When any such employee quits or resigns employment, the wages or commissions earned and unpaid at the time the employee quits or resigns shall be paid in full not later than the first regularly scheduled payday following the employee's final day of employment, unless an employee is subject to a collective bargaining agreement with a different provision. Wages are earned and unpaid if the employee was not paid for all time worked at the employee's regular rate of pay or at the rate required by law, including any applicable statute, regulation, rule, ordinance, government resolution or policy, contract, or other legal authority, whichever rate of pay is greater. If the first regularly scheduled payday is less than five calendar days following the employee's final day of employment, full payment may be delayed until the second regularly scheduled payday but shall not exceed a total of 20 calendar days following the employee's final day of employment.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), in the case of migrant workers, as defined in section 181.85, the wages or commissions earned and unpaid at the time the employee quits or resigns shall become due and payable within five three days thereafter.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.635, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
- (a) "Employer" means a person who employs another to perform a service for hire. Employer includes any agent or attorney of an employer who, for money or other valuable consideration paid or promised to be paid, performs any recruiting.
- (b) "Person" means a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, association, individual, or group of persons.
- (c) "Recruits" means to induce an individual, directly or through an agent, to relocate to Minnesota or within Minnesota to work in food processing by an offer of employment or of the possibility of employment.
- (d) "Food processing" means canning, packing, or otherwise processing poultry or meat for consumption.
 - (e) "Terms and conditions of employment" means the following:
 - (1) nature of the work to be performed;
 - (2) wage rate, nature and amount of deductions for tools, clothing, supplies, or other items;
 - (3) anticipated hours of work per week, including overtime;
- (4) anticipated slowdown or shutdown or if hours of work per week vary more than 25 percent from clause (3);
 - (5) duration of the work;

- (6) workers' compensation coverage and name, address, and telephone number of insurer and Department of Labor and Industry;
 - (7) employee benefits available, including any health plans, sick leave, or paid vacation;
- (8) transportation and relocation arrangements with allocation of costs between employer and employee;
- (9) availability and description of housing and any costs to employee associated with housing; and
- (10) any other item of value offered, and allocation of costs of item between employer and employee.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.635, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Recruiting; required disclosure.** (a) An employer shall provide written disclosure of the terms and conditions of employment to a person at the time it recruits the person to relocate to work in the food processing industry. The disclosure requirement does not apply to an exempt employee as defined in United States Code, title 29, section 213(a)(1). The disclosure must be written in English and Spanish, or English and another language if the person's preferred language is not English or Spanish, dated and signed by the employer and the person recruited, and maintained by the employer for two three years. A copy of the signed and completed disclosure must be delivered immediately to the recruited person. The disclosure may not be construed as an employment contract.
- (b) The requirements under this subdivision are in addition to the requirements under section 181.032.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.635, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Civil action.** A person injured by a violation of this section has a cause of action for damages for the greater of \$500 \$1,000 per violation or twice their actual damages, plus costs and reasonable attorney's fees. A damage award shall be the greater of \$750 \$1,400 or three times actual damages for a person injured by an intentional violation of this section. Damages awarded under this subdivision shall be reduced by the amount of any fine paid to the employee under subdivision 4.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.635, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Fine.** The Department of Labor and Industry shall fine an employer not less than \$200 \$400 or more than \$500 \$1,000 for each violation of this section. The fine shall be payable to the employee aggrieved, except the amount payable to the employee shall be reduced by any damages awarded under subdivision 3.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.635, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Standard disclosure form.** The Department of Labor and Industry shall provide a standard form for use at the employer's option in making the disclosure required in subdivision 2. The form shall be available in English and Spanish and additional languages upon request.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.85, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Agricultural labor.** "Agricultural labor" means field labor associated with the cultivation and harvest of fruits and vegetables and work performed in processing fruits and vegetables for market, as well as labor performed in agriculture as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 5200.0260.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.85, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Employer.** "Employer" means a processor of fruits or vegetables an individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons that employs, either directly or indirectly through a recruiter, more than 30 one or more migrant workers per day for more than seven days in any calendar year.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Terms.** (a) An employer that recruits a migrant worker shall provide the migrant worker, at the time the worker is recruited, with a written employment statement which shall state clearly and plainly, in English and Spanish, or English and another language if the worker's preferred language is not English or Spanish:

- (1) the date on which and the place at which the statement was completed and provided to the migrant worker;
- (2) the name and permanent address of the migrant worker, of the employer, and of the recruiter who recruited the migrant worker;
- (3) the date on which the migrant worker is to arrive at the place of employment, the date on which employment is to begin, the approximate hours of employment, and the minimum period of employment;
 - (4) the crops and the operations on which the migrant worker will be employed;
 - (5) the wage rates to be paid;
 - (6) the payment terms, as provided in section 181.87;
 - (7) any deduction to be made from wages; and
 - (8) whether housing will be provided-; and
- (9) when workers' compensation insurance coverage is required by chapter 176, the name of the employer's workers' compensation insurance carrier, the carrier's phone number, and the insurance policy number.
- (b) The Department of Labor and Industry shall provide a standard employment statement form for use at the employer's option for providing the information required in subdivision 1. The form shall be available in English and Spanish and additional languages upon request.
- (c) The requirements under this subdivision are in addition to the requirements under section 181.032.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.87, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Biweekly pay.** The employer shall pay wages due to the migrant worker at least every two weeks, except on termination, when the employer shall pay within three days <u>unless payment</u> is required sooner pursuant to section 181.13.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.87, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Guaranteed hours. The employer shall guarantee to each recruited migrant worker a minimum of 70 hours pay for work in any two successive weeks and, should the pay for hours actually offered by the employer and worked by the migrant worker provide a sum of pay less than the minimum guarantee, the employer shall pay the migrant worker the difference within three days after the scheduled payday for the pay period involved. Payment for the guaranteed hours shall be at the hourly wage rate, if any, specified in the employment statement, or the federal, state, or local minimum wage, whichever is higher highest. Any pay in addition to the hourly wage rate specified in the employment statement shall be applied against the guarantee. This guarantee applies for the minimum period of employment specified in the employment statement beginning with the date on which employment is to begin as specified in the employment statement. The date on which employment is to begin may be changed by the employer by written, telephonic, or telegraphic notice to the migrant worker, at the worker's last known physical address or email address, no later than ten days prior to the previously stated beginning date. The migrant worker shall contact the recruiter to obtain the latest information regarding the date upon which employment is to begin no later than five days prior to the previously stated beginning date. This guarantee shall be reduced, when there is no work available for a period of seven or more consecutive days during any two-week period subsequent to the commencement of work, by five hours pay for each such day, when the unavailability of work is caused by climatic conditions or an act of God, provided that the employer pays the migrant worker, on the normal payday, the sum of \$5 \$50 for each such day.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.87, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Statement itemizing deductions from wages.** The employer shall provide a written statement at the time wages are paid clearly itemizing each deduction from wages. <u>The written statement shall also comply with all other requirements for an earnings statement in section 181.032.</u>
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.88, is amended to read:

181.88 RECORD KEEPING.

Every employer subject to the provisions of sections 181.85 to 181.90 shall maintain complete and accurate records of the names of, the daily hours worked by, the rate of pay for and the wages paid each pay period to for every individual migrant worker recruited by that employer, as required by section 177.30 and shall preserve the records also maintain the employment statements required under section 181.86 for a period of at least three years.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Judgment**; **damages**. If the court finds that any defendant has violated the provisions of sections 181.86 to 181.88, the court shall enter judgment for the actual damages incurred by the

plaintiff or the appropriate penalty as provided by this subdivision, whichever is greater. The court may also award court costs and a reasonable attorney's fee. The penalties shall be as follows:

- (1) whenever the court finds that an employer has violated the record-keeping requirements of section 181.88, \$50 \$200;
- (2) whenever the court finds that an employer has recruited a migrant worker without providing a written employment statement as provided in section 181.86, subdivision 1, \$250 \\$800;
- (3) whenever the court finds that an employer has recruited a migrant worker after having provided a written employment statement, but finds that the employment statement fails to comply with the requirement of section 181.86, subdivision 1 or section 181.87, \$250 \$800;
- (4) whenever the court finds that an employer has failed to comply with the terms of an employment statement which the employer has provided to a migrant worker or has failed to comply with any payment term required by section 181.87, \$500 \$1,600;
- (5) whenever the court finds that an employer has failed to pay wages to a migrant worker within a time period set forth in section 181.87, subdivision 2 or 3, \$500 \$1,600; and
- (6) whenever penalties are awarded, they shall be awarded severally in favor of each migrant worker plaintiff and against each defendant found liable.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.89, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. **Enforcement.** In addition to any other remedies available, the commissioner may assess the penalties in subdivision 2 and provide the penalty to the migrant worker aggrieved by the employer's noncompliance.

ARTICLE 8

NURSING HOME WORKFORCE STANDARDS

Section 1. TITLE.

Minnesota Statutes, sections 181.211 to 181.217, shall be known as the "Minnesota Nursing Home Workforce Standards Board Act."

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.27, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Employer liability.** If an employer is found by the commissioner to have violated a section identified in subdivision 4, or any rule adopted under section 177.28, 181.213, or 181.215, and the commissioner issues an order to comply, the commissioner shall order the employer to cease and desist from engaging in the violative practice and to take such affirmative steps that in the judgment of the commissioner will effectuate the purposes of the section or rule violated. The commissioner shall order the employer to pay to the aggrieved parties back pay, gratuities, and compensatory damages, less any amount actually paid to the employee by the employer, and for an additional equal amount as liquidated damages. Any employer who is found by the commissioner to have repeatedly or willfully violated a section or sections identified in subdivision 4 shall be

subject to a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each violation for each employee. In determining the amount of a civil penalty under this subdivision, the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the employer's business and the gravity of the violation shall be considered. In addition, the commissioner may order the employer to reimburse the department and the attorney general for all appropriate litigation and hearing costs expended in preparation for and in conducting the contested case proceeding, unless payment of costs would impose extreme financial hardship on the employer. If the employer is able to establish extreme financial hardship, then the commissioner may order the employer to pay a percentage of the total costs that will not cause extreme financial hardship. Costs include but are not limited to the costs of services rendered by the attorney general, private attorneys if engaged by the department, administrative law judges, court reporters, and expert witnesses as well as the cost of transcripts. Interest shall accrue on, and be added to, the unpaid balance of a commissioner's order from the date the order is signed by the commissioner until it is paid, at an annual rate provided in section 549.09, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). The commissioner may establish escrow accounts for purposes of distributing damages.

Sec. 3. [181.211] DEFINITIONS.

- Subdivision 1. Application. The terms defined in this section apply to sections 181.211 to 181.217.
- Subd. 2. Board. "Board" means the Minnesota Nursing Home Workforce Standards Board established under section 181.212.
- Subd. 3. Certified worker organization. "Certified worker organization" means a worker organization that is certified by the board to conduct nursing home worker trainings under section 181.214.
 - Subd. 4. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor and industry.
- Subd. 5. **Compensation.** "Compensation" means all income and benefits paid by a nursing home employer to a nursing home worker or on behalf of a nursing home worker, including but not limited to wages, bonuses, differentials, paid leave, pay for scheduling changes, and pay for training or occupational certification.
 - Subd. 6. Employer organization. "Employer organization" means:
- (1) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code and that represents nursing home employers; or
- (2) an entity that employers, who together employ a majority of nursing home workers in Minnesota, have selected as a representative.
- Subd. 7. Nursing home. "Nursing home" means a nursing home licensed under chapter 144A, or a boarding care home licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56.
- Subd. 8. Nursing home employer. "Nursing home employer" means an employer of nursing home workers in a licensed, Medicaid-certified facility that is reimbursed under chapter 256R.

- Subd. 9. Nursing home worker. "Nursing home worker" means any worker who provides services in a nursing home in Minnesota, including direct care staff, non-direct care staff, and contractors, but excluding administrative staff, medical directors, nursing directors, physicians, and individuals employed by a supplemental nursing services agency.
- Subd. 10. Worker organization. "Worker organization" means an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), or 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is not dominated or interfered with by any nursing home employer within the meaning of United States Code, title 29, section 158a(2), and that has at least five years of demonstrated experience engaging with and advocating for nursing home workers.

Sec. 4. [181.212] MINNESOTA NURSING HOME WORKFORCE STANDARDS BOARD; ESTABLISHMENT.

Subdivision 1. **Board established; membership.** (a) The Minnesota Nursing Home Workforce Standards Board is created with the powers and duties established by law. The board is composed of the following voting members:

- (1) the commissioner of human services or a designee;
- (2) the commissioner of health or a designee;
- (3) the commissioner of labor and industry or a designee;
- (4) three members who represent nursing home employers or employer organizations, appointed by the governor in accordance with section 15.066; and
- (5) three members who represent nursing home workers or worker organizations, appointed by the governor in accordance with section 15.066.
- (b) In making appointments under clause (4), the governor shall consider the geographic distribution of nursing homes within the state.
- Subd. 2. Terms; vacancies. (a) Board members appointed under subdivision 1, clause (4) or (5), shall serve four-year terms following the initial staggered-lot determination.
- (b) For members appointed under subdivision 1, clause (4) or (5), the governor shall fill vacancies occurring prior to the expiration of a member's term by appointment for the unexpired term. A member appointed under subdivision 1, clause (4) or (5), must not be appointed to more than two consecutive terms.
 - (c) A member serves until a successor is appointed.
- Subd. 3. Chairperson. The board shall elect a member by majority vote to serve as its chairperson and shall determine the term to be served by the chairperson.
- Subd. 4. Staffing. The commissioner may employ an executive director for the board and other personnel to carry out duties of the board under sections 181.211 to 181.217.
 - Subd. 5. **Board compensation.** Compensation of board members is governed by section 15.0575.

- Subd. 6. **Application of other laws.** Meetings of the board are subject to chapter 13D. The board is subject to chapter 13. The board shall comply with section 15.0597.
- Subd. 7. **Voting.** The affirmative vote of five board members is required for the board to take any action, including actions necessary to establish minimum nursing home employment standards under section 181.213.
- Subd. 8. Hearings and investigations. To carry out its duties, the board shall hold public hearings on, and conduct investigations into, working conditions in the nursing home industry in accordance with section 181.213.
- Subd. 9. **Department support.** The commissioner shall provide staff support to the board. The support includes professional, legal, technical, and clerical staff necessary to perform rulemaking and other duties assigned to the board. The commissioner shall supply necessary office space and supplies to assist the board in its duties.
- Subd. 10. Antitrust compliance. The board shall establish operating procedures that meet all state and federal antitrust requirements and may prohibit board member access to data to meet the requirements of this subdivision.
- Subd. 11. Annual report. By December 1, 2023, and each December 1 thereafter, the executive director of the board shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over labor and human services on any actions taken and any standards adopted by the board.

Sec. 5. [181.213] DUTIES OF THE BOARD; MINIMUM NURSING HOME EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS.

- Subdivision 1. Authority to establish minimum nursing home employment standards. (a) The board must adopt rules establishing minimum nursing home employment standards that are reasonably necessary and appropriate to protect the health and welfare of nursing home workers, to ensure that nursing home workers are properly trained about and fully informed of their rights under sections 181.211 to 181.217, and to otherwise satisfy the purposes of sections 181.211 to 181.217. Standards established by the board must include standards on compensation for nursing home workers, and may include recommendations under paragraph (c). The board may not adopt standards that are less protective of or beneficial to nursing home workers as any other applicable statute or rule or any standard previously established by the board unless there is a determination by the board under subdivision 2 that existing standards exceed the operating payment rate and external fixed costs payment rates included in the most recent budget and economic forecast completed under section 16A.103. In establishing standards under this section, the board must establish statewide standards, and may adopt standards that apply to specific nursing home occupations.
- (b) The board must adopt rules establishing initial standards for wages for nursing home workers no later than August 1, 2024. The board may use the authority in section 14.389 to adopt rules under this paragraph. The board shall consult with the department in the development of these standards prior to beginning the rule adoption process.
- (c) To the extent that any minimum standards that the board finds are reasonably necessary and appropriate to protect the health and welfare of nursing home workers fall within the jurisdiction

of chapter 182, the board shall not adopt rules establishing the standards but shall instead recommend the occupational health and safety standards to the commissioner. The commissioner shall adopt nursing home health and safety standards under section 182.655 as recommended by the board, unless the commissioner determines that the recommended standard is outside the statutory authority of the commissioner, presents enforceability challenges, is infeasible to implement, or is otherwise unlawful and issues a written explanation of this determination.

