161.10	ARTICLE 5
161.11	TEACHERS
161.12	Cartin 1 Minnards Chatter 2022 and a 120 A 414 and division 2 is amounted to made
161.15 161.16 161.17 161.18 161.19	its teachers. The plan must include accommodations for students without Internet access at home and for digital device access for families without the technology or an insufficient amount of technology for the number of children in the household. A school's e-learning
161.20	day plan must provide accessible options for students with disabilities under chapter 125A.

69.25	ARTICLE 4
69.26	TEACHERS
	S1311-2
89.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120A.414, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
89.7 89.8 89.9 89.10 89.11 89.12 89.13	Subd. 2. Plan. A school board may adopt an e-learning day plan after <u>consulting meeting and negotiating</u> with the exclusive representative of the teachers. A charter school may adopt an e-learning day plan after consulting with its teachers, or after meeting and <u>negotiating with the exclusive representative for its teachers.</u> The plan must include accommodations for students without Internet access at home and for digital device access for families without the technology or an insufficient amount of technology for the number of children in the household. A school's e-learning day plan must provide accessible options for students with disabilities under chapter 125A.
	UEH2497-1
69.27	Section 1. [120B.113] CLOSING EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GAPS GRANTS.
69.28 69.29 69.30 69.31 70.1 70.2	Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner of education must establish a grant program to support implementation of world's best workforce strategies under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clauses (4) and (6), and collaborative efforts that address opportunity gaps resulting from curricular, environmental, and structural inequities in schools experienced by students, families, and staff who are of color or who are American Indian.
70.3 70.4	Subd. 2. <u>Definitions.</u> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
70.5 70.6	(b) "Antiracist" means actively working to identify and eliminate racism in all forms so that power and resources are redistributed and shared equitably among racial groups.
70.7 70.8	(c) "Curricular" means curriculum resources used and content taught as well as access to levels of coursework or types of learning opportunities.
70.9	(d) "Environmental" means relating to the climate and culture of a school.
70.10 70.11 70.12 70.13	(e) "Equitable" means fairness by providing curriculum, instruction, support, and other resources for learning based on the needs of individual students and groups of students to succeed at school rather than treating all students the same despite the students having different needs.
70.14 70.15 70.16	(f) "Institutional racism" means policies and practices within and across institutions that produce outcomes that chronically favor white people and disadvantage those who are Black, Indigenous, and People of Color.

Senate Language UEH2497-1

61.21 Sec. 2. [120B.101] CURRICULUM.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
161.22	No school district or charter school may discriminate against or discipline a teacher or
161.23	principal on the basis of incorporating into curriculum contributions of persons in a federall
161.24	protected class or state protected class, when the contribution is in alignment with standards
161.25	and benchmarks adopted under sections 120B.021 and 120B.023.

70.17	(g) "Opportunity gap" means the inequitable distribution of resources that impacts
70.18	inequitable opportunities that contribute to or perpetuate learning gaps for certain groups
70.19	of students.
70.20	(h) "Structural" means relating to the organization and systems of a school that have
70.21	been created to manage a school.
70.22	Subd. 3. Applications and grant awards. The commissioner must determine application
70.23	procedures and deadlines, select districts and charter schools to participate in the grant
70.24	program, and determine the award amount and payment process of the grants. To the extent
70.25	that there are sufficient applications, the commissioner must award an approximately equal
70.26	number of grants between districts in greater Minnesota and those in the Twin Cities
70.27	metropolitan area. If there are an insufficient number of applications received for either
70.28	geographic area, then the commissioner may award grants to meet the requests for funds
70.29	wherever a district is located.
70.30	Subd. 4. Description. The grant program must provide funding that supports collaborative
70.31	efforts that close opportunity gaps by:
71.1	(1) ensuring school environments and curriculum validate, affirm, embrace, and integrate
71.2	cultural and community strengths of students, families, and employees from all racial and
71.3	ethnic backgrounds; and
71.4	(2) addressing institutional racism with equitable school policies, structures, practices.
71.4 71.5	(2) addressing institutional racism with equitable school policies, structures, practices, and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section
71.4 71.5 71.6	(2) addressing institutional racism with equitable school policies, structures, practices, and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
71.5 71.6	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
71.5 71.6 71.7	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum.
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement.
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13 71.14	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients and potential grant applicants.
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13 71.14	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13 71.14	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients and potential grant applicants.
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13 71.14 71.15	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients and potential grant applicants. S1311-2 Sec. 6. [120B.25] CURRICULUM POLICY. No school district or charter school may discriminate against or discipline a teacher or
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13 71.14 71.15	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients and potential grant applicants. S1311-2 Sec. 6. [120B.25] CURRICULUM POLICY.
71.5 71.6 71.7 71.8 71.9 71.10 71.11 71.12 71.13 71.14 71.15	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section 124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum. The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement. The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients and potential grant applicants. S1311-2 Sec. 6. [120B.25] CURRICULUM POLICY. No school district or charter school may discriminate against or discipline a teacher or

Senate Language UEH2497-1

161.26	Sec. 3.	[120B.117]	INCREASING PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS OF COLOR
161.27	AND AM	ERICAN	INDIAN TEACHERS IN MINNESOTA.

- Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section sets short-term and long-term attainment goals for increasing the percentage of teachers of color and who are American Indian teachers in Minnesota and for ensuring all students have equitable access to effective and racially and ethnically diverse teachers who reflect the diversity of students. The goals and report required under this section are important for meeting attainment goals for the world's best workforce under section 120B.11, achievement and integration under section 124D.861, and higher education attainment under section 135A.012, all of which have been established to close persistent opportunity and achievement gaps that limit students' success in school and life and impede the state's economic growth.
- Subd. 2. Equitable access to racially and ethnically diverse teachers. The percentage of teachers in Minnesota who are of color or who are American Indian should increase at least two percentage points per year to have a teaching workforce that more closely reflects the state's increasingly diverse student population and to ensure all students have equitable access to effective and diverse teachers by 2040.
- 162.11 Subd. 3. **Rights not created.** The attainment goal in this section is not to the exclusion 162.12 of any other goals and does not confer a right or create a claim for any person.
- Subd. 4. **Reporting.** Beginning in 2024 and every even-numbered year thereafter, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must collaborate with the Department 162.15 of Education and the Office of Higher Education to publish a summary report of each of 162.16 the programs they administer and any other programs receiving state appropriations that have or include an explicit purpose of increasing the racial and ethnic diversity of the state's 162.18 teacher workforce to more closely reflect the diversity of students. The report must include 162.19 programs under sections 122A.59, 122A.63, 122A.635, 122A.70, 122A.73, 124D.09, 162.20 124D.861, 136A.1274, 136A.1276, and 136A.1791, along with any other programs or initiatives that receive state appropriations to address the shortage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers. The board must, in coordination with the Office of Higher 162.23 Education and Department of Education, provide policy and funding recommendations 162.24 related to state-funded programs to increase the recruitment, preparation, licensing, hiring, 162.25 and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and the state's progress toward 162.26 meeting or exceeding the goals of this section. The report must include recommendations for state policy and funding needed to achieve the goals of this section, plans for sharing the report and activities of grant recipients, and opportunities among grant recipients of 162.29 various programs to share effective practices with each other. The 2024 report must include 162.30 a recommendation of whether a state advisory council should be established to address the shortage of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and what the composition and charge 162.32 of such an advisory council would be if established. The board must consult with the Indian 162.33 Affairs Council and other ethnic councils along with other community partners, including students of color and American Indian students, in developing the report. By November 3

of each odd-numbered year, the board must submit the report to the chairs and ranking

92.4 Sec. 5. [120B.117] INCREASING PERCENTAGE OF TEACHERS OF COLOR 92.5 AND AMERICAN INDIAN TEACHERS IN MINNESOTA.

92.6 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** This section sets short-term and long-term attainment goals for increasing the percentage of teachers of color and who are American Indian teachers in Minnesota and for ensuring all students have equitable access to effective and racially and ethnically diverse teachers who reflect the diversity of students. The goals and report required under this section are important for meeting attainment goals for the world's best workforce under section 120B.11, achievement and integration under section 124D.861, and higher education attainment under section 135A.012, all of which have been established to close persistent opportunity and achievement gaps that limit students' success in school and life and impede the state's economic growth.

92.15 Subd. 2. Equitable access to racially and ethnically diverse teachers. The percentage
92.16 of teachers in Minnesota who are of color or who are American Indian should increase at
192.17 least two percentage points per year to have a teaching workforce that more closely reflects
192.18 the state's increasingly diverse student population and to ensure all students have equitable
192.19 access to effective and diverse teachers by 2040.

92.20 Subd. 3. **Rights not created.** The attainment goal in this section is not to the exclusion 92.21 of any other goals and does not confer a right or create a claim for any person.

Subd. 4. **Reporting.** Beginning in 2024 and every even-numbered year thereafter, the 92.22 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must collaborate with the Department of Education and the Office of Higher Education to publish a summary report of each of the programs they administer and any other programs receiving state appropriations that have or include an explicit purpose of increasing the racial and ethnic diversity of the state's teacher workforce to more closely reflect the diversity of students. The report must include programs under sections 122A.59, 122A.63, 122A.635, 122A.70, 122A.73, 124D.09, 124D.861, 136A.1274, 136A.1276, and 136A.1791, along with any other programs or initiatives that receive state appropriations to address the shortage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers. The board must, in coordination with the Office of Higher Education and Department of Education, provide policy and funding recommendations related to state-funded programs to increase the recruitment, preparation, licensing, hiring, and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and the state's progress toward meeting or exceeding the goals of this section. The report must include recommendations for state policy and funding needed to achieve the goals of this section, plans for sharing the report and activities of grant recipients, and opportunities among grant recipients of various programs to share effective practices with each other. The 2024 report must include a recommendation of whether a state advisory council should be established to address the shortage of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and what the composition and charge of such an advisory council would be if established. The board must consult with the Indian Affairs Council and other ethnic councils along with other community partners, including students of color and American Indian students, in developing the report. By November 3 of each odd-numbered year, the board must submit the report to the chairs and ranking

Education-Article5-Teachers

House Language H2497-4

163.1	minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over education and higher
163.2	education policy and finance. The report must be available to the public on the board's
163.3	website.
163.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
163.5	Sec. 4. [122A.04] LICENSE REQUIRED.
163.6	Pursuant to section 120A.22, subdivision 10, a teacher must hold a field license or a
163.7	permission aligned to the content area and scope of the teacher's assignment to provide
163.8	instruction in a public school, including a charter school.
163.9	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
163.10	Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purpose of sections 122A.05 122A.04 to 122A.093, and
163.11	122A.15 to 122A.33, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them, unless
163.12	another meaning is clearly indicated.
163.13	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
163.14	Subd. 2. Teacher. "Teacher" means a classroom teacher or other similar professional
163.15	employee required by law to hold a license from the Professional Educator Licensing and
163.16	
163.17	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
163.18	Subd. 5. Field. A "field," "licensure area," or "subject area" means the content area in
163.19	
163.20	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
163.21	Subd. 6. Shortage area. "Shortage area" means:
163.22	(1) licensure fields and economic development regions reported by the commissioner
163.23	of education Office of Higher Education or the Professional Educator Licensing and
163.24	Standards Board as experiencing a teacher shortage; and
163.25	(2) economic development regions where there is a shortage of licensed teachers who
163.26	reflect the racial or ethnic diversity of students in the region. the aggregate percentage of
163.27	Indigenous teachers and teachers of color in the region is lower than the aggregate percentage
163.28	of kindergarten through grade 12 Indigenous students and students of color in that region.
164.1	Only individuals who close the gap between these percentages qualify as filling a shortage
164.2	by this definition.
164.3	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
164.4	Subd. 7. Teacher preparation program. "Teacher preparation program" means a
164.5	program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for the
164.6	purpose of preparing individuals for a specific teacher licensure field in Minnesota. Teacher

April 28, 2023 01:41 PM

Senate Language S1311-2

- 93.11 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over education and higher education policy and finance. The report must be available to the public on the board's
- 93.13 website.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 93.14

164.7	preparation programs include traditional programs delivered by postsecondary institutions,
164.8	${\color{blue} \textbf{alternative teacher preparation programs, and nonconventional teacher preparation programs.} \\$
164.9	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
164.10	Subd. 8. Teacher preparation program provider. "Teacher preparation program
164.11	provider" or "unit" means an entity that has primary responsibility for overseeing and
164.12	delivering a teacher preparation program. Teacher preparation program providers include
164.13	institutes of higher education, school districts, charter schools, or nonprofit corporations
164.14	organized under chapter 317A.
164.15	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
164.16	to read:
164.17	Subd. 9. District. "District" means a school district or charter school.
164.18	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
164.19	to read:
164.20	Subd. 10. Transfer pathway. "Transfer pathway" means an established pathway to
164.21	licensure between a two-year college or Tribal college, and a board-approved teacher
164.22	preparation provider.
164.23	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
164.24	Subd. 4. Licensing and approval. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
164.25	Board must license teachers, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 1, except for
164.26	supervisory personnel, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2. The board must not
164.27	delegate its authority to make all licensing decisions with respect to eandidates applicants
164.28	for teacher licensure. The board must evaluate eandidates applicants for compliance with
164.29	statutory or rule requirements for licensure and develop licensure verification requirements.
165.1	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must approve teacher
165.2	preparation providers seeking to prepare applicants for teacher licensure in Minnesota.
165.3	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
165.4	Subd. 6. Register of persons licensed. The executive director of the Professional
165.5	Educator Licensing and Standards Board must keep a record of the proceedings of and a
165.6	register of all persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. The register must
165.7	show the name, address, licenses and permissions held, including renewals, and license
165.8	number and the renewal of the license. The board must on July 1, of each year or as soon
165.9	thereafter as is practicable, compile a list of such duly licensed teachers. A copy of the
165.10	register This list must be available during business hours at the office of the board to any
165.11	interested person on the board's website.

165.12	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
165.13 165.14 165.15 165.16 165.17 165.18	122A.16, 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.181, 122A.182, 122A.183, 122A.184, 122A.185, 122A.187, 122A.188, 122A.19, 122A.20, 122A.21, 122A.23, 122A.26, 122A.28, and
165.19 165.20 165.21 165.22	(b) The board must adopt rules relating to fields of licensure and grade levels that a licensed teacher may teach, including a process for granting permission to a licensed teacher to teach in a field that is different from the teacher's field of licensure without change to the teacher's license tier level.
165.23 165.24	(c) The board must adopt rules relating to the grade levels that a licensed teacher may teach.
165.25 165.26 165.27	(d) (c) If a rule adopted by the board is in conflict with a session law or statute, the law or statute prevails. Terms adopted in rule must be clearly defined and must not be construed to conflict with terms adopted in statute or session law.
165.28 165.29 165.30	(e) (d) The board must include a description of a proposed rule's probable effect on teacher supply and demand in the board's statement of need and reasonableness under section 14.131.
165.31	(f) (e) The board must adopt rules only under the specific statutory authority.
166.1	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
166.2 166.3 166.4 166.5	Subd. 10. Permissions. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 9 and sections 14.055 and 14.056, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may grant waivers to its rules upon application by a school district or a charter school for purposes of implementing experimental programs in learning or management.
166.6 166.7 166.8 166.9 166.10 166.11	(b) To enable a school district or a charter school to meet the needs of students enrolled in an alternative education program and to enable licensed teachers instructing those students to satisfy content area licensure requirements, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board annually may permit a licensed teacher teaching in an alternative education program to instruct students in a content area for which the teacher is not licensed, consistent with paragraph (a).
166.12 166.13 166.14	(c) A special education license permission issued by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for a primary employer's low-incidence region is valid in all low-incidence regions.
166.15 166.16 166.17	(d) A candidate An applicant that has obtained career and technical education certification may apply for a Tier 1 license under section 122A.181. Consistent with section 136F.361, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must strongly encourage approved

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166.23	professional certification or licensure, and long-standing work experience.
166.24	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.091, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
166.25	Subdivision 1. Teacher and administrator preparation and performance data;
166.26	report. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Board of
166.27	/ I
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166.29	teacher and administrator preparation and performance outcomes, consistent with this
166.30	\mathcal{E}
166.31	School Administrators annually by June July 1 must update and post the reported summary
166.32	preparation and performance data on teachers and administrators from the preceding school
166.33	years on a website hosted jointly by the boards their respective websites.
167.1	(b) Publicly reported summary data on teacher preparation programs providers must
167.2	include:
167.3	(1) student entrance requirements for each Professional Educator Licensing and Standard
167.4	Board-approved program, including grade point average for enrolling students in the
167.5	preceding year;
167.6	(2) the average board-adopted skills examination or ACT or SAT scores of students
167.7	entering the program in the preceding year;
167.8	(3) (1) summary data on faculty teacher educator qualifications, including at least the
167.9	content areas of faculty undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience
167.10	
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167.11	(4) the average time resident and nonresident program graduates in the preceding year
167.12	needed to complete the program;
167.13	(2) the current number and percentage of enrolled candidates who entered the program
167.14	
167.15	
167.16	
167.17	(5) (3) the current number and percentage of students program completers by program
167.18	
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167.22	through a transfer pathway and received a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license disaggregated by race,

