## ARTICLE 5

TEACHERS
161.12 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120A.414, subdivision 2, is amended to read
161.13 Subd. 2. Plan. A school board, including the board of a charter school, may adopt an 161.14 e-learning day plan after consulting meeting and negotiating with the exclusive representative 161.15 of the teachers. A If a charter school's teachers are not represented by an exclusive 161.16 representative, the charter school may adopt an e-learning day plan after consulting with 161.17 its teachers. The plan must include accommodations for students without Internet access at 161.18 home and for digital device access for families without the technology or an insufficient 161.19 amount of technology for the number of children in the household. A school's e-learning 161.20 day plan must provide accessible options for students with disabilities under chapter 125A
70.13

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accommodations for students without Internet access at home and for digital device access
89.13 families without the technology or an insufficient amount of technology for the number
89.14 for students with disabilities under chapter 125A.

## UEH2497-

Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner of education must establish a grant program to support implementation of world's best workforce strategie under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clauses (4) and (6), and collaborative efforts that address opportunity gaps resulting from curricular, environmental, and structural inequities in schools experienced by students, families, and staff who are of color or who are American Indian.

Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
meanings given.
(b) "Antiracist" means actively working to identify and eliminate racism in all forms so
that power and resources are redistributed and shared equitably among racial groups.
(c) "Curricular" means curriculum resources used and content taught as well as access
to levels of coursework or types of learning opportunities.
(d) "Environmental" means relating to the climate and culture of a school.
(e) "Equitable" means fairness by providing curriculum, instruction, support, and othe
0.11 resources for learning based on the needs of individual students and groups of students to
70.12 succeed at school rather than treating all students the same despite the students having

## ARTICLE 4

## TEACHERS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120A.414, subdivision 2, is amended to read
Subd. 2. Plan. A school board may adopt an e-learning day plan after eonsulting meeting
and negotiating with the exclusive representative of the teachers. A charter school may adopt an e-learning day plan after consulting with its teachers, or after meeting and negotiating with the exclusive representative for its teachers. The plan must include
accommodations for students without Internet access at home and for digital device access of children in the household. A school's e-learning day plan must provide accessible option for students with disabilities under chapter 125A.

## Section 1. [120B.113] CLOSING EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GAPS GRANTS

(b) "Antiracist" means actively working to identify and eliminate racism in all forms so
urces for learning based on the needs of individual students and groups of students to
different needs.
(f) "Institutional racism" means policies and practices within and across institutions that
roduce outcomes that chronically favor white people and disadvantage those who are
Black, Indigenous, and People of Color
161.21 Sec. 2. [120B.101] CURRICULUM
161.22 No school district or charter school may discriminate against or discipline a teacher or 161.23 principal on the basis of incorporating into curriculum contributions of persons in a federally 161.24 protected class or state protected class, when the contribution is in alignment with standards 161.25 and benchmarks adopted under sections 120B.021 and 120B.023.
(g) "Opportunity gap" means the inequitable distribution of resources that impacts inequitable opportunities that contribute to or perpetuate learning gaps for certain groups of students
(h) "Structural" means relating to the organization and systems of a school that have been created to manage a school.

Subd. 3. Applications and grant awards. The commissioner must determine application
procedures and deadlines, select districts and charter schools to participate in the grant program, and determine the award amount and payment process of the grants. To the extent that there are sufficient applications, the commissioner must award an approximately equa number of grants between districts in greater Minnesota and those in the Twin Cities metropolitan area. If there are an insufficient number of applications received for either geographic area, then the commissioner may award grants to meet the requests for funds wherever a district is located.

Subd. 4. Description. The grant program must provide funding that supports collaborative efforts that close opportunity gaps by:
(1) ensuring school environments and curriculum validate, affirm, embrace, and integrate cultural and community strengths of students, families, and employees from all racial and ethnic backgrounds; and
(2) addressing institutional racism with equitable school policies, structures, practices (2) addressing institutional racism with equitable school policies, structures, practices,
and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).

Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and
implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse
racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum
The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically
diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement
The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant
recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipient
and potential grant applicants.

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No school district or charter school may discriminate against or discipline a teacher or principal on the basis of incorporating into curriculum contributions of persons in a federally rotected class or state protected class when the included contribution is in alignment with standards and benchmarks adopted under sections 120B.021 and 120B.023.
161.26 Sec. 3. [120B.117] INCREASING PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS OF COLOR 161.27 AND AMERICAN INDIAN TEACHERS IN MINNESOTA.
161.28 Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section sets short-term and long-term attainment goals for 161.29 increasing the percentage of teachers of color and who are American Indian teachers in 161.30 $\frac{\text { increasing the percentage of teachers of color and who are American Indian teachers in }}{\text { Minnesota and for ensuring all students have equitable access to effective and racially and }}$ 161.30 Minnesota and for ensuring all students have equitable access to effective and racially and 162.1 under this section are important for meeting attainment goals for the world's best workforce $162.2 \frac{\text { under this section are important for meeting attainment goals for the world's best workfor }}{\text { under section 120B.11, achievement and integration under section 124D.861, and higher }}$ $162.3 \quad$ education attainment under section 135A.012, all of which have been established to clos 162.4 persistent opportunity and achievement gaps that limit students' success in school and life 162.5 and impede the state's economic growth.

Subd. 2. Equitable access to racially and ethnically diverse teachers. The percentage 162.7 of teachers in $\frac{\text { Mine }}{\text { Minnesota who are of color or who are American Indian should increase at }}$ 162.8 least two percentage points per year to have a teaching workforce that more closely reflects 162.9 the state's increasingly diverse student population and to ensure all students have equitable 162.10 access to effective and diverse teachers by 2040.

Subd. 3. Rights not created. The attainment goal in this section is not to the exclusion 162.12 of any other goals and does not confer a right or create a claim for any person.
162.13

Subd. 4. Reporting. Beginning in 2024 and every even-numbered year thereafter, the 102.14 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must collaborate with the Departmen
162.15 of Education and the Office of Higher Education to publish a summary report of each of
162.17 have or include an explicit purpose of increasing the racial and ethnic diversity of the state's 162.18 teacher workforce to more closely reflect the diversity of students. The report must include 162.19 programs under sections 122A.59, 122A.63, 122A.635, 122A.70, 122A.73, 124D. 09 ,
162.20 124D.861, 136A.1274, 136A.1276, and 136A.1791, along with any other programs o
162.21 initiatives that receive state appropriations to address the shortage of teachers of color and
162.22 American Indian teachers. The board must, in coordination with the Office of Higher
162.23 Education and Department of Education, provide policy and funding recommendations
162.24 related to state-funded programs to increase the recruitment, preparation, licensing, hiring,
162.25 and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and the state's progress toward
162.26 meeting or exceeding the goals of this section. The report must include recommendations
162.27 for state policy and funding needed to achieve the goals of this section, plans for sharing
162.28 the report and activities of grant recipients, and opportunities among grant recipients of
162.29 various programs to share effective practices with each other. The 2024 report must include
162.30 a recommendation of whether a state advisory council should be established to address the
162.31 shortage of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and what the composition and charge
162.32 of such an advisory council would be if established. The board must consult with the Indian
162.33 Affairs Council and other ethnic councils along with other community partners, including
162.34 students of color and American Indian students, in developing the report. By November
162.35 of each odd-numbered year, the board must submit the report to the chairs and ranking

## Sec. 5. [120B.117] INCREASING PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS OF COLOR

## AND AMERIC

Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section sets short-term and long-term attainment goals for increasing the percentage of teachers of color and who are American Indian teachers in Minnesota and for ensuring all students have equitable access to effective and racially and under this section are important for meeting attainment goals for the world's best workforce under section 120B.11, achievement and integration under section 124D.861, and higher education attainment under section 135A.012, all of which have been established to clos persistent opportunity and achievement gaps that limit students' success in school and life and impede the state's economic growth.

Subd. 2. Equitable access to racially and ethnically diverse teachers. The percentage 92.15
state's increasingly diverse student population and to ensure all students have equitable

Subd. 3. Rights not created. The attainment goal in this section is not to the exclusion of any other goals and does not confer a right or create a claim for any person.

Subd. 4. Reporting. Beginning in 2024 and every even-numbered year thereafter, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must collaborate with the Departmen of Education and the Office of Higher Education to publish a summary report of each of the programs they administer and any other programs receiving state appropriations that have or include an explicit purpose of increasing the racial and ethnic diversity of the state's teacher workforce to more closely reflect the diversity of students. The report must include programs under sections 122A.59, 122A.63, 122A.635, 122A.70, 122A.73, 124D.09,
124D.861, 136A.1274, 136A.1276, and 136A.1791, along with any other programs or initiatives that receive state appropriations to address the shortage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers. The board must, in coordination with the Office of Higher Education and Department of Education, provide policy and funding recommendations related to state-funded programs to increase the recruitment, preparation, licensing, hiring, and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and the state's progress toward meeting or exceeding the goals of this section. The report must include recommendations for state policy and funding needed to achieve the goals of this section, plans for sharing the report and activities of grant recipients, and opportunities among grant recipients of various programs to share effective practices with each other. The 2024 report must include a recommendation of whether a state advisory council should be established to address the shortage of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and what the composition and charge of such an advisory council would be if established. The board must consult with the Indian Affairs Council and other ethnic councils along with other community partners, including students of color and American Indian students, in developing the report. By November 3 of each odd-numbered year, the board must submit the report to the chairs and ranking
minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over education and highe education policy and finance. The report must be available to the public on the board's website.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 4. [122A.04] LICENSE REQUIRED.

Pursuant to section 120A.22, subdivision 10, a teacher must hold a field license or permission aligned to the content area and scope of the teacher's assignment to provide instruction in a public school, including a charter school.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purpose of sections 122A. 05 122A. 04 to 122A.093, and 122A. 15 to 122A.33, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them, unles another meaning is clearly indicated
163.13 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
163.14 Subd. 2. Teacher. "Teacher" means a classroom teacher or other similar professional
163.15 employee required by law to hold a license from the Professional Educator Licensing and
63.16 Standards Board.
163.17 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
163.18 Subd. 5. Field. A "field," "licensure area," or "subject area" means the content area in
163.19 which a teacher may become licensed to teach.
163.20 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 6 , is amended to read:

### 163.21 Subd. 6. Shortage area. "Shortage area" means:

163.22 (1) licensure fields and economic development regions reported by the missioner
163.23 efedueation Office of Higher Education or the Professional Educator Licensing and
163.24 Standards Board as experiencing a teacher shortage; and
163.25 (2) economic development regions where there is a shortage of licensed teachers whe
163.26 refleet the racial or ethnic diversity of students in the region. the aggregate percentage of
163.26 refleet the racial or ethnic diversity of students in the region. the aggregate percentage of
163.27 Indigenous teachers and teachers of color in the region is lower than the aggregate percentage
${ }_{1}$ 163.27 Indigenous teachers and teachers of color in the region is lower than the aggregate percenta
163.28 of kindergarten through grade 12 Indigenous students and students of color in that region.
164.1 Only individuals
164.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
164.4 Subd. 7. Teacher preparation program. "Teacher preparation program" means a
164.5 program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for the
164.5 program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for the

## minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over education and highe

 education policy and finance. The report must be available to the public on the board's .13 website.preparation programs inelude traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions, 164.8 alternative teacher preparation programs, and noneonventional teacher preparation programs.
164.9 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
164.10 Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program
164.11 provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and
164.12 delivering a teacher preparation program. Teacher preparation program providers include
164.13 institutes of higher education, school districts, charter schools, or nonprofit corporations
164.14 organized under chapter 317A.
164.15 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision 164.16 to read:
164.17 Subd. 9. District. "District" means a school district or charter school.
164.18 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision 164.19 to read:
$164.20 \quad$ Subd. 10. Transfer pathway. "Transfer pathway" means an established pathway to 164.21 licensure between a two-year college or Tribal college, and a board-approved teacher
164.22 preparation provider.
164.23 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
164.24 Subd. 4. Licensing and approval. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
164.25 Board must license teachers, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 1, except for
164.26 supervisory personnel, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2. The board must not
164.27 delegate its authority to make all licensing decisions with respect to eandidates applicants
164.28 for teacher licensure. The board must evaluate eandidates applicants for compliance with 164.29 statutory or rule requirements for licensure and develop licensure verification requirements.
165.1 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must approve teacher
165.2 preparation providers seeking to prepare applicants for teacher licensure in Minnesota.
165.3 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
165.4 Subd. 6. Register of persons licensed. The exeentive direetor of the Professional
165.5 Educator Licensing and Standards Board must keep a record of the proceedings of and a 165.6 register of all persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. The register must 165.7 show the name, address, licenses and permissions held, including renewals, and license 165.8 number and the renewal of the lieense. The board must on July 1 , of each year or as soen
165.9 thereafter as is practieable, compile a list of stuch duly licensed teachers. A copy of the
165.10 register This list must be available during business hours at the office of the board to any
165.11 interested person on the board's website.

## Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

## Subd. 9. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules. (a)

165.14 The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules subject to the 165.15 provisions of chapter 14 to implement sections 120B.363, 122A. 05 to $122 \mathrm{~A} .09,122 \mathrm{~A} .092$, 165.16 122A.16, 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.181, 122A.182, 122A.183, 122A.184, 122A.185, 165.17 122A.16, 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.181, 122A.182, 122A. 183 , 122A. 184, 122A. 185 , 165.18 122A.29, and 124D. 72
165.19
(b) The board must adopt rules relating to fields of licensure and grade levels that a
165.20 licensed teacher may teach, including a process for granting permission to a licensed teacher 165.21 to teach in a field that is different from the teacher's field of licensure without change to the 165.22 teacher's license tier level.
165.23
(c) The board must adopt rules relating to the grade levels that a licensed teacher may 165.24 each
165.25
(d) (c) If a rule adopted by the board is in conflict with a session law or statute, the law 165.26 or statute prevails. Terms adopted in rule must be clearly defined and must not be construed 165.27 to conflict with terms adopted in statute or session law.
165.28 (e) (d) The board must include a description of a proposed rule's probable effect on 165.29 teacher supply and demand in the board's statement of need and reasonableness under section 165.30 14.131.
$165.31 \quad(f)(\mathrm{e})$ The board must adopt rules only under the specific statutory authority.
166.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
166.2 Subd. 10. Permissions. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 9 and sections 14.055 and
166.3 14.056, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may grant waivers to its 166.4 rules upon application by a school district or a charter school for purposes of implementing 166.5 experimental programs in learning or management.
166.6 (b) To enable a school district or a charter school to meet the needs of students enrolled 166.7 in an alternative education program and to enable licensed teachers instructing those students 166.8 to satisfy content area licensure requirements, the Professional Educator Licensing and
166.9 Standards Board anntally may permit a licensed teacher teaching in an alternative education 166.10 program to instruct students in a content area for which the teacher is not licensed, consistent 166.11 with paragraph (a).
166.12 (c) A special education license permission issued by the Professional Educator Licensing 166.13 and Standards Board for a primary employer's low-incidence region is valid in all 166.14 low-incidence regions.
166.15 (d) A candidate An applicant that has obtained career and technical education certification 166.16 may apply for a Tier 1 license under section 122A.181. Consistent with section 136F.361,
166.17 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must strongly encourage approved
166.18 eollege or university-based teacher preparation programs throughout Minnesota to develop 166.19 alternative pathways for certifying and licensing high school career and technical education 166.20 instructors and teachers, allowing such candidates applicants to meet certification and 166.21 licensure standards that demonstrate their content knowledge, classroom experience, and 166.22 pedagogical practices and their qualifications based on a combination of occupational testing,
166.23 professional certification or licensure, and long-standing work experience 166.23 professional certification or licensure, and long-standing work experience.
166.24 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.091, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
166.25 Subdivision 1. Teacher and administrator preparation and performance data; 166.26 report. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Board of 166.27 School Administrators, in cooperation with bard-approved teacher or 166.28 administrator preparation programs, annually must collect and report summary data on 166.29 teacher and administrator preparation and performance outcomes, consistent with this 166.30 subdivision. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Board of 166.31 School Administrators annually by June July 1 must update and post the reported summary 166.32 preparation and performance data on teachers and administrators from the preceding schoo 166.33 years on a website hosted jointly by the boards their respective websites.
167.1
(b) Publicly reported summary data on teacher preparation programs providers mus 167.2 include:
167.3 (1) student entrance requirements for each Professional Edurator Licensing and Standards 167.4 Board-approved program, including grade point average for enrolling students in the 167.5 preceding year,
167.6 (2) the average board-adopted skills examination or ACT or SAT scores of students 167.7 entering the program in the preceding year;
167.8 (3) (1) summary data on faculy teacher educator qualifications, ineluding at least the 167.9 eontent areas of faeulty undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience 167.10 either as kindergarten birth through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators;
167.11 (4) the average time resident and nenresident program graduates in the preceding year 167.12 needed to complete the program;
167.13 (2) the current number and percentage of enrolled candidates who entered the program 167.14 through a transfer pathway disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not 167.15 yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable information about 167.16 an individual
167.17 (5) (3) the current number and percentage of students program completers by program 167.18 who graduated, received a standard Minnesota teaching license, and Tier 3 or Tier 4 licens 167.19 disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield statistically reliable 167.20 results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual;
167.21 (4) the current number and percentage of program completers who entered the progra 167.22 through a transfer pathway and received a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license disaggregated by race
167.23 except when disaggregation would not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal 167.24 personally identifiable information about an individual;
167.25 (5) the current number and percentage of program completers who were hired to teach 167.26 full time in their licensure field in a Minnesota district or school in the preceding year 167.27 disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield statistically reliab 167.28 results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual;
167.29 (6) the number of content area credits and other credits by undergraduate program tha
167.30 students in the preceding sechool year needed to complete to graduate the current number
167.31 and percentage of program completers who entered the program through a transfer pathway
167.32 and who were hired to teach full time in their licensure field in a Minnesota district or school
167.33 in the preceding year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield
168.1 statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an
168.2 individual;
168.3 168.4 each program and licenstre area in the preceding sehool year;
(7) students' pass rates on skills and subject matter exams required for graduation in
168.5 (8) (7) board-adopted survey results measuring student and graduate satisfaction with 168.6 the program initial licensure program quality and structure in the preceding school year 168.7 disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield statistically reliable 168.8 results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual;
$168.9 \quad(9)$ a standard measure of the satisfaction of (8) board-adopted survey results from schoo 168.10 principals or supervising teachers with the student teachers assigned to a school or supervising 168.11 teacher supervisors on initial licensure program quality and structure; and
168.12 (10) information under subdivision 3 , paragraphs (a) and (b) (9) the number and
168.13 percentage of program completers who met or exceeded the state threshold score on the
168.14 board-adopted teacher performance assessment.
168.15 Program reporting must be consistent with subdivision 2,
168.16 (c) Publicly reported summary data on administrator preparation programs approved by 168.17 the Board of School Administrators must include:
168.18 (1) summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty 168.19 undergraduate and graduate degrees and the years of experience either as kindergarten 168.20 through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators;
168.21 (2) the average time program graduates in the preceding year needed to complete the 168.22 program;
168.23 (3) the current number and percentage of students who graduated, received a standard
168.24 Minnesota administrator license, and were employed as an administrator in a Minnesota
168.25 school district or school in the preceding year disaggregated by race, except when
168.28 (4) the number of credits by graduate program that students in the preceding school year 168.29 needed to complete to graduate;
168.30 (5) survey results measuring student, graduate, and employer satisfaction with the 168.31 program in the preceding school year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation 169.1 would not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable
169.2 information about an individual; and
169.3 (6) information under subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (d).
169.4 Program reporting must be consistent with section 122A.14, subdivision 10.
169.5 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
169.6 Subd. 2. Teacher preparation program reporting. (a) By December 31, 2018, and 169.7 annually thereafter, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall report 169.8 and publish on its website the cumulative summary results of at least three consecutive 169.9 years of data reported to the board under subdivision 1, paragraph (b). Where the data are 169.10 sufficient to yield statistically reliable information and the results would not reveal personally 169.11 identifiable information about an individual teacher, the board shall report the data by teacher 169.12 preparation program.
169.13 (b) The Professional Edueator Lieensing and Standards Board must report annually to 169.14 the chairs and rank ing minority members of the legistative committees with jurisdiction 169.15 ever kindergarten through grade 12 edueation, the following information:
169.16 (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the mest recent school year taking a 169.17 beard-adopted skills examination;
169.18 (2) the number who achieve a qualifying seore on the examination;
169.19 (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying seore on the examination; and
169.20 (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam.
169.21 The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race 169.22 ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. The repert must be stubmitted in accordanee with 169.23 section 3.195
169.24 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
169.25 Subdivision 1. Teachers. The term "teachers" for the purpose of licensure, means all 169.26 persons employed in a public school or education district or by a service cooperative as 169.27 members of the instructional, supervisory, and support staff including superintendents, 169.28 principals, supervisors, secondary vocational and other classroom teachers, librarians, school 169.29 counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audio-visual directors

# Subdivision 1. Authority to license. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and 

 5 Standards Board must issue the following teacher licenses to applicants who 170.6 meet the qualifications prescribed by this chapter:170.7 (1) Tier 1 license under section 122A.181;
170.8 (2) Tier 2 license under section 122A.182;
170.9 (3) Tier 3 license under section 122A.183; and
170.10 (4) Tier 4 license under section 122A. 184.
170.11 (b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as defined 170.12 in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.
170.13 (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Department of 170.14 Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share:
170.15 (1) educational data at the E-12 level for the limited purpose of program approval and 170.16 improvement for teacher education programs. The program approval process must include 170.17 targeted redesign of teacher preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas 170.18 of concern; and
170.19 (2) data in the staff automated reporting system for the limited purpose of managing and 170.20 processing funding to school districts and other entities.
170.21 (d) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter
170.22 into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited
170.23 purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. The
170.24 program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration
170.25 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
170.26 (e) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (c) and (d), the
170.27 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, Board of School Administrators,
170.28 and Department of Education may share private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision
170.29 12, on teachers and school administrators. The data sharing agreements must not include
170.30 educational data, as defined in section 13.32 , subdivision 1, but may include summary data,
170.31 as defined in section 13.02 , subdivision 19, derived from educational data.
171.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read;
171.2 Subd. 2. Support personnel qualifications. The Professional Educator Licensing and
171.3 Standards Board must issue licenses and credentials under its jurisdiction to persons the
board finds to be qualified and competent for support personnel positions in accordance 171.5 with section 120B. 36 120B. 363 .
171.6 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.18, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
171.7 Subd. 10. Licensure via portfolio. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
171.8 Board must adopt rules establishing a process for an eligible eandidate applicant to obtain
171.9 any tacher an initial Tier 3 license under subdivision 1 , or to add a licensure field, to a Tier
171.103 or Tier 4 license via portfolio. The portfolio licensure application process must be consistent
171.11 with the requirements in this subdivision.
171.12 (b) A candidate An applicant for a an initial Tier 3 license via portfolio must submit to
171.13 the board one portfolio demonstrating pedagogical competence and one portfolio
171.14 demonstrating content competence.
171.15 (c) A candidate An applicant seeking to add a licensure field via portfolio must submit
171.16 to the board one portfolio demonstrating content competence for each licensure field the
171.17 candidate seeks to add.
171.18 (d) The board must notify candidate an applicant who submits a portfolio under
171.19 paragraph (b) or (c) within 90 calendar days after the portfolio is received whether or not
171.20 the portfolio is approved. If the portfolio is not approved, the board must immediately inform
171.21 the eandidate applicant how to revise the portfolio to successfully demonstrate the requisite
171.22 competence. The candidate applicant may resubmit a revised portfolio at any time and the
171.23 board must approve or disapprove the revised portfolio within 60 calendar days of receiving
171.24 it.
171.25 (e) A eadidate An applicant must pay a fee for a portfolio in accordance with section
171.26 122A.21, subdivision 4.
171.27 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.18, is amended by adding a subdivision
171.28 to read:
$171.29 \quad$ Subd. 11. Staff Automated Reporting. The Professional Educator Licensing and
171.30 Standards Board shall collect data on educators' employment and assignments from all
171.31 school districts and charter schools. The report may include data on educators' demographics
171.32 and licensure
172.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
172.2 Subdivision 1. Application requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and
172.3 Standards Board must approve a request from a district or charter sehool to isste a Tier 1
172.4 lieense in a specified content area to candidate an application for a Tier 1 license in a
172.5 specified content area if:
172.6
(1) the application has been submitted jointly by the applicant and the district

## (2) the application has been paid for by the district or the applicant;

$(H)(3)$ the endidate applicant meets the professional requirement in subdivision $2 ;$
(2) (4) the district or charter school affirms that the eandidate applicant has the necessary .10 skills and knowledge to teach in the specified content area; and
172.11 (3)(5) the district or charter school demonstrates that:
172.12
(i) a criminal background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, has been completed
172.13 on the candidate applicant; and
172.14 (iii) (6) the district or charter school has posted the teacher position but was unable to
172.15 hire an acceptable teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license for the position.
172.16 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
172.17 Subd. 2. Professional requirements. (a) A candidate An applicant for a Tier 1 license
172.18 must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or course outside a career and technical
172.19 education or career pathways course of study.
172.20 (b) A candidate An applicant for a Tier 1 license must have one of the following
172.21 credentials in a relevant content area to teach a class in a career and technical education or
172.22 career pathways course of study:
172.23 (1) an associate's degree;
172.24 (2) a professional certification; or
172.25 (3) five years of relevant work experience.
172.26 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, is amended by adding a subdivision
172.27 to read:
172.28 Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a
172.28 Tier $\frac{\text { Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a }}{1 \text { license are exempt from the requirement to hold a }}$ a ${ }^{\text {bachelor's degree in subdivision }}$
$172.30 \xrightarrow{\text { Tit }}$
173.1 (1) an applicant for a Tier 1 license to teach career and technical education or caree
173.2 pathways courses of study if the applicant has:
173.3 (i) an associate's degree;
173.4 (ii) a professional certification; or
173.5 (iii) five years of relevant work experience
173.6 (2) an applicant for a Tier 1 license to teach world languages and culture pursuant to
173.7 Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950 , if the applicant is a native speaker of the language; and
(3) an applicant for a Tier 1 license in the performing or visual arts pursuant to Minneso 173.9 Rules, parts 8710.4300 , dance and theatre; 8710.4310 , dance; 8710.4320 , theatre; 8710.4650 173.10 vocal music and instrumental music; and 8710.4900 , visual arts, if the applicant has at leas 173.11 five years of relevant work experience.
173.12
(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regarding
173.13 b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regarding
$\square$
173.14 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
173.15 Subd. 3. Term of license and renewal. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and
173.16 Standards Board must issue an initial Tier 1 license for a term of one year. A Tier 1 license
173.17 may be renewed subject to paragraphs (b) and (c). The board may submit written comment
173.18 to the district or charter school that requested the renewal regarding the candidate.
173.19
ressional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must renew a Tier 1
173.20 license if:
173.21 (1) the district or charter school requesting the renewal demonstrates that it has posted 173.22 the teacher position but was unable to hire an acceptable teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license 173.23 for the position;
173.24 (2) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license took a content examination in accordance with 173.25 section 122A. 185 and submitted the examination results to the teacher's employing district 173.26 or charter school within one year of the board approving the request for the initial Tier
173.27 license;
173.28 (3) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license participated in cultural competency training
173.29 consistent with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (q), within one year of the board 173.30 approving the request for the initial Tier 1 license; and
174.1
(4) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license met the mental illness training renewal 174.2 requirement under section 122A.187, subdivision 6
174.3 The requirement in clause (2) does not apply to a teacher that teaches a class in a career and 174.4 technical education or career pathways course of study.
174.5 (c) A Tier 1 license must not be renewed more than three times, unless the requesting 174.6 district or charter school can show good cause for additional renewals. A Tier 1 license 174.7 issued to teach (1) a class or course in a career and technical education or career pathway 174.8 course of study or (2) in a shortage area, as defined in section 122A.06, subdivision 6, may 174.9 be renewed without limitation.
174.10 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
174.11 Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must 174.12 accept and review applications for a Tier 1 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school 174.13 year for which the license is requested and must issue or deny the Tier 1 teaching license
174.14 within 30 days of receiving the completed application; at the board's discretion, the board 174.15 may begin to accept and review applications before July 1.

### 174.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

174.17 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
174.18 Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 1 license is limited to the content matter 174.19 indicated on the application for the initial Tier 1 license under subdivision 1, clause (2), and 174.20 limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 1 license.
174.21 (b) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for 174.22 purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
174.23 (e) A Tier 1 lieense does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher under 174.24 section 179八.03, sublivision 18.
174.25 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
174.26 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
174.27 Board must approve a request from a district or charter school to issue an application for a 174.28 Tier 2 license in a specified content area to a candidate if:
174.29 (1) the candidate meets the edueational or professional requirements in paragraph (b) 174.30 or (e);
175.1
(2) the candidate:
175.2 (i) has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2
175.3 (ii) is enrolled in a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program; or
(iii) has a master's degree in the specified content area; and
(3) the district or chatter sehool demonstrates that a eriminal background cheek under section 122A.18, subdivision 8 , has been completed on the candidate.
(b) 1 candidate for a Tier 2 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class outside a career and technieal edueation or career pathways course of study.
(c) $\Lambda$ candidate for a Tier 2 license must have one of the following credentials in a
$\begin{array}{ll}175.9 & \text { (c) } \Lambda \text { candidate for a Tier } 2 \text { license must have one of the following credentials in a } \\ 175.10 \text { relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or caree }\end{array}$ 175.10 relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or caree 175.11 pathways course of study:
175.12 (1) an associate's degree;
175.13 (2) a professional certification; of
175.14 (3) five years of relevant work experience.

Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 1 license is limited to the content matte 94.22 indicated on the application for the initial Tier 1 license under subdivision 1, clause (2), an 94.23 limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 1 license.
(b) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
(e) 1 Tier 1 lieense does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher under (eation 179 A .03 , sublivision 18
(2) the application has been paid for by the district or the applicant;
175.16
175.17 (3) the applicant holds a bachelor's degree, unless specifically exempt by statute or rule;
175.18 (4) the district demonstrates that a criminal background check under section 122A.18,
175.19 subdivision 8 , has been completed for the applicant; and
175.20 (5) the applicant:
175.21 (i) has completed a state-approved teacher preparation program;
175.22 (ii) is enrolled in a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program; or
175.23 (iii) has a master's degree in the specified content area.
175.24 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, is amended by adding a subdivision
175.25 to read:
175.26 Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a 175.27 Tier 2 license are exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision
175.28 1:
176.1

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176.3
$176.4 \quad \frac{\text { (i) an associate's degree; }}{\text { (ii) a profession cetif }}$
176.4 (ii) a professional certification; or
176.5 (iii) five years of relevant work experience;
(2) an applicant for a Tier 2 license to teach world languages and culture pursuant to

Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950 , when the applicant is a native speaker of the language
176.8 and
176.9
176.9
(3) an applicant for a Tier 2 license in the performing or visual arts pursuant to Minnesot 176.10 Rules, parts 8710.4300 , dance and theatre; 8710.4310 , dance; 8710.4320 , theatre; 8710.4650 , 176.11 vocal music and instrumental music; and 8710.4900 , visual arts, when the applicant has at 176.12 least five years of relevant work experience.
176.13 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regarding
176.14 the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a
176.15 bachelor's degree in subdivision 1.
176.16 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, is amended by adding a subdivision
176.17 to read:
176.18 Subd. 2b. Temporary eligibility for renewal. For the 2023-2024, 2024-2025, and
176.19 2025-2026 school years only, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
176.20 must approve an application to renew a Tier 2 license for an applicant that met the Tier 2 176.21 requirements in effect at the time the first Tier 2 license was issued. Nothing in this 176.22 subdivision modifies the renewal requirements in subdivision 3.
176.23 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
176.24 Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board mus 176.25 accept applications for a Tier 2 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school year for 176.26 which the license is requested and must isste or deny the Tier 2 teaching license within 30
176.27 days of receiving the completed application. At the board's discretion, the board may begin
176.28 to accept and review applications before July 1.
176.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standard 177.3 Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate an applicant who provides information 177.4 sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraphs (b) 177.6 and (c);
(2) (1) the eandidate applicant has obtained a passing score on the required licensure exams under section 122A.185;
177.9 (2) the applicant holds a bachelor's degree, unless specifically exempt by statute or rule; 177.10 and
177.11 (3) the eandidate applicant has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
177.12 (b) $\Lambda$ candidate for a Tier 3 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or 177.13 eourse outside a career and technical edueation or career pathways course of study.
177.14 (e) 1 candidate for a Tier 3 license must have one of the following credentiats in a 177.15 relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technieal education or eareer 177.16 pathways course of study:
177.17 (1) an associate's degree;
177.18 (2) a professional certification; or
177.19 (3) five years of relevant work experience.
177.20 In consultation with the governor's. Workforee Development Board established under section 177.21 116L. 665 , the board must establish a list of qualifying eertifieations, and may add additional

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 1, is amended to read
Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraphs (b) and (c);
(2) the candidate has obtained a passing score on the required licensure exams under section 122A.185; and
(3) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2
(b) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or course outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study,
(c) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have one of the following credentials in a relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or career pathways course of study:
(1) an associate's degree;
(2) a professional certification; or
(3) five years of relevant work experience.

In consultation with the governor's Workforce Development Board established under section 16L.665, the board must establish a list of qualifying certifications, and may add additional professional certifications in consultation with school administrators, teachers, and other stakeholders.