- Subd. 2. Investigation of market conditions. (a) The board must investigate market conditions and the existing wages, benefits, and working conditions of nursing home workers for specific geographic areas of the state and specific nursing home occupations. Based on this information, the board must seek to adopt minimum nursing home employment standards that meet or exceed existing industry conditions for a majority of nursing home workers in the relevant geographic area and nursing home occupation. Except for standards exceeding the threshold determined in paragraph (d), initial employment standards established by the board are effective beginning January 1, 2025, and shall remain in effect until any subsequent standards are adopted by rules.
- (b) The board must consider the following types of information in making determinations that employment standards are reasonably necessary to protect the health and welfare of nursing home workers:
- (1) wage rate and benefit data collected by or submitted to the board for nursing home workers in the relevant geographic area and nursing home occupations;
- (2) statements showing wage rates and benefits paid to nursing home workers in the relevant geographic area and nursing home occupations;
- (3) signed collective bargaining agreements applicable to nursing home workers in the relevant geographic area and nursing home occupations;
- (4) testimony and information from current and former nursing home workers, worker organizations, nursing home employers, and employer organizations;
 - (5) local minimum nursing home employment standards;
 - (6) information submitted by or obtained from state and local government entities; and
 - (7) any other information pertinent to establishing minimum nursing home employment standards.
- (c) In considering wage and benefit increases, the board must determine the impact of nursing home operating payment rates determined pursuant to section 256R.21, subdivision 3, and the employee benefits portion of the external fixed costs payment rate determined pursuant to section 256R.25. If the board, in consultation with the commissioner of human services, determines the operating payment rate and employee benefits portion of the external fixed costs payment rate will increase to comply with the new employment standards, the board shall report to the legislature the increase in funding needed to increase payment rates to comply with the new employment standards and must make implementation of any new nursing home employment standards contingent upon an appropriation, as determined by sections 256R.21 and 256R.25, to fund the rate increase necessary to comply with the new employment standards.

- (d) In evaluating the impact of the employment standards on payment rates determined by sections 256R.21 and 256R.25, the board, in consultation with the commissioner of human services, must consider the following:
- (1) the statewide average wage rates for employees pursuant to section 256R.10, subdivision 5, and benefit rates pursuant to section 256R.02, subdivisions 18 and 22, as determined by the annual Medicaid cost report used to determine the operating payment rate and the employee benefits portion of the external fixed costs payment rate for the first day of the calendar year immediately following the date the board has established minimum wage and benefit levels;
- (2) compare the results of clause (1) to the operating payment rate and employee benefits portion of the external fixed costs payment rate increase for the first day of the second calendar year after the adoption of any nursing home employment standards included in the most recent budget and economic forecast completed under section 16A.103; and
- (3) if the established nursing home employment standards result in an increase in costs that exceed the operating payment rate and external fixed costs payment rate increase included in the most recent budget and economic forecast completed under section 16A.103, effective on the proposed implementation date of the new nursing home employment standards, the board must determine if the rates will need to be increased to meet the new employment standards and the standards must not be effective until an appropriation sufficient to cover the rate increase and federal approval of the rate increase is obtained.
- (e) The budget and economic forecasts completed under section 16A.103 shall not assume an increase in payment rates determined under chapter 256R resulting from the new employment standards until the board certifies the rates will need to be increased and the legislature appropriates funding for the increase in payment rates.
 - Subd. 3. Review of standards. At least once every two years, the board shall:
- (1) conduct a full review of the adequacy of the minimum nursing home employment standards previously established by the board; and
- (2) following that review, adopt new rules, amend or repeal existing rules, or make recommendations to adopt new rules or amend or repeal existing rules for minimum nursing home employment standards using the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389, as appropriate to meet the purposes of sections 181.211 to 181.217.
- Subd. 4. **Variance and waiver.** The board shall adopt procedures for considering temporary variances and waivers of the established standards for individual nursing homes based on the board's evaluation of the risk of closure due to compliance with all or part of an applicable standard.
- Subd. 5. Conflict. (a) In the event of a conflict between a standard established by the board in rule and a rule adopted by another state agency, the rule adopted by the board shall apply to nursing home workers and nursing home employers.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), in the event of a conflict between a standard established by the board in rule and a rule adopted by another state agency, the rule adopted by the other state agency shall apply to nursing home workers and nursing home employers if the rule adopted by the

other state agency is adopted after the board's standard and the rule adopted by the other state agency is more protective or beneficial than the board's standard.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the commissioner of health determines that a standard established by the board in rule or recommended by the board conflicts with requirements in federal regulations for nursing home certification or with state statutes or rules governing licensure of nursing homes, the federal regulations or state nursing home licensure statutes or rules shall take precedence, and the conflicting board standard or rule shall not apply to nursing home workers or nursing home employers.
- Subd. 6. Effect on other agreements. Nothing in sections 181.211 to 181.217 shall be construed to:
- (1) limit the rights of parties to a collective bargaining agreement to bargain and agree with respect to nursing home employment standards; or
- (2) diminish the obligation of a nursing home employer to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, or employment benefit program or plan that meets or exceeds, and does not conflict with, the minimum standards and requirements in sections 181.211 to 181.217 or established by the board.

Sec. 6. [181.214] DUTIES OF THE BOARD; TRAINING FOR NURSING HOME WORKERS.

- Subdivision 1. Certification of worker organizations. The board shall certify worker organizations that it finds are qualified to provide training to nursing home workers according to this section. The board shall by rule establish certification criteria that a worker organization must meet in order to be certified and provide a process for renewal of certification upon the board's review of the worker organization's compliance with this section. In adopting rules to establish certification criteria under this subdivision, the board may use the authority in section 14.389. The criteria must ensure that a worker organization, if certified, is able to provide:
 - (1) effective, interactive training on the information required by this section; and
- (2) follow-up written materials and responses to inquiries from nursing home workers in the languages in which nursing home workers are proficient.
- Subd. 2. Curriculum. (a) The board shall establish requirements for the curriculum for the nursing home worker training required by this section. A curriculum must at least provide the following information to nursing home workers:
- (1) the applicable compensation and working conditions in the minimum standards or local minimum standards established by the board;
 - (2) the antiretaliation protections established in section 181.216;
- (3) information on how to enforce sections 181.211 to 181.217 and on how to report violations of sections 181.211 to 181.217 or of standards established by the board, including contact information

for the Department of Labor and Industry, the board, and any local enforcement agencies, and information on the remedies available for violations;

- (4) the purposes and functions of the board and information on upcoming hearings, investigations, or other opportunities for nursing home workers to become involved in board proceedings;
 - (5) other rights, duties, and obligations under sections 181.211 to 181.217;
- (6) any updates or changes to the information provided according to clauses (1) to (5) since the most recent training session;
- (7) any other information the board deems appropriate to facilitate compliance with sections 181.211 to 181.217; and
- (8) information on labor standards in other applicable local, state, and federal laws, rules, and ordinances regarding nursing home working conditions or nursing home worker health and safety.
- (b) Before establishing initial curriculum requirements, the board must hold at least one public hearing to solicit input on the requirements.
- Subd. 3. **Topics covered in training session.** A certified worker organization is not required to cover all of the topics listed in subdivision 2 in a single training session. A curriculum used by a certified worker organization may provide instruction on each topic listed in subdivision 2 over the course of up to three training sessions.
- Subd. 4. Annual review of curriculum requirements. The board must review the adequacy of its curriculum requirements at least annually and must revise the requirements as appropriate to meet the purposes of sections 181.211 to 181.217. As part of each annual review of the curriculum requirements, the board must hold at least one public hearing to solicit input on the requirements.
 - Subd. 5. Duties of certified worker organizations. A certified worker organization:
- (1) must use a curriculum for its training sessions that meets requirements established by the board;
- (2) must provide trainings that are interactive and conducted in the languages in which the attending nursing home workers are proficient;
- (3) must, at the end of each training session, provide attending nursing home workers with follow-up written or electronic materials on the topics covered in the training session, in order to fully inform nursing home workers of their rights and opportunities under sections 181.211 to 181.217;
- (4) must make itself reasonably available to respond to inquiries from nursing home workers during and after training sessions; and
- (5) may conduct surveys of nursing home workers who attend a training session to assess the effectiveness of the training session and industry compliance with sections 181.211 to 181.217 and other applicable laws, rules, and ordinances governing nursing home working conditions or worker health and safety.

- Subd. 6. Nursing home employer duties regarding training. (a) A nursing home employer must submit written documentation to the board to certify that every two years each of its nursing home workers completes one hour of training that meets the requirements of this section and is provided by a certified worker organization. A nursing home employer may, but is not required to, host training sessions on the premises of the nursing home.
- (b) If requested by a certified worker organization, a nursing home employer must, after a training session provided by the certified worker organization, provide the certified worker organization with the names and contact information of the nursing home workers who attended the training session, unless a nursing home worker opts out according to paragraph (c).
- (c) A nursing home worker may opt out of having the worker's nursing home employer provide the worker's name and contact information to a certified worker organization that provided a training session attended by the worker by submitting a written statement to that effect to the nursing home employer.
- Subd. 7. **Training compensation.** A nursing home employer must compensate its nursing home workers at their regular hourly rate of wages and benefits for each hour of training completed as required by this section and reimburse any reasonable travel expenses associated with attending training sessions not held on the premises of the nursing home.

Sec. 7. [181.215] REQUIRED NOTICES.

Subdivision 1. Provision of notice. (a) Nursing home employers must provide notices informing nursing home workers of the rights and obligations provided under sections 181.211 to 181.217 of applicable minimum nursing home employment standards and local minimum standards and that for assistance and information, nursing home workers should contact the Department of Labor and Industry. A nursing home employer must provide notice using the same means that the nursing home employer uses to provide other work-related notices to nursing home workers. Provision of notice must be at least as conspicuous as:

- (1) posting a copy of the notice at each work site where nursing home workers work and where the notice may be readily seen and reviewed by all nursing home workers working at the site; or
- (2) providing a paper or electronic copy of the notice to all nursing home workers and applicants for employment as a nursing home worker.
- (b) The notice required by this subdivision must include text provided by the board that informs nursing home workers that they may request the notice to be provided in a particular language. The nursing home employer must provide the notice in the language requested by the nursing home worker. The board must assist nursing home employers in translating the notice in the languages requested by their nursing home workers.
- Subd. 2. Minimum content and posting requirements. The board must adopt rules under section 14.389 specifying the minimum content and posting requirements for the notices required in subdivision 1. The board must make available to nursing home employers a template or sample notice that satisfies the requirements of this section and rules adopted under this section.

Sec. 8. [181.216] RETALIATION PROHIBITED.

- (a) A nursing home employer shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with, threaten, restrain, coerce, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against a nursing home worker because the person has exercised or attempted to exercise rights protected under this act, including but not limited to:
 - (1) exercising any right afforded to the nursing home worker under sections 181.211 to 181.217;
- (2) participating in any process or proceeding under sections 181.211 to 181.217, including but not limited to board hearings, board or department investigations, or other related proceedings; or
 - (3) attending or participating in the training required by section 181.214.
 - (b) It shall be unlawful for an employer to:
- (1) inform another employer that a nursing home worker or former nursing home worker has engaged in activities protected under sections 181.211 to 181.217; or
- (2) report or threaten to report the actual or suspected citizenship or immigration status of a nursing home worker, former nursing home worker, or family member of a nursing home worker to a federal, state, or local agency for exercising or attempting to exercise any right protected under this act.
- (c) A person found to have experienced retaliation in violation of this section shall be entitled to back pay and reinstatement to the person's previous position, wages, benefits, hours, and other conditions of employment.

Sec. 9. [181.217] ENFORCEMENT.

- Subdivision 1. Minimum nursing home employment standards. Except as provided in section 181.213, subdivision 4, paragraph (b) or (c), the minimum wages and other compensation established by the board in rule as minimum nursing home employment standards shall be the minimum wages and other compensation for nursing home workers or a subgroup of nursing home workers as a matter of state law. Except as provided in section 181.213, subdivision 4, paragraph (b) or (c), it shall be unlawful for a nursing home employer to employ a nursing home worker for lower wages or other compensation than that established as the minimum nursing home employment standards.
- Subd. 2. **Investigations.** The commissioner may investigate possible violations of sections 181.214 to 181.217 or of the minimum nursing home employment standards established by the board whenever it has cause to believe that a violation has occurred, either on the basis of a report of a suspected violation or on the basis of any other credible information, including violations found during the course of an investigation.
- Subd. 3. Civil action by nursing home worker. (a) One or more nursing home workers may bring a civil action in district court seeking redress for violations of sections 181.211 to 181.217 or of any applicable minimum nursing home employment standards or local minimum nursing home employment standards. Such an action may be filed in the district court of the county where a violation or violations are alleged to have been committed or where the nursing home employer resides, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, and may represent a class of similarly situated nursing home workers.

- (b) Upon a finding of one or more violations, a nursing home employer shall be liable to each nursing home worker for the full amount of the wages, benefits, and overtime compensation, less any amount the nursing home employer is able to establish was actually paid to each nursing home worker, and for an additional equal amount as liquidated damages. In an action under this subdivision, nursing home workers may seek damages and other appropriate relief provided by section 177.27, subdivision 7, or otherwise provided by law, including reasonable costs, disbursements, witness fees, and attorney fees. A court may also issue an order requiring compliance with sections 181.211 to 181.217 or with the applicable minimum nursing home employment standards or local minimum nursing home employment standards. A nursing home worker found to have experienced retaliation in violation of section 181.216 shall be entitled to back pay and reinstatement to the worker's previous position, wages, benefits, hours, and other conditions of employment.
- (c) An agreement between a nursing home employer and nursing home worker or labor union that fails to meet the minimum standards and requirements in sections 181.211 to 181.217 or established by the board is not a defense to an action brought under this subdivision.

Sec. 10. INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The governor shall make initial appointments to the Minnesota Nursing Home Workforce Standards Board under Minnesota Statutes, section 181.212, no later than August 1, 2023. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 181.212, subdivision 2, the initial terms of members appointed under Minnesota Statutes, section 181.212, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5), shall be determined by lot by the secretary of state and shall be as follows:

- (1) one member appointed under each of Minnesota Statutes, section 181.212, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5), shall serve a two-year term;
- (2) one member appointed under each of Minnesota Statutes, section 181.212, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5), shall serve a three-year term; and
- (3) one member appointed under each of Minnesota Statutes, section 181.212, subdivision 1, clauses (4) and (5), shall serve a four-year term.