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167.23	
167.24	personally identifiable information about an individual;
167.25	(5) the current number and percentage of program completers who were hired to teach
167.26	full time in their licensure field in a Minnesota district or school in the preceding year
167.27	disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield statistically reliable
167.28	results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual;
167.29	(6) the number of content area credits and other credits by undergraduate program that
167.30	students in the preceding school year needed to complete to graduate the current number
167.31	and percentage of program completers who entered the program through a transfer pathway
167.32	and who were hired to teach full time in their licensure field in a Minnesota district or school
167.33	in the preceding year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield
168.1	statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an
168.2	individual;
168.3	(7) students' pass rates on skills and subject matter exams required for graduation in
168.4	each program and licensure area in the preceding school year;
168.5	(0) (7) he and adopted survey results recognize a student and another satisfaction with
	(8) (7) board-adopted survey results measuring student and graduate satisfaction with
168.6 168.7	the program initial licensure program quality and structure in the preceding school year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation would not yield statistically reliable
168.8	results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual;
100.0	results of would reveal personally identifiable information about all individual,
168.9	(9) a standard measure of the satisfaction of (8) board-adopted survey results from school
168.10	principals or supervising teachers with the student teachers assigned to a school or supervising
168.11	teacher supervisors on initial licensure program quality and structure; and
168.12	(10) information under subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b) (9) the number and
168.13	percentage of program completers who met or exceeded the state threshold score on the
168.14	board-adopted teacher performance assessment.
168.15	Program reporting must be consistent with subdivision 2.
168.16	(c) Publicly reported summary data on administrator preparation programs approved by
168.17	the Board of School Administrators must include:
168.18	(1) summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty
168.19	undergraduate and graduate degrees and the years of experience either as kindergarten
168.20	through grade 12 classroom teachers or school administrators;
168.21	(2) the average time program graduates in the preceding year needed to complete the
168.22	program;
168.23	(3) the current number and percentage of students who graduated, received a standard
168.24	Minnesota administrator license, and were employed as an administrator in a Minnesota
168.25	school district or school in the preceding year disaggregated by race, except when

168.26 168.27	disaggregation would not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual;
168.28 168.29	(4) the number of credits by graduate program that students in the preceding school year needed to complete to graduate;
168.30 168.31	(5) survey results measuring student, graduate, and employer satisfaction with the program in the preceding school year disaggregated by race, except when disaggregation
169.1	would not yield statistically reliable results or would reveal personally identifiable
169.2	information about an individual; and
169.3	(6) information under subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (d).
169.4	Program reporting must be consistent with section 122A.14, subdivision 10.
169.5	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
169.6	Subd. 2. Teacher preparation program reporting. (a) By December 31, 2018, and
169.7	annually thereafter, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall report
169.8	and publish on its website the cumulative summary results of at least three consecutive
169.9	years of data reported to the board under subdivision 1, paragraph (b). Where the data are
169.10	sufficient to yield statistically reliable information and the results would not reveal personally
169.11	identifiable information about an individual teacher, the board shall report the data by teacher
169.12	preparation program.
169.13	(h) The Duefersianal Educator Licensian and Standards Doord myst remout amought to
107.13	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must report annually to
169.14	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must report annually to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
169.14 169.15	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information:
169.14 169.15 169.16	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a
169.14 169.15	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information:
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination;
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination;
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21 169.22	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and cligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race,
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21 169.22	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and cligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21 169.22	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with section 3.195. Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Teachers. The term "teachers" for the purpose of licensure, means all
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21 169.22 169.23	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with section 3.195. Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Teachers. The term "teachers" for the purpose of licensure, means all persons employed in a public school or education district or by a service cooperative as
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21 169.22 169.23 169.24 169.25 169.26 169.27	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with section 3.195. Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Teachers. The term "teachers" for the purpose of licensure, means all persons employed in a public school or education district or by a service cooperative as members of the instructional, supervisory, and support staff including superintendents,
169.14 169.15 169.16 169.17 169.18 169.19 169.20 169.21 169.22 169.23 169.24 169.25 169.26	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education, the following information: (1) the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination; (2) the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination; (3) the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination; and (4) the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam. The information reported under this paragraph must be disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. The report must be submitted in accordance with section 3.195. Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Teachers. The term "teachers" for the purpose of licensure, means all persons employed in a public school or education district or by a service cooperative as

169.30 170.1 170.2	and coordinators, recreation personnel, media generalists, media supervisors, and speech therapists school speech-language pathologists. This definition does not apply to sections 122A.05 to 122A.093.
170.3	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
170.4 170.5 170.6	Subdivision 1. Authority to license. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue the following teacher licenses to <u>eandidates</u> <u>applicants</u> who meet the qualifications prescribed by this chapter:
170.7	(1) Tier 1 license under section 122A.181;
170.8	(2) Tier 2 license under section 122A.182;
170.9	(3) Tier 3 license under section 122A.183; and
170.10	(4) Tier 4 license under section 122A.184.
170.11 170.12	(b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.
170.13 170.14	(c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Department of Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share:
170.15 170.16 170.17 170.18	targeted redesign of teacher preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas
170.19 170.20	(2) data in the staff automated reporting system for the limited purpose of managing and processing funding to school districts and other entities.
170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25	(d) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. The program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
	(e) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (c) and (d), the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, Board of School Administrators, and Department of Education may share private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, on teachers and school administrators. The data sharing agreements must not include educational data, as defined in section 13.32, subdivision 1, but may include summary data,
170.31 171.1	
171.2 171.3	Subd. 2. Support personnel qualifications. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue licenses and credentials under its jurisdiction to persons the

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board finds to be qualified and competent for support personnel positions in accordance with section 120B.36 120B.363. Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.18, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 171.6 Subd. 10. Licensure via portfolio. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 171.7 Board must adopt rules establishing a process for an eligible eandidate applicant to obtain any teacher an initial Tier 3 license under subdivision 1, or to add a licensure field, to a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license via portfolio. The portfolio licensure application process must be consistent with the requirements in this subdivision. (b) A candidate An applicant for a an initial Tier 3 license via portfolio must submit to 171.12 171.13 the board one portfolio demonstrating pedagogical competence and one portfolio 171.14 demonstrating content competence. 171.15 (c) A candidate An applicant seeking to add a licensure field via portfolio must submit 171.16 to the board one portfolio demonstrating content competence for each licensure field the candidate seeks to add. (d) The board must notify a candidate an applicant who submits a portfolio under 171.18 171.19 paragraph (b) or (c) within 90 calendar days after the portfolio is received whether or not 171.20 the portfolio is approved. If the portfolio is not approved, the board must immediately inform 171.21 the eandidate applicant how to revise the portfolio to successfully demonstrate the requisite 171.22 competence. The eandidate applicant may resubmit a revised portfolio at any time and the 171.23 board must approve or disapprove the revised portfolio within 60 calendar days of receiving 171.24 it. (e) A candidate An applicant must pay a fee for a portfolio in accordance with section 171.25 171.26 122A.21, subdivision 4. Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.18, is amended by adding a subdivision 171.28 to read: 171.29 Subd. 11. Staff Automated Reporting. The Professional Educator Licensing and 171.30 Standards Board shall collect data on educators' employment and assignments from all 171.31 school districts and charter schools. The report may include data on educators' demographics 171.32 and licensure. 172.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 172.2 Subdivision 1. Application requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must approve a request from a district or charter school to issue a Tier 1 172.3 license in a specified content area to a candidate an application for a Tier 1 license in a specified content area if: 172.5

(1) the application has been submitted jointly by the applicant and the district;

172.6

172.7	(2) the application has been paid for by the district or the applicant;
172.8	(1) (3) the eandidate applicant meets the professional requirement in subdivision 2;
172.9 172.10	(2) (4) the district or charter school affirms that the eandidate applicant has the necessary skills and knowledge to teach in the specified content area; and
172.11	$\frac{(3)}{(5)}$ the district or charter school demonstrates that:
172.12 172.13	(i) a criminal background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, has been completed on the eandidate applicant; and
172.14 172.15	(ii) (6) the district or charter school has posted the teacher position but was unable to hire an acceptable teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license for the position.
172.16	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
172.17 172.18 172.19	Subd. 2. Professional requirements. (a) A candidate An applicant for a Tier 1 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or course outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
172.20 172.21 172.22	(b) A candidate An applicant for a Tier 1 license must have one of the following credentials in a relevant content area to teach a class in a career and technical education or career pathways course of study:
172.23	(1) an associate's degree;
172.24	(2) a professional certification; or
172.25	(3) five years of relevant work experience.
172.26 172.27	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
172.28 172.29 172.30	Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a Tier 1 license are exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 2:
173.1 173.2	(1) an applicant for a Tier 1 license to teach career and technical education or career pathways courses of study if the applicant has:
173.3	(i) an associate's degree;
173.4	(ii) a professional certification; or
173.5	(iii) five years of relevant work experience;
173.6	(2) an applicant for a Tier 1 license to teach world languages and culture pursuant to

173.8	(3) an applicant for a Tier 1 license in the performing or visual arts pursuant to Minnesc
173.9	Rules, parts 8710.4300, dance and theatre; 8710.4310, dance; 8710.4320, theatre; 8710.4650
173.10	vocal music and instrumental music; and 8710.4900, visual arts, if the applicant has at least
173.11	five years of relevant work experience.
173.12	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regarding
173.13	the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from paragraph (a).
173.14	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
173.15	Subd. 3. Term of license and renewal. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and
173.16	Standards Board must issue an initial Tier 1 license for a term of one year. A Tier 1 license
173.17	may be renewed subject to paragraphs (b) and (c). The board may submit written comments
173.18	to the district or charter school that requested the renewal regarding the candidate.
173.19	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must renew a Tier 1
173.20	license if:
173.21	(1) the district or charter school requesting the renewal demonstrates that it has posted
173.22	the teacher position but was unable to hire an acceptable teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license
173.23	for the position;
173.24	(2) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license took a content examination in accordance with
173.25	section 122A.185 and submitted the examination results to the teacher's employing district
173.26	or charter school within one year of the board approving the request for the initial Tier 1
173.27	license;
173.28	(3) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license participated in cultural competency training
173.29	consistent with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (q), within one year of the board
173.30	approving the request for the initial Tier 1 license; and
174.1	(4) the teacher holding the Tier 1 license met the mental illness training renewal
174.2	requirement under section 122A.187, subdivision 6.
174.3	The requirement in clause (2) does not apply to a teacher that teaches a class in a career and
174.4	technical education or career pathways course of study.
174.5	(c) A Tier 1 license must not be renewed more than three times, unless the requesting
174.6	district or charter school can show good cause for additional renewals. A Tier 1 license
174.7	issued to teach (1) a class or course in a career and technical education or career pathway
174.8	course of study or (2) in a shortage area, as defined in section 122A.06, subdivision 6, may
174.9	be renewed without limitation.
174.10	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
174.11	Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
174.12	accept and review applications for a Tier 1 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school
174.13	year for which the license is requested and must issue or deny the Tier 1 teaching license

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174.14 174.15	
174.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
174.17	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
	Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 1 license is limited to the content matter indicated on the application for the initial Tier 1 license under subdivision 1, clause (2), and limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 1 license.
174.21 174.22	(b) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
174.23 174.24	(e) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher under section $179A.03$, subdivision 18 .
174.25	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
174.26 174.27 174.28	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must approve a request from a district or charter school to issue an application for a Tier 2 license in a specified content area to a candidate if:
174.29 174.30	(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraph (b) or (e);
175.1	(2) the candidate:
175.2	(i) has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2;
175.3	(ii) is enrolled in a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program; or
175.4	(iii) has a master's degree in the specified content area; and
175.5 175.6	(3) the district or charter school demonstrates that a criminal background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, has been completed on the candidate.
175.7 175.8	(b) A candidate for a Tier 2 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
175.9 175.10 175.11	
175.12	(1) an associate's degree;
175.13	(2) a professional ecrtification; or
175.14	(3) five years of relevant work experience.

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4.20	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
94.21 94.22 94.23	Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 1 license is limited to the content matter indicated on the application for the initial Tier 1 license under subdivision 1, clause (2), and limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 1 license.
)4.24)4.25	(b) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
)4.26)4.27	(c) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher under section 179A.03, subdivision 18.

75.15	(1) the application has been submitted jointly by the applicant and the district;
75.16	(2) the application has been paid for by the district or the applicant;
75.17	(3) the applicant holds a bachelor's degree, unless specifically exempt by statute or rule;
75.18 75.19	(4) the district demonstrates that a criminal background check under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, has been completed for the applicant; and
75.20	(5) the applicant:
75.21	(i) has completed a state-approved teacher preparation program;
75.22	(ii) is enrolled in a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program; or
75.23	(iii) has a master's degree in the specified content area.
75.24 75.25	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
75.26 75.27 75.28	Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a Tier 2 license are exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1:
76.1 76.2	(1) an applicant for a Tier 2 license to teach career and technical education or career pathways courses of study when the applicant has:
76.3	(i) an associate's degree;
76.4	(ii) a professional certification; or
76.5	(iii) five years of relevant work experience;
76.6 76.7 76.8	(2) an applicant for a Tier 2 license to teach world languages and culture pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, when the applicant is a native speaker of the language; and
76.9 76.10 76.11 76.12	(3) an applicant for a Tier 2 license in the performing or visual arts pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 8710.4300, dance and theatre; 8710.4310, dance; 8710.4320, theatre; 8710.4650, vocal music and instrumental music; and 8710.4900, visual arts, when the applicant has at least five years of relevant work experience.
76.13 76.14 76.15	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regarding the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1.
76.16 76.17	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
76.18 76.19	Subd. 2b. Temporary eligibility for renewal. For the 2023-2024, 2024-2025, and

176.20	must approve an application to renew a Tier 2 license for an applicant that met the Tier 2
176.21	requirements in effect at the time the first Tier 2 license was issued. Nothing in this
176.22	subdivision modifies the renewal requirements in subdivision 3.
176.23	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
176.24	Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
176.25	accept applications for a Tier 2 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school year for
176.26	which the license is requested and must issue or deny the Tier 2 teaching license within 30
176.27	days of receiving the completed application. At the board's discretion, the board may begin
176.28	to accept and review applications before July 1.
176.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
177.1	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
177.2	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
177.3	Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate an applicant who provides information
177.4	sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
177.5	(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraphs (b)
177.6	and (c);
177.7	(2) (1) the eandidate applicant has obtained a passing score on the required licensure
177.8	exams under section 122A.185; and
177.9	(2) the applicant holds a bachelor's degree, unless specifically exempt by statute or rule;
177.10	and
1//.10	
177.11	(3) the eandidate applicant has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
177.12	(b) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or
177.12	course outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
	course outside a cureer and technical education of cureer pathways course of stady.
177.14	(e) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have one of the following credentials in a
177.15	relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or career
177.16	pathways course of study:
177.17	(1) an associate's degree;
177.18	(2) a professional certification; or
177.19	(3) five years of relevant work experience.
177.20	In consultation with the governor's Workforce Development Board established under section

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71.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
71.17 71.18 71.19	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
71.20 71.21	(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraphs (b) and (c);
71.22 71.23	(2) the candidate has obtained a passing score on the required licensure exams under section 122A.185; and
71.24	(3) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
71.25 71.26	(b) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or course outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
71.27 71.28 71.29	(c) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have one of the following credentials in a relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or career pathways course of study:
71.30	(1) an associate's degree;
71.31	(2) a professional certification; or
71.32	(3) five years of relevant work experience.
72.1 72.2 72.3 72.4	In consultation with the governor's Workforce Development Board established under section 116L.665, the board must establish a list of qualifying certifications, and may add additional professional certifications in consultation with school administrators, teachers, and other stakeholders.

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1 / /	professional certifications in constitution with sensor administrators, teachers, and other
177.23	stakeholders.
177.04	
177.24	(b) The board must issue a Tier 3 license to an applicant who has completed student
177.25	teaching comparable to the student teaching expectations in Minnesota, and has completed
177.26	either: a teacher preparation program from a culturally specific Minority Serving Institutio
177.27	in the United States, such as Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges
177.28	and Universities, or Hispanic-Serving Institutions, including those in Puerto Rico; or a
177.29	university teacher preparation program in another country, and has taught at least two year
177.30	An applicant who qualifies for a Tier 3 license under this paragraph is not required to obta
177.31	a passing score on licensure exams under section 122A.185.

178.2	Subd. 2. Coursework. A candidate An applicant for a Tier 3 license must meet the
178.3	coursework requirement by demonstrating one of the following:
178.4	(1) completion of a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program;
178.5	(2) completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program that includes field-specific
178.6	student teaching equivalent to field-specific student teaching in Minnesota-approved teacher
178.7	preparation programs. The field-specific student teaching requirement does not apply to a
178.8	eandidate an applicant that has two years of field-specific teaching experience;
178.9	(3) submission of a content-specific licensure portfolio; or
178.10	(4) a professional teaching license from another state, evidence that the eandidate's
178.11	applicant's license is in good standing, and two years of field-specific teaching experience;
178.12	or .
178.13	(5) three years of teaching experience under a Tier 2 license and evidence of summative
178.14	teacher evaluations that did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an
178.15	improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or section 122A.41,
178.16	subdivision 5.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

178.1

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2.6	sufficient to demonstrate the following, regardless of whether the candidate meets other
2.7	requirements in this section:
2.8	(1) the candidate has completed a teacher preparation program from a culturally specific
2.9	Minority Serving Institution in the United States, such as Historically Black Colleges and
2.10	Universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, or Hispanic-Serving Institutions, including
2.11	those in Puerto Rico; or
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.12	(2) the candidate has completed a university teacher preparation program in another
2.13	country and has taught at least two years.
2.14	The candidate must have completed student teaching comparable to the student teaching
2.15	expectations in Minnesota.
	<u> </u>

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(d) The board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information

178.17 178.18	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
178.19 178.20 178.21	Subd. 2a. Exemptions from a bachelor's degree. (a) The following applicants for a Tier 3 license are exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1:
178.22 178.23	(1) an applicant for a Tier 3 license to teach career and technical education or career pathways courses of study when the applicant has:
178.24	(i) an associate's degree;
178.25	(ii) a professional certification; or
178.26	(iii) five years of relevant work experience;
178.27 178.28 178.29	(2) an applicant for a Tier 3 license to teach world languages and culture pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, when the applicant is a native speaker of the language; and
178.30 178.31 179.1 179.2	(3) an applicant for a Tier 3 license in the performing or visual arts pursuant to Minnesota Rules, parts 8710.4300, dance and theatre; 8710.4310, dance; 8710.4320, theatre; 8710.4650, vocal music and instrumental music; and 8710.4900, visual arts, when the applicant has at least five years of relevant work experience.
179.3 179.4 179.5	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules regarding the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1.
179.4	the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a
179.4 179.5 179.6	the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1. Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, is amended by adding a subdivision
179.4 179.5 179.6 179.7 179.8 179.9 179.10 179.11 179.12	the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1. Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 2b. Temporary eligibility. A candidate for a Tier 3 license may meet the coursework requirement under subdivision 2 if the candidate demonstrates three years of teaching experience under a Tier 2 license and evidence of summative teacher evaluations that did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or section 122A.41, subdivision 5. This
179.4 179.5 179.6 179.7 179.8 179.9 179.10 179.11 179.12 179.13 179.14 179.15 179.16	the qualifications and determinations for applicants exempt from the requirement to hold a bachelor's degree in subdivision 1. Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 2b. Temporary eligibility. A candidate for a Tier 3 license may meet the coursework requirement under subdivision 2 if the candidate demonstrates three years of teaching experience under a Tier 2 license and evidence of summative teacher evaluations that did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or section 122A.41, subdivision 5. This subdivision expires on December 31, 2026.