## professional certifieations in consultation with sehool administrators, teachers, and othe

 177.23 stakeholders.177.24 (b) The board must issue a Tier 3 license to an applicant who has completed student 177.25 teaching comparable to the student teaching expectations in Minnesota, and has completed 17.25 teaching comparable to the student teaching expectations in Minnesota, and has completed 17.27 in the United States, such as Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges 177.27 in the United States, such as Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleg
and Universities, or Hispanic-Serving Institutions, including those in Puerto Rico; or a $17.28 \xrightarrow{\text { and Universities, or Hispanic-Serving Institutions, including those in Puerto Rico; or a }}$ university teacher preparation program in another country, and has taught at least two years. 177.30 An applicant who qualifies for a Tier 3 license under this paragraph is not required to obtain 177.31 a passing score on licensure exams under section 122A.185.
178.1 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Coursework. A candidate An applicant for a Tier 3 license must meet the coursework requirement by demonstrating one of the following:
(1) completion of a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program;
(2) completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program that includes field-specific student teaching equivalent to field-specific student teaching in Minnesota-approved teacher student teaching equivalent to field-specific student teaching in Minnesota-approved teach eandidate an applicant that has two years of field-specific teaching experience;
(3) submission of a content-specific licensure portfolio; or
178.10 (4) a professional teaching license from another state, evidence that the eandidate's 178.11 applicant's license is in good standing, and two years of field-specific teaching experience; 178.12 өr.
178.13 (5) three years of teaching experienee under a Tier 2 lieense and evidence of summative
178.14 teacher evaluations that did not restlt in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an
178.15 improvement process purstuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8 , or section 122A.41,
178.16 subdivision 5.
(d) The board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information ufficient to demonstrate the following, regardless of whether the candidate meets other equirements in this section:
(1) the candidate has completed a teacher preparation program from a culturally specific inority Serving Institution in the United States, such as Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, or Hispanic-Serving Institutions, including those in Puerto Rico; or
(2) the candidate has completed a university teacher preparation program in another 3 country and has taught at least two years.

The candidate must have completed student teaching comparable to the student teaching expectations in Minnesota.
178.17 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, is amended by adding a subdivision 178.18 to read:
178.19 Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a 178.20 Tier 3 license are exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 178.21 1:
178.22 (1) an applicant for a Tier 3 license to teach career and technical education or career
178.23 pathways courses of study when the applicant has:
$178.24 \quad$ (i) an associate's degree;
178.25 (ii) a professional certification; or
178.26 (iii) five years of relevant work experience;
178.27 (2) an applicant for a Tier 3 license to teach world languages and culture pursuant to 178.28 Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, when the applicant is a native speaker of the language;
178.29 and
178.30
(3) an applicant for a Tier 3 license in the performing or visual arts pursuant to Minnesot
178.31 Rules, parts 8710.4300 , dance and theatre; 8710.4310 , dance; 8710.4320 , theatre; 8710.4650 ,
179.1 vocal music and instrumental music; and 8710.4900 , visual arts, when the applicant has at
179.2 least five years of relevant work experience.
179.3 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regardin 179.4 the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a 179.5 bachelor's degree in subdivision 1.
179.6 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, is amended by adding a subdivision 179.7 to read:
179.8 Subd. 2b. Temporary eligibility. A candidate for a Tier 3 license may meet the
179.9 coursework requirement under subdivision 2 if the candidate demonstrates three years of
179.10 teaching experience under a Tier 2 license and evidence of summative teacher evaluations
179.11 that did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an improvement proce
179.12
179.13
179.13 subdivision expires on December 31, 2026.
179.14 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.184, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
179.15 Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
179.16 Board must issue a Tier 4 license to andidate an applicant who provides information
179.17 sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
179.18 (1) the candidate applicant meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 179.19 122A.183, and has completed a teacher preparation program under section 122A. 183
179.20 subdivision 2, clause (1) or (2);

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.184, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
18 Board must issue a Tier 4 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
(1) the candidate meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183, 72.21 and has completed a teacher preparation program under section 122A.183, subdivision 2, 72.22 clause (1) or (2);
(2) the eandidate applicant has at least three years of field-specific teaching experience 179.22 in Minnesota as a teacher of record;
179.23 (3) the eandidate applicant has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams 179.24 under section 122A.185; and
179.25 (4) the eandidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing 179.26 or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process purstant to section 122A.40, 179.27 subdivision 8 , or 122 A. 41 , subdivision 5 .
179.28
(4) if the applicant previously held a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183, the applicant

$$
179.29 \text { has completed the renewal requirements in section 122A. } 187 .
$$

180.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Edtreator Lieensing and Standards Board
mest adopt rules requiving a candidate to demenstrate a passing seore on a board-adopted

$$
\text { examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematies before being granted a Tier } 4
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { teaching lieense under section } 122 \mathrm{~A} .184 \text { to provide direet instruction to pupils in elementary, } \\
& \text { on } \\
& \text { sen }
\end{aligned}
$$

secondary, or special edueation programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier
3 lieense to provide diree instruetion to pupils in elementary, secendary, or special edueation

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { programs if eandidates meet the other requirements in seetion 122A.181, 122 } 1.182 \text {, of } \\
& \text { 122 } 1.183 \text {, respectively. }
\end{aligned}
$$

122A.183, respectively.
(b) (a) The board must adopt rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3 and Tier 4 180.11 licenses to pass an examination or performance assessment of general pedagogical knowledge 180.12 and examinations of licensure field specific content. An applicant is exempt from the 180.13 examination requirements if the applicant completed:
180.13 examination requirements if the applicant completed:
(1) a board-approved teacher preparation program;
180.15 (2) licensure via portfolio pursuant to section 122A.18, subdivision 10 , and the portfolio 180.16 has been approved; or
180.17 (3) a state-approved teacher preparation program in another state and passed licensure 180.18 examinations in that state, if applicable. The content examination requirement does not 180.19 apply if no relevant content exam exists.
(2) the candidate has at least three years of teaching experience in Minnesota or another state;
(3) the candidate has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185; and
(4) the candidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing 28 or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, 29 subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Edueator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing seore on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4 reaching lieense under section 122A. 84 to provide direet instiuetion to pupiss in elementary, seeondary, or special edtueation programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 lieense to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or specialeduration programs if eandidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122 A.182, or
122A.183, respectively. 122 A. 183 , respectively.
(b) (a) The board must adopt and revise rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure field specific content- if the applicant has not completed board-approved preparation program assuring that candidates from the program recommended for licensure meet content and pedagogy licensure standards in Minnesota. Candidates who have satisfactorily completed board-approved programs in Minnesota with required coursework and clinical field experiences that include learning opportunities and assessments aligned to content and pedagogy licensure standards are not additionally required to pas content and pedagogy exams for Tier 3 licensure. Applicants who have satisfactorily completed a preparation program in another state and passed licensure examinations in tha state are not additionally required to pass similar examinations required in Minnesota. The content examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.
seientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge 180.23 and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading 180.24 cemprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that 180.25 knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision 180.264.
180.27 (d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematies skills 180.28 examination does not apply to nommative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesot 180.29 sehooldistrict persomelor Minmesota higher education faetlly, who, after meeting the 180.30 eentent and pedagong requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching lieense to 180.31 provide direet instruetion in their native language or world langutage instituetion under section 180.32 120B.022, subdivision 1 .
181.1 (b) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed conten 181.2 and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration 181.3 website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities 181.4 to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal 181.5 grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free, 181.6 comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy
181.7 exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in
181.8 language immersion programs; and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by
181.9 test objective to assist applicants who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for
181.10 improvement. Any applicant who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must
181.11 be allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged
181.12 an additional fee
180.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Edueator Lieensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demenstrate a passing seore on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematies before being granted a Tier 4 teaching license under section 122A. 184 to provide direet instruction to pupits in elementary, seendary, or special eduration programs. Candidates mabtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 lieense to provide diree instruetion to pupils in elementary, seeondary, or special edueation programs if eandidates mee the other requirements in seetion 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively.
(b) (a) The board must adopt rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3 and Tier 4 180.11 licenses to pass an examination or performance assessment of general pedagogical knowledge 180.11 licenses to pass an examination or performance assessment of general pedagogicat the
180.12 and examinations of licensure field specific content. An applicant is exempt from the
180.13 examination requirements if the applicant completed:
board-approved preparation program in Minnesota. The test items must assess the candidates knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction
under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of
reading development, development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision 4
(d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematies skills examination does not apply to nommative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota sehool district persomnel or Minnesota higher eduration faculty, who, after meeting the eontent and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching lieense to provide direet instruetion in their native language or world language instruetion under section 120B.022, subdivision 1 .
(c) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed conten and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free, comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in anguage immersion programs, and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by est objective to assist candidates who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for mprovement. Any candidate who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must e allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged an additional fee.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read
Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Edueator Lieensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a eandidate to demenstrate a passing seore on a board-adopte examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematies before being granted a Tier 4 teaching lieense under section 122 1.184 to provide direet instruction to pupils in elementary, seeondary, or special edueation programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license to provide direet instrution to pupils in elementary, seeondary, or special eduration programs in eandidates meer the other requirrements in seetion 122A.181, 122A.182, of 122A.183, respeetively.
(b) (a) The board must adopt and revise rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination or assessment of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations or assessments of licensure field specific content. An applicant is exempt from the examination requirements if: (1) the applicant completed a board-approved teache preparation program; or (2) the applicant completed a state-approved teacher preparation

## program in another state and passed licensure examinations in that state. The content

## examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.

(c) Candidates (b) Applicants for initial Fier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary 95.15 students must pass test items assessing the eandidates' applicants' knowledge, skill, and 95.16 subdivision 4, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, 95.17 development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the 95.18 ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section

## 122A.06, subdivision 4.

(d) The requirement to pass a beard-adopted reading, writing, and mathematies skills .21 examination does not apply to nennative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota 95.22 sehooldistrict persomel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the 95.23 eentent and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching lieense to 95.24 provide direet instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 95.25 120B.022, subdivision 1.
1.18 The teacher preparation programs must make available assistance in the specific academie 181.19 areas of candidates' deficiency.
181.20 (b) School districts may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely 181.21 remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed
181.22 by the district who empleted their teacher edreation program, whe did not achieve a
181.23 qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, and who received a Tier 1, Tier 2,
181.24 or Tier 3 license under section 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively, to teach in
181.25 Minnesota.
181.26 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.187, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
181.27 Subdivision 1. License form requirements. Each license issued under this chapter must
181.28 bear the date of issue and the name of the state-approved teacher training provider or
181.29 alternative teaching program, as applicable. Licenses must expire and be renewed according
181.30 to rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the Board
181.31 of School Administrators. The rules adopted by the Professional Edueator Licensing and
181.32 Standards Board for renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license under sections $122 \Lambda .183$ and
181.33122 A.184, respectively, must inelude showing satisfactory evidenee of sureessful teaching
182.1 or administrative experienee for at least one sehool year during the period covered by the
182.2 tieense in grades or subiects for which the lieense is valid or completing such additional
182.3 ar an
182.4 Standards Board preseribes. The Board of School Administrators shall establish requirements
182.5 for renewing the licenses of supervisory personnel except athletic coaches. The Professionat
182.6 Edurator Lieensing and Standards Board shall establish requirements for renewing the
182.7 lieenses of athletic evaches.
182.8 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.187, is amended by adding a subdivision 182.9 to read:
182.10 Subd. 7. American Indian history and culture. The Professional Educator Licensing
182.11 and Standards Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers renewing their license
182.12 under sections 122A. 181 to 122A. 184 to include in the renewal requirements professional
182.13 development in the cultural heritage and contemporary contributions of American Indians,
182.14 with particular emphasis on Minnesota Tribal Nations.
182.15 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
182.16 Subd. 4. Teacher preparation programs. (a) For the purpose of licensing bilingual
182.17 and English as a second language teachers, the board may approve teacher preparation
182.18 programs at colleges or universities designed for their training.
182.19 (b) Programs that prepare English as a second language teachers must provide instructio
182.20 in implementing research-based practices designed specifically for English learners. The
182.21 programs must focus on developing English learners' academic language proficiency in
182.22 English, including oral academic language, giving English learners meaningful access to
182.23 the full school curriculum, developing culturally relevant teaching practices appropriate for
82.24 immigrant students, and providing more intensive instruction and resources to English 182.25 learners with lower levels of academic English proficiency and varied needs, consistent 182.26 with section 124D. 59 , subdivisions 2 and 2 a .
182.27 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
182.28 Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) A person who teaches in a community education program 182.29 whieh that qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D. 52 shall continue to meet licensure 182.30 requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education 182.31 program whieh that is offered through a community education program and whieh that 182.32 qualifies for community education aid pursuant to section 124D. 20 or early childhood and 183.1 family education aid pursuant to section 124D. 135 shall continue to meet licensure 183.2 requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in a community education course which 183.3 that is offered for credit for graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to $183.4 \frac{}{m}$ meet licensure requirements as a teacher.
183.5
(b) A person who teaches a driver training course which that is offered through a 183.6 community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the 183.7 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or be subject to section 171.35. A 183.8 license which that is required for an instructor in a community education program pursuant 183.9 to this paragraph shall not be construed to bring an individual within the 183.10 definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, 183.11 subdivision 1, elause paragraph (a).
183.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2023-2024 school year and later.
183.13 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 183.14 Subd. 3. Hiring, dismissing. (a) School boards must hire or dismiss teachers at duly 183.15 called meetings. Where a husband and wife, brother and sister, or two brothers or sisters, 183.16 constitute a quorum, no contract employing a teacher shall be made or authorized except 183.17 upon the unanimous vote of the full board. A teacher related by blood or marriage, within 183.18 the fourth degree, computed by the civil law, to a board member shall not be employed 183.19 except by a unanimous vote of the full board. The initial employment of the teacher in the 183.20 district must be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chair and clerk. All 183.21 subsequent employment of the teacher in the district must be by written contract, signed by 183.22 the teacher and by the chair and clerk, except where there is a master agreement covering 183.23 the employment of the teacher. Contracts for teaching or supervision of teaching can be 183.24 made only with qualified teachers. A teacher shall not be required to reside within the 183.25 employing district as a condition to teaching employment or continued teaching employment.
183.26
(b) A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and 183.27 Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and

## UEH2497-1

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) A person who teaches in a community education program Whieh that qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D. 52 shall continue to meet licensure requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education program whieh that is offered through a community education program and which that ualifies for community education aid pursuant to section 124D. 20 or early childhood and
(b) A person who teaches a driver training course which that is offered through a community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or be subject to section 171.35. A icense wheh that is required for an instructor in a community ed acaion program pursuan definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, elause paragraph (a).