The commissioner of labor and industry must convene the first meeting within 30 days after the governor completes appointments to the board. The board must elect a chair at its first meeting.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 9

COMBATIVE SPORTS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.21, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Combatant.** "Combatant" means an individual who employs the act of attack and defense as a <u>professional</u> boxer, <u>professional or amateur</u> tough person, <u>martial artist professional or amateur kickboxer</u>, or <u>professional or amateur mixed martial artist</u> while engaged in a combative sport.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.21, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2b. **Combative sport.** "Combative sport" means a sport that employs the act of attack and defense with the fists, with or without using padded gloves, or feet that is practiced as a sport under the rules of the Association of Boxing Commissions, unified rules for mixed martial arts, or their equivalent. Combative sports include professional boxing and, professional and amateur tough person, professional or amateur kickboxing, and professional and amateur mixed martial arts contests.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.21, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2c. **Combative sports contest.** "Combative sports contest" means a professional boxing, a professional or amateur tough person, <u>a professional or amateur kickboxing</u>, or a professional or amateur martial art contest or mixed martial arts contest, bout, competition, match, or exhibition.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.21, subdivision 4f, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4f. **Martial art.** "Martial art" means a variety of weaponless disciplines of combat or self-defense that utilize physical skill and coordination, and are practiced as combat sports. The disciplines include, but are not limited to, Wing Chun, kiekboxing, Tae kwon do, savate, karate, Muay Thai, sanshou, Jiu Jitsu, judo, ninjitsu, kung fu, Brazilian Jiu Jitsu, wrestling, grappling, tai chi, and other weaponless martial arts disciplines.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4i. Kickboxing. "Kickboxing" means the act of attack and defense with the fists using padded gloves and bare feet.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Tough person contest.** "Tough person contest," including contests marketed as tough man or tough woman contests, means a contest of two-minute rounds consisting of not more than four rounds between two or more individuals who use their hands, or their feet, or both in any manner. Tough person contest includes kickboxing and other recognized martial art contest boxing match or similar contest where each combatant wears headgear and gloves that weigh at least 12 ounces.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.221, is amended to read:

341.221 ADVISORY COUNCIL.

- (a) The commissioner must appoint a Combative Sports Advisory Council to advise the commissioner on the administration of duties under this chapter.
- (b) The council shall have nine five members appointed by the commissioner. One member must be a retired judge of the Minnesota District Court, Minnesota Court of Appeals, Minnesota Supreme Court, the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota, or the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals. At least four All five members must have knowledge of the boxing industry. At least four members must have knowledge of the mixed martial arts industry combative sports. The commissioner shall make serious efforts to appoint qualified women to serve on the council.

- (e) Council members shall serve terms of four years with the terms ending on the first Monday in January.
 - (d) (c) The council shall annually elect from its membership a chair.
- (e) (d) Meetings shall be convened by the commissioner, or by the chair with the approval of the commissioner.
- (f) The commissioner shall designate two of the members to serve until the first Monday in January 2013; two members to serve until the first Monday in January 2014; two members to serve until the first Monday in January 2015; and three members to serve until the first Monday in January 2016.
- (e) Appointments to the council and the terms of council members are governed by sections 15.059 and 15.0597.
- (g) (f) Removal of members, filling of vacancies, and compensation of members shall be as provided in section 15.059.
- (g) Meetings convened for the purpose of advising the commissioner on issues related to a challenge filed under section 341.345 are exempt from the open meeting requirements of chapter 13D.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.25, is amended to read:

341.25 RULES.

- (a) The commissioner may adopt rules that include standards for the physical examination and condition of combatants and referees.
- (b) The commissioner may adopt other rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including, but not limited to, the conduct of all combative sport contests and their manner, supervision, time, and place.
 - (c) The commissioner must adopt unified rules for mixed martial arts contests.
- (d) The commissioner may adopt the rules of the Association of Boxing Commissions, with amendments.
- (e) (c) The most recent version of the Unified Rules of Mixed Martial Arts, as promulgated by the Association of Boxing Commissions and amended August 2, 2016, are, is incorporated by reference and made a part of this chapter except as qualified by this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 2202. In the event of a conflict between this chapter and the Unified Rules, this chapter must govern.
- (d) The most recent version of the Unified Rules of Boxing, as promulgated by the Association of Boxing Commissions, is incorporated by reference and made a part of this chapter except as qualified by this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 2201. In the event of a conflict between this chapter and the Unified Rules, this chapter must govern.

- (e) The most recent version of the Unified Rules of Kickboxing, as promulgated by the Association of Boxing Commissions, is incorporated by reference and made a part of this chapter except as qualified by this chapter and any applicable Minnesota Rules. In the event of a conflict between this chapter and the Unified Rules, this chapter must govern.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.27, is amended to read:

341.27 COMMISSIONER DUTIES.

The commissioner shall:

- (1) issue, deny, renew, suspend, or revoke licenses;
- (2) make and maintain records of its acts and proceedings including the issuance, denial, renewal, suspension, or revocation of licenses;
 - (3) keep public records of the council open to inspection at all reasonable times;
 - (4) develop rules to be implemented under this chapter;
 - (5) conform to the rules adopted under this chapter;
 - (6) develop policies and procedures for regulating boxing, kickboxing, and mixed martial arts;
- (7) approve regulatory bodies to oversee martial arts and amateur boxing contests under section 341.28, subdivision 5;
- (7) (8) immediately suspend an individual license for a medical condition, including but not limited to a medical condition resulting from an injury sustained during a match, bout, or contest that has been confirmed by the ringside physician. The medical suspension must be lifted after the commissioner receives written information from a physician licensed in the home state of the licensee indicating that the combatant may resume competition, and any other information that the commissioner may by rule require. Medical suspensions are not subject to section 326B.082 or the contested case procedures provided in sections 14.57 to 14.69; and
- (8) (9) immediately suspend an individual combatant license for a mandatory rest period, which must commence at the conclusion of every combative sports contest in which the license holder competes and does not receive a medical suspension. A rest suspension must automatically lift after 14 calendar days from the date the combative sports contest passed without notice or additional proceedings. Rest suspensions are not subject to section 326B.082 or the contested case procedures provided in sections 14.57 to 14.69.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.28, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Regulatory authority; tough person contests.** All professional and amateur tough person contests are subject to this chapter. All tough person contests are subject to the most recent version of the Unified Rules of Boxing, as promulgated by the Association of Boxing Commissions rules. Every contestant in a tough person contest shall have a physical examination prior to their bouts. Every contestant in a tough person contest shall wear headgear and padded gloves that weigh

- at least 12 ounces. All tough person bouts are limited to two-minute rounds and a maximum of four total rounds. Officials at all tough person contests shall be licensed under this chapter.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.28, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Regulatory authority; mixed martial arts contests; similar sporting events. All professional and amateur mixed martial arts contests, martial arts contests except amateur contests regulated by the Minnesota State High School League (MSHSL), recognized martial arts studios and schools in Minnesota, and recognized national martial arts organizations holding contests between students, ultimate fight contests, and similar sporting events are subject to this chapter and all officials at these events must be licensed under this chapter.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. **Regulatory authority; kickboxing contests.** All professional and amateur kickboxing contests are subject to this chapter and all officials at these events must be licensed under this chapter.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. Regulatory authority; martial arts and amateur boxing. (a) Unless this chapter specifically states otherwise, contests or exhibitions for martial arts and amateur boxing are exempt from the requirements of this chapter and officials at these events are not required to be licensed under this chapter.
- (b) Martial arts and amateur boxing contests, unless subject to the exceptions set forth in subdivision 7, must be regulated by a nationally recognized organization approved by the commissioner. The organization must have a set of written standards, procedures, or rules used to sanction the combative sports it oversees.
- (c) Any regulatory body overseeing a martial arts or amateur boxing event must submit bout results to the commissioner within 72 hours after the event. If the regulatory body issues suspensions, the regulatory body must submit to the commissioner a list of any suspensions resulting from the event within 72 hours after the event. Regulatory bodies that oversee combative sports or martial arts contests under subdivision 6 are not subject to this paragraph.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6. Regulatory authority; certain students. Combative sports or martial arts contests regulated by the Minnesota State High School League, National Collegiate Athletic Association, National Junior Collegiate Athletic Association, National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics, or any similar organization that governs interscholastic athletics are not subject to this chapter and officials at these events are not required to be licensed under this chapter.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.30, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Prelicensure requirements.** (a) Before the commissioner issues a promoter's license to an individual, corporation, or other business entity, the applicant shall, a minimum of six weeks before the combative sport contest is scheduled to occur, complete a licensing application on the

Office of Combative Sports website or on forms <u>furnished or approved prescribed</u> by the commissioner and shall:

- (1) provide the commissioner with a copy of any agreement between a combatant and the applicant that binds the applicant to pay the combatant a certain fixed fee or percentage of the gate receipts;
- (2) (1) show on the licensing application the owner or owners of the applicant entity and the percentage of interest held by each owner holding a 25 percent or more interest in the applicant;
 - (3) (2) provide the commissioner with a copy of the latest financial statement of the applicant;
- (4) provide the commissioner with a copy or other proof acceptable to the commissioner of the insurance contract or policy required by this chapter;
- (5) (3) provide proof, where applicable, of authorization to do business in the state of Minnesota; and
- (6) (4) deposit with the commissioner a eash bond or surety bond in an amount set by the commissioner, which must not be less than \$10,000. The bond shall be executed in favor of this state and shall be conditioned on the faithful performance by the promoter of the promoter's obligations under this chapter and the rules adopted under it.
 - (b) Before the commissioner issues a license to a combatant, the applicant shall:
- (1) submit to the commissioner the results of a current medical examination examinations on forms furnished or approved prescribed by the commissioner that state that the combatant is cleared to participate in a combative sport contest. The medical examination must include an ophthalmological and neurological examination, and documentation of test results for HBV, HCV, and HIV, and any other blood test as the commissioner by rule may require. The ophthalmological examination must be designed to detect any retinal defects or other damage or condition of the eye that could be aggravated by combative sports. The neurological examination must include an electroencephalogram or medically superior test if the combatant has been knocked unconscious in a previous contest. The commissioner may also order an electroencephalogram or other appropriate neurological or physical examination before any contest if it determines that the examination is desirable to protect the health of the combatant. The commissioner shall not issue a license to an applicant submitting positive test results for HBV, HCV, or HIV; The applicant must undergo and submit the results of the following medical examinations, which do not exempt a combatant from the requirements in section 341.33:
- (i) a physical examination performed by a licensed medical doctor, doctor of osteopathic medicine, advance practice nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant. Physical examinations are valid for one year from the date of the exam;
- (ii) an ophthalmological examination performed by an ophthalmologist or optometrist that includes dilation designed to detect any retinal defects or other damage or a condition of the eye that could be aggravated by combative sports. Ophthalmological examinations are valid for one year from the date of the exam;

- (iii) blood work results for HBsAg (Hepatitis B surface antigen), HCV (Hepatitis C antibody), and HIV. Blood work results are good for one year from the date blood was drawn. The commissioner shall not issue a license to an applicant submitting positive test results for HBsAg, HCV, or HIV; and
- (iv) other appropriate neurological or physical examinations before any contest, if the commissioner determines that the examination is desirable to protect the health of the combatant;
- (2) complete a licensing application on the Office of Combative Sports website or on forms furnished or approved prescribed by the commissioner; and
- (3) provide proof that the applicant is 18 years of age. Acceptable proof is a photo driver's license, state photo identification card, passport, or birth certificate combined with additional photo identification.
- (c) Before the commissioner issues a license to a referee, judge, or timekeeper, the applicant must submit proof of qualifications that may include certified training from the Association of Boxing Commissions, licensure with other regulatory bodies, professional references, or a log of bouts worked.
- (d) Before the commissioner issues a license to a ringside physician, the applicant must submit proof that they are licensed to practice medicine in the state of Minnesota and in good standing.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Expiration and application.** Licenses <u>issued on or after January 1, 2023, shall</u> expire <u>annually on December 31 one year after the date of issuance</u>. A license may be applied for each year by filing an application for licensure and satisfying all licensure requirements established in section 341.30, and submitting payment of the license fees established in section 341.321. An application for a license and renewal of a license must be on a form provided by the commissioner.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.321, is amended to read:

341.321 FEE SCHEDULE.

- (a) The fee schedule for professional and amateur licenses issued by the commissioner is as follows:
 - (1) referees, \$25;
 - (2) promoters, \$700;
 - (3) judges and knockdown judges, \$25;
 - (4) trainers and seconds, \$80;
 - (5) timekeepers, \$25;
 - (6) professional combatants, \$70;

- (7) amateur combatants, \$50; and
- (8) ringside physicians, \$25.

License fees for promoters are due at least six weeks prior to the combative sport contest. All other license fees shall be paid no later than the weigh-in prior to the contest. No license may be issued until all prelicensure requirements in section 341.30 are satisfied and fees are paid.

- (b) The commissioner shall establish a contest fee for each combative sport contest and shall consider the size and type of venue when establishing a contest fee. The A promoter or event organizer of an event regulated by the Department of Labor and Industry must pay, per event, a combative sport contest fee is \$1,500 per event or not more than four percent of the gross ticket sales, whichever is greater, as determined by the commissioner when the combative sport contest is scheduled. The fee must be paid as follows:
- (c) A professional or amateur combative sport contest fee is nonrefundable and shall be paid as follows:
 - (1) \$500 at the time the combative sport contest is scheduled; and
 - (2) \$1,000 at the weigh-in prior to the contest-;
- (3) if four percent of the gross ticket sales is greater than \$1,500, the balance is due to the commissioner within 14 days of the completed contest; and
- (4) the value of all complimentary tickets distributed for an event, to the extent they exceed five percent of total event attendance, counts toward gross tickets sales for the purposes of determining a combative sports contest fee. For purposes of this clause, the lowest advertised ticket price shall be used to calculate the value of complimentary tickets.

If four percent of the gross ticket sales is greater than \$1,500, the balance is due to the commissioner within seven days of the completed contest.

- (d) The commissioner may establish the maximum number of complimentary tickets allowed for each event by rule.
- (e) (c) All fees and penalties collected by the commissioner must be deposited in the commissioner account in the special revenue fund.

Sec. 18. [341.322] PAYMENT SCHEDULE.

The commissioner may establish a schedule of payments to be paid by a promoter to referees, judges and knockdown judges, timekeepers, and ringside physicians.

Sec. 19. [341.323] EVENT APPROVAL.

Subdivision 1. Preapproval documentation. Before the commissioner approves a combative sports contest, the promoter shall provide the commissioner, at least six weeks before the combative sport contest is scheduled to occur, information about the time, date, and location of the contest and at least 72 hours before the combative sport contest is scheduled to occur:

- (1) a copy of any agreement between a combatant and the promoter that binds the promoter to pay the combatant a certain fixed fee or percentage of the gate receipts;
- (2) a copy or other proof acceptable to the commissioner of the insurance contract or policy required by this chapter;
- (3) proof acceptable to the commissioner that the promoter will provide, at the cost of the promoter, at least one uniformed security guard or uniformed off-duty member of law enforcement to provide security at any event regulated by the Department of Labor and Industry. The commissioner may require a promoter to take additional security measures to ensure the safety of participants and spectators at an event; and
- (4) proof acceptable to the commissioner that the promoter will provide an ambulance service as required by section 341.324.
- Subd. 2. Proper licensure. Before the commissioner approves a combative sport contest, the commissioner must ensure that the promoter is properly licensed under this chapter. The promoter must maintain proper licensure from the time it schedules a combative sports contest through the date of the contest.
- Subd. 3. Discretion. Nothing in this section limits the commissioner's discretion in deciding whether to approve a combative sport contest or event.

Sec. 20. [341.324] AMBULANCE.

A promoter must ensure, at the cost of the promoter, that a licensed ambulance service with two emergency medical technicians is on the premises during a combative sports contest.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.33, is amended to read:

341.33 PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED; FEES.

Subdivision 1. Examination by physician. All combatants must be examined by a physician licensed by this state within 36 hours before entering the ring, and the examining physician shall immediately file with the commissioner a written report of the examination. The physician's examination may report on the condition of the combatant's heart and general physical and general neurological condition. The physician's report may record the condition of the combatant's nervous system and brain as required by the commissioner. The physician may prohibit the combatant from entering the ring if, in the physician's professional opinion, it is in the best interest of the combatant's health. The cost of the examination is payable by the promoter conducting the contest or exhibition.