2.16	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.184, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
2.17 2.18 2.19	Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 4 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
72.20 72.21 72.22	(1) the candidate meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183, and has completed a teacher preparation program under section 122A.183, subdivision 2, clause (1) or (2);

72.23 72.24	(2) the candidate has at least three years of teaching experience in Minnesota or another state;
72.25 72.26	(3) the candidate has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185; and
72.27	(4) the candidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing
72.28	or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40,
72.29	subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
73.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
73.2	Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
73.3	must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board adopted
73.4	examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4
73.5	teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary,
73.6 73.7	secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education
73.8	programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or
73.9	122A.183, respectively.
73.10	(b) (a) The board must adopt and revise rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3
73.11 73.12	and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure field specific content, if the applicant has not completed a
73.12	board-approved preparation program assuring that candidates from the program recommended
73.14	for licensure meet content and pedagogy licensure standards in Minnesota. Candidates who
73.15	have satisfactorily completed board-approved programs in Minnesota with required
73.16	coursework and clinical field experiences that include learning opportunities and assessments
73.17	aligned to content and pedagogy licensure standards are not additionally required to pass
73.18	content and pedagogy exams for Tier 3 licensure. Applicants who have satisfactorily
73.19	completed a preparation program in another state and passed licensure examinations in that
73.20	state are not additionally required to pass similar examinations required in Minnesota. The
73.21	content examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.
73.22	(e) (b) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must

73.23 pass test items assessing under this paragraph if the candidates did not complete a

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79.22	in Minnesota as a teacher of record;
79.23 79.24	(3) the eandidate applicant has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185; and
79.25 79.26 79.27	(4) the candidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
79.28 79.29	(4) if the applicant previously held a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183, the applicant has completed the renewal requirements in section 122A.187.
80.1	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
80.2 80.3 80.4 80.5 80.6 80.7 80.8 80.9	Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4 teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively.
80.10 80.11 80.12 80.13	(b) (a) The board must adopt rules requiring <u>eandidates</u> <u>applicants</u> for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination <u>or performance assessment</u> of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure field specific content. <u>An applicant is exempt from the examination requirements if the applicant completed:</u>

(2) the eandidate applicant has at least three years of field-specific teaching experience

179.21

180.14	(1) a board-approved teacher preparation program;
180.15	(2) licensure via portfolio pursuant to section 122A.18, subdivision 10, and the portfoli
180.16	has been approved; or
180.17	(3) a state-approved teacher preparation program in another state and passed licensure
180.18	examinations in that state, if applicable. The content examination requirement does not
180.19	apply if no relevant content exam exists.
180.20	(e) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must
180.21	pass test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive,

180.23	and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading
180.24	comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that
180.25	knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision
180.26	4.
180.27	(d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills
180.28	examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota
	school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the
	eontent and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to
	provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section
	120B.022, subdivision 1.
181.1	(b) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed content
181.2	and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration
181.3	website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities
181.4	to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal
181.5	grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free,
181.6	comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy
181.7	exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in
181.8	language immersion programs; and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by
181.9	test objective to assist applicants who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for
181.10	improvement. Any applicant who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must
181.11	be allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged
181.12	an additional fee.
180.1	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
180.2	Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
180.3	must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted
180.4	examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4
180.5	teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary,
180.6	secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier
180.7	3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education
180.8	programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or
180.9	122A.183, respectively.
180.10	(b) (a) The board must adopt rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3 and Tier 4
180.11	licenses to pass an examination or performance assessment of general pedagogical knowledge
180.12	and examinations of licensure field specific content. An applicant is exempt from the
180.13	examination requirements if the applicant completed.

180.22 scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge

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5.24	board-approved preparation program in Minnesota. The test items must assess the candidates
3.25	knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction
3.26	under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of
3.27	reading development, development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and
3.28	instruction, and the ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction
3.29	strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision 4.
3.30	(d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills
3.31	examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota
3.32	school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the
3.33	content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to
3.34	provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section
3.35	120B.022, subdivision 1.
1.1	(c) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed content
1.2	and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration
1.3	website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities
1.4	to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal
1.5	grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free,
1.6	comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy
1.7	exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in
1.8	language immersion programs; and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by
1.9	test objective to assist candidates who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for
4.10	improvement. Any candidate who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must
4.11	be allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged
1.12	an additional fee.
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1.28	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.29	Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
1.30	must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted
1.31	examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4
5.1	teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary,
5.2	secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier
5.3	3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education
5.4	programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or
5.5	122A.183, respectively.
5.6	(b) (a) The board must adopt and revise rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3
5.7	and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination or assessment of general pedagogical knowledge
5.8	and examinations or assessments of licensure field specific content. An applicant is exempt
5.9	from the examination requirements if: (1) the applicant completed a board-approved teacher
5.10	preparation program; or (2) the applicant completed a state-approved teacher preparation

95.20

180.14	(1) a board-approved teacher preparation program;
180.15	(2) licensure via portfolio pursuant to section 122A.18, subdivision 10, and the portfolio
180.16	has been approved; or
180.17	(3) a state-approved teacher preparation program in another state and passed licensure
180.18	examinations in that state, if applicable. The content examination requirement does not
180.19	apply if no relevant content exam exists.
180.20	(e) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must
180.21	pass test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive,
180.22	scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge
180.23	and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading
180.24	comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that
180.25	knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision
180.26	4.
180.27	(d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills
180.28	examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota
180.29	school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the
180.30	content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to
180.31	provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section
180.32	120B.022, subdivision 1.
181.1	(b) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed content
181.2	and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration
181.3	website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities
181.4	to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal
181.5	grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free,
181.6	comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy
181.7	exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in
181.8	language immersion programs; and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by
181.9	test objective to assist applicants who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for
181.10	improvement. Any applicant who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must
181.11	be allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged
181.12	an additional fee.
181.13	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
181.14	Subd. 4. Remedial assistance. (a) A board-approved teacher preparation program must
191 15	maka availahla unan raguast ramadial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component

181.16 to persons enrolled in their institution who did not achieve a qualifying score on a
181.17 board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language.

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95.11 program in another state and passed licensure examinations in that state. The content examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.

95.13 (e) Candidates (b) Applicants for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must pass test items assessing the eandidates' applicants' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision 4.

(d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1.

181.18	The teacher preparation programs must make available assistance in the specific academic
181.19	areas of candidates' deficiency.
181.20	(b) School districts may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely
181.21	remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed
181.22	by the district who empleted their teacher education program, who did not achieve a
181.23	qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, and who received a Tier 1, Tier 2,
181.24	or Tier 3 license under section 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively, to teach in
181.25	Minnesota.
181.26	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.187, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
181.27	Subdivision 1. License form requirements. Each license issued under this chapter must
181.28	bear the date of issue and the name of the state-approved teacher training provider or
181.29	alternative teaching program, as applicable. Licenses must expire and be renewed according
181.30	to rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the Board
181.31	of School Administrators. The rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and
181.32	Standards Board for renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license under sections 122A.183 and
181.33	122A.184, respectively, must include showing satisfactory evidence of successful teaching
182.1	or administrative experience for at least one school year during the period covered by the
182.2	license in grades or subjects for which the license is valid or completing such additional
182.3	preparation as required under this section, or as the Professional Educator Licensing and
182.4	Standards Board prescribes. The Board of School Administrators shall establish requirements
182.5	for renewing the licenses of supervisory personnel except athletic coaches. The Professional
182.6	Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall establish requirements for renewing the
182.7	licenses of athletic coaches.
182.8	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.187, is amended by adding a subdivision
182.9	to read:
182.10	Subd. 7. American Indian history and culture. The Professional Educator Licensing
182.11	and Standards Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers renewing their license
182.11	under sections 122A.181 to 122A.184 to include in the renewal requirements professional
182.12	development in the cultural heritage and contemporary contributions of American Indians,
182.13	with particular emphasis on Minnesota Tribal Nations.
182.15	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
182.16	Subd. 4. Teacher preparation programs. (a) For the purpose of licensing bilingual
182.17	and English as a second language teachers, the board may approve teacher preparation
182.18	programs at colleges or universities designed for their training.
182.19	(b) Programs that prepare English as a second language teachers must provide instruction
182.20	in implementing research-based practices designed specifically for English learners. The
182.21	programs must focus on developing English learners' academic language proficiency in
182.22	English, including oral academic language, giving English learners meaningful access to
182.23	the full school curriculum, developing culturally relevant teaching practices appropriate for

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182.24 immigrant students, and providing more intensive instruction and resources to English

	learners with lower levels of academic English proficiency and varied needs, consistent with section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a.
182.27	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
182.28	Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) A person who teaches in a community education program
	which that qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D.52 shall continue to meet licensure
182.30	requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education
182.31 182.32	program which that is offered through a community education program and which that qualifies for community education aid pursuant to section 124D.20 or early childhood and
183.1	family education aid pursuant to section 124D.135 shall continue to meet licensure
183.2	requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in a community education course which
183.3	that is offered for credit for graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to
183.4	meet licensure requirements as a teacher.
183.5	(b) A person who teaches a driver training course which that is offered through a
183.6	community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the
183.7	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or be subject to section 171.35. A
183.8	license which that is required for an instructor in a community education program pursuant
183.9	to this subdivision paragraph shall not be construed to bring an individual within the
183.10 183.11	definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, elause paragraph (a).
183.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2023-2024 school year and later.
183.13	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
183.14	Subd. 3. Hiring, dismissing. (a) School boards must hire or dismiss teachers at duly
	called meetings. Where a husband and wife, brother and sister, or two brothers or sisters,
	constitute a quorum, no contract employing a teacher shall be made or authorized except
	upon the unanimous vote of the full board. A teacher related by blood or marriage, within
	the fourth degree, computed by the civil law, to a board member shall not be employed except by a unanimous vote of the full board. The initial employment of the teacher in the
	district must be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chair and clerk. All
	subsequent employment of the teacher in the district must be by written contract, signed by
183.22	the teacher and by the chair and clerk, except where there is a master agreement covering
	the employment of the teacher. Contracts for teaching or supervision of teaching can be
	made only with qualified teachers. A teacher shall not be required to reside within the
183.25	employing district as a condition to teaching employment or continued teaching employment.
183.26	(b) A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and
183.27	Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) A person who teaches in a community education program which that qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D.52 shall continue to meet licensure requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education program which that is offered through a community education program and which that qualifies for community education aid pursuant to section 124D.20 or early childhood and family education aid pursuant to section 124D.135 shall continue to meet licensure requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in a community education course which that is offered for credit for graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to

96.3 (b) A person who teaches a driver training course which that is offered through a community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or be subject to section 171.35. A license which that is required for an instructor in a community education program pursuant to this subdivision paragraph shall not be construed to bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, elause paragraph (a).

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meet licensure requirements as a teacher.

- 44.13 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Hiring, dismissing.** (a) School boards must hire or dismiss teachers at duly called meetings. Where a husband and wife, brother and sister, or two brothers or sisters, constitute a quorum, no contract employing a teacher shall be made or authorized except upon the unanimous vote of the full board. A teacher related by blood or marriage, within the fourth degree, computed by the civil law, to a board member shall not be employed except by a unanimous vote of the full board. The initial employment of the teacher in the district must be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chair and clerk. All subsequent employment of the teacher in the district must be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chair and clerk, except where there is a master agreement covering the employment of the teacher. Contracts for teaching or supervision of teaching can be made only with qualified teachers. A teacher shall not be required to reside within the employing district as a condition to teaching employment or continued teaching employment.
 - (b) A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and

74.26

183.28	ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence.
183.29	The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.

- 183.30 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first 183.31 183.32 teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is are deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8. Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as 184.10 the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 184.12 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must 184.13 give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision 184.14 was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher 184.15 during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The 184.16 school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the
- 184.18 (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt 184.19 of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has 184.20 been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.

184.17 probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A.44.

- 184.21 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 184.22 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 184.23 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, 184.24 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes 184.25 of paragraph (a).
- 184.26 (d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
 184.27 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12
 184.28 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience
 184.29 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of
 184.30 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
- 184.31 (e) A probationary teacher must complete at least <u>129 90</u> days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.

74.28 ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence.
 74.29 The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.
 74.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first 74.31 teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8. Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A.44.

- 75.18 (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt 75.19 of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has 75.20 been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.
- 75.21 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
 75.22 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with
 75.23 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code,
 75.24 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes
 75.25 of paragraph (a).
- 75.26 (d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
 75.27 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12
 75.28 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience
 75.29 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of
 75.30 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
 - (e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.

185.2	consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state
185.3	must serve a probationary period of no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.
185.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements
185.5	effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.
183.30	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
183.31	Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first
183.32	teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is are deemed to be a probationary
183.33	period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is
184.1	thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written
184.2	evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8.
184.3	Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a
184.4	teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within
184.5	the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers'
184.6	workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent
184.7	from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a
184.8	teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the
184.9	probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as
184.10	the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract
184.11	
	1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must
	give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision
	was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher
	during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The
	school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the
184.17	probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A.44.
184.18	(b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt
184.19	of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has
184.20	been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.
184.21	(c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
184.22	interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with
	federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code,
	title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes
	of paragraph (a).
184.26	(d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
184.27	interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12
	months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience

(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three

185.1

76.1	(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three
76.2	consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state
76.3	must serve a probationary period no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.

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76.4

96.10 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Probationary period. (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first 96.11 teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8. Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A.44.

- 96.31 (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt 96.32 of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has 96.33 been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.
- 97.1 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
 97.2 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with
 97.3 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code,
 97.4 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes
 97.5 of paragraph (a).
- 97.6 (d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 97.7 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 97.8 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience

	for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
84.31 84.32 84.33 84.34	(e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 90 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
85.1 85.2 85.3	(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state must serve a probationary period of no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.
85.4 85.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.
85.6	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
	Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop a teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state teacher evaluation plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
85.17 85.18 85.19 85.20	(b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices, improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual evaluation process for teachers:
85.21 85.22	(1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision 5 ;
85.23 85.24 85.25 85.26 85.27	(2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;
85.28 85.29 85.30 85.31	(3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (iii) provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;

for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.

(e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 90 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers'

workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent

7.14 from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.

97.15 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

97.16 Subd. 8. **Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract**97.17 **teachers.** (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive
97.18 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop a
97.19 teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract teachers
97.20 through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers
97.21 do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the school board
97.22 and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state teacher evaluation
97.23 plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained observers serve as peer
97.24 coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities, consistent with
97.25 paragraph (b).

- 97.26 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices, 97.27 improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or school 97.28 with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual 97.29 evaluation process for teachers:
- 97.30 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision 97.31 5;
- 97.32 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes 97.33 an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one 98.1 summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school 98.2 administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and 98.3 trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;
 - (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (iii) provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;

98.4

185.32 185.33	(4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and 122A.61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
186.1 186.2	(5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher collaboration;
186.3 186.4	(6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning communities;
186.5 186.6 186.7 186.8	(7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
186.11 186.12	(8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the summative evaluation;
186.16	(9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher evaluation results;
186.20	(10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of content areas of English learners;
	(11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
186.25 186.26 186.27	(12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes established goals and timelines; and
186.30	(13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate.
187.1 187.2	Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed

to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.

98.8 98.9	(4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and 122A.61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
98.10 98.11	(5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher collaboration:

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- 98.12 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning examination communities;
- 98.14 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who 98.15 are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or 98.16 school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, 98.17 paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
- 98.18 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating
 98.19 evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision
 98.20 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and
 98.21 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the
 98.22 summative evaluation:
- 98.23 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic 98.24 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may 98.25 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher evaluation results;
- 98.27 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other student 98.28 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers 98.29 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of 98.30 content areas of English learners;
- 98.31 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 98.32 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 98.33 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
- (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3)
 through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes
 established goals and timelines; and
- 99.4 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
 99.5 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination,
 99.6 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline
 99.7 a school administrator determines is appropriate.
- 99.8 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under 99.9 section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed 99.10 to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.

187.4	(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations
187.5	and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations,
187.6	representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota
187.7	Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the
187.8	Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and
187.9	representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership,
187.10	the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with
187.11	research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process
187.12	that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this
187.13	section and section 122A.41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual
187.14	teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under
187.15	this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under
187.16	subdivision 5.
187.17	(d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:

- 187.18 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place 187.19 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, 187.21 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline 187.22 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that 187.23 grade; and
- (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve 187.25 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process 187.26 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the 187.27 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant 187.28 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area 187.29 and grade.
- 187.30 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025. 187.31

188.2

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 188.1
- Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the public schools in cities of the first class during the first three years of consecutive employment 188.3 shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after consulting with the peer review committee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers under subdivision 3, shall see fit. The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district are deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter employed shall be one year. The school site management team or the school board if there is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers

99.11	(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations
99.12	and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations,
99.13	representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota
99.14	Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the
99.15	Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and
99.16	representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership,
99.17	the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with
99.18	research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process
99.19	that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this
99.20	section and section 122A.41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual
99.21	teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under
99.22	this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under
00.22	1. district at E

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- (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
- (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that
 - (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area
- All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the public schools in cities of the first class during the first three years of consecutive employment shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after consulting with the peer review committee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers under subdivision 3, shall see fit. The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter employed shall be one year. The school site management team or the school board if there 100.15 is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers

188.12	during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5. Evaluation by the peer
188.13	review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision 3 shall
188.14	occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing
	services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of
188.16	teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and
188.17	other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school
188.18	shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher perform
	services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a
	teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of
	such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30
	days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified
188.23	shall have no right of appeal therefrom.
188 24	(h) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are

- (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a).
- 188.29 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
- (d) A probationary teacher must complete at least $\frac{120}{90}$ days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state must serve a probationary period of no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.
- 189.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.