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Hiring, dismissing. (a) School boards must hire or dismiss teachers at duly med meetings. Where a husband and wife, brother and sister, or two brothers or upon the unanimous vote of the full board. A teacher related by blood or marriage, win except by a unanimous vote of the full board. The initial employment of the teacher in the teacher and by the chair and clerk, except where there is a master agreement covering ing district as a condition to teaching employment or continued teaching employment.
(b) A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and
183.28 ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence 183.29 ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leave
183.30 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
183.31 Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first 183.32 teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is are deemed to be a probationary 183.33 period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is 184.1 thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written 184.2 evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8 184.3 Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a 184.4 teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within 184.5 the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' 184.6 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absen 184.7 from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a 184.8 teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the 184.9 probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as 184.10 the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract 184.11 it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 184.12 1 . If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must 184.13 give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision 184.14 was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teache 184.15 during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The 184.16 school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the 184.17 probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A. 44
184.18
(b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receip 184.18 (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receip 184.20 been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.
184.21 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 184.22 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 184.23 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, 184.24 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes 184.25 of paragraph (a).
184.26 (d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 184.27 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 184.28 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience 184.29 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of 184.30 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
184.31 (e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 12090 days of teaching service each 184.32 year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' 184.33 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent 184.34 from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
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## $\frac{\text { ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence. }}{\text { The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals }}$ The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first eaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter mployed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8 . Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher perform services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for he following school year written notice to that effect before July 1. If the teacher requests and for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision was furnished describing the and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher during the employment by held up, within ten days after receiving such request. The school board may, after a hearing immediately, under section 122A. 44
(b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receip (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt
of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse
(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code itle 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes f paragraph (a).
(d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of hree years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
(e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three 185.2 consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state 185.3 must serve a probationary period of no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district. 185.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements
183.30 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5 , is amended to read:
183.31 Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first 183.32 teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is are deemed to be a probationary 183.33 period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is 184.1 thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written 184.2 evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8. 184.3 Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a 184.4 teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within 184.5 the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' 184.6 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absen 184.7 from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a 184.8 teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the 184.9 probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as 184.10 the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract 184.11 it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 184.12 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must 184.13 give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision 184.14 was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teache 184.15 during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The 184.16 school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the 184.17 probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A.44.
184.18 (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receip 184.19 of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has 184.20 been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.
184.21 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 184.22 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 184.23 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code 184.24 title 38 , section $4312(\mathrm{e})$, is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purpose 184.25 of paragraph (a).
184.26
(d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 184.27 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 184.28 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience
(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state must serve a probationary period no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreement

 effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter
## S1311-2

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5 , is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8 . Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A. 44
(b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse
(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purpose of paragraph (a).
(d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience
184.29 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of 184.29 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a co
184.30 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
184.31 (e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 12090 days of teaching service each 184.32 year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' 184.33 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent 184.34 from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
185.1 (f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three 185.2 consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state 185.3 must serve a probationary period of no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district. 185.4 185.4
185.5

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements

 185.5185.6 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 185.8 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive 185.9 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop a 185.10 teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract teachers 185.11 through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers 185.12 do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the school board 185.13 and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state teacher evaluation 185.14 plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained observers serve as peer 185.15 coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities, consistent with 185.16 paragraph (b)
185.17 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices, 185.18 improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or school 185.19 with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual 185.20 evaluation process for teachers:
185.21 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision
185.22 5;
185.23 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes 185.24 an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one
185.25 summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a schoo 185.26 administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and 185.27 trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;
185.28 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric
185.29 of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching 185.30 standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (iii) 185.31 provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance
for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
(e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 12090 days of teaching service each
year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers'
workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended to read
Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop a teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the school boar and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state teacher evaluatio plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b)
(b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices, improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual evaluation process for teachers:
(1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision
(2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a schoo administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;
(3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (ii1)
185.32 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A. 60 and 122A. 61 185.33 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
(5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher 186.2 collaboration;
(6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning 186.3 186.4
186.5 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who 186.5 186.6 are med 186.7 school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, 186.8 paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
186.9 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating 186.10 evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision 186.11 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and 186.12 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the 186.13 summative evaluation;
186.14 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic 186.15 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may 186.16 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teache 186.17 evaluation results;
186.18 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other student 186.19 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers 186.20 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of 186.21 content areas of English learners;
186.22 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 186.23 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 186.24 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
186.25 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3) 186.26 through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes 186.26 through (11) support to improve thro
186.27 established goals and timelines; and
186.28 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher 186.29 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination, 186.30 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline 186.31 a school administrator determines is appropriate
187.1 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under
187.2
section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed 187.2 section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may
187.3 to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached. 98.20 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and 98.21 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the 22 summative evaluation;
(9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher evaluation results;
(10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other studen outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of content areas of English learners;
(11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
(12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that include established goals and timelines; and
(13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate

Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under section 13.43 . The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations 187.5 and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations 187.6 representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota
187.7 Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the 187.7 Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the 187.8 Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and 187.9 representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, 187.10 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with 187.11 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process 187.12 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this 187.13 section and section 122A. 41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual
187.14 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created und 187.14 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under 187.15 this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 187.16 subdivision 5
187.17 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
187.18 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place 187.19 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement 187.20 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, 187.21 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline 187.22 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that 187.23 grade; and
187.24 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve 187.25 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement proces 187.26 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the 187.27 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant 187.28 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area 187.29 and grade.
187.30 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
187.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025
188.1 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 188.2 Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the publie 188.3 sehools in eities of the first class during the first three years of conseeutive employment 188.4 shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any 188.5 annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after 188.6 ennstling with the peer review eommittee charged with evaluating the probationayy teachers 188.7 under stubdivision 3 , shall see fiti. The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching 188.8 experience in Minnesota in a single district are deemed to be a probationary period of
188.9 employment, and the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter
188.10 employed shall be one year. The school site management team or the school board if there
188.11 is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers 99.30 grade; and
99.26 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvemen
99.27 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, 99.28 in 99.28 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline
99.29 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that
99.32 the placementents in grades 5 through 12 , a school administrator must not place or approve 9933 referenced in of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement proces referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), uness no other and grade.

All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

## Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the publie

 sehools in cities of the first class durmg the first three years of consecutive employment 100.8 shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any 100.9 annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after 100.10 eonsulting with the peer review eommittee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers 100.11 under subdivision 3 , shall see fit. The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching100.12 experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of
100.13 employment, and the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter
100.14 employed shall be one year. The school site management team or the school board if there
100.15 is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers
(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations, Association of School Administrators the Minnesol Standards Board, the Minnesota Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, he Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with that complies with the requirevaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process section and sith the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and section 122A. 41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual this subidivition and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under subdivision 5 .
(d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
(1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place
(2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve
188.12 during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5 . Evaluation by the peer 188.13 review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision 3 shall 188.14 occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing 188.15 services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of 188.16 teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and 188.17 other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school 188.18 shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs 188.19 services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a 188.20 teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of 188.21 such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 188.22 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified 188.23 shall have no right of appeal therefrom
188.24 (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 18825 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 188.26 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code 188.27 title 38 , section 4312 (e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purpos 188.27 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purpose 188.29
(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 188.30 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 188.31 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience 188.32 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of 188.33 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
188.34 (d) A probationary teacher must complete at least $12 \underline{90}$ days of teaching service each 188.35 year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' 189.1 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absen 189.2 from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read
Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the publie schools in cities of the first elass during the first three years of conseeutive employment hall be deemed onsulting with the peer review committee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers mer stublivision 3 , shall see fit. The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching
100.16 during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5 . Evaluation by the peer 100.17 review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision 3 shall 100.18 occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing 100.19 services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of 100.20 teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and 100.21 other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school 100.22 shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs 100.23 services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a 100.24 teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of 100.25 such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 100.26 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified 100.27 shall have no right of appeal therefrom.
100.28 (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 100.29 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 100.30 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, 100.31 title 38 , section 4312 (e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes 100.32 of paragraph (a).
100.33
(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 100.34 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 101.1 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience 101.2 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of 101.3 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.

## UEH2497-1

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the public
188.8 experience in Minnesota in a single district are deemed to be a probationary period of 188.9 exployment, and the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter 188.10 employed shall be one year. The school site management team or the school board if there 188.11 is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers 188.12 during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5 . Evaluation by the peer 188.13 review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision 3 shall 188.14 occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing 188.15 services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of 188.16 teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and 188.17 other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school 188.18 shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs 188.19 services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a 188.20 teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of 188.21 such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 188.22 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified 188.23 shall have no right of appeal therefrom.
188.24 (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 188.25 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 188.26 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, 188.27 title 38 , section $4312(\mathrm{e})$, is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purpose 188.28 of paragraph (a).
188.29
(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 188.30 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 188.31 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience 188.32 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of 188.33 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
188.34 (d) A probationary teacher must complete at least $120 \underline{90}$ days of teaching service each 188.35 year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' 189.1 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absen

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 189.2 \text { from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph. } \\
& 189.3 \\
& \text { (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three }
\end{aligned}
$$

189.4 consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state 189.5 must serve a probationary period of no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements 189. effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.

Section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read
Subd. 5. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 10 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive
there is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5 . Evaluation by the peer review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision
3 shall occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher 3 shall occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first
90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher perform services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 76.24 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified 76.25 shall have no right of appeal therefrom.
(b) A for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 76.28 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code 76.29 title 38 , section 4312 (e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purpose of paragraph (a).
(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
(d) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
(e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state must serve a probationary period no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements

## S1311-2

189.11 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an 189.12 annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary 189.13 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the 189.14 teachers in the district do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, 189.15 then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the 189.16 state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process must include 189.17 having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional 189.18 learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
189.19 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices 189.20 and improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or 189.21 school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual 189.22 evaluation process for teachers:
189.23
(1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision
189.24 2;
189.25 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes 189.26 an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one
189.27 summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a schoo 189.28 administrator;
189.29 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric 189.30 of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching 189.31 standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (iii) 189.32 provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;
190.1 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A. 60 and 122A. 61 190.2 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes
190.3 190.3
190.4 190. 190.5 190.6 190.10 paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
190.11 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating 190.12 evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision 190.13 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and 190.14 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the 190.15 summative evaluation;
101.11 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an 101.12 annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary 101.13 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the 10115 then the scheol board do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review proces 101.15 then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement 101.16 state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process must include 101.17 having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional 101.18 learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
101.19 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices 101.20 and improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or 101.21 school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual 101.22 evaluation process for teachers:
101.23
(1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision
101.24 2;
101.25 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes 101.26 an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one
101.27 summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a schoo 101.28 administrator;
101.29 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric 101.30 of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching 101.31 standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (iii) 101.32 provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;
102.1 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A. 60 and 122A. 61 102.2 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes
102.3 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher 102.4 collaboration;
(6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning 102.6 communities;
102.7 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who 102.8 are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or 102.9 school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3 , 102.10 paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
102.11 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating 102.12 evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision 102.13 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and 102.14 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the 102.15 summative evaluation;
(9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic 190.17 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may 190.18 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teache 190.19 evaluation results;
190.20 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other student 190.21 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers 190.22 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of 190.23 English learners;
190.24 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 190.25 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 190.26 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
190.27 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3) 190.28 through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes 190.29 established goals and timelines; and
190.30 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher 190.31 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination, 190.32 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline 190.33 a school administrator determines is appropriate

Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under 191.2 section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed 191.3 to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations 191.5 and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations, 191.5 and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizatio 191.6 representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota 191.7 Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the 191.9 representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership 191.10 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with 191.10 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with
191.11 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation proc 191.11 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation proce
191.12 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this 191.12 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this 191.14 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under 191.15 this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 191.16 subdivision 2.
191.17 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
191.18 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place 191.19 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement 191.20 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, 191.21 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline
102.16 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic 102.17 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may 102.18 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teache 102.19 evaluation results;
102.20 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other student 102.21 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers 102.22 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of 102.23 English learners
102.24 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 102.25 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 102.26 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
102.27 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3) 102.28 through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes 102.29 established goals and timelines; and
102.30 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher 102.31 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination, 102.32 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline 102.33 a school administrator determines is appropriate

Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under 103.2 section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed 103.3 to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations 103.5 and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations, 103.6 representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota 103.6 representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota 103.8 Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and 103.9 representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, 103.10 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with 103.11 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process 103.12 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this 103.13 section and section 122A. 40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annua 103.14 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under 103.15 this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 103.16 subdivision 2.
103.17 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
103.18 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place 103.19 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvemen 103.20 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if,
103.21 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline
191.22 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that 191.23 grade; and
191.24 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve 191.25 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process 191.26 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the 191.27 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant 191.28 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area 191.29 and grade.
191.30 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
191.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.
192.1 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision 192.2 to read:
192.3 Subd. 16. Reporting of hires and terminations. A school district must annually report 192.4 to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and 192.5 terminations, including layoffs, by race and ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher 192.6 resignations and requested leaves of absence. The report must not include data that would 192.7 personally identify individuals.
192.8 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.415, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 192.9 Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) The basic alternative teacher 192.10 compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision 192.10 compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision
192.112 b , equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under subdivision 1 . 192.11 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under subdivision 1 192.12 The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a charter school with a plan approved 192.13 under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2 a and 2 b, equals $\$ 260$ times the number of pupils 192.14 enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 1 of the current year 192.15 for a charter school in the yer of operation, times the ratio of the sum of the alternative 192.16 teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation levy for all participating 192.17 school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those districts 192.18 under subdivision 1.
192.19 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative 192.20 teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed $\$ 75,840,000$ for fiseal year 2016 and $192.21 \$ 88,118,000$ for fiscal year 2017 2023; $\$ 88,461,000$ for fiscal year 2024; $\$ 88,461,000$ for 192.22 fiscal year 2025; $\$ 89,570,000$ for fiscal year 2026; and $\$ 89,689,000$ for fiscal year 2027 192.23 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid
192.24 approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits by not approving new participants 192.25 or by prorating the aid among participating districts, intermediate school districts, school 192.26 sites, and charter schools. The commissioner may also reallocate a portion of the allowable
103.22 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that 103.23 grade; and
103.24 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve 103.25 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement proces 103.26 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the 103.27 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant 103.28 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area 103.29 and grade.
103.30 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
103.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

## UEH2497-1

77.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to 77.13 read:

Subd. 16. Reporting of hires and terminations. A school district must annually report

to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and
terminations, including layoffs, by race and ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence. The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.
77.19 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.415, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) The basic alternative teacher 77.20 Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) The basic alternative teac 77.21 compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision
77.22 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under subdivision 1
77.23 The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a charter school with a plan approved
77.24 under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2 a and 2 b , equals $\$ 260$ times the number of pupils
77.25 enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 1 of the current year 77.27 for a charter school in compensation levy for all participating
77.28 school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those district 77.29 under subdivision 1
(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed $\$ 75,840,000$ for fiseal year 2016 and $\$ 88,118,000$ for fiscal year 2017 2023; $\$ 88,466,000$ for fiscal year 2024; $\$ 88,426,000$ for fiscal year 2025; $\$ 88,244,000$ for fiscal year 2026; and $\$ 87,940,000$ for fiscal year 2027 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits by not approving new participants or by prorating the aid among participating districts, intermediate school districts, school sites, and charter schools. The commissioner may also reallocate a portion of the allowable
,
192.27 aid for the biennium from the second year to the first year to meet the needs of approved 192.28 participants.
192.29 (c) Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other 192.30 cooperative unit equals $\$ 3,000$ times the number of licensed teachers employed by the
192.31 intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year.
193.1 Sec. 52. [122A.441] SHORT-CALL SUBSTITUTE TEACHER PILOT PROGRAM
193.2 (a) A school district or charter school and applicant may jointly request the Professional
193.3 Educator Licensing and Standards Board approve an application for a short-call substitute
193.4 teaching license. The application information must sufficiently demonstrate the following:
193.5 (1) the applicant:
(i) holds a minimum of an associate's degree or equivalent and has or will receive 193.7 substitute training from the school district or charter school; or
193.8 (ii) holds a minimum of a high school diploma or equivalent and has been employed as 193.9 an education support personnel or paraprofessional within the district or charter school for 193.10 at least one academic year; and
193.11 (2) the school district or charter school has requested a background check in accordance 193.12 with section 123B. 03.
193.13 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may issue a temporary
193.14 teaching license pending a background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, and
193.14 teaching license pending a background check under section 122A.18, subdivision
193.15 may immediately suspend or revoke the license upon receiving background check
193.15 may immediately suspend or revoke the license upon receiving background check
193.16 information. An applicant submitting an application for a short-call substitute teaching
193.17 license in accordance with section 122A.18, subdivision 7a, paragraph (a), must not be
193.18
193.19
193.20 (c) The board may prioritize short-call substitute teaching license applications to expedit 193.21 the review process.
193.22 (d) A school district or charter school must provide a substitute teacher who receives a
193.23 substitute teaching license through the pilot program with substitute teacher training. The
193.24 board may remove a school district or charter school from the pilot program for failure to
193.25 provide the required training.
193.26 (e) A school district or charter school must not require an employee to apply for a
193.27 substitute teaching license, or retaliate against an employee that does not apply for a substitute
193.28 teaching license under the pilot program.

## aid for the biennium from the second year to the first year to meet the needs of approved participants. <br> (c) Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other 78.9 cooperative unit equals $\$ 3,000$ times the number of licensed teachers employed by the

 intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year. 193.31 employee's regular rate of pay.194.1
194.2
194.3
194.5 Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section establishes a program to support districts and
194.6 schools recruiting and offering hiring bonuses for lieensed teachers who are American 194.7 Indian or a person of color from another state or country in order to meet staffing needs in 194.8 shortage areas in eeomic development regions in Minnesota.
194.9 194.10 iners lieensersons from another state or country who:

Subd. 2. Eligibility. A district or school must verify that the hiring bonus is given to
194.11 (1) immediately qualify for a Tier $\mathbf{3}$ or Tier $\mathbf{4} 2$ or higher Minnesota license;
194.12 (2) have moved to the economic development region in Minnesota where they were 194.13 hired; and
194.14 (3) belong to a racial or ethnic group that is underrepresented among teachers compared 194.15 to students in the district or school under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), 194.16 clause (2).
194.17 Subd. 3. Bonus amount. A district or school may offer a signing hiring and retention 194.18 bonus of a minimum of $\$ 2,500 \$ 4,000$ and a maximum of $\$ 5,000 \$ 8,000$ to a teacher who 194.19 meets the eligibility requirements. A teacher who meets the eligibility requirements and 194.20 meets a licensure shortage area in the economic development region of the state where the 194.21 school is located may be offered a signing hiring bonus of a minimum of $\$ 4,000 \$ 5,000$ 194.22 and a maximum of $\$ 8,000 \$ 10,000$. A teacher must be paid half of the bonus when starting 194.23 employment and half after completing four years of service in the hiring district or school 194.24 if the teacher has demonstrated teaching effectiveness and is not on a professional 194.25 improvement plan under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), 194.26 or section 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), or is not being 194.27 considered for termination for a reason listed in section 122A.40, subdivision 9 , including 194.28 a teacher hired by a school district located in a city of the first class. A teacher who does
194.29 not complete their first school year upon receiving a hiring bonus must repay the hiring
194.30 bonus. A teacher must have a Tier 3 or Tier 4 Minnesota teaching license to qualify for the
194.31 second half of the bonus. A district must prorate the second half of the bonus if the eligible
194.32 teacher is nonrenewed due to reasons not having to do with teaching effectiveness or
194.33 misconduct.
195.1

Subd. 4. Administration. (a) The commissioner must establish a process for districts
195.2 or schools to seek reimbursement for hiring bonuses given to teachers in shortage areas considered for termination for a reason listed in section 122A.40, subdivision 9, including a teacher hired by a school district located in a city of the first class. A teacher who does not complete their first school year upon receiving a hiring bonus must repay the hiring bonus. A teacher must have a Tier 3 or Tier 4 Minnesota teaching license to qualify for the second half of the bonus. A district must prorate the second half of the bonus if the eligible teacher is nonrenewed due to reasons not having to do with teaching effectiveness or misconduct.