Subd. 2. Attendance of physician. A promoter holding or sponsoring a combative sport contest shall have in attendance a physician licensed by this state Minnesota. The commissioner may establish a schedule of fees to be paid to each attending physician by the promoter holding or sponsoring the contest.

Sec. 22. [341.331] PROHIBITED PERFORMANCE ENHANCING SUBSTANCES AND TESTING.

- Subdivision 1. Performance enhancing substances and masking agents prohibited. All combatants are prohibited from using the substances listed in the following classes contained in the World Anti-Doping Code published by the World Anti-Doping Agency, unless a combatant meets an applicable exception set forth therein:
 - (1) S0, nonapproved substances;
 - (2) S1, anabolic agents;
 - (3) S2, peptide hormones, growth factors, and related substances and mimetics;
 - (4) S3, beta-2 agonists;
 - (5) S4, hormone and metabolic modulators; and
 - (6) S5, diuretics and masking agents.
- Subd. 2. Testing. The commissioner may administer drug testing to discover violations of subdivision 1 as follows:
- (a) The commissioner may require a combatant to submit to a drug test to determine if substances are present in the combatant's system in violation of subdivision 1. This testing may occur at any time after the official weigh-in, on the day of the contest in which the combatant is participating, or within 24 hours of competing in a combative sports contest in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may require testing based on reasonable cause or random selection. Grounds for reasonable cause includes observing or receiving credible information that a combatant has used prohibited performance enhancing drugs. If testing is based on random selection, both combatants competing in a selected bout shall submit to a drug test.
- (b) Specimens may include urine, hair samples, or blood. Specimens shall be tested at a facility acceptable to the commissioner. Results of all drug tests shall be submitted directly to the commissioner.
- (c) The promoter shall pay the costs relating to drug testing combatants. Any requests for follow-up or additional testing must be paid by the combatant.
- Subd. 3. Discipline. (a) If a combatant fails to provide a sample for drug testing when required, and the request is made before a bout, the combatant shall not be allowed to compete in the bout. If the request is made after a bout, and the combatant fails to provide a sample for drug testing, the combatant shall be subject to disciplinary action under section 341.29.
- (b) If a combatant's specimen tests positive for any prohibited substances, the combatant shall be subject to disciplinary action under section 341.29.
- (c) A combatant who is disciplined and was the winner of a bout shall be disqualified and the decision shall be changed to no contest. The results of a bout shall remain unchanged if a combatant who is disciplined was the loser of the bout.
- Sec. 23. [341.345] CHALLENGING THE OUTCOME OF A COMBATIVE SPORT CONTEST.

- Subdivision 1. Challenge. (a) If a combatant disagrees with the outcome of a combative sport contest regulated by the Department of Labor and Industry in which the combatant participated, the combatant may challenge the outcome.
- (b) If a third party makes a challenge on behalf of a combatant, the third party must provide written confirmation that they are authorized to make the challenge on behalf of the combatant. The written confirmation must contain the combatant's signature and must be submitted with the challenge.
- Subd. 2. Form. A challenge must be submitted on a form prescribed by the commissioner, set forth all relevant facts and the basis for the challenge, and state what remedy is being sought. A combatant may submit photos, videos, documents, or any other evidence the combatant would like the commissioner to consider in connection to the challenge. A combatant may challenge the outcome of a contest only if it is alleged that:
- (1) the referee made an incorrect call or missed a rule violation that directly affected the outcome of the contest;
 - (2) there was collusion amongst officials to affect the outcome of the contest; or
 - (3) scores were miscalculated.
 - Subd. 3. **Timing.** A challenge must be submitted within ten days of the contest.
- (a) For purposes of this subdivision, the day of the contest shall not count toward the ten-day period. If the tenth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then a combatant shall have until the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday to submit a challenge.
- (b) The challenge must be submitted to the commissioner at the address, fax number, or email address designated on the commissioner's website. The date on which a challenge is submitted by mail shall be the postmark date on the envelope in which the challenge is mailed. If the challenge is faxed or emailed, it must be received by the commissioner by 4:30 p.m. Central Time on the day the challenge is due.
- Subd. 4. Opponent's response. If the requirements of subdivisions 1 to 3 are met, the commissioner shall send a complete copy of the challenge documents, along with any supporting materials submitted, to the opposing combatant by mail, fax, or email. The opposing combatant has 14 days from the date the commissioner sends the challenge and supporting materials to submit a response to the commissioner. Additional response time is not added when the commissioner sends the challenge to the opposing combatant by mail. The opposing combatant may submit photos, videos, documents, or any other evidence the opposing combatant would like the commissioner to consider in connection to the challenge. The response must be submitted to the commissioner at the address, fax number, or email address designated on the commissioner's website. The date on which a response is submitted by mail is the postmark date on the envelope in which the response is mailed. If the response is faxed or emailed, it must be received by the commissioner by 4:30 p.m. Central Time on the day the response is due.
- Subd. 5. Licensed official review. The commissioner may, if the commissioner determines it would be helpful in resolving the issues raised in the challenge, send a complete copy of the challenge or response, along with any supporting materials submitted, to any licensed official involved in the

combative sport contest at issue by mail, fax, or email and request the official's views on the issues raised in the challenge.

- Subd. 6. Order. The commissioner shall issue an order on the challenge within 60 days after receiving the opposing combatant's response. If the opposing combatant does not submit a response, the commissioner shall issue an order on the challenge within 75 days after receiving the challenge.
- Subd. 7. Nonacceptance. If the requirements of subdivisions 1 through 3 are not met, the commissioner must not accept the challenge and may send correspondence to the person who submitted the challenge stating the reasons for nonacceptance of the challenge. A combatant has no further appeal rights if the combatant's challenge is not accepted by the commissioner.
- Subd. 8. Administrative hearing. After the commissioner issues an order under subdivision 6, each combatant under section 326B.082, subdivision 8, has 30 days after service of the order to submit a request for hearing before an administrative law judge.
 - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 341.355, is amended to read:

341.355 CIVIL PENALTIES.

When the commissioner finds that a person has violated one or more provisions of any statute, rule, or order that the commissioner is empowered to regulate, enforce, or issue, the commissioner may impose, for each violation, a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 for each violation, or a civil penalty that deprives the person of any economic advantage gained by the violation, or both. The commissioner may also impose these penalties against a person who has violated section 341.28, subdivision 5, paragraph (b) or (c).

ARTICLE 10

LABOR POLICY

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.871, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Prevailing wage required.** (a) A state agency may provide financial assistance to a person only if the person receiving or benefiting from the financial assistance certifies to the commissioner of labor and industry that laborers and mechanics at the project site during construction, installation, remodeling, and repairs for which the financial assistance was provided will be paid the prevailing wage rate as defined in section 177.42, subdivision 6. The person receiving or benefiting from the financial assistance is also subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions of sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45.
- (b) For purposes of complying with section 177.30, paragraph (a), clauses (6) and (7), the state agency awarding the financial assistance is considered the contracting authority and the project is considered a public works project. The person receiving or benefiting from the financial assistance shall notify all employers on the project of the record keeping and reporting requirements in section 177.30, paragraph (a), clauses (6) and (7). Each employer shall submit the required information to the contracting authority.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 175.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Established.** The Department of Labor and Industry shall consist of the following divisions: Division of Workers' Compensation, Division of Construction Codes and Licensing, Division of Occupational Safety and Health, Division of Statistics, Division of Labor Standards, and <u>Division of Apprenticeship</u>, and such other divisions as the commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry may deem necessary and establish. Each division of the department and persons in charge thereof shall be subject to the supervision of the commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry and, in addition to such duties as are or may be imposed on them by statute, shall perform such other duties as may be assigned to them by the commissioner. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner is the administrator and supervisor of all of the department's dispute resolution functions and personnel and may delegate authority to compensation judges and others to make determinations under sections 176.106, 176.238, and 176.239 and to approve settlement of claims under section 176.521.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Creation.** The Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship in the Department of Labor and Industry is supervised and controlled by the commissioner of labor and industry.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Powers and duties.** The Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship shall administer this chapter and chapters 178, 181, 181A, and 184.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Compliance orders. The commissioner may issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.21 to 177.435, 179.86, 181.02, 181.03, 181.031, 181.032, 181.101, 181.111, 181.13, 181.14, 181.145, 181.15, 181.172, paragraph (a) or (d), 181.214 to 181.217, 181.275, subdivision 2a, 181.635, 181.722, 181.79, 181.85 to 181.89, and 181.939 to 181.943, or with any rule promulgated under section 177.28, 181.213, or 181.215. The commissioner shall issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.41 to 177.435 if the violation is repeated. For purposes of this subdivision only, a violation is repeated if at any time during the two years that preceded the date of violation, the commissioner issued an order to the employer for violation of sections 177.41 to 177.435 and the order is final or the commissioner and the employer have entered into a settlement agreement that required the employer to pay back wages that were required by sections 177.41 to 177.435. The department shall serve the order upon the employer or the employer's authorized representative in person or by certified mail at the employer's place of business. An employer who wishes to contest the order must file written notice of objection to the order with the commissioner within 15 calendar days after being served with the order. A contested case proceeding must then be held in accordance with sections 14.57 to 14.69. If, within 15 calendar days after being served with the order, the employer fails to file a written notice of objection with the commissioner, the order becomes a final order of the commissioner.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 178.01, is amended to read:

178.01 PURPOSES.

The purposes of this chapter are: to open to all people regardless of race, sex, creed, color or national origin, the opportunity to obtain training and on-the-job learning that will equip them for

profitable employment and citizenship; to establish as a means to this end, a program of voluntary apprenticeship under approved apprenticeship agreements providing facilities for their training and guidance in the arts, skills, and crafts of industry and trade or occupation, with concurrent, supplementary instruction in related subjects; to promote apprenticeship opportunities under conditions providing adequate training and on-the-job learning and reasonable earnings; to relate the supply of skilled workers to employment demands; to establish standards for apprentice training; to establish an Apprenticeship Board and apprenticeship committees to assist in effectuating the purposes of this chapter; to provide for a Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship within the Department of Labor and Industry; to provide for reports to the legislature regarding the status of apprentice training in the state; to establish a procedure for the determination of apprenticeship agreement controversies; and to accomplish related ends.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 178.011, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Division.** "Division" means the department's Labor Standards and Apprenticeship Division, established under sections 175.16 and 178.03, and the State Apprenticeship Agency as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 29, section 29.2.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 178.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment of division.** There is established a Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship in the Department of Labor and Industry. This division shall be administered by a director, and be under the supervision of the commissioner.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 178.11, is amended to read:

178.11 LABOR EDUCATION ADVANCEMENT GRANT PROGRAM.

The commissioner shall establish the labor education advancement grant program for the purpose of facilitating the participation or retention of minorities people of color, Indigenous people, and women in apprenticeable trades and occupations registered apprenticeship programs. The commissioner shall award grants to community-based and nonprofit organizations and Minnesota Tribal governments as defined in section 10.65, serving the targeted populations on a competitive request-for-proposal basis. Interested organizations shall apply for the grants in a form prescribed by the commissioner. As part of the application process, applicants must provide a statement of need for the grant, a description of the targeted population and apprenticeship opportunities, a description of activities to be funded by the grant, evidence supporting the ability to deliver services, information related to coordinating grant activities with other employment and learning programs, identification of matching funds, a budget, and performance objectives. Each submitted application shall be evaluated for completeness and effectiveness of the proposed grant activity.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.9435, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Investigation.** The Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship shall receive complaints of employees against employers relating to sections 181.172, paragraph (a) or (d), and 181.939 to 181.9436 and investigate informally whether an employer may be in violation of sections 181.172, paragraph (a) or (d), and 181.939 to 181.9436. The division shall attempt to resolve employee complaints by informing employees and employers of the provisions of the law and directing employers to comply with the law. For complaints related to section 181.939, the division

must contact the employer within two business days and investigate the complaint within ten days of receipt of the complaint.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 181.9436, is amended to read:

181.9436 POSTING OF LAW.

The Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship shall develop, with the assistance of interested business and community organizations, an educational poster stating employees' rights under sections 181.940 to 181.9436. The department shall make the poster available, upon request, to employers for posting on the employer's premises.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.666, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Willful or repeated violations.** Any employer who willfully or repeatedly violates the requirements of section 182.653, or any standard, rule, or order adopted under the authority of the commissioner as provided in this chapter, may be assessed a fine not to exceed \$70,000 \$156,259 for each violation. The minimum fine for a willful violation is \$5,000 \$11,162.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.666, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Serious violations.** Any employer who has received a citation for a serious violation of its duties under section 182.653, or any standard, rule, or order adopted under the authority of the commissioner as provided in this chapter, shall be assessed a fine not to exceed \$7,000 \$15,625 for each violation. If a serious violation under section 182.653, subdivision 2, causes or contributes to the death of an employee, the employer shall be assessed a fine of up to \$25,000 for each violation.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.666, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Nonserious violations.** Any employer who has received a citation for a violation of its duties under section 182.653, subdivisions 2 to 4, where the violation is specifically determined not to be of a serious nature as provided in section 182.651, subdivision 12, may be assessed a fine of up to \$7,000 \$15,625 for each violation.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.666, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Failure to correct a violation.** Any employer who fails to correct a violation for which a citation has been issued under section 182.66 within the period permitted for its correction, which period shall not begin to run until the date of the final order of the commissioner in the case of any review proceedings under this chapter initiated by the employer in good faith and not solely for delay or avoidance of penalties, may be assessed a fine of not more than \$7,000 \$15,625 for each day during which the failure or violation continues.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.666, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Posting violations.** Any employer who violates any of the posting requirements, as prescribed under this chapter, except those prescribed under section 182.661, subdivision 3a, shall be assessed a fine of up to \$7,000 \$15,625 for each violation.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.666, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 6a. Increases for inflation. (a) Each year, beginning in 2023, the commissioner shall determine the percentage change in the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI, Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) from the month of October in the preceding calendar year to the month of October in the current calendar year.
- (b) The commissioner shall increase the fines in subdivisions 1 to 5, except for the fine for a serious violation under section 182.653, subdivision 2, that causes or contributes to the death of an employee, by the percentage change determined by the commissioner under paragraph (a), if the percentage change is greater than zero. The fines shall be increased to the nearest one dollar.
- (c) If the percentage change determined by the commissioner under paragraph (a) is not greater than zero, the commissioner shall not change any of the fines in subdivisions 1 to 5.
- (d) A fine increased under this subdivision takes effect on the next January 15 after the commissioner determines the percentage change under paragraph (a) and applies to all fines assessed on or after the next January 15.
- (e) No later than December 1 of each year, the commissioner shall give notice in the State Register of any increase to the fines in subdivisions 1 to 5.

Sec. 18. [182.677] ERGONOMICS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the definitions in this subdivision apply unless otherwise specified.

- (b) "Health care facility" means a hospital with a North American Industrial Classification system code of 622110, 622210, or 622310; an outpatient surgical center with a North American Industrial Classification system code of 621493; and a nursing home with a North American Industrial Classification system code of 623110.
- (c) "Warehouse distribution center" means an employer with 100 or more employees in Minnesota and a North American Industrial Classification system code of 493110, 423110 to 423990, 424110 to 424990, 454110, or 492110.
- (d) "Meatpacking site" means a meatpacking or poultry processing site with 100 or more employees in Minnesota and a North American Industrial Classification system code of 311611 to 311615, except 311613.
- (e) "Musculoskeletal disorder" or "MSD" means a disorder of the muscles, nerves, tendons, ligaments, joints, cartilage, blood vessels, or spinal discs.
- Subd. 2. Ergonomics program required. (a) Every licensed health care facility, warehouse distribution center, or meatpacking site in the state shall create and implement an effective written ergonomics program establishing the employer's plan to minimize the risk of its employees developing or aggravating musculoskeletal disorders by utilizing an ergonomics process. The ergonomics program shall focus on eliminating the risk. To the extent risk exists, the ergonomics program must include feasible administrative or engineering controls to reduce the risk.