189.3

189.4

- 188.1 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Probationary period; discharge or demotion.** (a) All teachers in the public schools in cities of the first class during the first three years of consecutive employment shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after consulting with the peer review committee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers under subdivision 3, shall see fit. The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching

during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5. Evaluation by the peer review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision 3 shall occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified shall have no right of appeal therefrom.

- 100.28 (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are 100.29 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with 100.30 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, 100.31 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes 100.32 of paragraph (a).
- 100.33 (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
 100.34 interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12
 101.1 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience
 101.2 for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of
 101.3 three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
- (d) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 90 days of teaching service each
 year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers'
 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent
 from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.

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- 76.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Probationary period; discharge or demotion.** (a) All teachers in the public schools in cities of the first class during the first three years of consecutive employment shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after consulting with the peer review committee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers under subdivision 3, shall see fit. The school site management team or the school board if

- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract** teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive

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76.13	there is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of
76.14	teachers during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5. Evaluation by
76.15	the peer review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision
76.16	3 shall occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher
76.17	performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first
76.18	90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops,
76.19	and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school
76.20	shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs
76.21	services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a
76.22	teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of
76.23	such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30
76.24	days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified
76.25	shall have no right of appeal therefrom.

- 76.26 (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are
 76.27 interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with
 76.28 federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code,
 76.29 title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes
 76.30 of paragraph (a).
 - (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
- (d) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 days of teaching service each year
 during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers'
 workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent
 from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
- 77.7 (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three
 77.8 consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state
 77.9 must serve a probationary period no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.
- 77.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.

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- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract** 101.10 **teachers.** (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive

190.13 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and

190.15 summative evaluation;

examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the

101.12 101.13 101.14 101.15 101.16 101.17	representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers in the district do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
101.21	(b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices and improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual evaluation process for teachers:
101.23 101.24	(1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision 2;
101.27	(2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school administrator;
101.29 101.30 101.31 101.32	(3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule include a rubric of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based on professional teaching standards established in rule; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and (iii) provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;
102.1 102.2	(4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and 122A.61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
102.3 102.4	(5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher collaboration;
102.5 102.6	(6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning communities;
102.7 102.8 102.9 102.10	(7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
102.13	(8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work which may include video among other activities for the

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102.15 summative evaluation;

(9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic

(10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other student

(11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to

(12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3)

190.17 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may

190.18 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher

190.21 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers

190.22 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of

190.25 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for

(13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher

190.32 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline

improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination,

section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed

and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations,

Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and

representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership,

representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota

Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the

191.11 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process

191.13 section and section 122A.40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual

191.15 this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under

(d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:

191.19 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement

191.20 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if,

191.21 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline

(1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place

191.12 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this

191.14 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under

191.10 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with

Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under

(c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations

190.28 through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes

190.26 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;

to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.

190.19 evaluation results:

190.23 English learners;

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191.17 191.18

191.16 subdivision 2.

established goals and timelines; and

190.33 a school administrator determines is appropriate.

(9) mus	102.16
standards an	102.17
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English learn	102.23
(11) mu	102.24
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effective eva	102.26
(12) mu	102.27
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(13) mu	102.30
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Data or section 13.43 to other scho	103.1 103.2 103.3
(c) The and teacher a representing Association Minnesota E representative the Minneso research expensation and section and sec	103.4 103.5 103.6 103.7 103.8 103.9 103.10 103.11 103.12 103.13 103.14
(d) Con	103.17
(1) C	102 10

st use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic d must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may e-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher ast use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other student asures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers ble, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of ist require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to mative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for aluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation; ast give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes goals and timelines; and ast discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher nt process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination, onrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline ninistrator determines is appropriate. individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under 3. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed ool officials with the consent of the teacher being coached. department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and ves of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, ta Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with ertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process s with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section 122A.40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual uation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under sion does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 2. sistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision: (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place 103.19 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement 103.20 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if,

103.21 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline

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	pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that grade; and
191.26 191.27 191.28	(2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area and grade.
191.30	All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
191.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.
	
192.1 192.2	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
192.3 192.4 192.5 192.6 192.7	Subd. 16. Reporting of hires and terminations. A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence. The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.
192.8	Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.415, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
192.13 192.14 192.15 192.16 192.17	Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a charter school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2a and 2b, equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 1 of the current year for a charter school in the first year of operation, times the ratio of the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those districts under subdivision 1.
192.19	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative

192.20 teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed \$75,840,000 for fiscal year 2016 and

\$88,118,000 for fiscal year 2017 2023; \$88,461,000 for fiscal year 2024; \$88,461,000 for

fiscal year 2025; \$89,570,000 for fiscal year 2026; and \$89,689,000 for fiscal year 2027 192.23 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid

192.24 approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits by not approving new participants

192.25 or by prorating the aid among participating districts, intermediate school districts, school

192.26 sites, and charter schools. The commissioner may also reallocate a portion of the allowable

103.22 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that 103.23 grade; and 103.24 77.12 77.13 read: 77.14 77.17 77.19 77.20 for a charter school in the first year of operation, times the ratio of the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those districts under subdivision 1.

(2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve 103.25 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process 103.26 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the 103.27 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant 103.28 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area 103.29 and grade. 103.30 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025. UEH2497-1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to Subd. 16. Reporting of hires and terminations. A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including lavoffs, by race and ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence. The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals. Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.415, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a charter school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2a and 2b, equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 1 of the current year

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed \$75,840,000 for fiscal year 2016 and \$88,118,000 for fiscal year 2017 2023; \$88,466,000 for fiscal year 2024; \$88,426,000 for fiscal year 2025; \$88,244,000 for fiscal year 2026; and \$87,940,000 for fiscal year 2027 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits by not approving new participants or by prorating the aid among participating districts, intermediate school districts, school sites, and charter schools. The commissioner may also reallocate a portion of the allowable

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	and for the biennium from the second year to the first year to meet the needs of approved participants.
192.29	(c) Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other
192.30	cooperative unit equals \$3,000 times the number of licensed teachers employed by the
	intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year.
193.1	Sec. 52. [122A.441] SHORT-CALL SUBSTITUTE TEACHER PILOT PROGRAM.
193.2	(a) A school district or charter school and applicant may jointly request the Professional
193.3	Educator Licensing and Standards Board approve an application for a short-call substitute
193.4	teaching license. The application information must sufficiently demonstrate the following:
193.5	(1) the applicant:
193.6	(i) holds a minimum of an associate's degree or equivalent and has or will receive
193.7	substitute training from the school district or charter school; or
102.0	
193.8	(ii) holds a minimum of a high school diploma or equivalent and has been employed as
193.9	an education support personnel or paraprofessional within the district or charter school for
193.10	at least one academic year; and
193.11	(2) the school district or charter school has requested a background check in accordance
193.12	with section 123B.03.
193.13	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may issue a temporary
193.14	
193.15	
193.16	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
193.17	license in accordance with section 122A.18, subdivision 7a, paragraph (a), must not be
193.18	required to complete a joint application with a district and must not be issued a license
193.19	
193.20	(c) The board may prioritize short-call substitute teaching license applications to expedite
193.20	
193.21	the leview process.
193.22	(d) A school district or charter school must provide a substitute teacher who receives a
193.23	substitute teaching license through the pilot program with substitute teacher training. The
193.24	board may remove a school district or charter school from the pilot program for failure to
193.25	provide the required training.
193.26	(e) A school district or charter school must not require an employee to apply for a
193.27	substitute teaching license, or retaliate against an employee that does not apply for a substitute
193.28	teaching license under the pilot program.

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78.6	aid for the biennium from the second year to the first year to meet the needs of approved
78.7	participants.

78.8 (c) Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other cooperative unit equals \$3,000 times the number of licensed teachers employed by the intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.59, is amended to read:

93.29 93.30 93.31	(t) A school district or charter school must compensate an employee working as a short-call substitute teacher under the pilot program with the greater of \$200 per day or the employee's regular rate of pay.
94.1 94.2	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2023-2024 and 2024-2025 school years only.
94.3	Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.59, is amended to read:
94.4	122A.59 COME TEACH IN MINNESOTA HIRING BONUSES.
94.5 94.6 94.7 94.8	Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section establishes a program to support districts and schools recruiting and offering hiring bonuses for licensed teachers who are American Indian or a person of color from another state or country in order to meet staffing needs in shortage areas in economic development regions in Minnesota.
94.9 94.10	Subd. 2. Eligibility. A district or school must verify that the hiring bonus is given to teachers licensed in persons from another state or country who:
94.11	(1) <u>immediately qualify for a Tier 3 or Tier 4 2 or higher</u> Minnesota license;
94.12	(2) have moved to the economic development region in Minnesota where they were hired; and
	(3) belong to a racial or ethnic group that is underrepresented among teachers compared to students in the district or school under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2).
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28	Subd. 3. Bonus amount. A district or school may offer a signing hiring and retention bonus of a minimum of \$2,500 \$4,000 and a maximum of \$5,000 \$8,000 to a teacher who meets the eligibility requirements. A teacher who meets the eligibility requirements and meets a licensure shortage area in the economic development region of the state where the school is located may be offered a signing hiring bonus of a minimum of \$4,000 \$5,000 and a maximum of \$8,000 \$10,000. A teacher must be paid half of the bonus when starting employment and half after completing four years of service in the hiring district or school if the teacher has demonstrated teaching effectiveness and is not on a professional improvement plan under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), or section 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), or is not being considered for termination for a reason listed in section 122A.40, subdivision 9, including a teacher hired by a school district located in a city of the first class. A teacher who does
94.30 94.31	not complete their first school year upon receiving a hiring bonus must repay the hiring bonus. A teacher must have a Tier 3 or Tier 4 Minnesota teaching license to qualify for the second half of the bonus. A district must prorate the second half of the bonus if the eligible teacher is nonrenewed due to reasons not having to do with teaching effectiveness or
94.33	misconduct. Subd. 4. Administration. (a) The commissioner must establish a process for districts

or schools to seek reimbursement for hiring bonuses given to teachers in shortage areas

122A.59 COME TEACH IN MINNESOTA HIRING BONUSES. 78.12 Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section establishes a program to support districts and 78.13 schools recruiting and offering hiring bonuses for licensed teachers who are American Indian or a person of color from another state or country in order to meet staffing needs in shortage areas in economic development regions in Minnesota. Subd. 2. Eligibility. A district or school must verify that the hiring bonus is given to 78.17 teachers licensed in persons from another state or country who: (1) immediately qualify for a Tier 3 or Tier 4 2 or higher Minnesota license; 78.19 (2) have moved to the economic development region in Minnesota where they were 78.20 78.21 hired; and (3) belong to a racial or ethnic group that is underrepresented among teachers compared 78.22 to students in the district or school under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), 78.24 clause (2). Subd. 3. Bonus amount. A district or school may offer a signing hiring and retention 78.25 bonus of a minimum of \$2,500 \$4,000 and a maximum of \$5,000 \$8,000 to a teacher who meets the eligibility requirements. A teacher who meets the eligibility requirements and meets a licensure shortage area in the economic development region of the state where the school is located may be offered a signing hiring bonus of a minimum of \$4,000 \$5,000 and a maximum of \$8,000 \$10,000. A teacher must be paid half of the bonus when starting employment and half after completing four years of service in the hiring district or school if the teacher has demonstrated teaching effectiveness and is not on a professional improvement plan under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), or section 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), or is not being considered for termination for a reason listed in section 122A.40, subdivision 9, including

a teacher hired by a school district located in a city of the first class. A teacher who does not complete their first school year upon receiving a hiring bonus must repay the hiring bonus. A teacher must have a Tier 3 or Tier 4 Minnesota teaching license to qualify for the second half of the bonus. A district must prorate the second half of the bonus if the eligible teacher is nonrenewed due to reasons not having to do with teaching effectiveness or

Subd. 4. Administration. (a) The commissioner must establish a process for districts

or schools to seek reimbursement for hiring bonuses given to teachers in shortage areas

79.7 79.8

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misconduct.

195.3 195.4 195.5 195.6 195.7	moving to and working in Minnesota schools experiencing specific shortages. The commissioner must provide guidance for districts to seek repayment of a hiring bonus from a teacher who does not complete the first year of employment. The department may conduct a pilot program with a small number of teachers during the 2022-2023 biennium to establish feasibility. The department must submit a report by December 1, 2022, to the chairs and
195.8 195.9 195.10	ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the program and recommendations for improvement in future years.
195.11 195.12 195.13 195.14 195.15	(b) The commissioner may award participating districts and schools additional funds to administer the program, including out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities. The commissioner may allow participating districts and schools to reserve up to five percent of Come Teach in Minnesota funding to administer the program, including for out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities.
	Subd. 5. Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the "Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account."
195.19 195.20 195.21	(b) Funds appropriated for the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program under this section must be transferred to the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account in the special revenue fund.
195.22 195.23	(c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for hiring bonuses under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted.
195.24 195.25	(d) Up to \$35,000 annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with developing and administering the program under this section.
195.26 195.27 195.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to subdivision 2 is effective retroactively from July 1, 2022. The amendments to subdivisions 1, 3, and 4 are effective the day following final enactment.
195.29 195.30	Sec. 54. [122A.631] SUPPORTING HERITAGE LANGUAGE AND CULTURE TEACHERS.
195.31 195.32	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to increase the number of heritage language and culture teachers in Minnesota.
196.1 196.2 196.3 196.4	Subd. 2. Definitions. "Heritage language and culture teachers" means teachers with a connection to a community's language and culture who use this connection to support students as they learn academic content or the language and culture of that particular community.

Subd. 3. Eligibility. Applicants for the heritage language and culture licensure pathway

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196.6

program must:

79.11 79.12 79.13 79.14 79.15 79.16 79.17	moving to and working in Minnesota schools experiencing specific shortages. The commissioner must provide guidance for districts to seek repayment of a hiring bonus from a teacher who does not complete the first year of employment. The department may conduct a pilot program with a small number of teachers during the 2022-2023 biennium to establish feasibility. The department must submit a report by December 1, 2022, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the program and recommendations
79.18 79.19 79.20 79.21 79.22 79.23	for improvement in future years. (b) The commissioner may award participating districts and schools additional funds to administer the program, including out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities. The commissioner may allow participating districts and schools to reserve up to five percent of Come Teach in Minnesota funding to administer the program, including for out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities.
79.24 79.25 79.26	Subd. 5. Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the "Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account."
79.27 79.28 79.29	(b) Funds appropriated for the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program under this section must be transferred to the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account in the special revenue fund.
79.30 79.31	(c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for hiring bonuses under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted.
79.32 79.33	(d) Up to $\$35,000$ annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with developing and administering the program under this section.
80.1 80.2 80.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to subdivision 2 is effective retroactively from July 1, 2022. The amendments to subdivisions 1, 3, and 4 are effective the day following final enactment.
80.4 80.5	Sec. 11. [122A.631] SUPPORTING HERITAGE LANGUAGE AND CULTURE TEACHERS.