Subd. 4. Administration. (a) The commissioner must establish a process for districts or schools to seek reimbursement for hiring bonuses given to teachers in shortage areas
moving to and working in Minnesota schools experiencing specific shortages. The commissioner must provide guidance for districts to seek repayment of a hiring bonus from 5 a teacher who does not complete the first year of employment. The department may conduct 5.6 a pilot program with a small number of teachers during the 2022-2023 biennium to establis 7 feasibility. The department must submit a report by December 1, 2022, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten 5.9 through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the program and recommendation 195.10 for improvement in future years.
195.11 (b) The commissioner may award participating districts and schools additional funds to 195.12 administer the program, including out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities. 195.13 The commissioner may allow participating districts and schools to reserve up to five percent 195.14 of Come Teach in Minnesota funding to administer the program, including for out-of-state 195.15 recruiting efforts and retention activities.
195.16 Subd. 5. Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account. (a) An account 195.17 is established in the special revenue fund known as the "Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring 195.18 Bonus program account."
195.19 (b) Funds appropriated for the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program under 195.20 this section must be transferred to the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program 195.21 this section must be transferred to the
195.22 (c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for hiring bonuses 195.23 under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted.
195.24 (d) Up to $\$ 35,000$ annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with 195.25 developing and administering the program under this section.
195.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to subdivision 2 is effective retroactively from 195.27 July 1,2022 . The amendments to subdivisions 1,3 , and 4 are effective the day following 195.28 final enactment.
195.29 Sec. 54. [122A.631] SUPPORTING HERITAGE LANGUAGE AND CULTURE
195.30 TEACHERS.
195.31

Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to increase the number of heritage 195.32 language and culture teachers in Minnesota.

Subd. 2. Definitions. "Heritage language and culture teachers" means teachers with a
196.2 connection to a community's language and culture who use this connection to suppor
196.3 students as they learn academic content or the language and culture of that particular
196.4 community.

Subd. 3. Eligibility. Applicants for the heritage language and culture licensure pathway 196.6 program must
moving to and working in Minnesota schools experiencing specific shortages. Th
commissioner must provide guidance for districts to seek repayment of a hiring bonus from a teacher who does not complete the first year of employment. The department may conduc a pilot program with a small number of teachers during the 2022-2023 biennium to estab feasibility. The department must submit a report by December 1, 2022, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the program and recommendation for improvement in future years.
(b) The commissioner may award participating districts and schools additional funds to administer the program, including out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities. The commissioner may allow participating districts and schools to reserve up to five percen of Come Teach in Minnesota funding to administer the program, including for out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities.

Subd. 5. Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the "Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account."
(b) Funds appropriated for the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program unde this section must be transferred to the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account in the special revenue fund.
(c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for hiring bonuse under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted.
(d) Up to $\$ 35,000$ annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with developing and administering the program under this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to subdivision 2 is effective retroactively from July 1,2022. The amendments to subdivisions 1,3, and 4 are effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 11. [122A.631] SUPPORTING HERITAGE LANGUAGE AND CULTURE

## TEACHERS.

Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to increase the number of heritage language and culture teachers in Minnesota.

Subd. 2. Definitions. "Heritage language and culture teachers" means teachers with a connection to a community's language and culture who use this connection to suppor students as they learn academic content or the language and culture of that particular community.
80.12
. 1
$\underline{\text { Subd. 3. Eligibility. Applicants for the heritage language and culture licensure pathway }}$ program must
(1) hold a current license issued by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or meet the criteria for licensure in 122A.181; and
(2) seek initial, dual, or additional licensure in a heritage language.
196.10 Subd. 4. Heritage language and culture teacher licensure pathway program. (a) The 196.11 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall develop a program to support 196.12 initial and additional licensure for heritage language and culture teachers. The program 196.13 must include:
196.14 (1) a yearlong mentorship program;
196.15 (2) monthly meetings where applicants receive guidance on completing the portfolio 196.16 process from a portfolio liaison, dedicated specifically to facilitating this program;
3) a stipend to cover substitute teachers when meetings take place during the school
196.19
196.20 (5) a portfolio review committee created by the board.
196.21 (b) For applicants seeking an initial license in a world language and culture, the applican 196.22 must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part
196.238710 .2000 and content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950 196.24 through the portfolio process.
196.25
(c) For applicants seeking a dual license, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the 196.26 standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000 , content-specific
196.27 pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, and all standards for the chosen 196.28 dual license through the portfolio process.
196.29
(d) For applicants seeking an additional license in a world language and culture, the 196.30 applicant must demonstrate meeting the content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota 196.31 Rules, part 8710.4950.

## Subd. 5. Heritage language and culture educators seeking a world language

 license. Heritage language and culture teachers seeking a world language and culture license 197.3 pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950 , who demonstrate proficiency through one of world language and culture standards, which do not include content-specific pedagogical 7.6 standards, for licensure in their heritage language:197.7 (1) passing a board-adopted assessment;
197.8 (2) holding a certificate to serve as a translator or interpreter; or
(c) For applicants seeking a dual license, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000, content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, and all standards for the chosen dual license through the portfolio process.
(d) For applicants seeking an additional license in a world language and culture, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950.

Subd. 5. Heritage language and culture educators seeking a world language 9 license. Heritage language and culture teachers seeking a world language and culture license 10 pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, who demonstrate proficiency through one of the following may use this proficiency to evidence meeting the required content-specific world language and culture standards, which do not include content-specific pedagogica standards, for licensure in their heritage language:
81.14 (1) passing a board-adopted assessment;
81.15 (2) holding a certificate to serve as a translator or interpreter; or
197.9 (3) completing an undergraduate or postbaccalaureate degree from an accredited 197.10 university where the majority of coursework was taught via the non-English instructional 197.11 language.
197.12 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.635, is amended to read:

### 197.13 122A. 635 COLLABORATIVE URBAN AND GREATER MINNESOTA <br> \subsection*{197.14 EDUCATORS OF COLOR GRANT PROGRAM.}

197.15 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 197.16 Board must award competitive grants to increase the number of teacher candidates who are 197.17 of color or who are American Indian, complete teacher preparation programs, and meet the 197.18 requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A. 183. Eligibility for a grant under this 197.19 section is limited to public or private higher education institutions that offer a teacher 197.20 preparation program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board.
$197.21 \quad$ Subd. 2. Competitive grants. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 197.22 Board must award competitive grants to a variety of higher education institution types under 197.23 this section. The board must require an applicant institution to submit a plan describing how 197.24 it would use grant funds to increase the number of teachers who are of color or who are 197.25 American Indian, and must award grants based on the following criteria, listed in descending 197.26 order of priority:
197.27 (1) the number of teacher eandidates being supported in the program whe are of eoler 197.28 or who are American Indian;
197.29 (2) (1) program outcomes, including graduation or program completion rates; and 197.30 licensure recommendation rates, and placement rates for candidates who are of color or 197.31 who are American Indian compared to all candidates enrolled in a teacher preparation 197.33 candidates who are of color or who are American Indian; and
198.1 (3) the pereent of racially and ethnieally diverse teacher eandidates enfolled in the 198.2 institution eompared to:
(i) the total percent of students of color and American Indian students enrolled at the institution, regardless of major; and
(ii) the pereent of underrepresented racially and ethnieally diverse teachers in the 198.6 economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where 198.7 shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5 .
198.8 (2) the extent to which an institution's plan is clear in describing how the institution 198.9 would use grant funds for implementing explicit research-based practices to provide 198.10 programmatic support to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian.
198.11 Plans for grant funds may include
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Subd. 2. Competitive grants. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
81.29 Board must award competitive grants to a variety of higher education institution types under
81.30 this section. The board must require an applicant institution to submit a plan describing how
81.31 it would use grant funds to increase the number of teachers who are of color or who are
American Indian, and must award grants based on the following criteria, listed in descending
order of priority
(1) the number of teacher candidates being supported in the program whe are of color or who are Ameriean Indian
(2) (1) program outcomes, including graduation or program completion rates, and licensure recommendation rates, and placement rates for candidates who are of color or who are American Indian compared to all candidates enrolled in a teacher preparation candidates who are of color or who are American Indian; and
(3) the pereent of racially and ethnieally diverse teacher candidates emrolled in the institution compared to.
(i) the total percent of students of color and American Indian students enrolled at the institution, regardless of major; and
(ii) the pereent of underrepresented racially and ethnieally diverse teachers in the che develoment region of the state where the instillition is locate and
(2) the extent to which an institution's plan is clear in describing how the institution would use grant funds for implementing explicit research-based practices to provide programmatic support to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian. Plans for grant funds may include
198.12 (i) recruiting more racially and ethnically diverse candidates for admission to teacher 198.13 preparation programs;
198.14 (ii) providing differentiated advising, mentoring, or other supportive community-building 198.15 activities in addition to what the institution provides to all candidates enrolled in the 198.16 institution;
198.17 (iii) providing academic tutoring or support to help teacher candidates pass required 198.18 assessments; and
198.19
(iv) providing for program staffing expenses;
198.20 (3) an institution's plan to provide direct financial assistance as scholarships or stipends 198.21 within the allowable dollar range determined by the board under subdivision 3, paragraph 198.22 (b), to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian;
198.23 (b) The board must give priority in awarding grants under this section to institutions that 198.24 reeeived grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, artiele 2, seetion 57,
198.25 subdivision 27 , and have demenstrated eontinuing suceess at reeruiting, retaining, graduating,
198.26 and indueting (4) whether the institution has previously received a competitive grant under 198.27 this section and has demonstrated positive outcomes from the use of grant funds for efforts 198.28 helping teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian= to enroll in and 198.29 successfully complete teacher preparation programs and be recommended for licensure;
$198.30 \quad(5)$ geographic diversity among the institutions. In order to expand the number of gran 198.31 recipients throughout the state, whenever there is at least a 20 percent increase in the base 198.32 appropriation for this grant program, the board must prioritize awarding grants to institutions 198.33 outside of the Twin Cities metropolitan area. If the board awards a empetitive grant based 199.1 on the criteria in paragraph (a) to a program that has not previously received funding, the 199.2 board must thereafter give priority to the program equivalent to other programs given 199.3 under this paragraph. that have received grants and demonstrated positive outcomes; and
(6) the percentage of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the 199.5 institution compared to:
199.6
199.6
(i) the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students enrolled 199.7 in the institution, regardless of major; and
(ii) the percentage of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the 199.9 economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a 199.10 shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5
199.11 (b) The board must not penalize an applicant institution in the grant review process for 199.12 using grant funds only to provide direct financial support to teacher candidates if that is the 199.13 institution's priority and the institution uses other resources to provide programmatic support 199.14 to candidates
(i) recruiting more racially and ethnically diverse candidates for admission to teacher preparation programs;
(ii) providing differentiated advising, mentoring, or other supportive community-building activities in addition to what the institution provides to all candidates enrolled in the
(iii) providing academic tutoring or support to help teacher candidates pass required sessments, and
(iv) providing for program staffing expenses;
(3) an institution's plan to provide direct financial assistance as scholarships or stipends (b), to the allowable dollar range determined by the board under subdivision 3, paragraph
(b) The board metst give priority in awarding grants under this section to institutions that reeeived grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 27, and have demenstrated entinuing suceess at reerviting, retaining, graduating and inducting (4) whether the institution has previously received a competitive grant under $\frac{\text { this section and has demonstrated positive outcomes from the use of grant funds for efforts }}{\text { helping teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian: to enroll in and }}$ helping teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian= to enroll in an
successfully complete teacher preparation programs and be recommended for licensure;
(5) geographic diversity among the institutions. In order to expand the number of gran recipients throughout the state, whenever there is at least a 20 percent increase in the base appropriation for this grant program, the board must prioritize awarding grants to institutions outside of the Twin Cities metropolitan area. If the board awards a empetitive grant base on the criteria in paragraph (a) to a program that has not previously received funding, the board must thereafter give priority to the program equivalent to other programs under this paragraph. that have received grants and demonstrated positive outcomes; and
(6) the percentage of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the institution compared to:
(i) the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students enrolled in the institution, regardless of major; and
(ii) the percentage of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the $\frac{\text { economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a }}{\text { shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision } 5}$
(b) The board must not penalize an applicant institution in the grant review process for using grant funds only to provide direct financial support to teacher candidates if that is the institution's priority and the institution uses other resources to provide programmatic support to candidates.
(c) The board must determine award amounts for development, maintenance and, or 199.16 expansion of programs based only on the degree to which applicants meet the criteria in 199.17 this subdivision, the number of candidates who are of color or who are American Indian 199.18 supported by an applicant program, sustaining suppert for those candidates, and funds 199.19 available
199.20 (d) The board must determine grant awards in part by multiplying the number of teacher 199.21 candidates to be provided direct financial assistance by the average amount the institution $199.22 \frac{\text { candidates to be provided direct financial assistance by the average amount the instit }}{\text { proposes per candidate that is within the allowable dollar range. After assessing an }}$ 199.23 proposes per candidate that is within the allowable dollar range. After assessing an 199.24 a lower average amount per candidate and the institution may decide to award less per $199.25 \frac{}{\text { candidate or provide financial assistance to fewer candidates within the allowable range }}$ $199.25 \frac{\text { candidate or provide financial assistance to fewer candidates within the allowable range. }}{\text { Additionally, an institution may use up to } 25 \text { percent of the awarded grant funds to provide }}$ 199.26 Additionally, an institution may use up to 25 percent of the awarded grant funds to provide 199.27 programmatic support as described in paragraph (a), clause (3). If the board does not awar 199.28 an applicant institution's full request, the board must allow the institution to modify how 199.30 usestion.
199.31 Subd. 3. Grant program administration. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing an 199.32 Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher 199.33 Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds to the Office of Higher Education 199.34 to help establish and administer the competitive grant process. The board must award grant 200.1 to institutions located in various economic development regions throughout the state, but 200.2 must not predetermine the number of institutions to be awarded grants under this section 200.3 or set a limit for the amount that any one institution may receive as part of the competitive 200.4 grant application process.
200.5 200.6 financial assistance an applicant institution may provide to each candidate. To determin
(b) The board must establish a standard allowable dollar range for the amount of direct 200.7 the range, the board may collect de-identified data from institutions that received a grant 200.8 during the previous grant period and calculate the average scholarship amount awarded to 200.9 all candidates across all institutions using the most recent fiscal year data available. The 200.10 calculation may be used to determine a scholarship range that is no more than 25 percen 200.11 of this amount and no less than half the average of this amount. The purpose of direct 200.12 financial assistance is to assist candidates matriculating through completing licensure 200.13 programs if they demonstrate financial need after considering other grants and scholarships 200.14 provided.
200.15 (c) All grants must be awarded by August 15 of the fiscal year in which the grants are 200.16 to be used except that, for initial competitive grants awarded for fiseal year 2020, grants 200.17 must be awarded by September 15. An institution that receives a grant under this sectio 200.18 may use the grant funds over a two- to four-year period to sustain support for teacher
200.19 candidates at any stage from recruitment and program admission to graduation and licensure 200.20 application.
(c) The board must determine award amounts for development, maintenance and, or expansion of programs based only on the degree to which applicants meet the criteria in this subdivision, the number of candidates who are of color or who are American Indian supported
available.
(d) The board must determine grant awards in part by multiplying the number of teacher candidates to be provided direct financial assistance by the average amount the institution proposes per candidate that is within the allowable dollar range. After assessing an institution's adherence to grant criteria and funds available, the board may grant an institution a lower average amount per candidate and the institution may decide to award less per candidate or provide financial assistance to fewer candidates within the allowable range. Additionally, an institution may use up to 25 percent of the awarded grant funds to provide programmatic support as described in paragraph (a), clause (3). If the board does not award an applicant institution's full request, the board must allow the institution to modify how it uses grant funds to maximize program outcomes consistent with the requirements of this section.