(b) The program shall include:

- (1) an assessment of hazards with regard to prevention of musculoskeletal disorders;
- (2) an initial and ongoing training of employees on ergonomics and its benefits, including the importance of reporting early symptoms of musculoskeletal disorders;
- (3) a procedure to ensure early reporting of musculoskeletal disorders to prevent or reduce the progression of symptoms, the development of serious injuries, and lost-time claims;
- (4) a process for employees to provide possible solutions that may be implemented to reduce, control, or eliminate workplace musculoskeletal disorders;
- (5) procedures to ensure that physical plant modifications and major construction projects are consistent with program goals; and
- (6) annual evaluations of the ergonomics program and whenever a change to the work process occurs.
- Subd. 3. Annual evaluation of program required. There must be an established procedure to annually assess the effectiveness of the ergonomics program, including evaluation of corrective actions taken in response to reporting of symptoms by employees. The annual assessment shall determine the success of the implemented ergonomic solutions and whether goals set by the ergonomics program have been met.
- Subd. 4. Employee training. (a) An employer subject to this section must train all new and existing employees on the following:
 - (1) the name of each individual on the employer's safety committee;
 - (2) the facility's hazard prevention and control plan;
- (3) the early signs and symptoms of musculoskeletal injuries and the procedures for reporting them;
 - (4) the procedures for reporting injuries and other hazards;
- (5) any administrative or engineering controls related to ergonomic hazards that are in place or will be implemented at the facility;
- (6) how to use personal protective equipment, whether it is available, and where it is located; and
 - (7) the requirements of subdivision 9.
- (b) New and current employees must be trained according to paragraph (a) prior to starting work. The employer must provide the training during working hours and compensate the employee for attending the training at the employee's standard rate of pay. All training must be in a language and with vocabulary that the employee can understand.
- (c) Updates to the information conveyed in the training shall be communicated to employees as soon as practicable.

- Subd. 5. **Involvement of employees.** Employers subject to this section must solicit feedback for its ergonomics program through its safety committee required by section 182.676, in addition to any other opportunities for employee participation the employer may provide. The safety committee must be directly involved in ergonomics worksite assessments and participate in the annual evaluation required by subdivision 3.
- Subd. 6. Workplace program or AWAIR. An employer subject to this section must reference its ergonomics program in a written Workplace Accident and Injury Reduction (AWAIR) program required by section 182.653, subdivision 8.
 - Subd. 7. **Recordkeeping.** An employer subject to this section must maintain:
- (1) a written certification dated and signed by each person who provides training and each employee who receives training pursuant to this section. The certification completed by the training providers must state that the employer has provided training consistent with the requirements of this section;
- (2) a record of all worker visits to on-site medical or first aid personnel for the last five years, regardless of severity or type of illness or injury; and
 - (3) a record of all ergonomic injuries suffered by employees for the last five years.
- Subd. 8. **Availability of records.** (a) The employer must ensure that the certification records required by subdivision 7, clause (1), are up to date and available to the commissioner, employees, and authorized employee representatives, if any, upon request.
- (b) Upon the request of the commissioner, an employee, or an authorized employee representative, the employer must provide the requestor a redacted version of the medical or first aid records and records of all ergonomic injuries. The name, contact information, and occupation of an employee, and any other information that would reveal the identity of an employee, must be removed in the redacted version. The redacted version must only include, to the extent it would not reveal the identity of an employee, the location where the employee worked, the date of the injury or visit, a description of the medical treatment or first aid provided, and a description of the injury suffered.
- (c) The employer must also make available to the commissioner the unredacted medical or first aid records and unredacted records of ergonomic injuries required by subdivision 7, clause (2), upon request.
- Subd. 9. Reporting encouraged. Any employer subject to this section must not institute or maintain any program, policy, or practice that discourages employees from reporting injuries, hazards, or safety and health standard violations, including ergonomic-related hazards and symptoms of musculoskeletal disorders.
- Subd. 10. Training materials. The commissioner shall make training materials on implementation of this section available to all employers, upon request, at no cost as part of the duties of the commissioner under section 182.673.

- Subd. 11. Enforcement. This section shall be enforced by the commissioner under sections 182.66 and 182.661. A violation of this section is subject to the penalties provided under section 182.666.
- Subd. 12. **Grant program.** (a) The commissioner shall establish an ergonomics grant program to provide matching funding for employers who are subject to this section to make ergonomic improvements recommended by an on-site safety survey. Minnesota Rules, chapter 5203, applies to the administration of the grant program.
 - (b) To be eligible for a grant under this section, an employer must:
- (1) be a licensed health care facility, warehouse distribution center, or meatpacking site as defined by subdivision 1;
- (2) have current workers' compensation insurance provided through the assigned risk plan, provided by an insurer subject to penalties under chapter 176, or as an approved self-insured employer; and
- (3) have an on-site safety survey with results that recommend specific equipment or practices that will reduce the risk of injury or illness to employees and prevent musculoskeletal disorders. This survey must have been conducted by a Minnesota occupational safety and health compliance investigator or workplace safety consultant, an in-house safety and health committee, a workers' compensation insurance underwriter, a private consultant, or a person under contract with the assigned risk plan.
 - (c) Grant funds may be used for all or part of the cost of the following:
- (1) purchasing and installing recommended equipment intended to prevent musculoskeletal disorders;
- (2) operating or maintaining recommended equipment intended to prevent musculoskeletal disorders;
- (3) property, if the property is necessary to meet the recommendations of the on-site safety survey that are related to prevention of musculoskeletal disorders;
- (4) training required to operate recommended safety equipment to prevent musculoskeletal disorders; and
- (5) tuition reimbursement for educational costs related to identifying ergonomic-related issues that are related to the recommendations of the on-site safety survey.
- (d) The commissioner shall evaluate applications, submitted on forms developed by the commissioner, based on whether the proposed project:
 - (1) is technically and economically feasible;
- (2) is consistent with the recommendations of the on-site safety survey and the objective of reducing risk of injury or illness to employees and preventing musculoskeletal disorders;

- (3) was submitted by an applicant with sufficient experience, knowledge, and commitment for the project to be implemented in a timely manner;
 - (4) has the necessary financial commitments to cover all project costs;
 - (5) has the support of all public entities necessary for its completion; and
 - (6) complies with federal, state, and local regulations.
- (e) Grants under this section shall provide a match of up to \$10,000 for private funds committed by the employer to implement the recommended ergonomics-related equipment or practices.
- (f) Grants will be awarded to all applicants that meet the eligibility and evaluation criteria under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) until funding is depleted. If there are more eligible requests than funding, awards will be prorated.
- (g) Grant recipients are not eligible to apply for another grant under chapter 176 until two years after the date of the award.
- Subd. 13. **Standard development.** The commissioner may propose an ergonomics standard using the authority provided in section 182.655.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.092, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Fees nonrefundable.** Application and examination fees, license fees, license renewal fees, and late fees are nonrefundable except for:
- (1) license renewal fees received more than two years after expiration of the license, as described in section 326B.094, subdivision 2;
 - (2) any overpayment of fees; and
- (3) if the license is not <u>issued or renewed</u>, the contractor recovery fund fee and any additional assessment paid under subdivision 7, paragraph (e).
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.096, is amended to read:

326B.096 REINSTATEMENT OF LICENSES.

Subdivision 1. **Reinstatement after revocation.** (a) If a license is revoked under this chapter and if an applicant for a license needs to pass an examination administered by the commissioner before becoming licensed, then, in order to have the license reinstated, the person who holds the revoked license must:

- (1) retake the examination and achieve a passing score; and
- (2) meet all other requirements for an initial license, including payment of the application and examination fee and the license fee. The person holding the revoked license is not eligible for Minnesota licensure without examination based on reciprocity.

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- (b) If a license is revoked under a chapter other than this chapter, then, in order to have the license reinstated, the person who holds the revoked license must:
- (1) apply for reinstatement to the commissioner no later than two years after the effective date of the revocation;
 - (2) pay a \$100 \$50 reinstatement application fee and any applicable renewal license fee; and
- (3) meet all applicable requirements for licensure, except that, unless required by the order revoking the license, the applicant does not need to retake any examination and does not need to repay a license fee that was paid before the revocation.
- Subd. 2. **Reinstatement after suspension.** If a license is suspended, then, in order to have the license reinstated, the person who holds the suspended license must:
- (1) apply for reinstatement to the commissioner no later than two years after the completion of the suspension period;
 - (2) pay a \$100 \$50 reinstatement application fee and any applicable renewal license fee; and
- (3) meet all applicable requirements for licensure, except that, unless required by the order suspending the license, the applicant does not need to retake any examination and does not need to repay a license fee that was paid before the suspension.
- Subd. 3. **Reinstatement after voluntary termination.** A licensee who is not an individual may voluntarily terminate a license issued to the person under this chapter. If a licensee has voluntarily terminated a license under this subdivision, then, in order to have the license reinstated, the person who holds the terminated license must:
- (1) apply for reinstatement to the commissioner no later than the date that the license would have expired if it had not been terminated;
 - (2) pay a \$100 \$25 reinstatement application fee and any applicable renewal license fee; and
- (3) meet all applicable requirements for licensure, except that the applicant does not need to repay a license fee that was paid before the termination.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.103, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. Electric vehicle capable space. "Electric vehicle capable space" means a designated automobile parking space that has electrical infrastructure, including but not limited to raceways, cables, electrical capacity, and panelboard or other electrical distribution space necessary for the future installation of an electric vehicle charging station.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.103, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6b. Electric vehicle charging station. "Electric vehicle charging station" means a designated automobile parking space that has a dedicated connection for charging an electric vehicle.

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.103, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6c. Electric vehicle ready space. "Electric vehicle ready space" means a designated automobile parking space that has a branch circuit capable of supporting the installation of an electric vehicle charging station.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.103, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 10a. Parking facilities. "Parking facilities" includes parking lots, garages, ramps, or decks.
 - Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.103, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **State licensed facility.** "State licensed facility" means a building and its grounds that are licensed by the state as a hospital, nursing home, supervised living facility, <u>assisted living facility, including assisted living facility with dementia care, free-standing outpatient surgical center, correctional facility, boarding care home, or residential hospice.</u>
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.106, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Adoption of code. (a) Subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) and sections 326B.101 to 326B.194, the commissioner shall by rule and in consultation with the Construction Codes Advisory Council establish a code of standards for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, and repair of buildings, governing matters of structural materials, design and construction, fire protection, health, sanitation, and safety, including design and construction standards regarding heat loss control, illumination, and climate control. The code must also include duties and responsibilities for code administration, including procedures for administrative action, penalties, and suspension and revocation of certification. The code must conform insofar as practicable to model building codes generally accepted and in use throughout the United States, including a code for building conservation. In the preparation of the code, consideration must be given to the existing statewide specialty codes presently in use in the state. Model codes with necessary modifications and statewide specialty codes may be adopted by reference. The code must be based on the application of scientific principles, approved tests, and professional judgment. To the extent possible, the code must be adopted in terms of desired results instead of the means of achieving those results, avoiding wherever possible the incorporation of specifications of particular methods or materials. To that end the code must encourage the use of new methods and new materials. Except as otherwise provided in sections 326B.101 to 326B.194, the commissioner shall administer and enforce the provisions of those sections.

- (b) The commissioner shall develop rules addressing the plan review fee assessed to similar buildings without significant modifications including provisions for use of building systems as specified in the industrial/modular program specified in section 326B.194. Additional plan review fees associated with similar plans must be based on costs commensurate with the direct and indirect costs of the service.
- (c) Beginning with the 2018 edition of the model building codes and every six years thereafter, the commissioner shall review the new model building codes and adopt the model codes as amended for use in Minnesota, within two years of the published edition date. The commissioner may adopt

amendments to the building codes prior to the adoption of the new building codes to advance construction methods, technology, or materials, or, where necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, or to improve the efficiency or the use of a building.

- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), the commissioner shall act on each new model residential energy code and the new model commercial energy code in accordance with federal law for which the United States Department of Energy has issued an affirmative determination in compliance with United States Code, title 42, section 6833. The commissioner may adopt amendments prior to adoption of the new energy codes, as amended for use in Minnesota, to advance construction methods, technology, or materials, or, where necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, or to improve the efficiency or use of a building.
- (e) Beginning in 2024, the commissioner shall act on the new model commercial energy code by adopting each new published edition of ASHRAE 90.1 or a more efficient standard. The commercial energy code in effect in 2036 and thereafter must achieve an 80 percent reduction in annual net energy consumption or greater, using the ASHRAE 90.1-2004 as a baseline. The commissioner shall adopt commercial energy codes from 2024 to 2036 that incrementally move toward achieving the 80 percent reduction in annual net energy consumption. By January 15 of the year following each new code adoption, the commissioner shall make a report on progress under this section to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the energy code. The commissioner may adjust the standard as necessary upon consideration of the impact to building affordability, energy reliability, and other factors deemed appropriate. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the installation, operation, or use of a system, appliance, or other equipment based on the energy source used to power the system, appliance, or other equipment.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit the ability of a public utility to offer code support programs, or to claim energy savings resulting from such programs, through its energy conservation and optimization plans approved by the commissioner of commerce under section 216B.241 or an energy conservation and optimization plan filed by a consumer-owned utility under section 216B.2403.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.106, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Special requirements.** (a) **Space for commuter vans.** The code must require that any parking ramp or other parking facility constructed in accordance with the code include an appropriate number of spaces suitable for the parking of motor vehicles having a capacity of seven to 16 persons and which are principally used to provide prearranged commuter transportation of employees to or from their place of employment or to or from a transit stop authorized by a local transit authority.
- (b) **Smoke detection devices.** The code must require that all dwellings, lodging houses, apartment houses, and hotels as defined in section 299F.362 comply with the provisions of section 299F.362.
- (c) **Doors in nursing homes and hospitals.** The State Building Code may not require that each door entering a sleeping or patient's room from a corridor in a nursing home or hospital with an approved complete standard automatic fire extinguishing system be constructed or maintained as self-closing or automatically closing.
- (d) Child care facilities in churches; ground level exit. A licensed day care center serving fewer than 30 preschool age persons and which is located in a belowground space in a church

building is exempt from the State Building Code requirement for a ground level exit when the center has more than two stairways to the ground level and its exit.