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Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to increase the number of heritage 80.6 language and culture teachers in Minnesota. 80.7

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** "Heritage language and culture teachers" means teachers with a 80.8 connection to a community's language and culture who use this connection to support students as they learn academic content or the language and culture of that particular 80.10 community. 80.11

80.12 Subd. 3. Eligibility. Applicants for the heritage language and culture licensure pathway 80.13 program must:

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196.7 196.8	(1) hold a current license issued by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or meet the criteria for licensure in 122A.181; and
196.9	(2) seek initial, dual, or additional licensure in a heritage language.
196.10 196.11 196.12 196.13	Subd. 4. Heritage language and culture teacher licensure pathway program. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall develop a program to support initial and additional licensure for heritage language and culture teachers. The program must include:
196.14	(1) a yearlong mentorship program;
196.15 196.16	(2) monthly meetings where applicants receive guidance on completing the portfolio process from a portfolio liaison, dedicated specifically to facilitating this program;
196.17 196.18	(3) a stipend to cover substitute teachers when meetings take place during the school day;
196.19	(4) a waiver for all portfolio and licensure testing fees; and
196.20	(5) a portfolio review committee created by the board.
196.21 196.22 196.23 196.24	(b) For applicants seeking an initial license in a world language and culture, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000 and content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, through the portfolio process.
196.25 196.26 196.27 196.28	(c) For applicants seeking a dual license, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000, content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, and all standards for the chosen dual license through the portfolio process.
196.29 196.30 196.31	(d) For applicants seeking an additional license in a world language and culture, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950.
197.1 197.2 197.3 197.4 197.5 197.6	Subd. 5. Heritage language and culture educators seeking a world language license. Heritage language and culture teachers seeking a world language and culture license pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, who demonstrate proficiency through one of the following may use this proficiency to evidence meeting the required content-specific world language and culture standards, which do not include content-specific pedagogical standards, for licensure in their heritage language:
197.7	(1) passing a board-adopted assessment;
197.8	(2) holding a certificate to serve as a translator or interpreter; or

80.14 80.15	(1) hold a current license issued by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or meet the criteria for licensure in 122A.181; and
80.16	(2) seek initial, dual, or additional licensure in a heritage language.
80.17 80.18 80.19 80.20	Subd. 4. Heritage language and culture teacher licensure pathway program. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall develop a program to support initial and additional licensure for heritage language and culture teachers. The program must include:
80.21	(1) a yearlong mentorship program;
80.22 80.23	(2) monthly meetings where applicants receive guidance on completing the portfolio process from a portfolio liaison, dedicated specifically to facilitating this program;
80.24 80.25	(3) a stipend to cover substitute teachers when meetings take place during the school day;
80.26	(4) a waiver for all portfolio and licensure testing fees; and
80.27	(5) a portfolio review committee created by the board.
80.28 80.29 80.30 80.31	(b) For applicants seeking an initial license in a world language and culture, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000 and content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, through the portfolio process.
81.1 81.2 81.3 81.4	(c) For applicants seeking a dual license, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000, content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, and all standards for the chosen dual license through the portfolio process.
81.5 81.6 81.7	(d) For applicants seeking an additional license in a world language and culture, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950.
81.8 81.9 81.10 81.11 81.12 81.13	Subd. 5. Heritage language and culture educators seeking a world language license. Heritage language and culture teachers seeking a world language and culture license pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, who demonstrate proficiency through one of the following may use this proficiency to evidence meeting the required content-specific world language and culture standards, which do not include content-specific pedagogical standards, for licensure in their heritage language: (1) passing a board-adopted assessment;

(2) holding a certificate to serve as a translator or interpreter; or

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197.9	(3) completing an undergraduate or postbaccalaureate degree from an accredited
	university where the majority of coursework was taught via the non-English instructional
197.11	language.
197.12	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.635, is amended to read:
197.13	122A.635 COLLABORATIVE URBAN AND GREATER MINNESOTA
197.14	EDUCATORS OF COLOR GRANT PROGRAM.
197.15	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
197.16	Board must award competitive grants to increase the number of teacher candidates who are
	of color or who are American Indian, complete teacher preparation programs, and meet the
	requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183. Eligibility for a grant under this
	section is limited to public or private higher education institutions that offer a teacher
197.20	preparation program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board.
197.21	Subd. 2. Competitive grants. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
	Board must award competitive grants to a variety of higher education institution types under
197.23	this section. The board must require an applicant institution to submit a plan describing how
	it would use grant funds to increase the number of teachers who are of color or who are
	American Indian, and must award grants based on the following criteria, listed in descending
197.26	order of priority:
197.27	(1) the number of teacher candidates being supported in the program who are of color
197.28	or who are American Indian;
197.29	(2) (1) program outcomes, including graduation or program completion rates; and
197.30	licensure recommendation rates, and placement rates for candidates who are of color or
	who are American Indian compared to all candidates enrolled in a teacher preparation
	program at the institution and, for each outcome measure, the number of those teacher
197.33	candidates who are of color or who are American Indian; and
198.1	(3) the percent of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the
198.2	institution compared to:
198.3	(i) the total percent of students of color and American Indian students enrolled at the
198.4	institution, regardless of major; and
198.5	(ii) the percent of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the
198.6	economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a
198.7	shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5.
198.8	(2) the extent to which an institution's plan is clear in describing how the institution
198.9	would use grant funds for implementing explicit research-based practices to provide

programmatic support to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian.
Plans for grant funds may include:

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81.16 81.17	(3) completing an undergraduate or postbaccalaureate degree from an accredited university where the majority of coursework was taught via the non-English instructional
81.18	language.
81.19	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.635, is amended to read:
81.20 81.21	122A.635 COLLABORATIVE URBAN AND GREATER MINNESOTA EDUCATORS OF COLOR GRANT PROGRAM.
81.22 81.23 81.24 81.25 81.26 81.27	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must award competitive grants to increase the number of teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian, complete teacher preparation programs, and meet the requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183. Eligibility for a grant under this section is limited to public or private higher education institutions that offer a teacher preparation program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board.
81.28 81.29 81.30 81.31 81.32 81.33	Subd. 2. Competitive grants. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must award competitive grants to a variety of higher education institution types under this section. The board must require an applicant institution to submit a plan describing how it would use grant funds to increase the number of teachers who are of color or who are American Indian, and must award grants based on the following criteria, listed in descending order of priority:
82.1 82.2	(1) the number of teacher candidates being supported in the program who are of color or who are American Indian;
82.3 82.4 82.5 82.6 82.7	(2) (1) program outcomes, including graduation or program completion rates; and licensure recommendation rates; and placement rates for candidates who are of color or who are American Indian compared to all candidates enrolled in a teacher preparation program at the institution and, for each outcome measure, the number of those teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian; and
82.8 82.9	(3) the percent of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the institution compared to:
82.10 82.11	(i) the total percent of students of color and American Indian students enrolled at the institution, regardless of major; and
82.12 82.13 82.14	(ii) the percent of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5.
82.15 82.16 82.17 82.18	(2) the extent to which an institution's plan is clear in describing how the institution would use grant funds for implementing explicit research-based practices to provide programmatic support to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian. Plans for grant funds may include:

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198.12	(i) recruiting more racially and ethnically diverse candidates for admission to teacher
198.13	preparation programs;
198.14	(ii) providing differentiated advising, mentoring, or other supportive community-building
198.15	activities in addition to what the institution provides to all candidates enrolled in the
198.16	institution;
198.17	(iii) providing academic tutoring or support to help teacher candidates pass required
198.18	assessments; and
198.19	(iv) providing for program staffing expenses;
198.20	(3) an institution's plan to provide direct financial assistance as scholarships or stipends
198.21	within the allowable dollar range determined by the board under subdivision 3, paragraph
198.22	(b), to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian;
198.23	(b) The board must give priority in awarding grants under this section to institutions that
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198.25	subdivision 27, and have demonstrated continuing success at recruiting, retaining, graduating,
198.26	and inducting (4) whether the institution has previously received a competitive grant under
198.27	this section and has demonstrated positive outcomes from the use of grant funds for efforts
198.28	helping teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian- to enroll in and
198.29	successfully complete teacher preparation programs and be recommended for licensure;
198.30	(5) geographic diversity among the institutions. In order to expand the number of grant
198.31	recipients throughout the state, whenever there is at least a 20 percent increase in the base
198.32	appropriation for this grant program, the board must prioritize awarding grants to institutions
198.33	outside of the Twin Cities metropolitan area. If the board awards a competitive grant based
199.1	on the criteria in paragraph (a) to a program that has not previously received funding, the
199.2	board must thereafter give priority to the program equivalent to other programs given priority
199.3	under this paragraph. that have received grants and demonstrated positive outcomes; and
199.4	(6) the percentage of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the
199.5	institution compared to:
199.6	(i) the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students enrolled
199.7	in the institution, regardless of major; and
199.8	(ii) the percentage of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the
199.9	economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a
199.10	shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5.
199.11	(b) The board must not penalize an applicant institution in the grant review process for
199.12	using grant funds only to provide direct financial support to teacher candidates if that is the
199 13	institution's priority and the institution uses other resources to provide programmatic support

199.14 to candidates.

32.19 32.20	(i) recruiting more racially and ethnically diverse candidates for admission to teacher preparation programs;
32.21 32.22	(ii) providing differentiated advising, mentoring, or other supportive community-building activities in addition to what the institution provides to all candidates enrolled in the

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- 82.24 (iii) providing academic tutoring or support to help teacher candidates pass required 82.25
- 82.26 (iv) providing for program staffing expenses;
- 82.27 (3) an institution's plan to provide direct financial assistance as scholarships or stipends within the allowable dollar range determined by the board under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian; 82.29
- (b) The board must give priority in awarding grants under this section to institutions that 82.30 received grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 27, and have demonstrated continuing success at recruiting, retaining, graduating, and inducting (4) whether the institution has previously received a competitive grant under this section and has demonstrated positive outcomes from the use of grant funds for efforts helping teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian- to enroll in and successfully complete teacher preparation programs and be recommended for licensure;
- 83.5 (5) geographic diversity among the institutions. In order to expand the number of grant recipients throughout the state, whenever there is at least a 20 percent increase in the base appropriation for this grant program, the board must prioritize awarding grants to institutions outside of the Twin Cities metropolitan area. If the board awards a competitive grant based on the criteria in paragraph (a) to a program that has not previously received funding, the board must thereafter give priority to the program equivalent to other programs given priority under this paragraph. that have received grants and demonstrated positive outcomes; and
- 83.12 (6) the percentage of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the institution compared to: 83.13
- (i) the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students enrolled 83.14 83.15 in the institution, regardless of major; and
- 83.16 (ii) the percentage of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5.
- 83.19 (b) The board must not penalize an applicant institution in the grant review process for using grant funds only to provide direct financial support to teacher candidates if that is the 83.20 institution's priority and the institution uses other resources to provide programmatic support

to candidates. 83.22

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99.15	(c) The board must determine award amounts for <u>development</u> , maintenance and , or
99.16	expansion of programs based only on the degree to which applicants meet the criteria in
99.17	this subdivision, the number of candidates who are of color or who are American Indian
99.18	supported by an applicant program, sustaining support for those candidates, and funds
99.19	available.

- 199.20 (d) The board must determine grant awards in part by multiplying the number of teacher candidates to be provided direct financial assistance by the average amount the institution proposes per candidate that is within the allowable dollar range. After assessing an institution's adherence to grant criteria and funds available, the board may grant an institution a lower average amount per candidate and the institution may decide to award less per candidate or provide financial assistance to fewer candidates within the allowable range. Additionally, an institution may use up to 25 percent of the awarded grant funds to provide programmatic support as described in paragraph (a), clause (3). If the board does not award an applicant institution's full request, the board must allow the institution to modify how it uses grant funds to maximize program outcomes consistent with the requirements of this 199.30 section.
- Subd. 3. Grant program administration. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and 199.31 Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher 199.33 Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds to the Office of Higher Education to help establish and administer the competitive grant process. The board must award grants to institutions located in various economic development regions throughout the state, but must not predetermine the number of institutions to be awarded grants under this section or set a limit for the amount that any one institution may receive as part of the competitive grant application process.

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- (b) The board must establish a standard allowable dollar range for the amount of direct financial assistance an applicant institution may provide to each candidate. To determine the range, the board may collect de-identified data from institutions that received a grant during the previous grant period and calculate the average scholarship amount awarded to all candidates across all institutions using the most recent fiscal year data available. The calculation may be used to determine a scholarship range that is no more than 25 percent of this amount and no less than half the average of this amount. The purpose of direct financial assistance is to assist candidates matriculating through completing licensure programs if they demonstrate financial need after considering other grants and scholarships 200.14 provided.
- (c) All grants must be awarded by August 15 of the fiscal year in which the grants are 200.16 to be used except that, for initial competitive grants awarded for fiscal year 2020, grants must be awarded by September 15. An institution that receives a grant under this section 200.18 may use the grant funds over a two- to four-year period to sustain support for teacher 200.19 candidates at any stage from recruitment and program admission to graduation and licensure 200.20 application.

83.23 (c) The board must determine award amounts for development, maintenance and, or expansion of programs based only on the degree to which applicants meet the criteria in 83.24 this subdivision, the number of candidates who are of color or who are American Indian supported by an applicant program, sustaining support for those candidates, and funds available. 83.27

83.28 (d) The board must determine grant awards in part by multiplying the number of teacher candidates to be provided direct financial assistance by the average amount the institution proposes per candidate that is within the allowable dollar range. After assessing an institution's adherence to grant criteria and funds available, the board may grant an institution a lower average amount per candidate and the institution may decide to award less per candidate or provide financial assistance to fewer candidates within the allowable range. Additionally, an institution may use up to 25 percent of the awarded grant funds to provide 83.34 programmatic support as described in paragraph (a), clause (3). If the board does not award an applicant institution's full request, the board must allow the institution to modify how it 84.3 uses grant funds to maximize program outcomes consistent with the requirements of this 84.4

Subd. 3. Grant program administration. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds to the Office of Higher Education to help establish and administer the competitive grant process. The board must award grants to institutions located in various economic development regions throughout the state, but must not predetermine the number of institutions to be awarded grants under this section or set a limit for the amount that any one institution may receive as part of the competitive grant application process.

84.13 (b) The board must establish a standard allowable dollar range for the amount of direct financial assistance an applicant institution may provide to each candidate. To determine the range, the board may collect de-identified data from institutions that received a grant during the previous grant period and calculate the average scholarship amount awarded to all candidates across all institutions using the most recent fiscal year data available. The calculation may be used to determine a scholarship range that is no more than 25 percent of this amount and no less than half the average of this amount. The purpose of direct financial assistance is to assist candidates matriculating through completing licensure 84.20 programs if they demonstrate financial need after considering other grants and scholarships 84.21 84.22 provided.

(c) All grants must be awarded by August 15 of the fiscal year in which the grants are 84.24 to be used except that, for initial competitive grants awarded for fiscal year 2020, grants must be awarded by September 15. An institution that receives a grant under this section may use the grant funds over a two- to four-year period to sustain support for teacher candidates at any stage from recruitment and program admission to graduation and licensure application.

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200.23 200.24	Subd. 4. Report. (a) By January August 15 of each year, an institution awarded a grant under this section must prepare for the legislature and the board a detailed report regarding the expenditure of grant funds, including the amounts used to recruit, retain, and induct support teacher candidates of color or who are American Indian teacher candidates to complete programs and be recommended for licensure. The report must include:
200.26 200.27	(1) the total number of teacher candidates of color, disaggregated by race or ethnic group, who and American Indian teacher candidates who:
200.28	(i) are enrolled in the institution;
200.29 200.30	(ii) are supported by grant funds with direct financial assistance during the academic reporting year;
200.31	(iii) are supported with other programmatic supports;
200.32 200.33	$\underline{\text{(iv)}}$ are recruited to the institution, are $\underline{\text{and}}$ newly admitted to the $\underline{\text{a}}$ licensure program, are enrolled in the:
201.1	(v) are enrolled in a licensure program;
201.2 201.3 201.4	(vi) have completed a licensure program, have completed student teaching, have graduated, are licensed, and are newly employed as Minnesota teachers in their licensure field. A grant recipient must report; and
201.5	(vii) were recommended for licensure in the field for which they were prepared;
201.6 201.7 201.8 201.9	(2) the total number of teacher candidates of color or who are American Indian teacher candidates at each stage from recruitment program admission to licensed teaching licensure recommendation as a percentage of total all candidates seeking the same licensure at the institution; and
201.10 201.11 201.12	
	(b) By November 1 of each year, the board must post a report on its website summarizing the activities and outcomes of grant recipients and results that promote sharing of effective practices and lessons learned among grant recipients.
201.16	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.69, is amended to read:
201.17	122A.69 PRACTICE OR STUDENT TEACHERS.
201.18 201.19 201.20 201.21 201.22	or student teachers who have completed at least two years of in an approved teacher preparation program. Such practice and student teachers must be appropriately supervised

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84.29 84.30 84.31 84.32 84.33	Subd. 4. Report. (a) By January August 15 of each year, an institution awarded a grant under this section must prepare for the legislature and the board a detailed report regarding the expenditure of grant funds, including the amounts used to recruit, retain, and indust support teacher candidates of color or who are American Indian teacher candidates to complete programs and be recommended for licensure. The report must include:
85.1 85.2	(1) the total number of teacher candidates of color, disaggregated by race or ethnic group, who and American Indian teacher candidates who:
85.3	(i) are enrolled in the institution;
85.4 85.5	(ii) are supported by grant funds with direct financial assistance during the academic reporting year;
85.6	(iii) are supported with other programmatic supports;
85.7 85.8	$\underline{\text{(iv)}}$ are recruited to the institution, are and newly admitted to the \underline{a} licensure program, are enrolled in the:
85.9	(v) are enrolled in a licensure program;
85.10 85.11 85.12	(vi) have completed a licensure program, have completed student teaching, have graduated, are licensed, and are newly employed as Minnesota teachers in their licensure field. A grant recipient must report; and
85.13	(vii) were recommended for licensure in the field for which they were prepared;
85.14 85.15 85.16 85.17	(2) the total number of teacher candidates of color or who are American Indian teacher candidates at each stage from recruitment program admission to licensed teaching licensure recommendation as a percentage of total all candidates seeking the same licensure at the institution; and
85.18 85.19 85.20	(3) a brief narrative describing the successes and challenges of efforts proposed in the grant application to support candidates with grant funds, and lessons learned for future efforts.
85.21 85.22 85.23	(b) By November 1 of each year, the board must post a report on its website summarizing the activities and outcomes of grant recipients and results that promote sharing of effective practices and lessons learned among grant recipients.