Subd. 3. Grant program administration. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher
Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds to the Office of Higher Education to help establish and administer the competitive grant process. The board must award gran o institutions located in various economic development regions throughout the state, but must not predetermine the number of institutions to be awarded grants under this section or set a limit for the amount that any one institution may receive as part of the competitive grant application process.
(b) The board must establish a standard allowable dollar range for the amount of direct financial assistance an applicant institution may provide to each candidate. To determine the range, the board may collect de-identified data from institutions that received a grant all candidates all candidates across all institutions using the most recent fiscal year data available. The calculation may be used to determine a scholarship range that is no more than 25 percen of this amount and no less than half the average of this amount. The purpose of direct fnancial assiance if they programs if they demonstrate financial need after considering other grants and scholarships provided.
(c) All grants must be awarded by August 15 of the fiscal year in which the grants are to be used except that, for initial competitive grants awarded for fiseal year 2020 , grants may use the grant funds over a two- to four-year period to sustain support for teacher candidates at any stage from recruitment and program admission to graduation and licensure application.

Subd. 4. Report. (a) By January August 15 of each year, an institution awarded a gran
200.21 under this section must prepare for the legislature and the board a detailed report regarding 200.22 under this section must prepare for the legislature and the board a detailed report regard
200.23 the expenditure of grant funds, including the amounts used to recruit, retain, and induct 200.24 support teacher candidates of color or whe are American Indian teacher candidates to 200.25 complete programs and be recommended for licensure. The report must include:
200.26
(1) the total number of teacher candidates of color,disaggregat by race or ethnie group
200.27 and American Indian teacher candidates who:
200.28 (i) are enrolled in the institution;
200.29
(ii) are supported by grant funds with direct financial assistance during the academic 200.30 reporting year;
200.31
(iii) are supported with other programmatic supports;
200.32 (iv) are recruited are and newly admitted to the a licensure program; 200.33 are enrolled in the;
201.1 (v) are enrolled in a licensure program;
(vi) have completed a licensure program, have completed student teaching, have graduated, are licensed, and are newly employed as Minnesota teachers in their licensure field. A grant recipient must repert; and
(vii) were recommended for licensure in the field for which they were prepared;
(2) the total number of teacher candidates of color or are American Indian teache candidates at each stage from reeruitment program admission to lieensed teaching licensure recommendation as a percentage of all candidates seeking the same licensure at the institution-; and
(3) a brief narrative describing the successes and challenges of efforts proposed in the .11 grant application to support candidates with grant funds, and lessons learned for future 201.12 efforts.
201.13 (b) By November 1 of each year, the board must post a report on its website summarizing 201.14 the activities and outcomes of grant recipients and results that promote sharing of effective 201.15 practices and lessons learned among grant recipients.

## Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.69, is amended to read

## 122A. 69 PRACTICE OR STUDENT TEACHERS

The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may, by agreements with
201.19 teacher preparation institutions, arrange for classroom experience in the district for practice 201.20 or student teachers haver in an approved teacher
201.21 preparation program. Such practice and student teachers must be appropriately supervised
201.22 by a fully qualified teacher under rules adopted by the board. A practice or student teacher the activities and outcomes of grant recipients and results that promote sharing of effective practices and lessons learned among grant recipients.
201.23 must be placed with a cooperating licensed teacher who has at least three years of teaching 201.24 experience and is not in the improvement process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8 , 201.25 paragraph (b), clause (12), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12). Practice
201.26 and student teachers are employees of the school district in which they are rendering services 201.26 and student teachers are employees of the school district in which they are rendering servic 201.27 for purposes of workers' compensation; liability insurance, if provided for other district 201.28 employees under section 123B.23; and legal counsel under section 123B. 25.
202.1 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.70, is amended to read:

## 122A.70 TEACHER MENTORSHIP AND RETENTION OF EFFECTIVE

## TEACHERS

Subdivision 1. Teacher mentoring, induction, and retention programs. (a) School 202.4 202.5 districts 202.6 district, including teaching residents, teachers of color, teachers who are American Indian, 202.7 teachers in license shortage areas, teachers with special needs, or experienced teachers in . 8 need of peer coaching.
(b) Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with districts' teacher 202.10 evaluation and peer review processes under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, and 122A.41, 202.11 subdivision 5 . A district may use staff development revenue under section 122A.61, special 202.12 grant programs established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipend to 202.13 a mentor who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three years and is 202.14 not on an improvement plan. Other initiatives using streh funds or funds available under 202.15 seetions 124D. 861 and 124D. 862 may inelude:
202.16 (1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors of celor or who are American Indian;
202.17 (2) financial supperts for professional learning commmity affinity groups across sehools 202.18 within and between distriets for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnie groups to 202.19 eome together throughout the sehool year. For pupeses of this section, "affinity greups" 202.20 are groups of edtreators whe share a commen racial or ethnic identity in society as persons 202.21 of eolor or who are Ameriean Indian;
202.22 (3) programs for induction aligned with the district or sehool mentorship program during 202.23 the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from tnderrepresented racial and 202.24 ethnie groups; or
202.25 (4) grants supporting licensed and nonlicensed edueator participation in professional 202.26 development, suteh as werkshops and graduate eourses, related to inereasing student 202.27 achievement for students of eolor and American Indian students in order to close opportunity 202.28 and achievement gaps.
202.29 (e) $\Lambda$ sehool or district that reeeives a grant mutst negotiate additional retention strategies 202.30 or protection from tunequested leave of absences in the beginning years of employment for 202.31 teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian. Retention strategies may inelude 202.32 providing finameial ineentives for teachers of eolor and teachers who are Ameriean Indian
(b) Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with districts' teacher evaluation and peer review processes under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, and 122A.41 subdivision 5 . A district may use staff development revenue under section 122A.61, special grant programs established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipend to a mentor who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three years and is not on an improvement plan. Other initiatives using suth funds or funds available under seetions 124 D .861 and 124D. 862 may inelude:
(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors of celor or who are American Indian;
(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups acress sehoots within and between distriets for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to eome together throughout the seheol year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups" are groups of educators who share a commen racial or ethmic identity in society as persons of eoler or who are Ameriean Indian:
(3) programs for induction aligned with the district or sehool mentorship program during the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from tinderrepresented racial and ethnic groups; or
(4) grants supporting licensed and nonlicensed educator participation in professional development, steh as workshops and graduate courses, related to inereasing student achievement for students of color and Ameriean Indian students in order to close opportunity and achievement gaps
(c) A sehool or district that reeeives a grant must negotiate additional retention strategies providing fimancial ineentives for teachers of eolor and teachers whe are Ameriean Indian
ian educators a work in the sehool or district for at least five years and placing American Indian ed educaters of color to reduce isolation and increase oppertunity for collegial support.

Subd. 2. Board grants. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must 4 make grant application forms available to sites interested in developing, sustaining, or
expanding a mentorship program. A school district; a or group of school districts; a ealition of distriets, teachers, and teacher edteation institutions; or, a school or coalition of schools, or a coalition of teachers, or monlieensed may apply for a program grant. A higher eligible as a sole applicant for grant funds. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, in consultation with the teacher mentoring task force, must approve o disapprove the applications. To the extent possible, the approved applications must reflect effective mentoring, professional development, and retention components, and be geographically distributed throughout the state. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must encourage the selected sites to consider the use of its assessment procedures.

Subd. 2a. Funded work. (a) Grant funds may be used for the following:
(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors who are of color or who are American Indian;
(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools 203.20 within and between districts for educators from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups 203.21 to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups" 203.22 means groups of licensed and nonlicensed educators who share a common racial or ethnic 203.23 identity in society as persons who are of color or who are American Indian;
203.24 (3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during 203.25 the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and 26 ethnic groups;
(4) professional development focused on ways to close opportunity and achievement 203.28 gaps for students of color and American Indian students; or
203.29 (5) for teachers of color and American Indian teachers, graduate courses toward a firs 203.30 master's degree in a field related to their licensure or toward an additional license.
203.31 (b) A charter school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention 203.32 strategies or protection from unrequested leaves of absence in the beginning years of
203.33 employment for teachers who are of color or who are American Indian. Retention strategie
204.1 may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are

American Indian to work inthe shan American
204.3 Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at
to work in the sehool or distriet for at least five years and placing Ameriean Indian edueators at sites with other American Indian edueaters and eduenters of col at sites with oth educators of color to reduce isolation and inerease opportunity for collegial support.

Subd. 2. Board grants. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must make grant application forms available to sites interested in developing, sustaining, or
expanding a mentorship program. A school district; ; or group of school districts; a coalition
of distriets, teachers, and teacher eduration institutions; or, a school or coalition of schools,
or a coalition of teachers, or nenlieededers may apply for a program grant. A highe
ducation institution or nonprofit organization may partner with a grant applicant but is not
eligible as a sole applicant for grant funds. The Professional Educator Licensing and
disapprove the applications. To whe extent possible the approved applications must reflect effective mentoring, professional development, and retention components, and be geographically distributed throughout the state. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must encourage the selected sites to consider the use of its assessment procedures.

Subd. 2a. Funded work. (a) Grant funds may be used for the following.
(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors who are of color or who are American Indian;
(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools within and between districts for educators from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups means groups of licensed and nonlicensed educators who share a common racial or ethnic identity in society as persons who are of color or who are American Indian;
(3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during
he first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups;
(4) professional development focused on ways to close opportunity and achievement gaps for students of color and American Indian students; or
(5) for teachers of color and American Indian teachers, graduate courses toward a first master's degree in a field related to their licensure or toward an additional license.
(b) A charter school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention (b) A charter school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional ret employment for teachers who are of color or who are American Indian. Retention strategie may include providing fin and Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at
87.27 Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at
sites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support.

Subd. 3. Criteria for selection. (a) At a minimum, applicants for grants under subdivision 2 must express commitment to:
(1) allow staff participation;
(2) assess skills of both beginning and mentor teachers;
(3) provide appropriate in-service to needs identified in the assessment;
(4) provide leadership to the effort;
(5) cooperate with higher education institutions or teacher educators;
(6) provide facilities and other resources
(7) share findings, materials, and techniques with other school districts; and
(8) retain teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian. (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must give priority to 204.17 applications to fund programs to induct, mentor, and retain Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers who $204.18 \xrightarrow{\text { are of color or who are American Indian, and Tier } 2 \text { or Tier } 3 \text { teachers in licensure shortage }}$ 204.19 areas within the applicant's economic development region.
204.20 Subd. 4. Additional funding. Grant applicants must seek additional funding and 204.21 assistance from sources such as school districts, postsecondary institutions, foundations, 204.22 and the private sector.
204.23 Subd. 5. Program implementation. A grant recipient may use grant funds on 204.24 implementing activities over a period of time up to 24 months. New and expanding 204.25 mentorship sites that receive a board grant under subdivision 2 to design, develop, implement 204.26 and evaluate their program must participate in activities that support program development 204.27 and implementation.
204.28 Subd. 5a. Grant program administration. The Professional Educator Licensing and 204.28 Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher 204.30 $\frac{\text { Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher }}{\text { Education or the Department of Education. The agreement may include a transfer of fun }}$ 204.30 Education or the Department of Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds 204.32 competitive grant process.
205.1 Subd. 6. Report. By June September 30 of each year after receiving a grant, recipient 205.2 must submit a report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on program 205.3 efforts that describes mentoring and induction activities and assesses the impact of these 205.4 programs on teacher effectiveness and retention. The board must publish a summary repor 205.5 for the public and submit the report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction

## ites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support. <br> Subd. 3. Criteria for selection. (a) At a minimum, applicants for grants under subdivision

2 must express commitment to:
(1) allow staff participation;
(2) assess skills of both beginning and mentor teachers;
(3) provide appropriate in-service to needs identified in the assessment;
(4) provide leadership to the effort;
(5) cooperate with higher education institutions or teacher educators;
(6) provide facilities and other resources
(7) share findings, materials, and techniques with other school districts; and
(8) retain teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian
(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must give priority to applications to fund programs to induct, mentor, and retain Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers who are of color or who are American Indian, and Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers in licensure shortage areas within the applicant's economic development region.

Subd. 4. Additional funding. Grant applicants must seek additional funding and assistance from sources such as school districts, postsecondary institutions, foundations, and the private sector

Subd. 5. Program implementation. A grant recipient may use grant funds on implementing activities over a period of time up to 24 months. New and expanding mentorship sites that receive a board grant under subdivision 2 to design, develop, implement and evaluate their program must participate in activities that support program development and implementation.
88.19 Subd. 6. Report. By June September 30 of each year after receiving a grant, recipients 88.20 must submit a report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on program 88.21 efforts that describes mentoring and induction activities and assesses the impact of these 88.22 programs on teacher effectiveness and retention. The board must publish a summary repor 88.23 for the public and submit the report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction

## with sectio <br> over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance in accordance with sectio 3.302 by November 30 of each year.

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023

205.9 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 2, is amended to read

Subd. 2. Grow Your Own district programs. (a) A school district, charter school, or 205.10
205.11 Subd. 2. Grow Your Own district programs. (a) A school district, charter sch
cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may apply for a grant for a 205.11 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may apply for a grant for a } \\ \text { Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program }\end{array}$ 205.12 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program
205.13 to establish a Grow Your Own pathway for adults to obtain their first professional teaching $\begin{array}{ll}205.14 & \text { to establish a Grow Your Own pathway for adults to obtain their first professional teaching } \\ \text { license. Grantees must partner with a Professional Educator Licensing and Standards }\end{array}$ 205.15 Board-approved teacher preparation program. Partnerships may also include institutions 205.17 The grant recipient must use at least 80 percent of grant funds to provide tuition scholarships
 205.18 or stipends the 205.19 school district, who are of color or American Indian and who seek a teaching license, to 205.20 participate in the teacher preparation program. Grant funds may also be used to pay for 205.21 teacher licensure exams and licensure fees.
205.22
(b) A district using grant funds under this subdivision to provide financial support to 205.23 teacher candidates may require a commitment as determined by the district to teach in the 205.24 district for a reasonable amount of time that does not exceed five years.
205.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
205.26 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read
205.27 Subd. 3. Grants for programs serving secondary school students. (a) In addition to 205.28 grants for developing and offering dual-credit postsecondary course options in schools for 205.29 "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under section 124D.09, 20530 subdivision 10 a school district or charter school may apply for grants under this section 205.31 to offer other innovative programs that encourage secondary school students, especially 205.32 students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. A school district, charter 205.33 school, or a cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may apply for grants to 206.1 develop innovative Grow Your Own programs that encourage secondary school students, 206.2 especially students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. To be eligible 206.3 for a grant under this subdivision, a sehooldistrict or eharter sehool an applicant must ensure 206.4 that the aggregate percentage of secondary school students of color and American Indian 206.5 students participating in the program is equal to or greater than the aggregate percentage of 206.6 students of color and American Indian students in the school district ef, charter school, or 206.7 cooperative unit
over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance in accordance with section 3.302 by November 30 of each year
89.3
89.17 subdivision 10 A school district or charter school may apply for grats under this section

89.19 to offer ond innovative programs that encourage secondary school students, especially
89.19 students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. To be eligible for a
89.20 grant under this subdivision, a sehoel district or charter seheol an applicant must ensure
89.21 that the aggregate percentage of secondary school students of color and American Indian
89.22 students participating in the program is equal to or greater than the aggregate percentage of
89.23 students of color and American Indian students in the school district ef, charter school, or
89.24 cooperative unit.
(b) A grant recipient must use grant funds awarded under this subdivision for:
206.9 (1) supporting future teacher clubs or service-learning opportunities that provide middle 206.10 and high school students with experiential learning that supports the success of younger 206.11 students or peers and increases students' interest in pursuing a teaching career;
206.12 (2) developing and offering postsecondary enrollment options courses for "Introduction 206.13 to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" consistent with section 124D.09, subdivision 206.14 10, that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure;
206.15
(2) (3) providing direct support, including wrap-around services, for students who are 206.16 of color or American Indian to enroll and be successful in postsecondary enrollment options 206.17 courses under section 124D. 09 that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure; 206.18 or
206.19 (3)(4) offering scholarships to graduating high school students who are of color or 206.20 American Indian to enroll in board-approved undergraduate teacher preparation programs 206.21 at a college or university in Minnesota.
206.22 (c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is $\$ 500,000$. The commissioner 206.23 may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining 206.24 a grant amount.