- (e) Family and group family day care. Until the legislature enacts legislation specifying appropriate standards, the definition of dwellings constructed in accordance with the International Residential Code as adopted as part of the State Building Code applies to family and group family day care homes licensed by the Department of Human Services under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502.
- (f) **Enclosed stairways.** No provision of the code or any appendix chapter of the code may require stairways of existing multiple dwelling buildings of two stories or less to be enclosed.
- (g) **Double cylinder dead bolt locks.** No provision of the code or appendix chapter of the code may prohibit double cylinder dead bolt locks in existing single-family homes, townhouses, and first floor duplexes used exclusively as a residential dwelling. Any recommendation or promotion of double cylinder dead bolt locks must include a warning about their potential fire danger and procedures to minimize the danger.
- (h) **Relocated residential buildings.** A residential building relocated within or into a political subdivision of the state need not comply with the State Energy Code or section 326B.439 provided that, where available, an energy audit is conducted on the relocated building.
- (i) **Automatic garage door opening systems.** The code must require all residential buildings as defined in section 325F.82 to comply with the provisions of sections 325F.82 and 325F.83.
- (j) Exterior wood decks, patios, and balconies. The code must permit the decking surface and upper portions of exterior wood decks, patios, and balconies to be constructed of (1) heartwood from species of wood having natural resistance to decay or termites, including redwood and cedars, (2) grades of lumber which contain sapwood from species of wood having natural resistance to decay or termites, including redwood and cedars, or (3) treated wood. The species and grades of wood products used to construct the decking surface and upper portions of exterior decks, patios, and balconies must be made available to the building official on request before final construction approval.
- (k) **Bioprocess piping and equipment.** No permit fee for bioprocess piping may be imposed by municipalities under the State Building Code, except as required under section 326B.92 subdivision 1. Permits for bioprocess piping shall be according to section 326B.92 administered by the Department of Labor and Industry. All data regarding the material production processes, including the bioprocess system's structural design and layout, are nonpublic data as provided by section 13.7911.
- (l) Use of ungraded lumber. The code must allow the use of ungraded lumber in geographic areas of the state where the code did not generally apply as of April 1, 2008, to the same extent that ungraded lumber could be used in that area before April 1, 2008.
- (m) Window cleaning safety. The code must require the installation of dedicated anchorages for the purpose of suspended window cleaning on (1) new buildings four stories or greater; and (2) buildings four stories or greater, only on those areas undergoing reconstruction, alteration, or repair that includes the exposure of primary structural components of the roof. The commissioner shall adopt rules, using the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389, requiring window cleaning

safety features that comply with a nationally recognized standard as part of the State Building Code. Window cleaning safety features shall be provided for all windows on:

- (1) new buildings where determined by the code; and
- (2) existing buildings undergoing alterations where both of the following conditions are met:
- (i) the windows do not currently have safe window cleaning features; and
- (ii) the proposed work area being altered can include provisions for safe window cleaning.

The commissioner may waive all or a portion of the requirements of this paragraph related to reconstruction, alteration, or repair, if the installation of dedicated anchorages would not result in significant safety improvements due to limits on the size of the project, or other factors as determined by the commissioner.

- (n) Adult-size changing facilities. The commissioner shall adopt rules requiring adult-size changing facilities as part of the State Building Code.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.106, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 16. Electric vehicle charging. The code shall require a minimum number of electric vehicle ready spaces, electric vehicle capable spaces, and electric vehicle charging stations either within or adjacent to new commercial and multifamily structures that provide on-site parking facilities. Residential structures with fewer than four dwelling units are exempt from this subdivision.
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 326B.802, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 15. Special skill. "Special skill" means one of the following eight categories:
 - (a) **Excavation.** Excavation includes work in any of the following areas:
 - (1) excavation;
 - (2) trenching;
 - (3) grading; and
 - (4) site grading.
 - (b) Masonry and concrete. Masonry and concrete includes work in any of the following areas:
 - (1) drain systems;
 - (2) poured walls;
 - (3) slabs and poured-in-place footings;
 - (4) masonry walls;

(5) masonry fireplaces;
(6) masonry veneer; and
(7) water resistance and waterproofing.
(c) Carpentry. Carpentry includes work in any of the following areas:
(1) rough framing;
(2) finish carpentry;
(3) doors, windows, and skylights;
(4) porches and decks, excluding footings;
(5) wood foundations; and
(6) drywall installation, excluding taping and finishing.
(d) Interior finishing. Interior finishing includes work in any of the following areas:
(1) floor covering;
(2) wood floors;
(3) cabinet and counter top installation;
(4) insulation and vapor barriers;
(5) interior or exterior painting;
(6) ceramic, marble, and quarry tile;
(7) ornamental guardrail and installation of prefabricated stairs; and
(8) wallpapering.
(e) Exterior finishing. Exterior finishing includes work in any of the following areas:
(1) siding;
(2) soffit, fascia, and trim;
(3) exterior plaster and stucco;
(4) painting; and
(5) rain carrying systems, including gutters and down spouts.

(f) **Drywall and plaster.** Drywall and plaster includes work in any of the following areas:

- (1) installation; (2) taping; (3) finishing; (4) interior plaster; (5) painting; and (6) wallpapering. (g) **Residential roofing.** Residential roofing includes work in any of the following areas: (1) roof coverings; (2) roof sheathing; (3) roof weatherproofing and insulation; and (4) repair of roof support system, but not construction of new roof support system; and (5) penetration of roof coverings for purposes of attaching a solar photovoltaic system. (h) General installation specialties. Installation includes work in any of the following areas: (1) garage doors and openers; (2) pools, spas, and hot tubs; (3) fireplaces and wood stoves; (4) asphalt paving and seal coating; and
 - Sec. 30. RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.

(5) ornamental guardrail and prefabricated stairs; and

The commissioner of labor and industry shall adopt rules, using the expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, that set forth adult-size changing facilities to conform with the addition of Minnesota Statutes, section 326B.106, subdivision 4, paragraph (n), under this act.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 31. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.26, subdivision 3, is repealed.

(6) assembly of the support system for a solar photovoltaic system.

ARTICLE 11

SAFE WORKPLACES FOR MEAT AND POULTRY PROCESSING WORKERS

Section 1. [179.87] TITLE.

Sections 179.87 to 179.8757 may be titled the "Safe Workplaces for Meat and Poultry Processing Workers Act."

Sec. 2. [179.871] DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of sections 179.87 to 179.8757, the terms in this section have the meanings given.

- Subd. 2. <u>Authorized employee representative.</u> "Authorized employee representative" has the meaning given in section 182.651, subdivision 22.
- Subd. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor and industry or the commissioner's designee.
- <u>Subd. 4. Coordinator.</u> "Coordinator" means the meatpacking industry worker rights coordinator or the coordinator's designee.
- Subd. 5. Meat-processing worker. "Meat-processing worker" or "worker" means any individual who a meat-processing employer suffers or permits to work directly in contact with raw meatpacking products in a meatpacking operation, including independent contractors and persons performing work for an employer through a temporary service or staffing agency. Workers in a meatpacking operation who inspect or package meatpacking products and workers who clean, maintain, or sanitize equipment or surfaces are included in the definition of a meat-processing worker. Meat-processing worker does not include a federal, state, or local government inspector.
- Subd. 6. Meatpacking operation. "Meatpacking operation" or "meat-processing employer" means a meatpacking or poultry processing site with 100 or more employees in Minnesota and a North American Industrial Classification system (NAICS) code of 311611 to 311615, excluding NAICS code 311613. Meatpacking operation or meat-processing employer does not mean a grocery store, butcher shop, meat market, deli, restaurant, or other business preparing meatpacking products for immediate consumption or for sale in a retail establishment or otherwise directly to an end-consumer.
- Subd. 7. Meatpacking products. "Meatpacking products" means meat food products and poultry food products as defined in section 31A.02, subdivision 10.

Sec. 3. [179.8715] WORKER RIGHTS COORDINATOR.

- (a) The commissioner must appoint a meatpacking industry worker rights coordinator in the Department of Labor and Industry and provide the coordinator with necessary office space, furniture, equipment, supplies, and assistance.
- (b) The commissioner must enforce sections 179.87 to 179.8757, including inspecting, reviewing, and recommending improvements to the practices and procedures of meatpacking operations in

Minnesota. A meat-processing employer must grant the commissioner full access to all meatpacking operations in this state at any time that meatpacking products are being processed or meat-processing workers are on the job.

(c) No later than December 1 each year, beginning December 1, 2024, the coordinator must submit a report to the governor and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over labor. The report must include recommendations to promote better treatment of meat-processing workers. The coordinator shall also post the report on the Department of Labor and Industry's website.

Sec. 4. [179.872] REFUSAL TO WORK UNDER DANGEROUS CONDITIONS.

A meat-processing worker has the right to refuse to work under dangerous conditions in accordance with section 182.654, subdivision 11. Pursuant to section 182.654, subdivision 11, the worker shall continue to receive pay and shall not be subject to discrimination.

Sec. 5. [179.875] ENFORCEMENT AND COMPLIANCE.

Subdivision 1. Administrative enforcement. The commissioner, either on the commissioner's initiative or in response to a complaint, may inspect a meatpacking operation and subpoena records and witnesses as provided in sections 175.20, 177.27, and 182.659. If a meat-processing employer does not comply with the commissioner's inspection, the commissioner may seek relief as provided in this section or chapter 175 or 182.

- Subd. 2. Compliance authority. The commissioner may issue a compliance order under section 177.27, subdivision 4, requiring an employer to comply with sections 179.8755, paragraphs (b) and (c); 179.8756, subdivisions 1 to 3 and 4, paragraphs (f) and (g); and 179.8757. The commissioner also has authority, pursuant to section 182.662, subdivision 1, to issue a stop work or business closure order when there is a condition or practice that could result in death or serious physical harm.
- Subd. 3. Private civil action. If a meat-processing employer does not comply with a provision in sections 179.87 to 179.8757, an aggrieved worker, authorized employee representative, or other person may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction within three years of an alleged violation and, upon prevailing, must be awarded the relief provided in this section. Pursuing administrative relief is not a prerequisite for bringing a civil action.
- Subd. 4. Other government enforcement. The attorney general may enforce sections 179.87 to 179.8757 under section 8.31. A city or county attorney may also enforce these sections. Such law enforcement agencies may inspect meatpacking operations and subpoena records and witnesses and, where such agencies determine that a violation has occurred, may bring a civil action as provided in this section.
- Subd. 5. **Relief.** (a) In a civil action or administrative proceeding brought to enforce sections 179.87 to 179.8757, the court or commissioner must order relief as provided in this subdivision.
 - (b) For any violation of sections 179.87 to 179.8757:
 - (1) an injunction to order compliance and restrain continued violations;

- (2) payment to a prevailing worker by a meat-processing employer of reasonable costs, disbursements, and attorney fees; and
- (3) a civil penalty payable to the state of not less than \$100 per day per worker affected by the meat-processing employer's noncompliance with sections 179.87 to 179.8757.
- (c) Any worker who brings a complaint under sections 179.87 to 179.8757 and suffers retaliation is entitled to treble damages in addition to lost pay and recovery of attorney fees and costs.
- (d) Any company who is found to have retaliated against a meat-processing worker must pay a fine of up to \$10,000 to the commissioner, in addition to other penalties available under law.
- Subd. 6. Whistleblower enforcement; penalty distribution. (a) The relief provided in this section may be recovered through a private civil action brought on behalf of the commissioner in a court of competent jurisdiction by another individual, including an authorized employee representative, pursuant to this subdivision.
- (b) The individual must give written notice to the coordinator of the specific provision or provisions of sections 179.87 to 179.8757 alleged to have been violated. The individual or representative organization may commence a civil action under this subdivision if no enforcement action is taken by the commissioner within 30 days.
 - (c) Civil penalties recovered pursuant to this subdivision must be distributed as follows:
 - (1) 70 percent to the commissioner for enforcement of sections 179.87 to 179.8757; and
 - (2) 30 percent to the individual or authorized employee representative.
- (d) The right to bring an action under this subdivision shall not be impaired by private contract. A public enforcement action must be tried promptly, without regard to concurrent adjudication of a private claim for the same alleged violation.

Sec. 6. [179.8755] RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES AND WHISTLEBLOWERS PROHIBITED.

- (a) Pursuant to section 182.669, no meat-processing employer or other person may discharge or discriminate against a worker because the employee has raised a concern about a meatpacking operation's health and safety practices to the employer or otherwise exercised any right authorized under sections 182.65 to 182.674.
- (b) No meat-processing employer or other person may attempt to require any worker to sign a contract or other agreement that would limit or prevent the worker from disclosing information about workplace health and safety practices or hazards, or to otherwise abide by a workplace policy that would limit or prevent such disclosures. Any such agreements or policies are hereby void and unenforceable as contrary to the public policy of this state. An employer's attempt to impose such a contract, agreement, or policy shall constitute an adverse action enforceable under section 179.875.
- (c) Reporting or threatening to report a meat-processing worker's suspected citizenship or immigration status, or the suspected citizenship or immigration status of a family member of the worker, to a federal, state, or local agency because the worker exercises a right under sections 179.87

to 179.8757 constitutes an adverse action for purposes of establishing a violation of that worker's rights. For purposes of this paragraph, "family member" means a spouse, parent, sibling, child, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, cousin, grandparent, or grandchild related by blood, adoption, marriage, or domestic partnership.

Sec. 7. [179.8756] MEATPACKING WORKER CHRONIC INJURIES AND WORKPLACE SAFETY.

Subdivision 1. Facility committee. (a) The meat-processing employer's ergonomics program under section 182.677, subdivision 2, must be developed and implemented by a committee of individuals who are knowledgeable of the tasks and work processes performed by workers at the employer's facility. The committee must include:

- (1) a certified professional ergonomist;
- (2) a licensed, board-certified physician, with preference given to a physician who has specialized experience and training in occupational medicine; and
- (3) at least three workers employed in the employer's facility who have completed a general industry outreach course approved by the commissioner, one of whom must be an authorized employee representative if the employer is party to a collective bargaining agreement.
- (b) If it is not practicable for a certified professional ergonomist or a licensed, board-certified physician to be a member of the committee required by paragraph (b), the meatpacking employer must have their ergonomics program reviewed by a certified professional ergonomist and a licensed, board-certified physician prior to implementation of the program and annually thereafter.
- Subd. 2. New task and annual safety training. (a) Meat-processing employers must provide every worker who is assigned a new task if the worker has no previous work experience with training on how to safely perform the task, the ergonomic and other hazards associated with the task, and training on the early signs and symptoms of musculoskeletal injuries and the procedures for reporting them. The employer must give a worker an opportunity within 30 days of receiving the new task training to receive refresher training on the topics covered in the new task training. The employer must provide this training in a language and with vocabulary that the employee can understand.
- (b) Meat-processing employers must provide each worker with no less than eight hours of safety training each year. This annual training must address health and safety topics that are relevant to the establishment and the worker's job assignment, such as cuts, lacerations, amputations, machine guarding, biological hazards, lockout/tagout, hazard communication, ergonomic hazards, and personal protective equipment. At least two of the eight hours of annual training must be on topics related to the facility's ergonomic injury prevention program, including the assessment of surveillance data, the ergonomic hazard prevention and control plan, and the early signs and symptoms of musculoskeletal disorders and the procedures for reporting them. The employer must provide this training in a language and with vocabulary that the employee can understand.
 - Subd. 3. Medical services and qualifications. (a) Meat-processing employers must ensure that:
- (1) all first-aid providers, medical assistants, nurses, and physicians engaged by the employer are licensed and perform their duties within the scope of their licensed practice;

- (2) medical management of musculoskeletal disorders is under direct supervision of a licensed physician specializing in occupational medicine who will advise on best practices for management and prevention of work-related musculoskeletal disorders; and
- (3) medical management of musculoskeletal injuries follows the most current version of the American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine practice guidelines.
- (b) The coordinator may compile, analyze, and publish annually, either in summary or detailed form, all reports or information obtained under sections 179.87 to 179.8757, including information about ergonomics programs, and may cooperate with the United States Department of Labor in obtaining national summaries of occupational deaths, injuries, and illnesses. The coordinator and authorized employee representative must preserve the anonymity of each employee with respect to whom medical reports or information is obtained.
- (c) Meat-processing employers must not institute or maintain any program, policy, or practice that discourages employees from reporting injuries, hazards, or safety standard violations, unless the employee authorizes employee's information be shared.
- Subd. 4. Pandemic protections. (a) This subdivision applies during a public health emergency that involves airborne transmission.
- (b) Meat-processing employers must maintain a radius of space around and between each worker according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines unless a nonporous barrier separates the workers. An employer may accomplish such distancing by increasing physical space between workstations, slowing production speeds, staggering shifts and breaks, adjusting shift size, or a combination thereof. The employer must reconfigure common or congregate spaces to allow for such distancing, including lunch rooms, break rooms, and locker rooms. The employer must reinforce social distancing by allowing workers to maintain six feet of distance along with the use of nonporous barriers.
- (c) Meat-processing employers must provide employees with face masks and must make face shields available on request. Face masks, including replacement face masks, and face shields must be provided at no cost to the employee. All persons present at the meatpacking operation must wear face masks in the facility except in those parts of the facility where infection risk is low because workers work in isolation.
- (d) Meat-processing employers must provide all meat-processing workers with the ability to frequently and routinely sanitize their hands with either hand-washing or hand-sanitizing stations. The employer must ensure that restrooms have running hot and cold water and paper towels and are in sanitary condition. The employer must provide gloves to those who request them.
- (e) Meat-processing employers must clean and regularly disinfect all frequently touched surfaces in the workplace, such as workstations, training rooms, machinery controls, tools, protective garments, eating surfaces, bathrooms, showers, and other similar areas. Employers must install and maintain ventilation systems that ensure unidirectional air flow, outdoor air, and filtration in both production areas and common areas such as cafeterias and locker rooms.