01.23 01.24 01.25 01.26 01.27	must be placed with a cooperating licensed teacher who has at least three years of teaching experience and is not in the improvement process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (12), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12). Practice and student teachers are employees of the school district in which they are rendering services for purposes of workers' compensation; liability insurance, if provided for other district
01.28	employees under section 123B.23; and legal counsel under section 123B.25.
02.1	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.70, is amended to read:
02.2 02.3	122A.70 TEACHER MENTORSHIP AND RETENTION OF EFFECTIVE TEACHERS.
02.4 02.5 02.6 02.7 02.8	Subdivision 1. Teacher mentoring, induction, and retention programs. (a) School districts must develop teacher mentoring programs for teachers new to the profession or district, including teaching residents, teachers of color, teachers who are American Indian, teachers in license shortage areas, teachers with special needs, or experienced teachers in need of peer coaching.
02.9 02.10 02.11 02.12 02.13 02.14 02.15	(b) Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with districts' teacher evaluation and peer review processes under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, and 122A.41, subdivision 5. A district may use staff development revenue under section 122A.61, special grant programs established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipend to a mentor who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three years and is not on an improvement plan. Other initiatives using such funds or funds available under sections 124D.861 and 124D.862 may include:
02.16	(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors of color or who are American Indian;
02.19 02.20	(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across school within and between districts for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups" are groups of educators who share a common racial or ethnic identity in society as persons of color or who are American Indian;
	(3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups; or
02.27	(4) grants supporting licensed and nonlicensed educator participation in professional development, such as workshops and graduate courses, related to increasing student achievement for students of color and American Indian students in order to close opportunity and achievement gaps.
	(e) A school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention strategies or protection from unrequested leave of absences in the beginning years of employment for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian. Retention strategies may include

202.32 providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian

85.24	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.70, is amended to read:
85.25 85.26	$122A.70\ TEACHER$ MENTORSHIP AND RETENTION OF EFFECTIVE TEACHERS.
85.27 85.28 85.29 85.30 85.31	Subdivision 1. Teacher mentoring, induction, and retention programs. (a) So districts must develop teacher mentoring programs for teachers new to the profession district, including teaching residents, teachers of color, teachers who are American Inteachers in license shortage areas, teachers with special needs, or experienced teacher need of peer coaching.
86.1 86.2 86.3 86.4 86.5 86.6 86.7	(b) Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with districts' teal evaluation and peer review processes under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, and 122 subdivision 5. A district may use staff development revenue under section 122A.61, so grant programs established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipe a mentor who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three years a not on an improvement plan. Other initiatives using such funds or funds available und sections 124D.861 and 124D.862 may include:
86.8	(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors of color or who are American Inc
86.9 86.10 86.11 86.12	(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across within and between districts for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups are groups of educators who share a common racial or ethnic identity in society as per

ubdivision 1. Teacher mentoring, induction, and retention programs. (a) School s must develop teacher mentoring programs for teachers new to the profession or including teaching residents, teachers of color, teachers who are American Indian, rs in license shortage areas, teachers with special needs, or experienced teachers in peer coaching.) Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with districts' teacher tion and peer review processes under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, and 122A.41, ision 5. A district may use staff development revenue under section 122A.61, special rograms established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipend to or who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three years and is an improvement plan. Other initiatives using such funds or funds available under is 124D.861 and 124D.862 may include:) additional stipends as incentives to mentors of color or who are American Indian; () financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools and between districts for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to ogether throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups" ups of educators who share a common racial or ethnic identity in society as persons of color or who are American Indian; (3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during 86.14 the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and 86.15 ethnic groups; or 86.16 (4) grants supporting licensed and nonlicensed educator participation in professional 86.17 achievement for students of color and American Indian students in order to close opportunity 86.20 and achievement gaps. 86.21 (c) A school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention strategies or protection from unrequested leave of absences in the beginning years of employment for 86.22 teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian. Retention strategies may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian

203.1	at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at sites with other
203.2	educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support.
203.3	Subd. 2. Board grants. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
203.4	make grant application forms available to sites interested in developing, sustaining, or
203.5	expanding a mentorship program. A school district; a or group of school districts; a coalition
203.6	of districts, teachers, and teacher education institutions; or, a school or coalition of schools,
203.7	or a coalition of teachers, or nonlicensed educators may apply for a program grant. A higher
203.8	education institution or nonprofit organization may partner with a grant applicant but is not
203.9	eligible as a sole applicant for grant funds. The Professional Educator Licensing and
203.10	Standards Board, in consultation with the teacher mentoring task force, must approve or
203.11	disapprove the applications. To the extent possible, the approved applications must reflect
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203.13	geographically distributed throughout the state. The Professional Educator Licensing and
203.14	Standards Board must encourage the selected sites to consider the use of its assessment
203.15	procedures.
203.16	Subd. 2a. Funded work. (a) Grant funds may be used for the following:
203.17	(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors who are of color or who are American
203.18	Indian;
203.19	(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools
203.20	
203.21	to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups"
203.22	means groups of licensed and nonlicensed educators who share a common racial or ethnic
203.23	
203.24	(3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during
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203.27	(4) professional development focused on ways to close opportunity and achievement
203.28	gaps for students of color and American Indian students; or
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203.29	(5) for teachers of color and American Indian teachers, graduate courses toward a first
203.30	master's degree in a field related to their licensure or toward an additional license.
203.31	(b) A charter school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention
203.32	strategies or protection from unrequested leaves of absence in the beginning years of
203.33	
	employment for teachers who are of color or who are American Indian. Retention strategies
204.1	may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are
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202.33 to work in the school or district for at least five years and placing American Indian educators

86.25 86.26 86.27	to work in the school or district for at least five years and placing American Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at sites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support.
86.28 86.29 86.30 86.31 86.32 86.33 86.34 87.1 87.2 87.3 87.4 87.5	Subd. 2. Board grants. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must make grant application forms available to sites interested in developing, sustaining, or expanding a mentorship program. A school district; a or group of school districts; a coalition of districts, teachers, and teacher education institutions; or, a school or coalition of schools, or a coalition of teachers, or nonlicensed educators may apply for a program grant. A higher education institution or nonprofit organization may partner with a grant applicant but is not eligible as a sole applicant for grant funds. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, in consultation with the teacher mentoring task force, must approve or disapprove the applications. To the extent possible, the approved applications must reflect effective mentoring, professional development, and retention components, and be geographically distributed throughout the state. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must encourage the selected sites to consider the use of its assessment procedures.
87.7	Subd. 2a. Funded work. (a) Grant funds may be used for the following:
87.8 87.9	(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors who are of color or who are American Indian;
87.10 87.11 87.12 87.13 87.14	(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools within and between districts for educators from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups" means groups of licensed and nonlicensed educators who share a common racial or ethnic identity in society as persons who are of color or who are American Indian;
87.15 87.16 87.17	(3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups;
87.18 87.19	(4) professional development focused on ways to close opportunity and achievement gaps for students of color and American Indian students; or
87.20 87.21	(5) for teachers of color and American Indian teachers, graduate courses toward a first master's degree in a field related to their licensure or toward an additional license.
87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26 87.27	(b) A charter school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention strategies or protection from unrequested leaves of absence in the beginning years of employment for teachers who are of color or who are American Indian. Retention strategies may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian to work in the school or district for at least five years and placing American Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at

204.4 204.5	sites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support.
204.6 204.7	Subd. 3. Criteria for selection. (\underline{a}) At a minimum, applicants for grants under subdivision 2 must express commitment to:
204.8	(1) allow staff participation;
204.9	(2) assess skills of both beginning and mentor teachers;
204.10	(3) provide appropriate in-service to needs identified in the assessment;
204.11	(4) provide leadership to the effort;
204.12	(5) cooperate with higher education institutions or teacher educators;
204.13	(6) provide facilities and other resources;
204.14	(7) share findings, materials, and techniques with other school districts; and
204.15	(8) retain teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian.
204.16 204.17 204.18 204.19	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must give priority to applications to fund programs to induct, mentor, and retain Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers who are of color or who are American Indian, and Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers in licensure shortage areas within the applicant's economic development region.
204.20 204.21 204.22	Subd. 4. Additional funding. Grant applicants must seek additional funding and assistance from sources such as school districts, postsecondary institutions, foundations, and the private sector.
204.25	Subd. 5. Program implementation. A grant recipient may use grant funds on implementing activities over a period of time up to 24 months. New and expanding mentorship sites that receive a board grant under subdivision 2 to design, develop, implement, and evaluate their program must participate in activities that support program development and implementation.
204.28 204.29 204.30 204.31 204.32	Subd. 5a. Grant program administration. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher Education or the Department of Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds to the Office of Higher Education or the Department of Education to help administer the competitive grant process.
205.1 205.2 205.3 205.4	Subd. 6. Report. By <u>June September</u> 30 of each year after receiving a grant, recipients must submit a report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on program efforts that describes mentoring and induction activities and assesses the impact of these programs on teacher effectiveness and retention. The board must publish a summary report

for the public and submit the report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction

87.28 87.29	support.
87.30 87.31	Subd. 3. Criteria for selection. (a) At a minimum, applicants for grants under subdivision 2 must express commitment to:
87.32	(1) allow staff participation;
87.33	(2) assess skills of both beginning and mentor teachers;
88.1	(3) provide appropriate in-service to needs identified in the assessment;
88.2	(4) provide leadership to the effort;
88.3	(5) cooperate with higher education institutions or teacher educators;
88.4	(6) provide facilities and other resources;
88.5	(7) share findings, materials, and techniques with other school districts; and
88.6	(8) retain teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian.
88.7 88.8 88.9 88.10	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must give priority to applications to fund programs to induct, mentor, and retain Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers who are of color or who are American Indian, and Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers in licensure shortage areas within the applicant's economic development region.
88.11 88.12 88.13	Subd. 4. Additional funding. Grant applicants must seek additional funding and assistance from sources such as school districts, postsecondary institutions, foundations, and the private sector.
88.14 88.15 88.16 88.17 88.18	Subd. 5. Program implementation. A grant recipient may use grant funds on implementing activities over a period of time up to 24 months. New and expanding mentorship sites that receive a board grant under subdivision 2 to design, develop, implement, and evaluate their program must participate in activities that support program development and implementation.
88.19 88.20	Subd. 6. Report. By June September 30 of each year after receiving a grant, recipients must submit a report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on program

efforts that describes mentoring and induction activities and assesses the impact of these programs on teacher effectiveness and retention. The board must publish a summary report for the public and submit the report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction

205.6	over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance in accordance with section
205.7	3.302 by November 30 of each year.
205.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.
205.9	Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
205.10	Subd. 2. Grow Your Own district programs. (a) A school district, charter school, or
	cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may apply for a grant for a
	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program
	to establish a Grow Your Own pathway for adults to obtain their first professional teaching
	license. Grantees must partner with a Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
	Board-approved teacher preparation program. Partnerships may also include institutions
	that have an articulated transfer pathway with a board-approved teacher preparation program.
	The grant recipient must use at least 80 percent of grant funds to provide tuition scholarships
	or stipends to enable school district employees or community members affiliated with a
	school district, who are of color or American Indian and who seek a teaching license, to
	participate in the teacher preparation program. Grant funds may also be used to pay for
205.21	teacher licensure exams and licensure fees.
205.22	(b) A district using grant funds under this subdivision to provide financial support to
205.23	teacher candidates may require a commitment as determined by the district to teach in the
205.24	district for a reasonable amount of time that does not exceed five years.
205.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
	<u> </u>
205.26	Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
205.27	Subd. 3. Grants for programs serving secondary school students. (a) In addition to
205.28	grants for developing and offering dual-credit postsecondary course options in schools for
205.29	"Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under section 124D.09,
205.30	subdivision 10, a school district or charter school may apply for grants under this section
205.31	
205.32	students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. A school district, charter
205.33	school, or a cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may apply for grants to
206.1	develop innovative Grow Your Own programs that encourage secondary school students,
206.2	especially students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. To be eligible
206.3	for a grant under this subdivision, a school district or charter school an applicant must ensure
206.4	that the aggregate percentage of secondary school students of color and American Indian

students participating in the program is equal to or greater than the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students in the school district or, charter school, or

cooperative unit.

Senate Language UEH2497-1

88.24 over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance in accordance with section

88.24	over kindergarten inrough grade 12 education policy and finance in accordance with section
88.25	3.302 by November 30 of each year.
88.26	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
88.27	Subd. 2. Grow Your Own district programs. (a) A school district, charter school,
88.28	cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or Head Start program under section
88.29	119A.50 may apply for a grant for to partner with a Professional Educator Licensing and
88.30	Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program at the undergraduate or
88.31	postbaccalaureate level. Partnerships may also include associate's degree-granting institutions
88.32	to support students in early childhood or education programs that have transfer agreements
89.1	with board-approved preparation programs at colleges or universities. The grant recipient
89.2	must use at least 80 percent of grant funds to provide tuition scholarships or stipends to
89.3	enable school district employees or community members affiliated with a school district,
89.4	who are of color or American Indian and who seek a teaching license, to participate in the
89.5	teacher preparation program.
00.6	(L) A 41-4-1-4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
89.6	(b) A district using grant funds under this subdivision to provide financial support to
89.7	teacher candidates may require a commitment as determined by the district to teach in the
89.8	district for a reasonable amount of time that does not exceed five years.
89.9	(c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is \$850,000. The commissioner
89.10	may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining
89.11	a grant amount.
89.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
00.12	
89.13	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
89.14	Subd. 3. Grants for programs serving secondary school students. (a) In addition to
89.15	grants for developing and offering dual-credit postsecondary course options in schools for
89.16	"Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under section 124D.09,
89.17	subdivision 10, A school district or charter school may apply for grants under this section
89.18	to offer other innovative programs that encourage secondary school students, especially
89.19	students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. To be eligible for a
89.20	grant under this subdivision, a school district or charter school an applicant must ensure
89.21	that the aggregate percentage of secondary school students of color and American Indian
89.22	students participating in the program is equal to or greater than the aggregate percentage of
89.23	students of color and American Indian students in the school district or, charter school, or
89.24	cooperative unit.

House Language H2497-4

206.8	(b) A grant recipient must use grant funds awarded under this subdivision for:
206.9 206.10 206.11	(1) supporting future teacher clubs or service-learning opportunities that provide middle and high school students with experiential learning that supports the success of younger students or peers and increases students' interest in pursuing a teaching career;
206.12 206.13 206.14	(2) developing and offering postsecondary enrollment options courses for "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" consistent with section 124D.09, subdivision 10, that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure;
	(2) (3) providing direct support, including wrap-around services, for students who are of color or American Indian to enroll and be successful in postsecondary enrollment options courses under section 124D.09 that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure; or
206.19 206.20 206.21	(3) (4) offering scholarships to graduating high school students who are of color or American Indian to enroll in board-approved undergraduate teacher preparation programs at a college or university in Minnesota.
206.22 206.23 206.24	(c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is \$500,000. The commissioner may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining a grant amount.
206.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
206.26	Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
206.27 206.28	Subd. 5. Grow Your Own program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the "Grow Your Own program account."
206.29 206.30	(b) Funds appropriated for the Grow Your Own program under this section must be transferred to the Grow Your Own program account in the special revenue fund.
207.1 207.2 207.3	(c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the Grow Your Own program under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted. Grant recipients may apply to use grant money over a period of up to 60 months.
207.4 207.5	(d) Up to \$100,000 \$175,000 annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with administering and monitoring the program under this section.
207.6	Sec. 61. [122A,731] SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHER PIPELINE PROGRAM.
207.7 207.8 207.9 207.10	Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner of education must administer a grant program to develop a pipeline of trained, licensed Tier 3 or Tier 4 special education teachers. A school district, charter school, or cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, may apply for a grant under this section. An applicant must partner
207.11	with a board-approved teacher preparation program.

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39.25	(b) A grant recipient must use grant funds awarded under this subdivision for:
39.26 39.27 39.28	(1) supporting future teacher clubs or service-learning opportunities that provide middle and high school students with experiential learning that supports the success of younger students or peers and increases students' interest in pursuing a teaching career;
39.29 39.30 39.31	(2) developing and offering postsecondary enrollment options for "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses consistent with section 124D.09, subdivision 10, that meet degree requirements for teacher licensure;
39.32 39.33 90.1 90.2	(2) (3) providing direct support, including wrap-around services, for students who are of color or American Indian to enroll and be successful in postsecondary enrollment options courses under section 124D.09 that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure; or
00.3 00.4 00.5	(3) (4) offering scholarships to graduating high school students who are of color or American Indian to enroll in board-approved undergraduate teacher preparation programs at a college or university in Minnesota.
00.6 00.7 00.8	(c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is \$500,000. The commissioner may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining a grant amount.

207.12 207.13	Subd. 2. Grant uses. (a) A grant recipient must use grant funds to support participants who are employed by the grant recipient as either a paraprofessional or other unlicensed
207.14 207.15	staff, or a teacher with a Tier 1 or Tier 2 license, and demonstrate a willingness to be a special education teacher after completing the program.
207.16	(b) A grant recipient may use grant funds for:
207.17	(1) tuition assistance or stipends for participants;
207.18 207.19	(2) supports for participants, including mentoring, licensure test preparation, and technology support; or
207.20	(3) participant recruitment.
207.21 207.22	Subd. 3. Grant procedure. (a) Applicants must apply for a grant under this section in the form and manner specified by the commissioner.
207.23 207.24 207.25	(b) In awarding grants, the commissioner must prioritize funding for training to allow participants holding a Tier 1 or Tier 2 special education license to obtain a Tier 3 special education license.
207.26 207.27 207.28	(c) To the extent that there are sufficient applications, the commissioner must, to the extent practicable, award an equal number of grants between applicants in greater Minnesota and applicants in the metropolitan area.
207.29 207.30 207.31 208.1 208.2	Subd. 4. Report. Within one year of receiving grant funds, and for each year that a recipient receives grant funds, a grant recipient must report to the commissioner in the form and manner determined by the commissioner the number of participants in the program and how grant funds were used. The commissioner must publish an annual report that identifies the grant recipients and summarizes how grant funds are used.
	the grant recipients and summarizes now grant runds are used.
208.3 208.4 208.5	Subd. 5. Special education teacher pipeline program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the special education teacher pipeline program account.
208.3 208.4	Subd. 5. Special education teacher pipeline program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the special education teacher pipeline
208.3 208.4 208.5 208.6 208.7	Subd. 5. Special education teacher pipeline program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the special education teacher pipeline program account. (b) Funds appropriated for the special education teacher pipeline program under this section must be transferred to the special educator teacher pipeline program account in the
208.3 208.4 208.5 208.6 208.7 208.8 208.9 208.10 208.11	Subd. 5. Special education teacher pipeline program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the special education teacher pipeline program account. (b) Funds appropriated for the special education teacher pipeline program under this section must be transferred to the special educator teacher pipeline program account in the special revenue fund. (c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the special education teacher pipeline program under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted. Grant recipients may apply to use grant money over a period of up to 60

(2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, families, and employees; (2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of student progress toward career and college readiness; (3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school performance, and high-quality instruction;

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

(b) To enhance a principal's culturally responsive leadership skills and support and

208.19 of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for

208.27 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting

and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of

208.28 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher

208.29 quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:

208.32 instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;

208.21 or buildings to which the principal is assigned.

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(4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;

(5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 209.11 209.12 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success;

(6) (7) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 209.14 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;

(7) (8) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and 209.15 209.16 learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and

(8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria 209.18 209.19 under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify 209.20 the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.

