LOCAL HOUSING TRUST FUNDS IN MINNESOTA February 2023

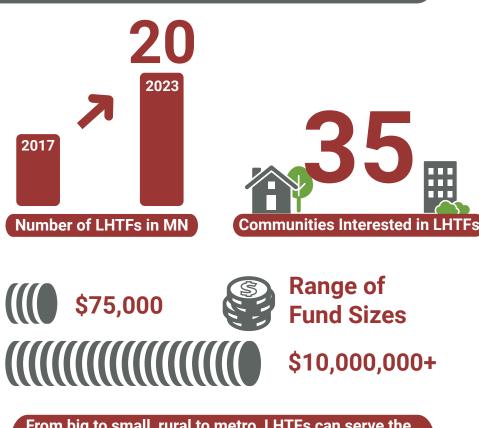


Local Housing Trust Funds (LHTF) are funds established by a local government by dedicating local public revenue for housing. They are a consistent, flexible resource for housing within a local jurisdiction. Trust funds help communities leverage public and private resources and jumpstart projects that draw investment and jobs. LHTFs enable prioritizing developments that maximize benefit to the community.

In 2017, the Minnesota Legislature defined a LHTF in law, providing clarity to assist local jurisdiction with housing investments. In 2021, to incentivize LHTFs, they authorized a state match fund of \$1 million, providing a one-to-one match on the first \$150,000 of new revenue invested in housing trust funds by cities and counties, and a one-to-two match on the next \$150,000 of available funds.

Since 2017, Minnesota has seen a steady increase in LHTFs, as 20 cities and counties across the state have adopted them, with more on the way. This report includes information from MHP's third annual survey of cities and counties regarding LHTF.

Local Housing Trust Funds by the numbers:



From big to small, rural to metro, LHTFs can serve the housing needs of communities of all types and sizes.

Benefits of LHTFs



Leverage private dollars



Provide flexibility to meet local needs

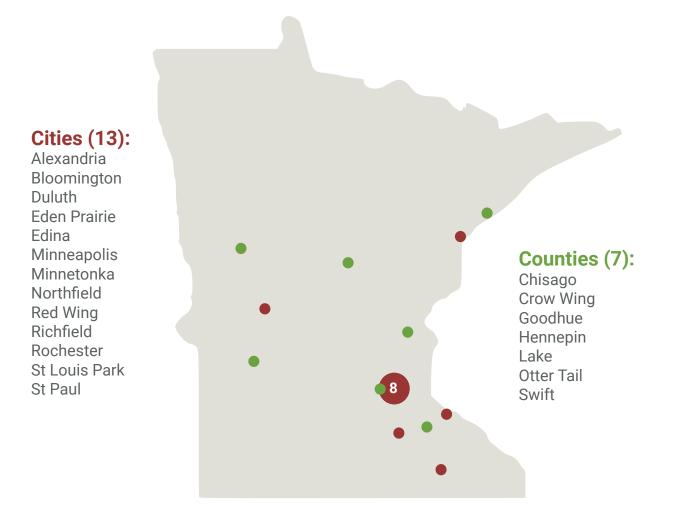


Encourage local contributions



Establish dedicated sources of revenue

Local Housing Trust Funds Across Minnesota



Common Uses For LHTFs



Featured Stories:

Duluth Population: 86,372

After years of careful planning, Duluth's Housing Trust Fund, a partnership between the City of Duluth and LISC Duluth, was launched in 2022. The partnership came together after Mayor Larson



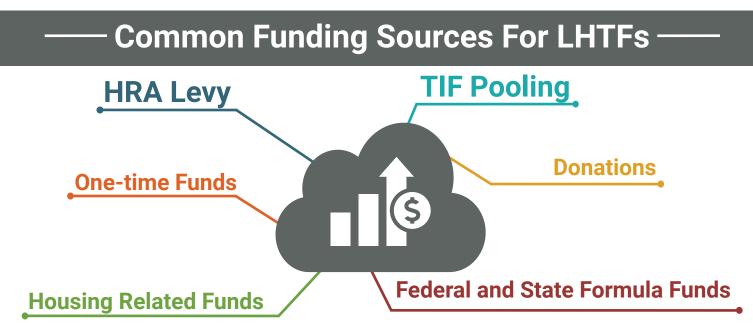
Photo: Skyline of Duluth, MN

and city staff, along with LISC Duluth, attended a National League of Cities' training on housing and health equity. Upon his return, Mayor Larson established the Mayor's Housing Task Force, which issued a 2020 report including recommendation for a housing trust fund.

The partnership has resulted in a HTF established by the city, LISC Duluth, and other partners, with initial funds of \$16 million: approximately \$4 million to be administered by the city and \$12 million administered by LISC Duluth. A committee appointed by Mayor Emily Larson and confirmed by the Duluth city council provides oversight and recommendations on HTF applications, both those administered by the City and those by LISC Duluth.

Funds have already been allocated to several projects. The unique partnership between the City of Duluth and LISC Duluth has provided resources for a broader range of housing goals. The City and LISC Duluth have different purposes for their funds. City of Duluth funds primarily help projects get started, including options for revolving funds to provide construction financing to projects experiencing short-term funding gaps. LISC Duluth intends to focus funds it administers in big multifamily developments and other large projects.