- (f) Meat-processing employers must disseminate all required communications, notices, and any published materials regarding these protections in English, Spanish, and other languages as required for employees to understand the communication.
- (g) Consistent with sections 177.253 and 177.254, meat-processing employers must provide adequate break time for workers to use the bathroom, wash their hands, and don and doff protective equipment. Nothing in this section relieves an employer of its obligation to comply with federal and state wage and hour laws.
- (h) Meat-processing employers must provide sufficient personal protective equipment for each employee for each shift, plus replacements, at no cost to the employee. Meat-processing employers must provide training in proper use of personal protective equipment, safety procedures, and sanitation.
- (i) Meat-processing employers must record all injuries and illnesses in the facility and make these records available upon request to the health and safety committee. The name, contact information, and occupation of an employee, and any other information that would reveal the identity of an employee, must be removed. The redacted records must only include, to the extent it would not reveal the identity of an employee, the location where the employee worked, the date of the injury or visit, a description of the medical treatment or first aid provided, and a description of the injury suffered. The employer also must make its records available to the commissioner, and where there is a collective bargaining agreement, to the authorized bargaining representative.
- (j) Except for paragraphs (f) and (g), this section shall be enforced by the commissioner under sections 182.66 and 182.661. A violation of this section is subject to the penalties provided under section 182.666. Paragraphs (f) and (g) are enforceable by the commissioner as described in section 179.875, subdivision 2.
 - (k) This subdivision may also be enforced as described in section 179.875, subdivisions 3 to 6.

Sec. 8. [179.8757] NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.

- (a) Meat-processing employers must provide written information and notifications about employee rights under section 179.86 and sections 179.87 to 179.8757 to workers in their language of fluency at least annually. If a worker is unable to understand written information and notifications, the employer must provide such information and notices orally in the worker's language of fluency.
- (b) The coordinator must notify covered employers of the provisions of sections 179.87 to 179.8757 and any recent updates at least annually.
- (c) The coordinator must place information explaining sections 179.87 to 179.8757 on the Department of Labor and Industry's website in at least English, Spanish, and any other language that at least ten percent of meat-processing workers communicate in fluently. The coordinator must also make the information accessible to persons with impaired visual acuity.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 182.654, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Refusal to work under dangerous conditions.** An employee acting in good faith has the right to refuse to work under conditions which the employee reasonably believes present an imminent danger of death or serious physical harm to the employee.

A reasonable belief of imminent danger of death or serious physical harm includes but is not limited to a reasonable belief of the employee that the employee has been assigned to work in an unsafe or unhealthful manner with a hazardous substance, harmful physical agent or infectious agent.

An employer may not discriminate against an employee for a good faith refusal to perform assigned tasks if the employee has requested that the employer correct the hazardous conditions but the conditions remain uncorrected.

An employee who has refused in good faith to perform assigned tasks and who has not been reassigned to other tasks by the employer shall, in addition to retaining a right to continued employment, receive pay for the tasks which would have been performed if (1) the employee requests the commissioner to inspect and determine the nature of the hazardous condition, and (2) the commissioner determines that the employee, by performing the assigned tasks, would have been placed in imminent danger of death or serious physical harm.

Additionally, an administrative law judge may order, in addition to the relief found in section 182.669:

- (1) reinstatement of the worker to the same position held before any adverse personnel action or to an equivalent position, reinstatement of full fringe benefits and seniority rights, and compensation for unpaid wages, benefits and other remuneration, or front pay in lieu of reinstatement; and
- (2) compensatory damages payable to the aggrieved worker equal to the greater of \$5,000 or twice the actual damages, including unpaid wages, benefits and other remuneration, and punitive damages.

ARTICLE 12

REGULATION OF RESTRICTIVE EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

Section 1. [181.141] SEXUAL HARASSMENT OR ABUSE SETTLEMENT; PAYMENT AS SEVERANCE OR WAGES PROHIBITED.

In a sexual harassment or abuse settlement between an employer and an employee, when there is a financial settlement provided, the financial settlement cannot be provided as wages or severance pay to the employee regardless of whether the settlement includes a nondisclosure agreement.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to settlements entered into on or after that date.

Sec. 2. [181.987] COVENANTS NOT TO COMPETE VOID IN EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS; SUBSTANTIVE PROTECTIONS OF MINNESOTA LAW APPLY.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Covenant not to compete" means an agreement between an employee and employer that restricts the employee, after termination of the employment, from performing:

- (1) work for another employer for a specified period of time;
- (2) work in a specified geographical area; or
- (3) work for another employer in a capacity that is similar to the employee's work for the employer that is party to the agreement.

A covenant not to compete does not include a nondisclosure agreement, or agreement designed to protect trade secrets or confidential information. A covenant not to compete does not include a nonsolicitation agreement, or agreement restricting the ability to use client or contact lists, or solicit customers of the employer.

- (b) "Employer" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business, trust, or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee.
- (c) "Employee" as used in this section means any individual who performs services for an employer, including independent contractors.
- (d) "Independent contractor" means any individual whose employment is governed by a contract and whose compensation is not reported to the Internal Revenue Service on a W-2 form. For purposes of this section, independent contractor also includes any corporation, limited liability corporation, partnership, or other corporate entity when an employer requires an individual to form such an organization for purposes of entering into a contract for services as a condition of receiving compensation under an independent contractor agreement.
- Subd. 2. Covenants not to compete void and unenforceable. (a) Any covenant not to compete contained in a contract or agreement is void and unenforceable.
 - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a covenant not to compete is valid and enforceable if:
- (1) the covenant not to compete is agreed upon during the sale of a business. The person selling the business and the partners, members, or shareholders, and the buyer of the business may agree on a temporary and geographically restricted covenant not to compete that will prohibit the seller of the business from carrying on a similar business within a reasonable geographic area and for a reasonable length of time; or
- (2) the covenant not to compete is agreed upon in anticipation of the dissolution of a business. The partners, members, or shareholders, upon or in anticipation of a dissolution of a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation may agree that all or any number of the parties will not carry on a similar business within a reasonable geographic area where the business has been transacted.
- (c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to render void or unenforceable any other provisions in a contract or agreement containing a void or unenforceable covenant not to compete.

- (d) In addition to injunctive relief and any other remedies available, a court may award an employee who is enforcing rights under this section reasonable attorney fees.
- Subd. 3. Choice of law; venue. (a) An employer must not require an employee who primarily resides and works in Minnesota, as a condition of employment, to agree to a provision in an agreement or contract that would do either of the following:
 - (1) require the employee to adjudicate outside of Minnesota a claim arising in Minnesota; or
- (2) deprive the employee of the substantive protection of Minnesota law with respect to a controversy arising in Minnesota.
- (b) Any provision of a contract or agreement that violates paragraph (a) is voidable at any time by the employee and if a provision is rendered void at the request of the employee, the matter shall be adjudicated in Minnesota and Minnesota law shall govern the dispute.
- (c) In addition to injunctive relief and any other remedies available, a court may award an employee who is enforcing rights under this section reasonable attorney fees.
 - (d) For purposes of this section, adjudication includes litigation and arbitration.
 - (e) This subdivision applies only to claims arising under this section.
- <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to contracts and agreements entered into on or after that date.

ARTICLE 13

BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1a. Indemnification agreement. "Indemnification agreement" means an agreement by the promisor to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless the promisee against liability or claims of liability for damages arising out of bodily injury to persons or out of physical damage to tangible or real property.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Promisee.** "Promisee" includes that party's independent contractors, agents, employees, or indemnitees.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.72, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. Unenforceability of certain agreements. (a) An indemnification agreement contained in, or executed in connection with, a contract for a public improvement is unenforceable except to the extent that:

- (1) the underlying injury or damage is attributable to the negligent or otherwise wrongful act or omission, including breach of a specific contractual duty, of the promisor or the promisor's independent contractors, agents, employees, or delegatees; or
- (2) an owner, a responsible party, or a governmental entity agrees to indemnify a contractor directly or through another contractor with respect to strict liability under environmental laws.
- (b) A provision in a public building or construction contract that requires a party to provide insurance coverage to one or more other parties, including third parties, for the negligence or intentional acts or omissions of any of those other parties, including third parties, is against public policy and is void and unenforceable.
- (c) Paragraph (b) does not affect the validity of a provision that requires a party to provide or obtain workers' compensation insurance, construction performance or payment bonds, builder's risk policies, owner or contractor-controlled insurance programs or policies, or project-specific insurance for claims arising out of the promisor's negligent acts or omissions or the negligent acts or omissions of the promisors, independent contractors, agents, employees, or delegatees.
- (d) Paragraph (b) does not affect the validity of a provision that requires the promisor to provide or obtain insurance coverage for the promisee's vicarious liability, or liability imposed by warranty, arising out of the acts or omissions of the promisor.
- (e) Paragraph (b) does not apply to building and construction contracts for work within 50 feet of public or private railroads, or railroads regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 337.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Indemnification agreement.** "Indemnification agreement" means an agreement by the promisor to indemnify, <u>defend</u>, or hold harmless the promisee against liability or claims of liability for damages arising out of bodily injury to persons or out of physical damage to tangible or real property.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 337.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Agreements valid.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), sections 337.01 to 337.05 do not affect the validity of agreements whereby a promisor agrees to provide specific insurance coverage for the benefit of others.
- (b) A provision that requires a party to provide insurance coverage to one or more other parties, including third parties, for the negligence or intentional acts or omissions of any of those other parties, including third parties, is against public policy and is void and unenforceable.
- (c) Paragraph (b) does not affect the validity of a provision that requires a party to provide or obtain workers' compensation insurance, construction performance or payment bonds, or project-specific insurance, including, without limitation, builder's risk policies or owner or contractor-controlled insurance programs or policies builder's risk policies, owner or contractor-controlled insurance programs or policies, or project-specific insurance for claims arising out of the promisor's negligent acts or omissions or the negligent acts or omissions of the promisors, independent contractors, agents, employees, or delegatees.

- (d) Paragraph (b) does not affect the validity of a provision that requires the promisor to provide or obtain insurance coverage for the promisee's vicarious liability, or liability imposed by warranty, arising out of the acts or omissions of the promisor.
- (e) Paragraph (b) does not apply to building and construction contracts for work within 50 feet of public or private railroads, or railroads regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration.

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 5 are effective the day following final enactment and apply to agreements entered into on or after that date."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing the biennial budget for the Department of Employment and Economic Development, Explore Minnesota, Department of Labor and Industry, Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, and Bureau of Mediation Services; modifying miscellaneous policy provisions; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 15.71, by adding subdivisions; 15.72, by adding a subdivision; 116J.5492, subdivisions 8, 10; 116J.55, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 116J.871, subdivision 2; 116J.8748, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, by adding a subdivision; 116L.361, subdivision 7; 116L.362, subdivision 1; 116L.364, subdivision 3; 116L.56, subdivision 2; 116L.561, subdivision 5; 116L.562, subdivision 2; 116U.05; 116U.10; 116U.15; 116U.20; 116U.30; 116U.35; 175.16, subdivision 1; 177.26, subdivisions 1, 2; 177.27, subdivisions 4, 7; 178.01; 178.011, subdivision 7; 178.03, subdivision 1; 178.11; 179.86, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding subdivisions; 181.14, subdivision 1; 181.635, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6; 181.85, subdivisions 2, 4; 181.86, subdivision 1; 181.87, subdivisions 2, 3, 7; 181.88; 181.89, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 181.9435, subdivision 1; 181.9436; 182.654, subdivision 11; 182.666, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 326B.092, subdivision 6; 326B.096; 326B.103, subdivision 13, by adding subdivisions; 326B.106, subdivisions 1, 4, by adding a subdivision; 326B.802, subdivision 15; 337.01, subdivision 3; 337.05, subdivision 1; 341.21, subdivisions 2a, 2b, 2c, 4f, 7, by adding a subdivision; 341.221; 341.25; 341.27; 341.28, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding subdivisions; 341.30, subdivision 4; 341.32, subdivision 2; 341.321; 341.33; 341.355; 469.40, subdivision 11; 469.47, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 10, article 2, section 24; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 116L; 116U; 179; 181; 182; 341; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 177.26, subdivision 3."

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S.F. Nos. 2909 and 3035 were read the second time.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

SPECIAL ORDERS

Pursuant to Rule 26, Senator Murphy, designee of the Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, designated the following bills a Special Orders Calendar to be heard immediately:

H.F. No. 1278 and S.F. No. 1955.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 1278: A bill for an act relating to public safety; appropriating money for the disaster assistance contingency account.

H.F. No. 1278 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 62 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Eichorn	Koran	McEwen	Rasmusson
Anderson	Farnsworth	Kreun	Miller	Rest
Bahr	Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Seeberger
Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Utke
Carlson	Green	Lang	Morrison	Weber
Champion	Gruenhagen	Latz	Murphy	Wesenberg
Cwodzinski	Gustafson	Lieske	Nelson	Westlin
Dahms	Hauschild	Limmer	Oumou Verbeten	Westrom
Dibble	Hawj	Lucero	Pappas	Wiklund
Dornink	Hoffman	Mann	Pha	Xiong
Draheim	Housley	Marty	Port	_
Drazkowski	Howe	Mathews	Putnam	
Dziedzic	Klein	Mave Ouade	Rarick	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dziedzic, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Lang.

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

SPECIAL ORDER

S.F. No. 1955: A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing a budget for the Department of Agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute, and the Office of Broadband Development; making policy and technical changes to agriculture provisions; making policy and technical changes to broadband provisions; providing civil penalties; appropriating money; requiring reports; transferring money to the border-to-border broadband fund account; creating the grain indemnity account; transferring money to the grain indemnity account; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 17.1016, subdivision 2; 17.133, subdivision 2; 28A.152, subdivision 2; 41A.14, subdivision 2; 41A.19; 116J.395, subdivision 7; 116J.396, subdivision 2; 223.16, by adding a subdivision; 223.17, subdivisions 6, 7, 7a; 223.175; 223.19; 232.22, subdivision 5; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 3, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5, as amended; Laws 2022, chapter 95, article 2, section 29, subdivision 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17; 116J; 223; repealing Minnesota Statutes

2022, sections 17.055, subdivision 2; 41A.12, subdivision 4; 41A.21; 223.17, subdivisions 4, 8; 232.22, subdivisions 4, 6, 6a, 7.