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

206.26 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 5, is amended to read
206.27 Subd. 5. Grow Your Own program account. (a) An account is established in the specia 206.28 revenue fund known as the "Grow Your Own program account."
206.29 (b) Funds appropriated for the Grow Your Own program under this section must be 206.30 transferred to the Grow Your Own program account in the special revenue fund.
207.1 (c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the Grow 207.2 Your Own program under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted 207.3 Grant recipients may apply to use grant money over a period of up to 60 months. Grant recipients may apply to use grant money over a period of up to 60 months.
(d) Up to $\$ 100,000 \$ 175,000$ annually is appropriated to the commissioner for cost 207.5 associated with administering and monitoring the program under this section.
207.6 Sec. 61. [122A.731] SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHER PIPELINE PROGRAM. Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner of education must 207.7 administer a grant program to develop a pipeline of trained, licensed Tier 3 or Tier 4 speci $\begin{array}{ll}207.8 & \text { administer a grant program to develop a pipeline of trained, licensed Tier } 3 \text { or Tier } 4 \mathrm{sp} \\ \text { education teachers. A school district, charter school, or cooperative unit under section }\end{array}$ 207.9 education teachers. A school district, charter school, or cooperative unit under section
207.11 with a board-approved teacher preparation program.
(b) A grant recipient must use grant funds awarded under this subdivision for:
(1) supporting future teacher clubs or service-learning opportunities that provide middle and high school students with experiential learning that supports the success of younger students or peers and increases students' interest in pursuing a teaching career;
(2) developing and offering postsecondary enrollment options for "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses consistent with section 124D.09,
Subdivision 10, that meet degree requirements for teacher licensure;
(2) (3) providing direct support, including wrap-around services, for students who are of color or American Indian to enroll and be successful in postsecondary enrollment option courses under section 124D. 09 that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure; or
(3)(4) offering scholarships to graduating high school students who are of color or American Indian to enroll in board-approved undergraduate teacher preparation programs at a college or university in Minnesota.
(c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is $\$ 500,000$. The commissioner may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining a grant amount.

Subd. 2. Grant uses. (a) A grant recipient must use grant funds to support participants 207.12 Subd. 2. Grant uses. (a) A grant recipient must use grant funds to support participa 207.13 who are employed by the grant recipient as either a paraprofessional or other unlicensed 207.15 special education teacher after completing the program.
207.16 (b) A grant recipient may use grant funds for:
207.17 (1) tuition assistance or stipends for participants;
207.18 (2) supports for participants, including mentoring, licensure test preparation, and 207.19 technology support; or
207.20 (3) participant recruitment.
207.21 Subd. 3. Grant procedure. (a) Applicants must apply for a grant under this section in 207.22 the form and manner specified by the commissioner.
207.23 (b) In awarding grants, the commissioner must prioritize funding for training to allow 207.24 participants holding a Tier 1 or Tier 2 special education license to obtain a Tier 3 special 207.25 education license.
207.26 (c) To the extent that there are sufficient applications, the commissioner must, to th 207.27 extent practicable, award an equal number of grants between applicants in greater Minnesota 207.28 and applicants in the metropolitan area.
207.29

Subd. 4. Report. Within one year of receiving grant funds, and for each year that a 207.30 recipient receives grant funds, a grant recipient must report to the commissioner in the form 207.31 and manner determined by the commissioner the number of participants in the program 208.1 how grant funds were used. The commissioner must publish an annual report that identifies 208.2 the grant recipients and summarizes how grant funds are used.
208.3 Subd. 5. Special education teacher pipeline program account. (a) An account is 208.4 established in the special revenue fund known as the special education teacher pipeline 208.5 program account.
208.6 (b) Funds appropriated for the special education teacher pipeline program under this 208.7 section must be transferred to the special educator teacher pipeline program account in the 208.8 special revenue fund.
208.9 (c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the special 208.10 education teacher pipeline program under this section. Any returned funds are available to
208.11 be regranted. Grant recipients may apply to use grant money over a period of up to 60
208.12 months.
208.13 onths.
(d) Up to $\$ 175,000$ annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated 208.14 with administering and monitoring the program under this section.
208.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, 208.18 and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of schools 208.19 of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for 208.20 the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building 208.21 or buildings to which the principal is assigned.
208.22
(b) To enhance a principal's culturally responsive leadership skills and support and 208.23 improve teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student 208.24 populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted 208.25 students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system 208.26 for annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within the 208.27 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting 208.28 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher 208.29 quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:
208.30
(1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management, 208.31 and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of 208.31 and professional development, and strengthen the principal's cap
208.32 instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;
(2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, familis 209.3 209.3 209.4 209.5 209.6 209.7
209.8 209.8
209.9 209.9 209.10 and employees;
(2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of student progress toward career and college readiness;
(3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school performance, and high-quality instruction;
$(4) \underline{(5)}$ include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
(5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 209.12 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success, $209.13(6)(7)$ use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 209.14 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;
209.15 (7) (8) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and 209.16 learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership 209.17 practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and
209.18 (8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria 209.19 under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify 209.20 the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
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Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of school of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for
the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building or buildings to which the principal is assigned.
(b) To enhance a principal's culturally responsive leadership skills and support and mprove teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting
the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:
(1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management, and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;
(2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, familie and employees;
(2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of student progress toward career and college readiness;
(3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school performance, and high-quality instruction;
(4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
(5)(6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success;
$(\Theta)(7)$ use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;
$(7)(8)$ be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and
(8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
ficient flexibility
209.21 The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility
209.22 to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating 209.22 to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating 209.23 principals.
209.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
208.16 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 208.17 Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, 208.18 and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of schools 208.19 of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for 208.20 the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building 208.21 or buildings to which the principal is assigned.
208.22
(b) To enhance a principal's culturally responsive leadership skills and support and 208.23 improve teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student 208.24 populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted 208.25 students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system 208.26 for annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within th 208.27 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting
208.28 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher 208.28 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher 208.29 quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:
208.30 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management, 208.31 and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of 208.32 instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;
209.1 (2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that 209.2 create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, families 209.3 and employees;
(2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of
(3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and 209.8 goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which 209.9 perf support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school 209.10 rformance, and high-quality instruction;
209.10
$(4) \underline{(5)}$ include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
209.11
(5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 209.12 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success,
209.13
$(6)(7)$ use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 209.14 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;
91.14 The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility 91.15 to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating 91.16 principals.
91.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

## S1311-2

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of schools of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building or buildings to which the principal is assigned.
(b) To enhance a principal's culturally responsive leadership skills and support and 104.8 improve teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student 104.9 populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted 104.10 students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system 104.11 for annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within th 104.12 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting 104.13 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teache 104.14 quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:
104.15 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management, 104.16 and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of 104.17 instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;
104.18 (2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that 104.19 create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, families 104.20 and employees;
104.21
(2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of 104.22 student progress toward career and college readiness;
104.23 (3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and 104.24 goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which 104.25 must support the principar's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school 104.26 performance, and high-quality instruction;
104.27 (4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
104.28 (5)(6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 104.29 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success, $104.30(6)(7)$ use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 104.31 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets
$209.15 \quad(7)(8)$ be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and 209.16 learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership 209.17 practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and
209.18 (8)(9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria 209.19 under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify 209.20 the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
209.21 The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility 209.22 to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating 209.23 principals.
209.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

### 209.25 Sec. 63. [124D.901] STUDENT SUPPORT PERSONNEL AID.

209.26 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have 209.27 the meanings given:
209.28
(1) "new position" means a student support services personnel full-time or part-time 209.29 position not under contract by a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit at the 209.30 start of the 2022-2023 school year;
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210.6 "tudent support services personnel" means an individual licensed to serve as a schoo 210.7 counselor, school psycho
$210.8 \quad$ Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of student support personnel aid is to
210.9 (1) address shortages of student support services personnel within Minnesota schools;
210.10 (2) decrease caseloads for existing student support services personnel to ensure effective 210.11 services;
210.12 (3) ensure that students receive effective student support services and integrated and 210.13 comprehensive services to improve prekindergarten through grade 12 academic, physical, 210.14 social, and emotional outcomes supporting career and college readiness and effective school 210.15 mental health services;
210.16 (4) ensure that student support services personnel serve within the scope and practice 210.17 of their training and licensure;
$(7)(8)$ be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and
(8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify he procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating } \\
& \text { principals. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

## UEH2497-1

## Sec. 17. [124D.901] STUDENT SUPPORT PERSONNEL AID

Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have he meanings given:
(1) "new position" means a student support services personnel full-time or part-time position not under contract by a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit at the start of the 2022-2023 school year;
(2) "part-time position" means a student support services personnel position less than 1.0 full-time equivalent at the start of the 2022-2023 school year
(3) "American Rescue Plan Act" means the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Public Law 117-2, that awarded funds; and
(4) "student support services personnel" means an individual licensed to serve as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical dependency counselor in Minnesota.

Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of student support personnel aid is to:
(1) address shortages of student support services personnel within Minnesota schools;
(2) decrease caseloads for existing student support services personnel to ensure effective services;
(3) ensure that students receive effective student support services and integrated and comprehensive services to improve prekindergarten through grade 12 academic, physical ment, and emotional outcomes supporting career and college readiness and effective school mental health services;
(4) ensure that student support services personnel serve within the scope and practice of their training and licensure;

21018 (5) fully integrate learning supports, instruction, assessment, data-based decision making 210.19 and family and community engagement within a comprehensive approach that facilitates 210.20 interdisciplinary collaboration; and
210.21 (6) improve student health, school safety, and school climate to support academic success 210.22 and career and college readiness.
210.23 Subd. 3. Aid eligibility and application. A school district, charter school, intermediate
210.24 school district, or other cooperative unit is eligible to apply for student support personnel
210.25 aid under this section. The commissioner must prescribe the form and manner of the
210.26 application, which must include a plan describing how the aid will be used, including the
210.27 current roster of licensed student support personnel.
210.28 Subd. 4. Student support personnel aid. (a) The initial student support personnel aid 210.29 for a school district equals the greater of the student support personnel allowance times the 210.29 for a school district equals the greater of the student support personnel allowance times the 210.30 adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or $\$ 50,000$. The initial studen
210.32 times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the current fiscal year.
(b) The cooperative student support personnel aid for a school district that is a membe 211.2 of an intermediate school district or other cooperative unit that enrolls students equals the 211.3 cooperative student support allowance times the adjusted pupil units at the district for the 211.4 current fiscal year. If a district is a member of more than one cooperative unit that enrolls 211.5 students, the revenue must be allocated among the cooperative units

## 211.6 (c) The student support personnel allowance equals $\$ 25.23$ for fiscal year 2024, $\$ 50.6$

 211.7 for fiscal year 2025, and $\$ 76.32$ for fiscal year 2026 and later.211.8
(d) The cooperative student support allowance equals $\$ 1.51$ for fiscal year 2024, $\$ 3.0$
211.9 or fiscal year 2025, and $\$ 4.58$ for fiscal year 2026 and later
21.10 (e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the student support personnel aid must no 211.11 exceed the district's, charter school's, or cooperative unit's actual expenditure according to 211.12 the approved plan under subdivision 3.
211.13 Subd. 5. Allowed uses; match requirements. (a) Aid under this section must be used 211.14 to hire new positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position
(5) fully integrate learning supports, instruction, assessment, data-based decision making and family and community engagement within a comprehensive approach that facilitates interdisciplinary collaboration; and
(6) improve student health, school safety, and school climate to support academic success and career and college readiness.
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92.2192.2292.32

Subd. 3. Student support personnel aid. (a) The initial student support personnel aid
fr fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025 for a school district equals the greater of $\$ 24$ time he adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or $\$ 25,000$. The initia reater of $\$ 44$ times the adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or $\$ 60,000$. The initial student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year or a charter school equals $\$ 22$ times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the urrent fiscal year. The initial student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2026 and lat or a charter school equals $\$ 40$ times the ajusted pupil units at the chater scholl for the or a chat (b) The
b) The cooperative student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 025 for a school district that is a member of an intermediate school district or other cooperative unit that enrolls students equals $\$ 2$ times the adjusted pupil units at the membe istrict for the current fiscal year. The cooperative student support personnel aid for fiscal or other cooperative unit that enrolls students equals $\$ 4$ times the adjusted pupil units at the nember district for the current fiscal year. If a district is a member of more than one
cooperative unit that enrolls students, the revenue must be allocated among the cooperative .
(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the student support personnel aid must no exceed the district's or cooperative unit's actual expenditure according to the approved plan under subdivision 3 .

Subd. 4. Allowed uses. (a) Aid under this section must be used to hire new positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less than 1.0
11.15 that is less than 1.0 full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make 211.16 permanent a position hired using onetime resources awarded through the federal Coronavirus 211.17 Aid Relief and Economic Security Act, the federal Consolidated Appropriations Act, the 211.18 federal Division M-Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, or 211.19 the federal American Rescue Plan Act, or to maintain a position that would otherwise be 211.20 eliminated.
211.21 (b) Cooperative student support personnel aid must be transferred to the intermediate 211.22 district or other cooperative unit of which the district is a member and used to hire new 211.23 district or other cooperative unit or which the student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less 211.24 positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less
211.25 position hired using onetime resources awarded through the American Rescue Plan Act at 211.26 phe intermediate district or cooperative unit.
211.27
(c) If a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit does not receive at least two
211.28 applications and is not able to hire a new full-time equivalent position with student support
211.29 personnel aid, the aid may be used for contracted services from individuals licensed to serve
211.30 as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical
211.31 dependency counselor in Minnesota.
211.32 Subd. 6. Report required. By February 1 following any fiscal year in which student
211.33 support personnel aid was received, a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit
211.33 support personnel aid was received, a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit
212.1 must submit a written report to the commissioner indicating how the new position affected 212.2 two or more of the following measures:
(1) school climate;
(2) student health;
(3) attendance rates;
(4) academic achievement;
(5) career and college readiness; and
(6) postsecondary completion rates.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.03, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
Subd. 18. Teacher. "Teacher" means any public employee other than a superintendent or assistant superintendent, principal, assistant principal, or a supervisory or confidential employee, employed by a school district:
(1) in a position for which the person must be licensed by the Professional Educator 5 Licensing and Standards Board or the commissioner of education; өf
full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make permanent a position hired using onetime resources awarded through the American Rescue Plan Act, or to maintain a position that would otherwise be eliminated.
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$93.21 \quad$ Sup


(b) Cooperative student support personnel aid must be transferred to the intermediate district or other cooperative unit of which the district is a member and used to hire new than 1.0 full-time gupport services personnel or increase a current position that position hired using onetime resources awarded through the federal American Rescue Plan Act at the intermediate district or cooperative unit.
(c) If a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit does not receive at least two pplications and is not able to hire a new full-time equivalent position with student support ersonnel aid, the aid may be used for contracted services from individuals licensed to serve al ey
Subd. 5. Report required. By February 1 following any fiscal year in which student
support personnel aid was received, a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit
we submit a written report to the commissioner indicating how the new position affected
wo or more of the following measures:
(1) school climate;
(2) student health;
(3) attendance rates;
(4) academic achievement;
(5) career and college readiness; and
(6) postsecondary completion rates.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.

### 212.16 (2) in a position as a physical therapist, occupational therapist, art therapist, music

 212.17 therapist, or audiologist:; or212.18 (3) in a position creating and delivering instruction to children in a prekindergarten or $\begin{array}{ll}212.19 & \text { early learning program, except that an employee in a bargaining unit certified before January } \\ 212.20 & \text { 1, 2023, may remain in a bargaining unit that does not include teachers unless an exclusive }\end{array}$ $212.21 \quad \frac{1,2023 \text {, may remain in a bargaining unit that does not include teachers unless an exclusive }}{\text { representative files a petition for a unit clarification or to transfer exclusive representative }}$
212.22 status.
212.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.
212.24 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.03, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
212.25 Subd. 19. Terms and conditions of employment. "Terms and conditions of employment"
212.26 means the hours of employment, the compensation therefor including fringe benefits except
212.27 retirement contributions or benefits other than employer payment of, or contributions to,
212.28 premiums for group insurance coverage of retired employees or severance pay, and the
212.29 employer's personnel policies affecting the working conditions of the employees. In the
212.30 case of professional employees the term does not mean educational policies of a school
213.1 district. "Terms and conditions of employment" is subject to section 179A.07. In the cas
213.2 of school employees, "terms and conditions of employment" includes class sizes, studen
213.3 testing, and student-to-personnel ratios.