"Having unique objectives for the funds administered by the City and LISC is helpful, as there are so many important but competing priorities in housing. This approach allows funds to better support our significant housing needs in Duluth through multiple strategies focused on a range of housing types," says Adam Fulton, Deputy Director, Planning and Economic Development Department, City of Duluth.



Minnetonka Population: 53,266

In 2020, the City of Minnetonka established its Affordable Housing Trust Fund (AHTF). While the fund was initially created to provide rental assistance to households impacted by COVID-19, in 2021 the city received special legislation to transfer the existing balance of "pooled" tax increment, approximately \$5 million, to its HTF for expanded affordable housing opportunity. The special legislation allowed the city to diversify the level of affordability beyond the requirements under TIF law.

Currently, Minnetonka's AHTF has approximately \$7 million. Accomplishments to date include assisting



Photo: Multifamily housing building in Minnetonka, MN

187 households with up to \$1,500 in rental assistance, ensuring deeper affordability for more units in three large mixed-income rental properties, and providing emergency assistance to households at risk of homelessness. Plans for 2023 include expanding a down-payment assistance program.

Chisago County

Population: 57,469

Chisago County adopted its HTF in 2021, with a focus on workforce housing for moderate, low and very low-income residents and households. The County designated the Chisago County HRA/EDA as the fund administrator, a good fit as the HRA/EDA brings extensive experience in developing, managing, and owning affordable properties. The HRA/EDA funded the HTF from its existing budget, with an initial fund of \$150,000. It has now grown to \$556,000, with funds added in 2022 and 2023 from HRA/EDA-owned housing that generates revenue. The HRA/EDA is also soliciting gifts, grants, and donations by corporations or individuals and may add proceeds from future sale of HRA/EDA parcels.

"Having the Housing Trust

Fund in our toolbox has



been getting the attention of

developers and we are optimistic to

have projects underway in the near

future." – Nancy Hoffman, Chisago County HRA-EDA

According to Nancy Hoffman, Executive Director of the Chisago County HRA-EDA, "In our area (Chisago County) it can be difficult to attract affordable housing developers because we are just far enough out of the metro area that they cannot get the rents to make the project cash flow as they can just a few miles away."

Note: Sources and uses for LHTFs, and other details, are identified in this report to the best of our ability. Please contact MHP with any corrections.

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Local Housing Trust Funds Established in Minnesota

D	ate Adopted	Funding Source(s)	Use(s)
Alexandria	2019	TIF PoolingHRA LevyHousing Related Funds	Homebuyer AssistancePreservation
Bloomington	2019	 TIF Pooling One-time Funds Donations Housing Related Funds 	 Housing Stability Preservation Gap Financing Revolving Loan Fund
Duluth	2022	HRA LevyHousing Related funds	PreservationGap Financing
Eden Prairie	2022	Still Determining	Still Determining
Edina	2019	TIF PoolingHousing Related Funds	 4d Program Costs Preservation Gap Financing
Minneapolis	2003	 TIF Pooling One-time Funds Federal and State Formula Funds 	Gap FinancingPreservation
Minnetonka	2022	TIF Pooling	Housing StabilityGap Financing
Northfield	2022	Housing Related Funds	Homebuyer Assistance
Red Wing	2015	HRA Levy TIF Pooling	 Homebuyer Assistance Gap Financing Preservation
Richfield	2020	 Federal and State Formula Funds EDA Levy Housing Related Funds 	Homebuyer AssistanceHousing Stability
Rochester	2018	One-time Funds Donations	Deepen Affordability
St. Louis Park	2018	TIF PoolingHRA Levy	 Homebuyer Assistance Preservation Gap Financing Deepen Affordability
St. Paul	2019	One-time FundsParking revenues	 Homebuyer Assistance Housing Stability Gap Financing 4d Program Costs
Chisago County	2021	Housing Related Funds	Affordable Housing
Crow Wing County	2019	HRA Levy	Gap FinancingHombuyer AssistancePreservation
Goodhue County	2018	HRA Levy	Homebuyer AssistanceHousing StabilityGap Financing
Hennepin County	2000	HRA Levy	Gap FinancingPreservation
Lake County	2022	HRA LevyHousing Related Funds	Still Determining
Otter Tail County	2021	HRA Levy	Still Determining
Swift County	2020	HRA Levy	Preservation

HKA Levy Chippewa Valley Ethanol Company Shares

FIESEIVation • Gap Financing

Common Funding Sources

- HRA levy
- TIF pooling
- Housing related funds (includes land sale proceeds, in lieu of fees, etc)
 Federal and State Formula Funds (CDBG, HOME, ARPA, etc)
 One-time Funds (intial funding, annual aprorations, etc)
 Donations (individual and organizational)

Common Uses

- Homebuyer Assistance •
- Preservation (single family rehab, multi-family rehab, NOAH preservation) Gap financing (new construction, redevelopment) Creating deeper affordability Housing Stability (emergency housing assistance) •
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