90.31 goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school performance, and high-quality instruction;

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(3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and

(5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and

(6) (7) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation

(7) (8) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and

(8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria

under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify

learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership

the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.

processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success;

(4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;

and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;

practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and

The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating principals.	The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating principals.
209.24 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective July 1, 2024.	91.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024. S1311-2
Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of schools of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building or buildings to which the principal is assigned.	Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of schools of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building or buildings to which the principal is assigned.
(b) To enhance a principal's <u>culturally responsive</u> leadership skills and support and improve teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system for annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within the district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:	104.7 (b) To enhance a principal's <u>culturally responsive</u> leadership skills and support and improve teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system for annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within the district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:
208.30 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management, 208.31 and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of 208.32 instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;	104.15 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development;
209.1 (2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, families, and employees;	104.18 (2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, families, and employees;
209.4 (2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of student progress toward career and college readiness;	104.21 (2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of student progress toward career and college readiness;
209.6 (3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school performance, and high-quality instruction;	104.23 (3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school performance, and high-quality instruction;
209.10 (4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;	104.27 (4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
209.11 (5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success;	104.28 (5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 104.29 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success;
209.13 (6) (7) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 209.14 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;	104.30 (6) (7) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 104.31 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;

209.15 209.16 209.17	(7) (8) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and
	(8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
	The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating principals.
209.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
209.25	Sec. 63. [124D.901] STUDENT SUPPORT PERSONNEL AID.
209.26 209.27	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
209.28 209.29 209.30	(1) "new position" means a student support services personnel full-time or part-time position not under contract by a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit at the start of the 2022-2023 school year;
210.1 210.2	(2) "part-time position" means a student support services personnel position less than 1.0 full-time equivalent at the start of the 2022-2023 school year;
210.3 210.4	(3) "American Rescue Plan Act" means the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Public Law 117-2, that awarded funds; and
210.5 210.6 210.7	(4) "student support services personnel" means an individual licensed to serve as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical dependency counselor in Minnesota.
210.8	Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of student support personnel aid is to:
210.9	(1) address shortages of student support services personnel within Minnesota schools;
210.10 210.11	(2) decrease caseloads for existing student support services personnel to ensure effective services;
210.12 210.13 210.14 210.15	(3) ensure that students receive effective student support services and integrated and comprehensive services to improve prekindergarten through grade 12 academic, physical, social, and emotional outcomes supporting career and college readiness and effective school mental health services;

210.16 (4) ensure that student support services personnel serve within the scope and practice 210.17 of their training and licensure;

105.1 105.2 105.3	(7) (8) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, <u>culturally responsive leadership practices</u> , and a collaborative professional culture; and
105.4 105.5 105.6	(8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
105.7 105.8 105.9	The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating principals.
105.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.
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91.18	Sec. 17. [124D,901] STUDENT SUPPORT PERSONNEL AID.
91.19 91.20	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Definitions.</u> For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
91.21 91.22 91.23	(1) "new position" means a student support services personnel full-time or part-time position not under contract by a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit at the start of the 2022-2023 school year;
91.24 91.25	(2) "part-time position" means a student support services personnel position less than 1.0 full-time equivalent at the start of the 2022-2023 school year;
91.26 91.27	(3) "American Rescue Plan Act" means the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, Public Law 117-2, that awarded funds; and
91.28 91.29 91.30	(4) "student support services personnel" means an individual licensed to serve as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical dependency counselor in Minnesota.
91.31	Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of student support personnel aid is to:
92.1	(1) address shortages of student support services personnel within Minnesota schools;
92.2 92.3	(2) decrease caseloads for existing student support services personnel to ensure effective services;
92.4 92.5 92.6 92.7	(3) ensure that students receive effective student support services and integrated and comprehensive services to improve prekindergarten through grade 12 academic, physical, social, and emotional outcomes supporting career and college readiness and effective school mental health services;
92.8	(4) ensure that student support services personnel serve within the scope and practice

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92.9

of their training and licensure;

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210.18	(5) fully integrate learning supports, instruction, assessment, data-based decision making,						
	and family and community engagement within a comprehensive approach that facilitates						
210.20	interdisciplinary collaboration; and						
210.21	(6) improve student health, school safety, and school climate to support academic success						
210.22							
210.23	Subd. 3. Aid eligibility and application. A school district, charter school, intermediate						
210.24	school district, or other cooperative unit is eligible to apply for student support personnel						
210.25	aid under this section. The commissioner must prescribe the form and manner of the						
210.26	application, which must include a plan describing how the aid will be used, including the						
210.27	current roster of licensed student support personnel.						
210.28	Subd. 4. Student support personnel aid. (a) The initial student support personnel aid						
210.29							
210.30							
210.31							
210.32	times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the current fiscal year.						
211.1 211.2 211.3 211.4 211.5	(b) The cooperative student support personnel aid for a school district that is a member of an intermediate school district or other cooperative unit that enrolls students equals the cooperative student support allowance times the adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year. If a district is a member of more than one cooperative unit that enrolls students, the revenue must be allocated among the cooperative units.						
211.6 211.7	(c) The student support personnel allowance equals \$25.23 for fiscal year 2024, \$50.66 for fiscal year 2025, and \$76.32 for fiscal year 2026 and later.						
211.8	(d) The cooperative student support allowance equals \$1.51 for fiscal year 2024, \$3.04						
211.9	for fiscal year 2025, and \$4.58 for fiscal year 2026 and later.						
211.10	(e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the student support personnel aid must not						
211.11	exceed the district's, charter school's, or cooperative unit's actual expenditure according to						
211.12	the approved plan under subdivision 3.						
211.13	Subd. 5. Allowed uses; match requirements. (a) Aid under this section must be used						
	to hire new positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position						
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92.10	(5) fully integrate learning supports, instruction, assessment, data-based decision making,
92.11	and family and community engagement within a comprehensive approach that facilitates
92.12	interdisciplinary collaboration; and
92.13	(6) improve student health, school safety, and school climate to support academic success
92.14	and career and college readiness.
92.15	Subd. 3. Student support personnel aid. (a) The initial student support personnel aid
92.16	for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025 for a school district equals the greater of \$24 times
92.17	the adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or \$25,000. The initial
92.18	student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2026 and later for a school district equals the
92.19	greater of \$44 times the adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or
92.20	\$60,000. The initial student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025
92.21	for a charter school equals \$22 times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the
92.22	current fiscal year. The initial student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2026 and later
92.23	for a charter school equals \$40 times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the
92.24	current fiscal year.
92.25	(b) The cooperative student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year
92.26	2025 for a school district that is a member of an intermediate school district or other
92.27	cooperative unit that enrolls students equals \$2 times the adjusted pupil units at the member
92.28	district for the current fiscal year. The cooperative student support personnel aid for fiscal
92.29	year 2026 and later for a school district that is a member of an intermediate school district
92.30	or other cooperative unit that enrolls students equals \$4 times the adjusted pupil units at the
92.31	member district for the current fiscal year. If a district is a member of more than one
92.32	cooperative unit that enrolls students, the revenue must be allocated among the cooperative
92.33	units.
93.1	(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the student support personnel aid must not
93.2	exceed the district's or cooperative unit's actual expenditure according to the approved plan
93.3	under subdivision 3.

Subd. 4. Allowed uses. (a) Aid under this section must be used to hire new positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less than 1.0

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	that is less than 1.0 full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make
	permanent a position hired using onetime resources awarded through the federal Coronavirus
	Aid Relief and Economic Security Act, the federal Consolidated Appropriations Act, the federal Division M-Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, or
	the federal American Rescue Plan Act, or to maintain a position that would otherwise be
	eliminated.
211.21	(b) Cooperative student support personnel aid must be transferred to the intermediate
	district or other cooperative unit of which the district is a member and used to hire new
211.23	positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less than 1.0 full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make permanent a
	position hired using onetime resources awarded through the American Rescue Plan Act at
	the intermediate district or cooperative unit.
211.27	(c) If a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit does not receive at least two
211.28	applications and is not able to hire a new full-time equivalent position with student support
211.29	personnel aid, the aid may be used for contracted services from individuals licensed to serve as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical
	dependency counselor in Minnesota.
211.31	dependency counselor in winnesota.
211.32	Subd. 6. Report required. By February 1 following any fiscal year in which student
211.33	
212.1	must submit a written report to the commissioner indicating how the new position affected
212.2	two or more of the following measures:
212.3	(1) school climate;
212.4	(2) student health;
212.5	(3) attendance rates;
212.6	(4) academic achievement;
212.7	(5) career and college readiness; and
212.8	(6) postsecondary completion rates.
212.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
212.10	Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.03, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
212.11	Subd. 18. Teacher . "Teacher" means any public employee other than a superintendent
212.12	or assistant superintendent, principal, assistant principal, or a supervisory or confidential
212.13	employee, employed by a school district:
212.14	(1) in a position for which the person must be licensed by the Drefessional Educator
	(1) in a position for which the person must be licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the commissioner of education; or
	,

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full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make permanent a position hired

93.7	using onetime resources awarded through the American Rescue Plan Act, or to maintain a
93.8	position that would otherwise be eliminated.
93.9	(b) Cooperative student support personnel aid must be transferred to the intermediate
93.10	district or other cooperative unit of which the district is a member and used to hire new
93.11	positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less
93.12	than 1.0 full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make permanent a
93.13	position hired using onetime resources awarded through the federal American Rescue Plan
93.14	Act at the intermediate district or cooperative unit.
93.15	(c) If a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit does not receive at least two
93.15	applications and is not able to hire a new full-time equivalent position with student support
93.10	personnel aid, the aid may be used for contracted services from individuals licensed to serve
93.17	as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical
93.10	dependency counselor in Minnesota.
93.19	dependency counselor in winnesota.
93.20	Subd. 5. Report required. By February 1 following any fiscal year in which student
93.21	support personnel aid was received, a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit
93.22	must submit a written report to the commissioner indicating how the new position affected
93.23	two or more of the following measures:
93.24	(1) school climate;
93.24	(1) school chilate,
93.25	(2) student health;
93.26	(3) attendance rates;
93.27	(4) academic achievement;
93.28	(5) career and college readiness; and
	
93.29	(6) postsecondary completion rates.
93.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.

212.16	(2) in a position as a physical therapist, occupational therapist, art therapist, music							
12.17								
212.18	(3) in a position creating and delivering instruction to children in a prekindergarten or							
212.19	early learning program, except that an employee in a bargaining unit certified before January							
12.19								
212.21	representative files a petition for a unit clarification or to transfer exclusive representative							
212.22	status.							
212.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.							
12.24	Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.03, subdivision 19, is amended to read:							
12.25	Subd. 19. Terms and conditions of employment. "Terms and conditions of employment"							
12.26	means the hours of employment, the compensation therefor including fringe benefits except							
12.27	retirement contributions or benefits other than employer payment of, or contributions to,							
12.28	premiums for group insurance coverage of retired employees or severance pay, and the							
12.29	employer's personnel policies affecting the working conditions of the employees. In the							
212.30	case of professional employees the term does not mean educational policies of a school							
213.1	district. "Terms and conditions of employment" is subject to section 179A.07. In the case							
213.2	of school employees, "terms and conditions of employment" includes class sizes, student							
213.3	testing, and student-to-personnel ratios.							
213.4	Sec. 66. APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.							
213.5	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are							
213.6	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years							
213.7	designated.							
213.8	Subd. 2. Agricultural educator grants. (a) For agricultural educator grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 51:							
213.10	<u>\$</u>							
213.11	<u>\$</u>							
213.12	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.							
213.13	Subd. 3. Alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) For alternative teacher compensation							
213.14	aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4:							
	00.000.000							
213.15	<u>\$ 88,666,000 2024</u>							
13 16	\$ 89,321,000 2025							

1.1	Sec. 18. Al	PPROPRIATION	NS; D	EPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
1.2	Subdivis	ion 1. Departme	nt of I	Education. The sums indicated in this section are
1.3	appropriated t	from the general t	fund to	the Department of Education for the fiscal year
1.4	designated.			
1.5 1.6				grants. (a) For agricultural educator grants under Laws, article 2, section 51:
	2017,11805	erial Session ena	ipter 5	, arriote 2, section 31.
1.7	<u>\$</u>	250,000		2024
	_	· <u> </u>		
1.8	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
1.9	(b) Any	balance in the firs	st year	does not cancel but is available in the second year.
4.10	Subd. 3.	Alternative teac	her co	ompensation aid. (a) For alternative teacher compensation
4.11	aid under Mir	nesota Statutes, s	section	122A.415, subdivision 4:
1.12	<u>\$</u>	88,443,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>
1.13	\$	88,430,000		2025
t.13	Ф	00,430,000		202 <i>3</i>

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213.17 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$8,824,000 for fiscal year 2023 and \$79,842,000 for fiscal year 2024.						
(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$8,871,000 for fiscal year 2024 and \$80,450,000 for fiscal year 2025.						
Subd. 4. Black Men Teach Twin Cities. (a) For a grant to Black Men Teach Twin Cities for the purposes listed in paragraph (c):						
213.23 <u>\$ 500,000</u> <u>2024</u>						
213.24 <u>\$</u> <u>500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>						
213.25 (b) Black Men Teach Twin Cities must use the grant to establish partnerships with school district elementary schools and elementary charter schools with a goal of increasing the number of black male teachers to 20 percent of the teachers at each school site. To the extent possible, Black Men Teach Twin Cities must include sites in greater Minnesota, suburban areas, and urban settings.						
(c) The grant money may be used for:						
213.31 (1) scholarships for aspiring teachers;						
214.1 (2) student teacher stipends;						
214.2 (3) mentoring activities;						
214.3 (4) professional development, with an emphasis on early literacy training, including best practices associated with the science of reading; and						
(5) stipends for housing to allow a teacher to live closer to the teacher's school.						
(d) Black Men Teach Twin Cities must provide a detailed report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education and higher education by January 15 of each year following the year of the grant describing how the grant funds were used. The report must describe the progress made toward the goal of increasing the number of Black male teachers at each school site, identify the strategies used to recruit Black teachers, and describe barriers Black men face in the teaching profession. The report must be filed in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195.						
Subd. 5. Come Teach in Minnesota hiring bonuses. (a) For the Come Teach in Minnesota hiring bonuses pilot program under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.59:						
214.16 <u>\$ <u>0</u> <u>2024</u></u>						
214.17 <u>\$</u> <u>200,000</u> <u>2025</u>						

94.14	(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$8,824,000 for fiscal year 2023 and \$79,619,000
94.15	for fiscal year 2024.
94.16	(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$8,847,000 for fiscal year 2024 and \$79,583,000
94.17	for fiscal year 2025.

214.18 214.19	(b) Up to \$30 the program.	0,000 of the a	ppropi	riation amount is available to administer and improve
214.20 214.21				nt teacher training program. (a) For the concurrent Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.76:
214.22	<u>\$</u>	375,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>
214.23	<u>\$</u>	375,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
214.24	(b) Any balar	nce in the firs	st year	does not cancel but is available in the second year.
214.25 214.26	Subd. 7. Exp	anded concu	Irrent	enrollment grants. (a) For grants to institutions offering uction to Education" courses under Minnesota Statutes,
	section 124D.09, s			
214.28	<u>\$</u>	500,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>
214.29	<u>\$</u>	500,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
214.30		percent of the	he grai	nt amount is available for grant administration and
	monitoring.			
214.32				does not cancel but is available in the second year.
215.1 215.2				ways to teacher licensure grants. (a) For grants to our Own new teacher programs under Minnesota
215.2				a teaching workforce that more closely reflects the
				·

94.22 (b) The department may use up to \$30,000 of the appropriation amount to administer 94.23 and improve the program under this subdivision. 94.24 (c) This appropriation is subject to the requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.59, subdivision 5. 94.25 94.26 (d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$400,000. Subd. 11. Statewide concurrent enrollment teacher training program. (a) For the 96.18 concurrent enrollment teacher partnership under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.76: 96.20 375,000 96.21 96.22 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. Subd. 6. Coalition to Increase Teachers of Color and American Indian Teachers. (a) 95.3 For a grant to the Coalition to Increase Teachers of Color and American Indian Teachers in Minnesota for nonlobbying activities and general operating expenses that support the recruitment and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers underrepresented in the state's workforce: 95.7 95.8 100,000 2024 95.9 100,000 2025 95.10 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. Subd. 7. Expanded concurrent enrollment grants. (a) For grants to institutions offering 95.11 "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under Minnesota Statutes, 95.13 section 124D.09, subdivision 10, paragraph (b): 95.14 95.15 500,000 2025 (b) Up to five percent of the grant amount is available for grant administration and 95.16 95.17 monitoring. (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 95.18 Subd. 8. Grow Your Own pathways to teacher licensure grants. (a) For grants to 95.19

develop, continue, or expand Grow Your Own new teacher programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.73, to develop a teaching workforce that more closely reflects the

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				parametric and encours and evaluation in the encourse accept
215.5	to effective a	nd diverse teacher	rs:	
215.6	<u>\$</u>	23,500,000	<u></u>	2024
215.7	<u>\$</u>	23,500,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
215.8	<u>(b)</u> Up t	o \$175,000 of the	approj	priation is available to administer the grant program.
215.9				ther pipeline. (a) For grants to develop special education
215.10	teacher pipel	ines across Minne	sota ur	nder Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.731:
215.11	<u>\$</u>	10,000,000		<u>2024</u>
215.12	<u>\$</u>	10,000,000		2025
215.13	(b) Up t	to \$175,000 of the	approj	priation is available to administer the grant program.
215.14	(c) Any	balance in the first	st year	does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal
215.15				

215.4 state's increasingly diverse student population and ensure all students have equitable access

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95.22 95.23	state's increasingly diverse student population and ensure all students have equitable access to effective and diverse teachers:
95.24	<u>\$</u> <u>32,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>
95.25	<u>\$</u> <u>32,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>
95.26 95.27	(b) Of the amounts in paragraph (a), \$1,500,000 each year is for grants to early childhood educator programs.
95.28 95.29	(c) Of the amounts in paragraph (a), at least \$3,000,000 each year is for teacher residency programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.68, subdivision 3.
95.30 95.31	(d) This appropriation is subject to the requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.73, subdivision 5.
95.32	(e) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$32,500,000.