Senator Dahms moved to amend S.F. No. 1955 as follows:

Page 9, line 18, after the semicolon, insert "\$450,000 the first year and \$450,000 the second year are for the cultivated wild rice breeding project at the North Central Research and Outreach Center to include a tenure track research associate plant breeder;"

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 30 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Howe	Lieske	Rarick
Anderson	Eichorn	Jasinski	Limmer	Rasmusson
Bahr	Farnsworth	Johnson	Lucero	Utke
Dahms	Green	Koran	Mathews	Weber
Dornink	Gruenhagen	Kreun	Nelson	Wesenberg
Draheim	Housley	Lang	Pratt	Westrom

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Lang.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	· ·

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dziedzic, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Lieske moved to amend S.F. No. 1955 as follows:

Page 37, after line 19, insert:

- "Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.152, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Limitation on sales.** An individual selling exempt foods under this section is limited to total sales with gross receipts of \$78,000 \$85,000 or less in a calendar year.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.152, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Registration.** An individual who prepares and sells exempt food under subdivision 1 must register annually with the commissioner. The commissioner shall register an individual within 30 days of submitting a complete registration to the commissioner. A registration shall be deemed accepted after 30 days following an individual's complete registration to the commissioner. The

annual registration fee is \$50. An individual with \$5,000 \[
\] \$8,500 or less in annual gross receipts from the sale of exempt food under this section is not required to pay the registration fee. By January 1, 2022, the commissioner shall adjust the gross receipts amount of this fee exemption based on the consumer price index using 2002 as the index year for the \$5,000 gross receipts exemption.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.152, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. **Report to legislature.** No later than January 10, 2025, and every two years thereafter, the commissioner must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over cottage foods, in compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197. The report must include the amounts in subdivisions 3 and 4, a history of when those amounts have changed, and a calculation of what those figures would be if adjusted for inflation by the Consumer Price Index."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 29 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Limmer	Rasmusson
Anderson	Eichorn	Johnson	Lucero	Utke
Bahr	Green	Koran	Mathews	Weber
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Kreun	Nelson	Wesenberg
Dornink	Housley	Lang	Pratt	Westrom
Draheim	Howe	Lieske	Rarick	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Lang.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Rest
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Seeberger
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Westlin
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Wiklund
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Xiong
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Port	C
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Putnam	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dziedzic, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Westrom moved to amend S.F. No. 1955 as follows:

Page 45, delete section 15, and insert:

"Sec. 15. [223.26] GRAIN INDEMNITY OPT OUT.

A producer may opt out of paying the grain indemnity premiums under section 223.25. The commissioner must provide and promote means for a producer to easily opt out of participating in the program at the time of grain sale."

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 31 and nays 34, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Drazkowski	Jasinski	Lucero	Weber
Anderson	Eichorn	Johnson	Mathews	Wesenberg
Bahr	Farnsworth	Koran	Nelson	Westrom
Coleman	Green	Kreun	Pratt	
Dahms	Gruenhagen	Lang	Rarick	
Dornink	Housley	Lieske	Rasmusson	
Draheim	Howe	Limmer	Utke	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Lang.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Boldon	Frentz	Kupec	Mohamed	Putnam
Carlson	Gustafson	Latz	Morrison	Rest
Champion	Hauschild	Mann	Murphy	Seeberger
Cwodzinski	Hawj	Marty	Oumou Verbeten	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Maye Quade	Pappas	Wiklund
Dziedzic	Klein	McEwen	Pha	Xiong
Fateh	Kunesh	Mitchell	Port	Č

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the negative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dziedzic, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

S.F. No. 1955 was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 58 and nays 7, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Fateh	Klein	McEwen	Putnam
Boldon	Frentz	Kreun	Miller	Rarick
Carlson	Green	Kunesh	Mitchell	Rest
Champion	Gruenhagen	Kupec	Mohamed	Seeberger
Coleman	Gustafson	Lang	Morrison	Weber
Cwodzinski	Hauschild	Latz	Murphy	Wesenberg
Dahms	Hawj	Lieske	Nelson	Westlin
Dibble	Hoffman	Limmer	Oumou Verbeten	Westrom
Dornink	Housley	Mann	Pappas	Wiklund
Draheim	Howe	Marty	Pha	Xiong
Dziedzic	Jasinski	Mathews	Port	Č
Farnsworth	Johnson	Mave Ouade	Pratt	

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Kunesh cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senators: Dziedzic, McEwen, Pappas, and Port.

Pursuant to Rule 40, Senator Rasmusson cast the affirmative vote on behalf of the following Senator: Lang.

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson Drazkowski Lucero Utke Bahr Koran Rasmusson

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

RECESS

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Orders of Business of Reports of Committees and Second Reading of Senate Bills.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Murphy moved that the Committee Report at the Desk be now adopted. The motion prevailed.

Senator Marty from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2744: A bill for an act relating to commerce; establishing a biennial budget for Department of Commerce; modifying various provisions governing insurance; regulating virtual currency activities; providing for reports relating to retail sales of intermediate blends of gasoline and biofuel; prohibiting excessive price increases by pharmaceutical manufacturers; establishing a Prescription Drug Affordability Board; establishing a student loan advocate position; regulating money transmitters; making technical changes; establishing penalties; authorizing administrative rulemaking; requiring reports; appropriating money; transferring money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 46.131, subdivision 11; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 62A.152, subdivision 3; 62D.02, by adding a subdivision; 62D.095, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 62K.10, subdivision 4; 62Q.19, subdivision 1; 62Q.46, subdivisions 1, 3; 62Q.47; 62Q.81, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 151.071, subdivisions 1, 2; 239.791, subdivision 8; 256B.0631, subdivision 1; 256L.03, subdivision 5; Laws 2022, chapter 93, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 53B; 58B; 62J; 62Q; 62W; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 53B.01; 53B.02; 53B.03; 53B.04; 53B.05; 53B.06; 53B.07; 53B.08; 53B.09; 53B.10; 53B.11; 53B.12; 53B.13; 53B.14; 53B.15; 53B.16; 53B.17; 53B.18; 53B.19; 53B.20; 53B.21; 53B.22; 53B.23; 53B.24; 53B.25; 53B.26; 53B.27, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 8, delete "<u>33,757,000</u>" and insert "<u>33,899,000</u>" and delete "<u>34,660,000</u>" and insert "34,802,000"

Page 2, line 11, delete "30,876,000" and insert "31,018,000" and delete "31,752,000" and insert "31,894,000"

Page 2, line 27, delete everything after the period and insert "Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year."

Page 2, delete lines 28 and 29

Page 3, line 13, delete "beginning in fiscal year"

Page 3, line 14, delete "2026" and before the period insert "in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter"

Page 3, line 21, delete "The" and insert "This is a onetime appropriation and is"

Page 3, line 22, delete everything before "available"

Page 6, line 3, delete "in fiscal year 2024" and insert "the first year"

Page 6, line 4, delete "in fiscal year 2025" and insert "the second year"

Page 6, line 12, after "base" insert "for this appropriation"

Page 6, line 13, delete "<u>for fiscal year 2026 and beyond</u>" and before the period insert "<u>in fiscal</u> year 2026 and each year thereafter"

Page 7, line 8, delete " $\underline{9,163,000}$ " and insert " $\underline{9,305,000}$ " and delete " $\underline{9,567,000}$ " and insert " $\underline{9,709,000}$ "

Page 7, line 17, delete "These are" and insert "This is a"

Page 7, line 18, delete "appropriations" and insert "appropriation"

Page 8, line 7, before "\$69,000" insert "(a)"

Page 8, line 10, before "\$5,000" insert "(b)"

Page 8, line 15, delete "in fiscal year 2024" and insert "the first year"

Page 29, line 31, delete "and"

Page 29, line 33, delete the period and insert a semicolon

Page 29, after line 33, insert:

"(6) screenings for human immunodeficiency virus for:

- (i) all individuals at least 15 years of age but less than 65 years of age; and
- (ii) all other individuals with increased risk of human immunodeficiency virus infection according to guidance from the Centers for Disease Control;
- (7) all preexposure prophylaxis when used for the prevention or treatment of human immunodeficiency virus, including but not limited to all preexposure prophylaxis, as defined in any guidance by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Centers for Disease Control, including the June 11, 2019, Preexposure Prophylaxis for the Prevention of HIV Infection United States Preventive Services Task Force Recommendation Statement; and
- (8) all postexposure prophylaxis when used for the prevention or treatment of human immunodeficiency virus, including but not limited to all postexposure prophylaxis as defined in any guidance by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Centers for Disease Control."

Page 36, after line 7, insert:

- "(f) Notwithstanding section 62A.65, subdivision 2, a health plan company may discontinue offering a health plan under this subdivision if, three years after the date the plan is initially offered, the plan has fewer than 75 enrollees enrolled in the plan. A health plan company discontinuing a plan under this paragraph must only discontinue the health plan that has fewer than 75 enrollees and:
- (1) provide notice of the plan's discontinuation in writing, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, to each individual enrolled in the plan at least 90 calendar days before the date the coverage is discontinued;
- (2) offer on a guaranteed issue basis to each individual enrolled the option to purchase an individual health plan currently being offered by the health plan company for individuals in that geographic rating area. An enrollee who does not select an option must be automatically enrolled in the individual health plan closest in actuarial value to the enrollee's current plan; and
- (3) act uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor of enrolled individuals or dependents of enrolled individuals who may become eligible for coverage."

Page 36, delete section 34 and insert:

"Sec. 34. [62W.15] CLINICIAN-ADMINISTERED DRUGS.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following definition applies.

- (b) "Clinician-administered drug" means an outpatient prescription drug other than a vaccine that:
- (1) cannot reasonably be self-administered by the enrollee to whom the drug is prescribed or by an individual assisting the enrollee with self-administration; and
 - (2) is typically administered:

- (i) by a health care provider authorized to administer the drug, including when acting under a physician's delegation and supervision; and
 - (ii) in a physician's office, hospital outpatient infusion center, or other clinical setting.
- Subd. 2. Safety and care requirements for clinician-administered drugs. (a) A specialty pharmacy that ships a clinician-administered drug to a health care provider or pharmacy must:
- (1) comply with all federal laws regulating the shipment of drugs, including but not limited to the U.S. Pharmacopeia General Chapter 800;
- (2) in response to questions from a health care provider or pharmacy, provide access to a pharmacist or nurse employed by the specialty pharmacy 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- (3) allow an enrollee and health care provider to request a refill of a clinician-administered drug on behalf of an enrollee, in accordance with the pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier's utilization review procedures; and
- (4) adhere to the track and trace requirements, as defined by the federal Drug Supply Chain Security Act, United States Code, title 21, section 360eee, et seq., for a clinician-administered drug that needs to be compounded or manipulated.
- (b) For any clinician-administered drug dispensed by a specialty pharmacy selected by the pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier, the requesting health care provider or their designee must provide the requested date, approximate time, and place of delivery of a clinician-administered drug at least five business days before the date of delivery. The specialty pharmacy must require a signature upon receipt of the shipment when shipped to a health care provider.
- (c) A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier who requires dispensing of a clinician-administered drug through a specialty pharmacy shall establish and disclose a process which allows the health care provider or pharmacy to appeal and have exceptions to the use of a specialty pharmacy when:
 - (1) a drug is not delivered as specified in paragraph (b); or
- (2) an attending health care provider reasonably believes an enrollee may experience immediate and irreparable harm without the immediate, onetime use of clinician-administered drug that a health care provider or pharmacy has in stock.
- (d) A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier shall not require a specialty pharmacy to dispense a clinician-administered drug directly to an enrollee with the intention that the enrollee will transport the clinician-administered drug to a health care provider for administration.
- (e) A pharmacy benefit manager, health carrier, health care provider, or pharmacist shall not require and may not deny the use of a home infusion or infusion site external to the enrollee's provider office or clinic to dispense or administer a clinician-administered drug when requested by an enrollee and such services are covered by the health plan and are available and clinically appropriate as determined by the health care provider and delivered in accordance with state law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to health plans offered, issued, or renewed on or after that date."

Page 94, after line 3, insert:

"ARTICLE 5

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. FINANCIAL REVIEW OF GRANT AND BUSINESS SUBSIDY RECIPIENTS.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

- (b) "Grant" means a grant or business subsidy funded by an appropriation in this act.
- (c) "Grantee" means a business entity, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 5.001.
- Subd. 2. Financial information required; determination of ability to perform. Before an agency awards a competitive, legislatively named, single source, or sole source grant, the agency must assess the risk that a grantee cannot or would not perform the required duties. In making this assessment, the agency must review the following information:
- (1) the grantee's history of performing duties similar to those required by the grant, whether the size of the grant requires the grantee to perform services at a significantly increased scale, and whether the size of the grant will require significant changes to the operation of the grantee's organization;
- (2) for a grantee that is a nonprofit organization, the grantee's Form 990 or Form 990-EZ filed with the Internal Revenue Service in each of the prior three years. If the grantee has not been in existence long enough or is not required to file Form 990 or Form 990-EZ, the grantee must demonstrate to the grantor's satisfaction that the grantee is exempt and must instead submit the grantee's most recent board-reviewed financial statements and documentation of internal controls;
- (3) for a for-profit business, three years of federal and state tax returns, current financial statements, certification that the business is not under bankruptcy proceedings, and disclosure of any liens on its assets. If a business has not been in business long enough to have three years of tax returns, the grantee must demonstrate to the grantor's satisfaction that the grantee has appropriate internal financial controls;
- (4) evidence of registration and good standing with the secretary of state under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 317A, or other applicable law;
- (5) if the grantee's total annual revenue exceeds \$750,000, the grantee's most recent financial audit performed by an independent third party in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
- (6) certification, provided by the grantee, that none of its principals have been convicted of a financial crime.

- Subd. 3. Additional measures for some grantees. The agency may require additional information and must provide enhanced oversight for grants that have not previously received state or federal grants for similar amounts or similar duties and so have not yet demonstrated the ability to perform the duties required under the grant on the scale required.
- Subd. 4. Assistance from administration. An agency without adequate resources or experience to perform obligations under this section may contract with the commissioner of administration to perform the agency's duties under this section.
- Subd. 5. Agency authority to not award grant. If an agency determines that there is an appreciable risk that a grantee receiving a competitive, single source, or sole source grant cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must notify the grantee and the commissioner of administration and give the grantee an opportunity to respond to the agency's concerns. If the grantee does not satisfy the agency's concerns within 45 days, the agency must not award the grant.
- Subd. 6. Legislatively named grantees. If an agency determines that there is an appreciable risk that a grantee receiving a legislatively named grant cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must notify the grantee, the commissioner of administration, and the chair and ranking minority member of the Ways and Means Committee in the house of representatives, the chair and ranking minority member of the Finance Committee in the senate, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the house of representatives and the senate with primary jurisdiction over the bill in which the money for the grant was appropriated. The agency must give the grantee an opportunity to respond to the agency's concerns. If the grantee does not satisfy the agency's concerns within 45 days, the agency must delay award of the grant until adjournment of the next regular or special legislative session.
- Subd. 7. Subgrants. If a grantee will disburse the money received from the grant to other organizations to perform duties required under the grant agreement, the agency must be a party to agreements between the grantee and a subgrantee. Before entering agreements for subgrants, the agency must perform the financial review required under this section with respect to the subgrantees.
- Subd. 8. Effect. The requirements of this section are in addition to other requirements imposed by law, the commissioner of administration under Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.97 to 16B.98, or agency grant policy."

Amend the title accordingly

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S.F. No. 2744 was read the second time.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senator Duckworth was excused from the Session of today. Senator Jasinski, Johnson, and Pratt were excused from the Session of today from 1:00 to 1:30 p.m. Senator Coleman was excused from

the Session of today from 1:00 to 1:55 p.m. Senator Miller was excused from the Session of today from 1:30 to 2:00 p.m. Senator Farnsworth was excused from the Session of today from 1:45 to 1:55 p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

Senator Murphy moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 12:00 noon, Friday, April 14, 2023. The motion prevailed.

Thomas S. Bottern, Secretary of the Senate