## Sec. 66. APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.

Subd. 2. Agricultural educator grants. (a) For agricultural educator grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 51:

| 213.10 | $\$$ | $\underline{250,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 213.11 | $\$$ | $\underline{250,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

213.12 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
213.13 Subd. 3. Alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) For alternative teacher compensation 213.14 aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4 .

| 213.15 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{88,666,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 213.16 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{89,321,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

## Sec. 18. APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal year designated.

Subd. 2. Agricultural educator grants. (a) For agricultural educator grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 51:

| $\$$ | $\underline{250,000}$ | $\ldots \ldots$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$$ | $\underline{250,000}$ | $\ldots .$. | $\underline{2025}$ |

(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 3. Alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) For alternative teacher compensation aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4 :

| .12 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{88,443,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .13 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{88,430,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |



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94.14 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes $8,824,000 for fiscal year 2023 and $79,619,000
94.15 for fiscal year 2024.
94.16 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes $8,847,000 for fiscal year 2024 and $79,583,000
94.17 for fiscal year 2025
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94.18 Subd. 4. Come Teach in Minnesota hiring bonuses. (a) For the Come Teach in
94.19 Minnesota hiring bonuses pilot program under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.59:
94.20 $ 200,000 -.... 
94.21 $ 400,000 =.... }202
```

$94.20 \quad \$ \quad 200,000 \quad$..... 2024
$94.21 \quad \underline{400,000} \quad \underline{2025}$

214.20 Subd. 6. Concurrent enrollment teacher training program. (a) For the concurrent 214.21 enrollment teacher partnership under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.76:

| 214.22 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{375,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 214.23 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{375,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

214.24 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

### 214.25 Subd. 7. Expanded concurrent enrollment grants. (a) For grants to institutions offering

 214.26 "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under Minnesota Statutes, 214.27 section 124D.09, subdivision 10, paragraph (b):| 214.28 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{500,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 214.29 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{500,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

214.30 (b) Up to five percent of the grant amount is available for grant administration and 214.31 monitoring.
214.32 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year
215.1 Subd. 8. Grow Your Own pathways to teacher licensure grants. (a) For grants to 215.2 develop, continue, or expand Grow Your Own new teacher programs under Minnesota 215.3 Statutes, section 122A.73, to develop a teaching workforce that more closely reflects the

[^0]state's increasingly diverse student population and ensure all students have equitable access to effective and diverse teachers:

| $\$$ | $\underline{23,500,000}$ | $\cdots$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{23,500,000}$ | $\cdots \ldots$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

215.7 \$ 23,500,000 ..... 2025
215.8 (b) Up to $\$ 175,000$ of the appropriation is available to administer the grant program

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215.9 Subd. 9. Special education teacher pipeline. (a) For grants to develop special education
215.10 teacher pipelines across Minnesota under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.731
215.11 $ IO,000,000 =.... 
215.12 $ \underline{10,000,000 .... }\underline{2025}
215.13 (b) Up to $175,000 of the appropriation is available to administer the grant program.
215.14 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal
215.15 year.
```

$97.9 \quad$ Subd. 13. Student support personnel. (a) To address shortages of school support
97.1 personnel services that benefit children and young people's social, emotional, and physical
$97.12 \quad$ schools, and the Department of Education, and to implement a workforce development
97.12 Schools,
$97.14 \quad$ \$ 2,550,000 …. $\quad \underline{2024}$
$97.15 \quad \underline{2,550,000} \quad \underline{-} .$.
97.16
97.17
97.18
97.19
97.19

Subd. 10. Student support personnel aid. (a) For aid to support schools in addressin 215.17 students' social, emotional, and physical health under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D. 901

| 215.18 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{25,000,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 215.19 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{50,000,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

215.20 (b) This appropriation is 100 percent payable in the current year.
215.21 (c) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is $\$ 75,000,000$.
215.22 Subd. 11. Student support personnel workforce pipeline. (a) For a grant program to 215.23 develop a student support personnel workforce pipeline focused on increasing school 215.24 psychologists, school nurses, school counselors, and school social workers of color and 215.25 Indigenous providers, professional respecialization, recruitment, and retention:

| 215.26 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{5,000,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 215.27 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{5,000,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

215.28
(b) Of the amount in paragraph (a), $\$ 150,000$ is for providing support to school nurse across the state.
(c) To the extent practicable, the pipeline grants must be used to support equal numbers
215.31 of students pursuing careers as school psychologists, school nurses, school counselors, and
215.32 school social workers.
216.1
(d) For grants awarded under this subdivision to school psychologists, the following terms have the meanings given
216.3 (1) "eligible designated trainee" means an individual enrolled in a NASP-approved or 216.4 APA-accredited school psychology program granting educational specialist certificates or 216.5 doctoral degrees in school psychology;
216.6 (2) "practica" means an educational experience administered and evaluated by the 216.7 graduate training program, with university and site supervision by appropriately credentialed 216.8 school psychologists, to develop trainees' competencies to provide school psychological 216.9 services based on the graduate program's goals and competencies relative to accreditation 216.10 and licensure requirements; and
216.11 (3) "eligible employment" means a paid position within a school or local education
216.12 agency directly related to the training program providing direct or indirect school psychology
216.13 services. Direct services include assessment, intervention, prevention, or consultation services
216.14 to students or their family members and educational staff. Indirect services include
216.15 supervision, research and evaluation, administration, program development, technica
216.16 ansistance, or professional learning to support direct services.
$97.20 \quad$ Subd. 14. $\frac{\text { Student support personnel aid. (a) For aid to support schools in addressing }}{\text { 97.21 }}$ 97.21 students' social, emotional, and physical health under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D. 901

| 97.22 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{23,432,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 97.23 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{25,990,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

b) The 2024 appropriation includes $\$ 0$ for 2023 and $\$ 23,432,000$ for 2024.
(c) The 2025 appropriation includes $\$ 2,604,000$ for 2024 and $\$ 23,386,000$ for 2025

## e) Grants awarded to school psychologists must be used for

216.18 (1) the provision of paid, supervised, and educationally meaningful practica in a public 216.19 school setting for an eligible designated trainee enrolled in a qualifying program within the 216.20 grantee's institution;
216.21
(2) to support student recruitment and retention to enroll and hire an eligible designated
216.22 trainee for paid practica in public school settings; and
216.23 (3) oversight of trainee practica and professional development by the qualifying institution
216.24 to ensure the qualifications and conduct by an eligible designated trainee meet requirements
216.25 set forth by the state and accrediting agencies.
216.26
(f) Upon successful completion of the graduate training program, grants awarded to
216.27 school psychologists must maintain eligible employment within Minnesota for a minimum
216.28 period of one-year full-time equivalent for each academic year of paid traineeship under
216.29 the grant program.
216.30 (g) Up to $\$ 150,000$ of the appropriation is available for grant administration.
216.31 Subd. 12. Teacher residency program. (a) For the teacher residency program under
216.32 Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.68, subdivision 3:
217.1 \$ $\quad 3,000,000 \quad$..... 2024
217.2 \$ $\quad \underline{3,000,000} \quad \underline{\underline{2} . .}$

## 217.3 (b) Up to three percent of the appropriation is available for grant administration

217.4 (c) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.

Sec. 67. APPROPRIATIONS; PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD

Subdivision 1. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. The sums Indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Professional Educato Licensing and Standards Board for the fiscal years designated.
21710
217.11 Profubd. 2. Alternative pathways support position. To fund a new position at the
217.11 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to support candidates through } \\ & \text { alternative pathway programs, including the licensure via portfolio process and to support }\end{aligned}$


## districts, charter schools, and educational cooperatives to become alternative preparation

 217.14 providers:| 217.15 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{150,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 217.16 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{150,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

217.17 Subd. 3. Collaborative urban and greater Minnesota educators of color grants. (a) 217.18 For collaborative urban and greater Minnesota educators of color competitive grants under 217.19 Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.635:

| 217.20 | $\underline{6,000,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 217.21 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{6,000,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

217.22 (b) The board may retain up to $\$ 100,000$ of the appropriation amount to monitor and 217.23 administer the grant program.
$217.24 \quad$ (c) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.
217.25 (d) The base appropriation for fiscal year 2026 and later is $\$ 6,000,000$.
$217.26 \quad$ Subd. 4. Heritage language and culture teachers. To support an additional licensure 217.27 pathway program for heritage language and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes,
217.28 section 122A.631, including funding for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers
217.29 on meeting days, portfolio fees, licensure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program 217.30 participants:

| 217.31 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{208,000}$ | $\underline{-. . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 217.32 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{208,000}$ | $\underline{-\ldots .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

218.1 Subd. 5. Licensure via portfolio online platform. To complete the licensure via portfolio 218.2 online platform to streamline the portfolio submission and review process:

| 218.3 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{150,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 218.4 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{150,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

218.5 Subd. 6. Mentoring, induction, and retention incentive program grants for teachers 218.6 of color. (a) To develop and expand mentoring, induction, and retention programs designed $218.6 \quad \frac{\text { of color. }}{218.7}$ for teachers of color or American Indian teachers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.70:
98.15 \$ $\underline{208,000} \quad \underline{-\ldots . .} \underline{2024}$
8.16

$$
\underline{208,000} \quad \underline{-} \underline{2025}
$$

Subd. 4. Mentoring, induction, and retention incentive program grants for teachers of color. (a) To develop and expand mentoring, induction, and retention programs designed for teachers of color or American Indian teachers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.70:

| 218.8 | $\underline{3} 500,000$ | $\underline{\ldots . . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 218.9 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{3,500,000}$ | $\ldots \ldots$. | $\underline{2025}$ |

218.10 (b) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.
218.11 (c) The base for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.70, for fiscal year 2026 218.12 and later is $\$ 4,500,000$, of which at least $\$ 3,500,000$ each fiscal year is for grants to develop 218.13 and expand mentoring, induction, and retention programs designed for teachers of color or 218.14 American Indian teachers.
218.15
(d) The board may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to monitor and
218.16 administer the grant program.
218.17

Subd. 7. Removing barriers to licensure. (a) For rulemaking and technology changes 218.18 related to tiered licensure changes:

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$ 77,000 ... 
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## $218.20 \quad$ (b) This is a onetime appropriation

218.21 Subd. 8. Reports on increasing percentage of teachers of color and American Indian 218.22 teachers. (a) For a half-time equivalent employee to complete reports on state-funded
218.23 programs to increase the percentage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers in
218.25 Minnesota schools in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.117, and process
218.26 元
$\begin{array}{lllll}218.27 & \underline{\$} & \underline{60,000} & \underline{-. .} & \underline{2024} \\ 218.28 & \underline{\$} & \underline{60,000} & \underline{\ldots . .} & \underline{2025}\end{array}$
(b) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is $\$ 60,000$.
$\begin{array}{ll}218.30 & \text { Subd. 9. Teacher recruitment marketing campaign. (a) To develop two contracts to } \\ 218.31 \text { develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign under this subdivision: }\end{array}$
$219.1 \quad \$ \quad \frac{500,000}{500,000} \quad \underset{ }{2025}$
219.2 \$ 500,000 ..... 2025
219.3 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a request for
219.4 proposals to develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign to elevate the profession and recruit teachers, especially teachers of color and American Indian teachers. $\frac{\text { profession and recruit teachers, especially teachers of color and American Indian teachers. }}{\text { Outreach efforts should include and support current and former Teacher of the Year finalists }}$

| 98.20 | $\underline{3,496,000}$ | $\underline{-. . .}$ | $\underline{2024}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 98.21 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{3,496,000}$ | $\underline{\ldots . .}$ | $\underline{2025}$ |

## programs designed for teachers of color or American Indian teacher.

(d) The board may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to monitor and 98.27 administer the grant program.

Subd. 5. Reports on increasing percentage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers. $\frac{(a)}{\text { For a full-time equivalent employee to complete reports on state-funded }}$
programs to increase the percentage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers in
Minnesota schools in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.117, and process reports under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.40, subdivision 3, and 122A.41, subdivision 16:

| $\$$ | $\underline{20,000}$ | $\ldots .$. | $\underline{2024}$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$$ | $\underline{0}$ | $\ldots .$. | $\underline{2025}$ |

(b) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is $\$ 0$.

Subd. 6. Teacher recruitment marketing campaign. (a) To develop two contracts to develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign under this subdivision:
\$ $\quad \underline{500,000} \quad \underline{ } \quad \underline{2024}$
\$ 500,000 ..... 2025
(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a request for proposals to develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign to elevate the profession and recruit teachers, especially teachers of color and American Indian teachers.
interested in being recruitment fellows to encourage prospective educators throughout the
state. The board may renew a grant contract with a prior recipient if it determines sufficien deliverables were achieved and the plans of the firm or organization are more promising 219.10 than proposals from other entities
219.11
(c) The outreach and marketing campaign must focus on increasing interest in teaching in Minnesota public schools for the following individuals:
219.13
(1) high school and college students of color or American Indian students who have not
219.14 hosen a career path; or
219.15
(2) adults from racial or ethnic groups underrepresented in the teacher workforce who may be seeking to change careers.
219.17
(d) The board must award two $\$ 250,000$ grants each year to firms or organizations that 219.18 demonstrate capacity to reach wide and varied audiences of prospective teachers based on 219.19 a work plan with quarterly deliverables. Preferences should be given to firms or organizations
219.20 that are led by people of color and that have people of color working on the campaign with
219.21 a proven record of success. The grant recipients must recognize current pathways or programs
219.22 to become a teacher and must partner with educators, schools, institutions, and racially
219.23 diverse communities. The grant recipients are encouraged to provide in-kind contributions
219.24 or seek funds from nonstate sources to supplement the grant award.
219.25
(e) The board may use no more than three percent of the appropriation amount to $219.26 \frac{\text { administer the program under this subdivision, and may have an interagency agreement }}{\text { with the }}$ 219.27 with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help administer the program.
(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

### 219.29 <br> Sec. 68. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.

219.30

The revisor of statutes shall replace the terms "candidate" or "candidates" with "applicant"
219.31 or "applicants" wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.09, 122A.18,
$219.32 \frac{\text { or applicants wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.09, 122A.18, }}{122 \mathrm{~A} .181,122 \mathrm{~A} .182,122 \mathrm{~A} .183,122 \mathrm{~A} .184,122 \mathrm{~A} .185,122 \mathrm{~A} .188,122 \mathrm{~A} .21 \text { and 122A. }} 8$

## Sec. 69. REPEALER.

## a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 122A.07, subdivision 2a; 122A.091, subdivisions

 and 6; and 122A.18, subdivision 7c, are repealed.(b) Minnesota Rules, part 8710.0500 , subparts 8 and 11 , are repealed. (c) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, subdivision 2, is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (c) is effective July 1, 2024.
interested in being recruitment fellows to encourage prospective educators throughout the 99.15 state.
99.16 (c) The outreach and marketing campaign must focus on increasing interest in teaching 99.17 in Minnesota public schools for the following individuals:
99.18
(1) high school and college students of color or American Indian students who have not chosen a career path; or
(2) adults from racial or ethnic groups underrepresented in the teacher workforce who may be seeking to change careers.
(d) The board must award two $\$ 250,000$ grants each year to firms or organizations that demonstrate capacity to reach wide and varied audiences of prospective teachers based on a work plan with quarterly deliverables. Preferences should be given to firms or organizations hat are led by people of color and that have people of color working on the campaign with a proven record of success. The grant recipients must recognize current pathways or programs o become a teacher and must partner with educators, schools, institutions, and racially iverse communities. The grant recipients are encouraged to provide in-kind contributions or seek funds from nonstate sources to supplement the grant award.
(e) The board may use no more than three percent of the appropriation amount to $\frac{\text { administer the program under this subdivision, and may have an interagency agreement }}{\text { with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help }}$ with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help administer the program.
(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.


[^0]:    (b) The department may use up to $\$ 30,000$ of the appropriation amount to administer and improve the program under this subdivision.
    (c) This appropriation is subject to the requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.59, subdivision 5 .
    (d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is $\$ 400,000$.

    Subd. 11. Statewide concurrent enrollment teacher training program. (a) For the concurrent enrollment teacher partnership under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.76.
    \$ $\quad \underline{375,000} \quad \underline{ } \quad \underline{2024}$
    \$ 375,000
    ..... 2025
    (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

    Subd. 6. Coalition to Increase Teachers of Color and American Indian Teachers. (a)
    For a grant to the Coalition to Increase Teachers of Color and American Indian Teachers in Minnesota for nonlobbying activities and general operating expenses that support the recruitment and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers underrepresented in the state's workforce:
    $\underline{\$} \quad \underline{100,000} \quad \underline{\ldots} \quad \underline{2024}$
    \$ $\quad \underline{100,000} \quad \underline{-\ldots . .} \quad \underline{2025}$

    ## (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

    Subd. 7. Expanded concurrent enrollment grants. (a) For grants to institutions offering "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 10, paragraph (b):| 14 | $\underline{y}$ | $\underline{500,000}$ | $\ldots$ | $\underline{2024}$ |
    | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
    | 15 | $\underline{\$}$ | $\underline{500,000}$ | $\ldots .$. | $\underline{2025}$ |

    (b) Up to five percent of the grant amount is available for grant administration and
    monitoring.
    (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

    Subd. 8. Grow Your Own pathways to teacher licensure grants. (a) For grants to develop, continue, or expand Grow Your Own new teacher programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.73, to develop a teaching workforce that more closely reflects the