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personnel services that benefit children and young people's social, emotional, and physical
       health through strategies to fund additional positions within early childhood systems, public
       schools, and the Department of Education, and to implement a workforce development
97.12
97.13
       initiative:
97.14
                         2,550,000
                                             2024
97.15
                         2,550,000
97.16
            (b) Of this amount, $2,400,000 each year is to fund a workforce development initiative
      to increase the number of student support personnel each year.
            (c) Of this amount, $150,000 each year is to fund a school mental health service lead at
97.18
97.19 the Department of Education.
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Subd. 13. Student support personnel. (a) To address shortages of school support

97.9

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215.16 215.17	Subd. 10. Student support personnel aid. (a) For aid to support schools in addressing students' social, emotional, and physical health under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.901:
215.18	<u>\$</u> <u>25,000,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>
215.19	<u>\$ 50,000,000 2025</u>
215.20	(b) This appropriation is 100 percent payable in the current year.
215.21	(c) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$75,000,000.
215.22 215.23	Subd. 11. Student support personnel workforce pipeline. (a) For a grant program to develop a student support personnel workforce pipeline focused on increasing school
	psychologists, school nurses, school counselors, and school social workers of color and
	Indigenous providers, professional respecialization, recruitment, and retention:
213.23	indigenous providers, professional respectanzation, recruitment, and retention.
215.26	<u>\$</u> 5,000,000 2024
215.27	<u>\$</u> 5,000,000 2025
215.28	(b) Of the amount in paragraph (a), \$150,000 is for providing support to school nurses
215.29	across the state.
215.30	(c) To the extent practicable, the pipeline grants must be used to support equal numbers
	of students pursuing careers as school psychologists, school nurses, school counselors, and
	school social workers.
216.1	(d) For grants awarded under this subdivision to school psychologists, the following
216.2	terms have the meanings given:
216.3	(1) "eligible designated trainee" means an individual enrolled in a NASP-approved or
216.4	APA-accredited school psychology program granting educational specialist certificates or
216.5	doctoral degrees in school psychology;
216.6	(2) "practica" means an educational experience administered and evaluated by the
	graduate training program, with university and site supervision by appropriately credentialed
	school psychologists, to develop trainees' competencies to provide school psychological
	services based on the graduate program's goals and competencies relative to accreditation
216.10	and licensure requirements; and
216.11	(3) "eligible employment" means a paid position within a school or local education
	agency directly related to the training program providing direct or indirect school psychology
	services. Direct services include assessment, intervention, prevention, or consultation services
	to students or their family members and educational staff. Indirect services include
	supervision, research and evaluation, administration, program development, technical
	assistance, or professional learning to support direct services.

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97.20 97.21			_	sonnel aid. (a) For aid to support schools in addressing cal health under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.901:
97.22	<u>\$</u>	23,432,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>
97.23	<u>\$</u>	25,990,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
97.24	(b) The	2024 appropriatio	n inclu	ades \$0 for 2023 and \$23,432,000 for 2024.
97.25	(c) The	2025 appropriatio	n inclu	ides \$2,604,000 for 2024 and \$23,386,000 for 2025.

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216.17	(e) Grants awarded to school psychologists must be used for:
216.18	(1) the provision of paid, supervised, and educationally meaningful practica in a public
216.19	school setting for an eligible designated trainee enrolled in a qualifying program within the
216.20	grantee's institution;
216.21	(2) to support student recruitment and retention to enroll and hire an eligible designated
216.22	trainee for paid practica in public school settings; and
216.23	(3) oversight of trainee practica and professional development by the qualifying institution
216.24	to ensure the qualifications and conduct by an eligible designated trainee meet requirements
216.25	set forth by the state and accrediting agencies.
216.26	(f) Upon successful completion of the graduate training program, grants awarded to
216.27	school psychologists must maintain eligible employment within Minnesota for a minimum
216.28	period of one-year full-time equivalent for each academic year of paid traineeship under
216.29	the grant program.
216.30	(g) Up to \$150,000 of the appropriation is available for grant administration.
216.31	Subd. 12. Teacher residency program. (a) For the teacher residency program under
216.32	Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.68, subdivision 3:
	2000.000
217.1	<u>\$ 3,000,000 2024</u>
217.2	<u>\$ 3,000,000 2025</u>
217.3	(b) Up to three percent of the appropriation is available for grant administration.
411.3	(o) op to tillee percent of the appropriation is available for grant administration.
217.4	(c) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.

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Subd. 5. Closing educational opportunity gaps grants. (a) To support schools in their efforts to close opportunity gaps under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.113:
94.27
94.29
                            4,000,000
                                                  2024
                                           .... 2025
94.30
                            4,000,000
             (b) The department may retain up to five percent of this appropriation to administer the
95.1
95.2
       grant program.
             Subd. 10. Reimbursements for teacher licensing and exam fees. (a) For reducing
96.7
        financial burdens for aspiring teachers by funding costs associated with Minnesota teacher
        licensing exams and first professional teacher license fees for newly graduated teachers:
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217.5	Sec. 67. APPROPRIATIONS; PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND
217.6	STANDARDS BOARD.
217.7	Subdivision 1. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. The sums
217.8	indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Professional Educator
217.9	Licensing and Standards Board for the fiscal years designated.
217.10	Subd. 2. Alternative pathways support position. To fund a new position at the
217.11	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to support candidates through
217.12	alternative pathway programs, including the licensure via portfolio process and to support

96.10	<u>\$</u> <u>1,400,000</u> <u>2024</u>
96.11	<u>\$</u>
96.12 96.13	(b) The commissioner must establish a process for newly licensed teachers to be reimbursed for expenses related to:
96.14	(1) application fees to the board for initial licensure; and
96.15	(2) exam fees for required licensure exams to obtain a teaching license in Minnesota.
96.16	(c) Up to \$50,000 is available for administration, including contracts.
96.17	(d) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.
96.23	Subd. 12. Statewide teacher mentoring program. (a) For a statewide teacher induction
96.24	and mentoring program:
96.25	<u>\$ 9,940,000 2024</u>
96.26	<u>§</u> <u>0</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>
96.27	(b) Funds may be used for:
96.28	(1) competitive grants to Minnesota regional partners, including institutions of higher
96.29 96.30	education, regional service cooperatives, other district or charter collaboratives, and professional organizations, to provide mentoring supports for new teachers, on-the-ground
97.1	training, technical assistance, and networks or communities of practice for local new teachers,
97.2	districts, and charter schools to implement Minnesota's induction model;
97.3 97.4	(2) competitive grants to school districts to fund Teacher of Record mentorships to Tier 1 special education teachers, including training and supervision; and
97.5	(3) contracts with national content experts and research collaboratives to assist in
97.6	developing Minnesota's induction model, to provide ongoing training to mentors and
97.7	principals, and to evaluate the program over time.
97.8	(c) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.
97.26 97.27	Sec. 19. APPROPRIATIONS; PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD.
97.28	Subdivision 1. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. The sum
97.29	indicated in this section is appropriated from the general fund to the Professional Educator
97.30	Licensing and Standards Board for the fiscal year designated.

		r schools, and e	ducation	onal cooperatives to become alternative preparation
217.14	providers:			
217.15	<u>\$</u>	150,000		2024
217.16	\$	150,000	••••	2025
217.17	Subd. 3. C	ollaborative u	rban a	and greater Minnesota educators of color grants. (a)
217.18				finnesota educators of color competitive grants under
217.19	Minnesota Statu	utes, section 12	2A.635	<u>5:</u>
217.20	<u>\$</u>	6,000,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>
217.21	<u>\$</u>	6,000,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
217.22	(b) The bo	ard may retain	up to \$	1100,000 of the appropriation amount to monitor and
217.23	administer the g	•		
217.24	(c) Any ba	lance does not	cancel	but is available in the following fiscal year.
217.25	(d) The ba	se appropriation	n for fi	scal year 2026 and later is \$6,000,000.
217.26	Subd. 4. H	eritage langua	ge and	d culture teachers. To support an additional licensure
	pathway progra	m for heritage	langua	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes,
217.28	pathway progra section 122A.63	m for heritage 1	langua ınding	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers
217.28 217.29	pathway progra section 122A.63 on meeting day	m for heritage 1	langua ınding	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes,
217.28 217.29	pathway progra section 122A.63	m for heritage 1	langua ınding	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers
217.28 217.29	pathway progra section 122A.63 on meeting day	m for heritage 1	langua inding s, licen	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers
217.28 217.29 217.30	pathway progra section 122A.63 on meeting day participants:	m for heritage 31, including fus, portfolio fees	langua inding s, licen	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers sure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program
217.28 217.29 217.30 217.31 217.32	pathway prograsection 122A.63 on meeting day participants: \$\frac{\$\\$}{\$}\$	m for heritage 31, including fus, portfolio fees 208,000 208,000	langua unding s, licen 	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers sure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program 2024 2025
217.28 217.29 217.30 217.31	pathway prograsection 122A.63 on meeting day participants: \$\frac{\\$}{2}\$ \$Subd. 5. L	m for heritage 31, including fus, portfolio fees 208,000 208,000 icensure via po	langua inding s, licen 	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers sure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program 2024 2025 o online platform. To complete the licensure via portfolio
217.28 217.29 217.30 217.31 217.32 218.1	pathway prograsection 122A.63 on meeting day participants: \$\frac{\\$}{2}\$ Subd. 5. L. online platform	m for heritage 31, including fus, portfolio fees 208,000 208,000 icensure via po	langua inding s, licen 	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers sure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program 2024 2025
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217.28 217.29 217.30 217.31 217.32 218.1 218.2	pathway prograsection 122A.63 on meeting day participants: \$\frac{\\$}{2}\$ Subd. 5. L. online platform	m for heritage 31, including fus, portfolio fees 208,000 208,000 icensure via poto streamline the	unding s, licen	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers sure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program 2024 2025 o online platform. To complete the licensure via portfolio folio submission and review process:
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217.28 217.29 217.30 217.31 217.32 218.1 218.2 218.3 218.4	pathway prograsection 122A.63 on meeting day participants: \$\frac{\\$\\$}{\}\$ Subd. 5. L. online platform \$\frac{\\$}{\}\$ Subd. 6. M.	m for heritage 31, including fus, portfolio fees 208,000 208,000 icensure via pot to streamline to 150,000 150,000 Ientoring, indu	angua inding s, licen prtfolione he port	ge and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers sure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program 2024 2025 o online platform. To complete the licensure via portfolio folio submission and review process: 2024

98.1	Subd. 2. Collaborative urban and greater Minnesota educators of color grants. (a)						
98.2	For collaborative urban and greater Minnesota educators of color competitive grants under						
98.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.635:						
98.4	<u>\$</u> <u>5,530,000</u> <u>2024</u>						
98.5	<u>\$</u> <u>5,350,000</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>						
98.6	(b) The board may retain up to \$100,000 of the appropriation amount to monitor and						
98.7	administer the grant program.						
98.8	(c) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.						
98.9	(d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$5,350,000.						
98.10 98.11 98.12 98.13 98.14	Subd. 3. Heritage language and culture teachers. To support an additional licensure pathway program for heritage language and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.631, including funding for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers on meeting days, portfolio fees, licensure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program participants: \$ 208,000 2024						
98.16	\$ 208,000 2025						
76.10	<u> </u>						
98.17	Subd. 4. Mentoring, induction, and retention incentive program grants for teachers						
98.18	of color. (a) To develop and expand mentoring, induction, and retention programs designed						
98.19	for teachers of color or American Indian teachers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.70:						

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	Φ.	2 500 000		2024	
218.8	<u>\$</u>	3,500,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>	
218.9	<u>\$</u>	3,500,000	<u></u>	2025	

- (b) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year. 218.10
- (c) The base for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.70, for fiscal year 2026 218.11 218.12 and later is \$4,500,000, of which at least \$3,500,000 each fiscal year is for grants to develop
- and expand mentoring, induction, and retention programs designed for teachers of color or
- 218.14 American Indian teachers.
- (d) The board may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to monitor and 218.15 administer the grant program.
- Subd. 7. Removing barriers to licensure. (a) For rulemaking and technology changes 218.18 related to tiered licensure changes:
- 77,000 2024 218.19
- 218.20 (b) This is a onetime appropriation.
- 218.21 Subd. 8. Reports on increasing percentage of teachers of color and American Indian
- 218.22 teachers. (a) For a half-time equivalent employee to complete reports on state-funded
- programs to increase the percentage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers in
- 218.24 Minnesota schools in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.117, and process
- reports under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.40, subdivision 3, and 122A.41, subdivision 218.25
- 218.26 16:
- 218.27 60,000 218.28 2025
- 218.29 (b) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$60,000.
- 218.30 Subd. 9. Teacher recruitment marketing campaign. (a) To develop two contracts to 218.31 develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign under this subdivision:
- \$ 219.1 2024 \$ 219.2 500,000 2025
- 219.3 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a request for
- proposals to develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign to elevate the
- profession and recruit teachers, especially teachers of color and American Indian teachers. 219.5
- Outreach efforts should include and support current and former Teacher of the Year finalists

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98.20	<u>\$</u>	3,496,000	<u></u>	<u>2024</u>
98.21	<u>\$</u>	3,496,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
98.22	(b) Any b	palance does not	cancel	but is available in the following fiscal year.
98.23	(c) The b	asa for fiscal was	vr 2026	6 and later is \$3,496,000, of which at least \$2,500,000
98.24				op and expand mentoring, induction, and retention
98.25				lor or American Indian teachers.
70.23	programs desi	girea for teacher	01 00	101 of American matan teachers.
98.26 98.27		oard may retain grant program.	up to t	hree percent of the appropriation amount to monitor and
98.28				percentage of teachers of color and American Indian
98.29				ent employee to complete reports on state-funded
98.30				of teachers of color and American Indian teachers in
98.31				h Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.117, and process
99.1 99.2	reports under 16:	Minnesota Statui	tes, sec	etions 122A.40, subdivision 3, and 122A.41, subdivision
99.4	10.			
99.3	<u>\$</u>	20,000		2024
00.4	¢	0		2025
99.4	<u>\$</u>	0	•••••	<u>2025</u>
99.5	(b) The b	ase for fiscal yea	ar 2026	6 and later is \$0.
99.6	Subd. 6.	Teacher recruit	ment 1	marketing campaign. (a) To develop two contracts to
99.7	develop and in	nplement an out	reach a	and marketing campaign under this subdivision:
99.8	<u>\$</u>	500,000		2024
99.9	<u>\$</u>	500,000	<u></u>	<u>2025</u>
99.10	(b) The P	rofessional Educ	cator L	icensing and Standards Board must issue a request for
99.11				an outreach and marketing campaign to elevate the
99.12	profession and	l recruit teachers	, espec	cially teachers of color and American Indian teachers.
99.13	Outreach effor	rts should includ	e and s	support current and former Teacher of the Year finalists

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219.7	state. The board may renew a grant contract with a prior recipient if it determines sufficient
219.9	deliverables were achieved and the plans of the firm or organization are more promising
219.10	than proposals from other entities.
219.11	(c) The outreach and marketing campaign must focus on increasing interest in teaching
219.12	in Minnesota public schools for the following individuals:
219.13	(1) high school and college students of color or American Indian students who have not
219.14	chosen a career path; or
219.15	(2) adults from racial or ethnic groups underrepresented in the teacher workforce who
219.16	may be seeking to change careers.
219.17	(d) The board must award two \$250,000 grants each year to firms or organizations that
219.18	demonstrate capacity to reach wide and varied audiences of prospective teachers based on
219.19	a work plan with quarterly deliverables. Preferences should be given to firms or organizations
	that are led by people of color and that have people of color working on the campaign with
219.21	a proven record of success. The grant recipients must recognize current pathways or programs
	to become a teacher and must partner with educators, schools, institutions, and racially
	diverse communities. The grant recipients are encouraged to provide in-kind contributions or seek funds from nonstate sources to supplement the grant award.
219.25	(e) The board may use no more than three percent of the appropriation amount to
219.25	administer the program under this subdivision, and may have an interagency agreement
219.20	with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help administer the program.
219.28	(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
219.29	Sec. 68. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.
219.30	The revisor of statutes shall replace the terms "candidate" or "candidates" with "applicant
219.31	or "applicants" wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.09, 122A.18,
219.32	122A.181, 122A.182, 122A.183, 122A.184, 122A.185, 122A.188, 122A.21, and 122A.28.
220.1	Sec. 69. REPEALER.
220.2	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 122A.07, subdivision 2a; 122A.091, subdivisions
220.3	3 and 6; and 122A.18, subdivision 7c, are repealed.
220.4	(b) Minnesota Rules, part 8710.0500, subparts 8 and 11, are repealed.
220.5	(c) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, subdivision 2, is repealed.
220.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (c) is effective July 1, 2024.

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9.14	interested in being recruitment fellows to encourage prospective educators throughout the
9.15	state.
0.16	
9.16	(c) The outreach and marketing campaign must focus on increasing interest in teaching
9.17	in Minnesota public schools for the following individuals:
9.18	(1) high school and college students of color or American Indian students who have not
9.19	chosen a career path; or
J.1J	·
9.20	(2) adults from racial or ethnic groups underrepresented in the teacher workforce who
9.21	may be seeking to change careers.
0.00	(1) T1 1 1 4 14 0250 000 4 1 4 0 14 4 14
9.22	(d) The board must award two \$250,000 grants each year to firms or organizations that
9.23	demonstrate capacity to reach wide and varied audiences of prospective teachers based on
9.24	a work plan with quarterly deliverables. Preferences should be given to firms or organizations
9.25	that are led by people of color and that have people of color working on the campaign with
9.26	a proven record of success. The grant recipients must recognize current pathways or programs
9.27	to become a teacher and must partner with educators, schools, institutions, and racially
9.28	diverse communities. The grant recipients are encouraged to provide in-kind contributions
9.29	or seek funds from nonstate sources to supplement the grant award.
9.30	(e) The board may use no more than three percent of the appropriation amount to
9.31	administer the program under this subdivision, and may have an interagency agreement
	with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help administer the program.
9.32	with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help administer the program.
9.33	(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.